Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, HHS § 422.378

§ 422.378 Relationship to State law.

(a) Preemption of State law. Any provisions of State law that relate to the licensing of the organization and that prohibit the organization from providing coverage under a contract as specified in this subpart, are superseded.

(b) Consumer protection and quality standards. (1) A waiver of State licensure granted under this subpart is conditioned upon the organization’s compliance with all State consumer protection and quality standards that—
   (i) Would apply to the organization if it were licensed under State law;
   (ii) Generally apply to other MA organizations and plans in the State; and
   (iii) Are consistent with the standards established under this part.

(2) The standards specified in paragraph (b)(1) of this section do not include any standard preempted under section 1856(b)(3)(B) of the Act.

(c) Incorporation into contract. In contracting with an organization that has a waiver of State licensure, CMS incorporates into the contract the requirements specified in paragraph (b) of this section.

(d) Enforcement. CMS may enter into an agreement with a State for the State to monitor and enforce compliance with the requirements specified in paragraph (b) of this section by an organization that has obtained a waiver under this subpart.

[63 FR 25377, May 7, 1998]

§ 422.380 Solvency standards.

General rule. A PSO or the legal entity of which the PSO is a component that has been granted a waiver under § 422.370 must have a fiscally sound operation that meets the requirements of §§ 422.382 through 422.390.

[63 FR 25377, May 7, 1998]

§ 422.382 Minimum net worth amount.

(a) At the time an organization applies to contract with CMS as a PSO under this part, the organization must have a minimum net worth amount, as determined under paragraph (c) of this section, of:

   (1) At least $1,500,000, except as provided in paragraph (a)(2) of this section.

   (2) No less than $1,000,000 based on evidence from the organization’s financial plan (under § 422.384) demonstrating to CMS’s satisfaction that the organization has available to it an administrative infrastructure that CMS considers appropriate to reduce, control or eliminate start-up administrative costs.

(b) After the effective date of a PSO’s MA contract, a PSO must maintain a minimum net worth amount equal to the greater of:

   (1) One million dollars;
   (2) Two percent of annual premium revenues as reported on the most recent annual financial statement filed with CMS for up to and including the first $150,000,000 of annual premiums and 1 percent of annual premium revenues on premiums in excess of $150,000,000;
   (3) An amount equal to the sum of three months of uncovered health care expenditures as reported on the most recent financial statement filed with CMS; or
   (4) Using the most recent financial statement filed with CMS, an amount equal to the sum of—
      (i) Eight percent of annual health care expenditures paid on a non-capitated basis to non-affiliated providers; and
      (ii) Four percent of annual health care expenditures paid on a capitated basis to non-affiliated providers plus annual health care expenditures paid on a non-capitated basis to affiliated providers.

   (ii) Annual health care expenditures that are paid on a capitated basis to affiliated providers are not included in the calculation of the net worth requirement (regardless of downstream arrangements from the affiliated provider) under paragraphs (a) and (b)(4) of this section.

(c) Calculation of the minimum net worth amount—(1) Cash requirement. (i) At the time of application, the organization must maintain at least $750,000 of the minimum net worth amount in cash or cash equivalents.

   (ii) After the effective date of a PSO’s MA contract, a PSO must maintain the greater of $750,000 or 40 percent of the minimum net worth amount in cash or cash equivalents.