§ 674.60 Cancellation for volunteer service—Perkins loans, NDSLs and Defense loans.

(a)(1) An institution must cancel up to 70 percent of the outstanding balance on a Perkins loan, and 70 percent of the outstanding balance of an NDSL made on or after October 7, 1998, for service as a volunteer under The Peace Corps Act or The Domestic Volunteer Service Act of 1973 (ACTION programs).

(2) An institution must cancel up to 70 percent of the outstanding balance on an NDSL or Defense loan for service as a volunteer under The Peace Corps Act or The Domestic Volunteer Service Act of 1973 (ACTION programs) performed on or after October 7, 1998, if the cancellation benefits provided under this section are not included in the terms of the borrower’s promissory note.

(b) Cancellation rates are—

(1) Fifteen percent of the original principal loan amount plus the interest on the unpaid balance accruing during the year of qualifying service, for each of the first and second twelve-month periods of service;

(2) Twenty percent of the original principal loan amount plus the interest on the unpaid balance accruing during the year of qualifying service, for each of the third and fourth twelve-month periods of service.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1087ee)


§ 674.61 Discharge for death or disability.

(a) Death. An institution must discharge the unpaid balance of a borrower’s Defense, NDSL, or Perkins loan, including interest, if the borrower dies. The institution must discharge the loan on the basis of an original or certified copy of the death certificate, or an accurate and complete photocopy of the original or certified copy of the death certificate. Under exceptional circumstances and on a case-by-case basis, the chief financial officer of the institution may approve a discharge based upon other reliable documentation supporting the discharge request.

(b) Total and permanent disability as defined in § 674.51(aa)(1)—(1) General. A borrower’s Defense, NDSL, or Perkins loan is discharged if the borrower becomes totally and permanently disabled, as defined in § 674.51(aa)(1), and satisfies the additional eligibility requirements contained in this section.

(2) Discharge application process for borrowers who have a total and permanent disability as defined in § 674.51(aa)(1). (i) To qualify for discharge of a Defense, NDSL, or Perkins loan based on a total and permanent disability as defined in § 674.51(aa)(1), a borrower must submit a discharge application approved by the Secretary to the institution that holds the loan.

(ii) The application must contain a certification by a physician, who is a doctor of medicine or osteopathy legally authorized to practice in a State, that the borrower is totally and permanently disabled as defined in § 674.51(aa)(1).

(iii) The borrower must submit the application to the institution within 90 days of the date the physician certifies the application.

(iv) Upon receiving the borrower’s complete application, the institution must suspend collection activity on the loan and inform the borrower that—

(A) The institution will review the application and assign the loan to the Secretary for an eligibility determination if the institution determines that the certification supports the conclusion that the borrower is totally and permanently disabled, as defined in § 674.51(aa)(1);
(B) The institution will resume collection on the loan if the institution determines that the certification does not support the conclusion that the borrower is totally and permanently disabled; and

(C) If the Secretary discharges the loan based on a determination that the borrower is totally and permanently disabled, as defined in §674.51(aa)(1), the Secretary will reinstate the borrower’s obligation to repay the loan if, within three years after the date the Secretary granted the discharge, the borrower—

(1) Has annual earnings from employment that exceed 100 percent of the poverty guideline for a family of two, as published annually by the United States Department of Health and Human Services pursuant to 42 U.S.C. 9902(2);

(2) Receives a new TEACH Grant or a new loan under the Perkins, FFEL, or Direct Loan programs, except for a FFEL or Direct Consolidation Loan that includes loans that were not discharged; or

(3) Fails to ensure that the full amount of any disbursement of a Title IV loan or TEACH Grant received prior to the discharge date is returned to the loan holder or to the Secretary, as applicable, within 120 days of the disbursement date.

(v) If, after reviewing the borrower’s application, the institution determines that the application is complete and supports the conclusion that the borrower is totally and permanently disabled as defined in §674.51(aa)(1), the institution must assign the loan to the Secretary.

(vi) At the time the loan is assigned to the Secretary, the institution must notify the borrower that the loan has been discharged. The notification to the borrower explains the terms and conditions under which the borrower’s obligation to repay the loan will be reinstated, as specified in paragraph (b)(5) of this section.

(i) If the Secretary determines that the certification provided by the borrower does not support the conclusion that the borrower is totally and permanently disabled as defined in §674.51(aa)(1), the Secretary notifies the borrower that the application for a disability discharge has been denied, and that the loan is due and payable to the Secretary under the terms of the promissory note.

(iii) The Secretary reserves the right to require the borrower to submit additional medical evidence if the Secretary determines that the borrower’s application does not conclusively prove that the borrower is totally and permanently disabled as defined in §674.51(aa)(1). As part of the Secretary’s review of the borrower’s discharge application, the Secretary may arrange for an additional review of the borrower’s condition by an independent physician at no expense to the borrower.

(4) Treatment of disbursements made during the period from the date of the physician’s certification until the date of discharge. If a borrower received a Title IV loan or TEACH Grant prior to the date the physician certified the borrower’s discharge application and a disbursement of that loan or grant is made during the period from the date of the physician’s certification until the date the Secretary grants a discharge under this section, the processing of the borrower’s loan discharge request will be suspended until the borrower ensures that the full amount of the disbursement has been returned to the loan holder or to the Secretary, as applicable.

