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(i) A partnership shall be treated as an employer of its partners, and

(ii) A partner shall be treated as an employee of the partnership.

(3) Automobile. The term automobile has the same meaning as prescribed in § 1.61–2T(d)(1)(ii).

(4) Vehicle. The term vehicle has the same meaning as prescribed in § 1.61–2T(e)(2).

(5) Personal use. Personal use by an employee of an employer-provided vehicle includes use in any trade or business other than the trade or business of being the employee of the employer providing the vehicle.

(f) Effective date. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1985.


§ 1.274–7 Treatment of certain expenditures with respect to entertainment-type facilities.

If deductions are disallowed under § 1.274–2 with respect to any portion of a facility, such portion shall be treated as an asset which is used for personal, living, and family purposes (and not as an asset used in a trade or business). Thus, the basis of such a facility will be adjusted for purposes of computing depreciation deductions and determining gain or loss on the sale of such facility in the same manner as other property (for example, a residence) which is regarded as used partly for business and partly for personal purposes.

[T.D. 6569, 28 FR 5507, June 25, 1963]

§ 1.274–8 Effective date.

Except as provided in § 1.274–2 and (e), §§ 1.274–1 through 1.274–7 apply with respect to taxable years ending after December 31, 1962, but only in respect of periods after such date.

[T.D. 8061, 50 FR 36576, Sept. 9, 1985]

§ 1.275–1 Deduction denied in case of certain taxes.

For description of the taxes for which a deduction is denied under section 275, see paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (e), and (h) of § 1.164–2.


§ 1.276–1 Disallowance of deductions for certain indirect contributions to political parties.

(a) In general. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no deduction shall be allowed for income tax purposes in respect of any amount paid or incurred after March 15, 1966, in a taxable year of the taxpayer beginning after December 31, 1965, for any expenditure to which paragraph (b)(1), (c), (d), or (e) of this section is applicable. Section 276 is a disallowance provision exclusively and does not make deductible any expenses which are not otherwise allowed under the Code. For certain other rules in respect of deductions for expenditures for political purposes, see §§ 1.162–15(b), 1.162–20, and 1.271–1.

(b) Advertising in convention program—

(1) General rule. (i) Except as provided in subparagraph (2) of this paragraph, no deduction shall be allowed for an expenditure for advertising in a convention program of a political party. For purposes of this subparagraph it is immaterial who publishes the convention program or to whose use the proceeds of the program inure (or are intended to inure). A convention program is any written publication (as defined in paragraph (c) of this section) which is distributed or displayed in connection with or at a political convention, conclave, or meeting. Under certain conditions payments to a committee organized for the purpose of bringing a political convention to an area are deductible under paragraph (b) of § 1.162–15. This rule is not affected by the provisions of this section. For example, such payments may be deductible notwithstanding the fact that the committee purchases from a political party the right to publish a pamphlet in connection with a convention and that the deduction of costs of advertising in the pamphlet is prohibited under this section.

(ii) The application of the provisions of this subparagraph may be illustrated by the following example:

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