§ 418.106 Condition of participation: Drugs and biologicals, medical supplies, and durable medical equipment.

Medical supplies and appliances, as described in §410.36 of this chapter; durable medical equipment, as described in §410.38 of this chapter; and drugs and biologicals related to the palliation and management of the terminal illness and related conditions, as identified in the hospice plan of care, must be provided by the hospice while the patient is under hospice care.

(a) Standard: Managing drugs and biologicals. (1) The hospice must ensure that the interdisciplinary group confers with an individual with education and training in drug management as defined in hospice policies and procedures and State law, who is an employee of or under contract with the hospice to ensure that drugs and biologicals meet each patient’s needs.

(2) A hospice that provides inpatient care directly in its own facility must:

(i) Have a written policy in place that promotes dispensing accuracy; and

(ii) Maintain current and accurate records of the receipt and disposition of all controlled drugs.

(d) Standard: Administration of drugs and biologicals. (1) The interdisciplinary group, as part of the review of the plan of care, must determine the ability of the patient and/or family to safely self-administer drugs and biologicals to the patient in his or her home.

(2) Patients receiving care in a hospice that provides inpatient care directly in its own facility may only be administered medications by the following individuals:

(i) A licensed nurse, physician, or other health care professional in accordance with their scope of practice and State law;

(ii) An employee who has completed a State-approved training program in medication administration; and

(iii) The patient, upon approval by the interdisciplinary group.

(e) Standard: Labeling, disposing, and storing of drugs and biologicals—(1) Labeling. Drugs and biologicals must be labeled in accordance with currently accepted professional practice and must include appropriate usage and cautionary instructions, as well as an expiration date (if applicable).

(2) Disposing. (i) Safe use and disposal of controlled drugs in the patient’s home. The hospice must have written policies and procedures for the management and disposal of controlled drugs in the patient’s home. At the
Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, HHS

§ 418.108

Condition of participation: Short-term inpatient care.

Inpatient care must be available for pain control, symptom management, and respite purposes, and must be provided in a participating Medicare or Medicaid facility.

(a) Standard: Inpatient care for symptom management and pain control. Inpatient care for pain control and symptom management must be provided in one of the following:

(1) A Medicare-certified hospice that meets the conditions of participation for providing inpatient care directly as specified in §418.110.

(2) A Medicare-certified hospital or a skilled nursing facility that also meets the standards specified in §418.110(b) and (e) regarding 24-hour nursing services and patient areas.

(b) Standard: Inpatient care for respite purposes. (1) Inpatient care for respite

Time when controlled drugs are first ordered the hospice must:

(A) Provide a copy of the hospice written policies and procedures on the management and disposal of controlled drugs to the patient or patient representative and family;

(B) Discuss the hospice policies and procedures for managing the safe use and disposal of controlled drugs with the patient or representative and the family in a language and manner that they understand to ensure that these parties are educated regarding the safe use and disposal of controlled drugs; and

(C) Document in the patient's clinical record that the written policies and procedures for managing controlled drugs was provided and discussed.

(ii) Disposal of controlled drugs in hospices that provide inpatient care directly. The hospice that provides inpatient care directly in its own facility must dispose of controlled drugs in compliance with the hospice policy and in accordance with State and Federal requirements. The hospice must maintain current and accurate records of the receipt and disposition of all controlled drugs.

(3) Storing. The hospice that provides inpatient care directly in its own facility must comply with the following additional requirements:

(i) All drugs and biologicals must be stored in secure areas. All controlled drugs listed in Schedules II, III, IV, and V of the Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act of 1976 must be stored in locked compartments within such secure storage areas. Only personnel authorized to administer controlled drugs as noted in paragraph (d)(2) of this section may have access to the locked compartments; and

(ii) Discrepancies in the acquisition, storage, dispensing, administration, disposal, or return of controlled drugs must be investigated immediately by the pharmacist and hospice administrator and where required reported to the appropriate State authority. A written account of the investigation must be made available to State and Federal officials if required by law or regulation.