(5) Conditions for reinstatement of a loan after a total and permanent disability discharge. (i) The Secretary reinstates a borrower’s obligation to repay a loan that was discharged in accordance with paragraph (b)(3)(i) of this section if, within three years after the date the Secretary granted the discharge, the borrower—
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(A) Has annual earnings from employment that exceed 100 percent of the poverty guideline for a family of two, as published annually by the United States Department of Health and Human Services pursuant to 42 U.S.C. 9902(2);

(B) Receives a new TEACH Grant or a new loan under the Perkins, FFEL or Direct Loan programs, except for a FFEL or Direct Consolidation Loan that includes loans that were not discharged; or

(C) Fails to ensure that the full amount of any disbursement of a Title IV loan or TEACH Grant received prior to the discharge date that is made during the three-year period following the discharge date is returned to the loan holder or to the Secretary, as applicable, within 120 days of the disbursement date.

(ii) If a borrower’s obligation to repay a loan is reinstated, the Secretary—

(A) Notifies the borrower that the borrower’s obligation to repay the loan has been reinstated; and

(B) Does not require the borrower to pay interest on the loan for the period from the date the loan was discharged until the date the borrower’s obligation to repay the loan was reinstated.

(iii) The Secretary’s notification under paragraph (b)(5)(ii)(A) of this section will include—

(A) The reason or reasons for the reinstatement;

(B) An explanation that the first payment due date on the loan following reinstatement will be no earlier than 60 days after the date of the notification of reinstatement; and

(C) Information on how the borrower may contact the Secretary if the borrower has questions about the reinstatement or believes that the obligation to repay the loan was reinstated based on incorrect information.

(6) Borrower’s responsibilities after a total and permanent disability discharge. During the three-year period described in paragraph (b)(5)(i) of this section, the borrower or, if applicable, the borrower’s representative—

(i) Must promptly notify the Secretary if the borrower’s annual earnings from employment exceed the amount specified in paragraph (b)(5)(i)(A) of this section; and

(ii) Must provide the Secretary, upon request, with documentation of the borrower’s annual earnings from employment.

(7) Payments received after the physician’s certification of total and permanent disability. (i) If, after the date the physician certifies the borrower’s loan discharge application, the institution receives any payments from or on behalf of the borrower or attributable to a loan that was assigned to the Secretary for determination of eligibility for a total and permanent disability discharge, the institution must forward those payments to the Secretary for crediting to the borrower’s account.

(ii) At the same time that the institution forwards the payment, it must notify the borrower that there is no obligation to make payments on the loan prior to the Secretary’s determination of eligibility for a total and permanent disability discharge, unless the Secretary directs the borrower otherwise.

(iii) When the Secretary makes a determination to discharge the loan, the Secretary returns any payments received on the loan after the date the physician certified the borrower’s loan discharge application to the person who made the payments on the loan.

(c) Total and permanent disability discharges for veterans—(1) General. A veteran’s Defense, NDSL, or Perkins loan will be discharged if the veteran is totally and permanently disabled, as defined in §674.51(aa)(2).

(2) Discharge application process for veterans who have a total and permanent disability as defined in §674.51(aa)(2). (i) To qualify for discharge of a Defense, NDSL, or Perkins loan will be discharged if the veteran is totally and permanently disabled, as defined in §674.51(aa)(2), a veteran must submit a discharge application approved by the Secretary to the institution that holds the loan.

(ii) With the application, the veteran must submit documentation from the Department of Veterans Affairs showing that the Department of Veterans Affairs has determined that the veteran is unemployable due to a service-
connected disability. The veteran will not be required to provide any additional documentation related to the veteran’s disability.

(iii) Upon receiving the veteran’s completed application and the required documentation from the Department of Veterans Affairs, the institution must suspend collection activity on the loan and inform the veteran that—

(A) The institution will review the application and submit the application and supporting documentation to the Secretary for an eligibility determination if the documentation from the Department of Veterans Affairs indicates that the veteran is totally and permanently disabled as defined in §674.51(aa)(2);

(B) The institution will resume collection on the loan if the documentation from the Department of Veterans Affairs does not indicate that the veteran is totally and permanently disabled as defined in §674.51(aa)(2); and

(C) If the documentation from the Department of Veterans Affairs does not indicate that the veteran is totally and permanently disabled as defined in §674.51(aa)(2), the institution must reapply for a total and permanent disability discharge in accordance with the procedures described in §674.61(b).

(iv) If the documentation from the Department of Veterans Affairs indicates that the veteran is totally and permanently disabled as defined in §674.51(aa)(2), the institution must submit a copy of the veteran’s application and the documentation from the Department of Veterans Affairs to the Secretary. At the time the application and documentation are submitted to the Secretary, the institution must notify the veteran that the veteran’s discharge request has been referred to the Secretary for determination of discharge eligibility and that no payments are due on the loan.

(v) If the documentation from the Department of Veterans Affairs does not indicate that the veteran is totally and permanently disabled as defined in §674.51(aa)(2), the institution must resume collection on the loan.

(3) Secretary’s determination of eligibility. (i) If the Secretary determines, based on a review of the documentation from the Department of Veterans Affairs, that the veteran is totally and permanently disabled as defined in §674.51(aa)(2), the Secretary notifies the institution of this determination, and the institution must—

(A) Discharge the veteran’s obligation to make further payments on the loan; and

(B) Return to the person who made the payments on the loan any payments received on or after the effective date of the determination by the Department of Veterans Affairs that the veteran is unemployable due to a service-connected disability.

(ii) If the Secretary determines, based on a review of the documentation from the Department of Veterans Affairs, that the veteran is not totally and permanently disabled as defined in §674.51(aa)(2), the Secretary notifies the institution of this determination, and the institution must resume collection on the loan.

(d) No Federal reimbursement. No Federal reimbursement is made to an institution for cancellation of loans due to death or disability.

(e) Retroactive. Discharge for death applies retroactively to all Defense, NDSL, and Perkins loans.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1845-0019)