

National Science Foundation

§ 670.34

HSM 74 Unnamed cove on the southwest coast of Elephant Island, South Shetland Islands, including the foreshore and intertidal area, in which the wreckage of a large wooden sailing vessel is located.

HSM 75 “A Hut” of Scott base, Pram Point, Ross Island.

HSM 76 Ruins of base Pedro Aguirre Cerda, Pendulum Cove, Deception Island, South Shetland Islands.

HSM 77 Cape Denison, Commonwealth Bay, George V Land, including Boat Harbour and the historic artifacts contained within its waters.

HSM 78 Memorial Plaque at India Point, Humboldt Mountains, Wohlthat Massif, central Dronning Maud Land.

HSM 79 Lillie Marleen Hut, Mt. Dockery, Everett Range, Northern Victoria Land.

HSM 80 Amundsen’s Tent erected in December 1911 at the South Pole.

HSM 81 Rocher du Debarquement (Landing Rock).

HSM 82 Monument to the Antarctic Treaty and Plaques, Fildes Peninsula, King George Island, South Shetland Islands.

HSM 83 Base “W” established in 1956 at Dettelle Island, Lallemande Fjord, Loubert Coast.

HSM 84 Hut erected in 1973 at Damoy Point, Dorian Bay, Wiencke Island, Palmer Archipelago.

HSM 85 Plaque Commemorating the PM-3A Nuclear Power Plant at McMurdo Station.

HSM 86 No.1 Building Commemorating China’s Antarctic Expedition at Great Wall/Station.

[77 FR 5404, Feb. 3, 2012]

§ 670.30 [Reserved]

Subpart G—Import Into and Export From the United States

§ 670.31 Specific issuance criteria for imports.

Subject to compliance with other applicable law, any person who takes a native mammal, bird, or plant under a permit issued under the regulations in this part may import it into the United States unless the Director finds that the importation would not further the purpose for which it was taken. If the importation is for a purpose other than

that for which the native mammal, bird, or plant was taken, the Director may permit importation upon a finding that importation would be consistent with the purposes of the Act, the regulations in this part, or the permit under which they were taken.

§ 670.32 Specific issuance criteria for exports.

The Director may permit export from the United States of any native mammal, bird, or native plants taken within Antarctica upon a finding that exportation would be consistent with the purposes of the Act, the regulations in this part, or the permit under which they were taken.

§ 670.33 Content of permit applications.

In addition to the information required in subpart C of this part, an applicant seeking a permit to import into or export from the United States a native mammal, a native bird, or native plants taken within Antarctica shall include the following in the application:

(a) Information demonstrating that the import or export would further the purposes for which the species was taken;

(b) Information demonstrating that the import or export is consistent with the purposes of the Act or the regulations in this part;

(c) A statement as to which U.S. port will be used for the import or export, and

(d) Information describing the intended ultimate disposition of the imported or exported item.

§ 670.34 Entry and exit ports.

(a) Any native mammal, native bird, or native plants taken within Antarctica that are imported into or exported from the United States must enter or leave the United States at ports designated by the Secretary of Interior in 50 CFR part 14. The ports currently designated are:

- (1) Los Angeles, California.
- (2) San Francisco, California.
- (3) Miami, Florida.
- (4) Honolulu, Hawaii.
- (5) Chicago, Illinois.
- (6) New Orleans, Louisiana.

§ 670.35

- (7) New York, New York.
- (8) Seattle, Washington.
- (9) Dallas/Fort Worth, Texas.
- (10) Portland, Oregon.
- (11) Baltimore, Maryland.
- (12) Boston, Massachusetts.
- (13) Atlanta, Georgia.

(b) Permits to import or export at non-designated ports may be sought from the Secretary of Interior pursuant to subpart C, 50 CFR part 14.

§ 670.35 [Reserved]

Subpart H—Introduction of Non-Indigenous Plants and Animals

§ 670.36 Specific issuance criteria.

For purposes consistent with the Act, only the following plants and animals may be considered for a permit allowing their introduction into Antarctica:

- (a) Domestic plants; and
- (b) Laboratory animals and plants including viruses, bacteria, yeasts, and fungi.

Living non-indigenous species of birds shall not be introduced into Antarctica.

§ 670.37 Content of permit applications.

Applications for the introduction of plants and animals into Antarctica must describe:

- (a) The species, numbers, and if appropriate, the age and sex, of the animals or plants to be introduced into Antarctica;
- (b) The need for the plants or animals;
- (c) What precautions the applicant will take to prevent escape or contact with native fauna and flora; and
- (d) How the plants or animals will be removed from Antarctica or destroyed after they have served their purpose.

§ 670.38 Conditions of permits.

All permits allowing the introduction of non-indigenous plants and animals will require that the animal or plant be kept under controlled conditions to prevent its escape or contact with native fauna and flora and that after serving its purpose the plant or animal shall be removed from Antarctica or be destroyed in manner that protects the natural system of Antarctica.

45 CFR Ch. VI (10–1–12 Edition)

§ 670.39 [Reserved]

PART 671—WASTE REGULATION

Subpart A—Introduction

Sec.

- 671.1 Purpose of regulations.
- 671.2 Scope.
- 671.3 Definitions.

Subpart B—Prohibited Acts, Exceptions

- 671.4 Prohibited acts.
- 671.5 Exceptions.

Subpart C—Permits

- 671.6 Applications for permits.
- 671.7 General issuance criteria.
- 671.8 Permit administration.
- 671.9 Conditions of permit.
- 671.10 Review, modification, suspension, and revocation.

Subpart D—Waste Management

- 671.11 Waste storage.
- 671.12 Waste disposal.
- 671.13 Waste management for the USAP.

Subpart E—Designation of Banned Substances; Reclassification of Pollutants

- 671.14 Annual review.
- 671.15 Publication of preliminary determination.
- 671.16 Designation and redesignation of pollutants.

Subpart F—Cases of Emergency

- 671.17 Cases of emergency.

AUTHORITY: 16 U.S.C. 2405.

SOURCE: 58 FR 34719, June 29, 1993, unless otherwise noted.

Subpart A—Introduction

§ 671.1 Purpose of regulations.

The purposes of these regulations in part 671 are to protect the Antarctic environment and dependent associated ecosystems, to preserve Antarctica's value as an area for the conduct of scientific research, and to implement the Antarctic Conservation Act of 1978, Public Law 95-541, consistent with the provisions of the Protocol on Environmental Protection to the Antarctic Treaty, signed in Madrid, Spain, on October 4, 1991.