§ 91.326 Pre- and post-test analyzer calibration.

Calibrate the operating range of each analyzer used during the test prior to and after each test in accordance with the following procedure (A chronic need for parameter adjustment can indicate a need for instrument maintenance):

(a) Make the calibration using a zero gas and a span gas whose nominal value is between 80 percent and 100 percent of full scale, inclusive, of the measuring range.

(b) Use the same analyzer(s) flow rate and pressure as that used during exhaust emission test sampling.

(c) Warm-up and stabilize the analyzer(s) before the calibration is made.

(d) If necessary, clean and/or replace filter elements before calibration is made.

(e) Calibrate analyzer(s) as follows:

1. Zero the analyzer using the appropriate zero gas. Adjust analyzer zero if necessary. Zero reading should be stable.

2. Span the analyzer using the appropriate span gas for the range being calibrated. Adjust the analyzer to the calibration set point if necessary.

3. Recheck zero and span set points.

4. If the response of the zero gas or span gas differs more than one percent of full scale, then repeat paragraphs (f)(1) through (3) of this section.

§ 91.327 Sampling system requirements.

(a) Sample component surface temperature. For sampling systems which use heated components, use engineering judgment to locate the coolest portion of each component (pump, sample line section, filters, and so forth) in the heated portion of the sampling system that has a separate source of power or heating element. Monitor the temperature at that location. If several components are within an oven, then only the surface temperature of the component with the largest thermal mass and the oven temperature need be measured.

(b) If water is removed by condensation, monitor the sample gas temperature or sample dew point either within the water trap or downstream. It may not exceed 7 °C.

§ 91.328 Measurement equipment accuracy/calibration frequency table.

(a) The accuracy of measurements must be such that the maximum tolerances shown in Table 2 in appendix A to this subpart are not exceeded.

(b) Calibrate all equipment and analyzers according to the frequencies shown in Table 2 in appendix A to this subpart.

(c) Prior to initial use and after major repairs, bench check each analyzer (see §91.323).

(d) Calibrate as specified in §91.306 and §§91.315 through 91.322.

(e) At least monthly, or after any maintenance which could alter calibration, perform the following calibrations and checks.

1. Leak check the vacuum side of the system (see §91.324(a)).

2. Verify that the automatic data collection system (if used) meets the requirements found in Table 2 in appendix A to this subpart.

3. Check the fuel flow measurement instrument to insure that the specifications in Table 2 in appendix A to this subpart are met.