Environmental Protection Agency § 90.405 Recorded information.

(a) Record the information described in this section for each test, where applicable.

(b) Test data; general. (1) Engine identification number.
    (2) Engine emission control system.
    (3) Test operator(s).
    (4) Number of hours of operation accumulated on the engine prior to beginning the warm-up portion of the test (to the nearest tenth hour).
    (5) Fuel identification.
    (6) For 2-stroke engines, fuel/oil mixture ratio.
    (7) Date of most recent analyzer bench calibration.
    (8) All pertinent instrument information such as tuning, gain, serial numbers, detector number, and calibration curve(s). As long as this information is traceable, it may be summarized by system number or analyzer identification numbers.

(c) Test data; pre-test. (1) Date and time of day.
    (2) Test number.
    (3) Barometric pressure; as an option, barometric pressure can be measured as a modal measurement instead of or in addition to a pre- and post-test measurement.
    (4) Recorder chart or equivalent. Identify for each test segment zero traces for each range used, and span traces for each range used.
    (d) Test data; modal. (1) Recorder chart or equivalent. Identify for each test mode the emission concentration traces and the associated analyzer range(s).
    (2) Observed engine torque.
    (3) Observed engine rpm.
    (4) Intake air flow if applicable.
    (5) Test cell temperature and humidity for each mode.
    (6) For raw gas testing; fuel flow for each mode. Fuel flow measurement is not required for dilute testing, but is allowed. If the fuel flow measurement is a volume measurement system, record the fuel temperature in the measurement system for fuel density corrections to the mass flow rate. If the fuel temperature is within 3 °C of the calibration temperature, no density correction is required.
    (7) Engine intake temperature and humidity, if applicable.
    (8) Exhaust mixing chamber surface temperature, if applicable.
    (9) Exhaust sample line temperature, if applicable.

(e) Test data; post-test. (1) Recorder chart or equivalent. Identify the hang-up check.
    (2) Recorder chart or equivalent. Identify the zero traces for each range used and the span traces for each range used.
    (3) Total number of hours of operation accumulated on the engine (to the nearest tenth hour).
    (4) Barometric pressure, post-test segment.

[60 FR 34598, July 13, 1995, as amended at 70 FR 40449, July 13, 2005]

§ 90.406 Engine parameters to be measured and recorded.

Measure or calculate, then record the engine parameters in table 1 in appendix A of this subpart.

§ 90.407 Engine inlet and exhaust systems.

(a) The engine manufacturer is liable for exhaust emission compliance over the full range of air inlet filter systems and exhaust muffler systems.

(b) The air inlet filter system and exhaust muffler system combination used on the test engine must be the systems expected to yield the highest emission levels.

§ 90.408 Pre-test procedures.

(a) Engine service accumulation and stabilization procedure. Use the service accumulation procedure determined by the manufacturer for exhaust emission stabilizing of an engine, consistent with good engineering practice (see §90.118).

    (1) The manufacturer determines, for each engine family, the number of hours at which the engine exhaust emission control system combination is stabilized for emission testing. However, this stabilization procedure may not exceed 12 hours. The manufacturer must maintain, and provide to the Administrator upon request, a record of the rationale used in making this determination. If the manufacturer can document that at some time prior to the full 12 hour service accumulation