shall be based on tpy CO$_2$e, and shall be calculated assuming the pollutant GHGs is a regulated NSR pollutant, and “significant” is defined as 75,000 tpy CO$_2$e instead of applying the value in paragraph 3745-31-01(LL L L L)2 of Ohio’s Administrative Code.

[75 FR 82559, Dec. 30, 2010]

§ 52.1874 [Reserved]

§ 52.1875 Attainment dates for achieving the sulfur dioxide secondary standard.


[61 FR 16062, Apr. 11, 1996]

§ 52.1876 Control strategy: Nitrogen dioxide.

(a) The condition to EPA’s approval of the oxides of nitrogen State Implementation Plan (SIP) codified at 40 CFR 52.1870(c)(128) is satisfied by Ohio’s November 26, 2003, submittal of the change to the flow control date in the oxides of nitrogen budget trading SIP.

(b) [Reserved]

[69 FR 13234, Mar. 22, 2004]

§ 52.1877 Control strategy: Photochemical oxidants (hydrocarbons).

(a) The requirements of Subpart G of this chapter are not met because the Ohio plan does not provide for the attainment and maintenance of the national standard for photochemical oxidants (hydrocarbons) in the Metropolitan Cincinnati interstate region by May 31, 1975.

(b) The requirements of §52.14 are not met by Rule 3745–21–09(N)(3) (a) and (e); Rule 3745–21–09(Z)(1)(a); Rule 3745–21–10, Section G; and Rule 3745–21–10, Section H, because these Ohio Rules do not provide for attainment and maintenance of the photochemical oxidant (hydrocarbon) standards throughout Ohio.

(1) USEPA is disapproving new exemptions for the use of cutback asphalt [(Rule 3745–21–09(N)(3) (a) and (e)), because Ohio did not provide documentation regarding the temperature ranges in the additional two months that the State permits the use of cutback asphalts, and a lack of training is not sufficient reason for the 1000 gallons exemptions.