(3) The geographic malpractice adjustment factor for a service is the product of the proportion of the total relative value for the service that reflects the RVUs for the malpractice component, multiplied by the GPCI value established under paragraph (a)(3) of this section.

§ 414.28 Conversion factors.
CMS establishes CFs in accordance with section 1848(d) of the Act.

(a) Base-year CFs. CMS established the CF for 1992 so that had section 1848 of the Act applied during 1991, it would have resulted in the same aggregate amount of payments for physician services as the estimated aggregate amount of these payments in 1991, adjusted by the update for 1992 computed as specified in §414.30.

(b) Subsequent CFs. For calendar years 1993 through 1995, the CF for each year is equal to the CF for the previous year, adjusted in accordance with §414.30. Beginning January 1, 1996, the CF for each calendar year may be further adjusted so that adjustments to the fee schedule in accordance with section 1848(c)(2)(B)(ii) of the Act do not cause total expenditures under the fee schedule to differ by more than $20 million from the amount that would have been spent if these adjustments had not been made.

§ 414.30 Conversion factor update.
Unless Congress acts in accordance with section 1848(d)(3) of the Act—

(a) General rule. The CF update for a CY equals the Medicare Economic Index increased or decreased by the number of percentage points by which the percentage increase in expenditures for physician services (or for a particular category of physician services, such as surgical services) in the second preceding FY over the third preceding FY exceeds the performance standard rate of increase established for the second preceding FY.

(b) Downward adjustment. The downward adjustment may not exceed the following:
(1) For CYs 1992 and 1993, 2 percentage points.
(2) For CY 1994, 2.5 percentage points.
(3) For CYs 1995 and thereafter, 5 percentage points.

§ 414.32 Determining payments for certain physicians’ services furnished in facility settings.

(a) Definition. As used in this section, facility settings include the following facilities:

(1) Hospital outpatient departments, including clinics and emergency rooms.
(2) Hospital inpatient departments.
(3) Comprehensive outpatient rehabilitation facilities.
(4) Comprehensive inpatient rehabilitation facilities.
(5) Inpatient psychiatric facilities.
(6) Skilled nursing facilities.

(b) General rule. If physicians’ services of the type routinely furnished in physicians’ offices are furnished in facility settings before January 1, 1999, the physician fee schedule amount for those services is determined by reducing the practice expense RVUs for the services by 50 percent. For services furnished on or after January 1, 1999, the practice expense RVUs are determined in accordance with §414.22(b)(5).

(c) Services covered by the reduction. CMS establishes a list of services routinely furnished in physicians’ offices nationally. Services furnished at least 50 percent of the time in physicians’ offices are subject to this reduction.

(d) Services excluded from the reduction. The reduction established under this section does not apply to the following:

(1) Rural health clinic services.
(2) Surgical services not on the ambulatory surgical center covered list of procedures published under §416.65(c) of this chapter when furnished in an ambulatory surgical center.