§ 39.145 Can a school receive both a small school adjustment and a small high school adjustment?

A school that meets the criteria in §39.140 can receive both a small school adjustment and a small high school adjustment. The following table shows the total amount of adjustments for eligible schools by average daily membership (ADM) category.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ADM of high school component</th>
<th>Amount of small high school adjustment</th>
<th>School receives a component small school adjustment under §39.141</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>50 or fewer students ..........</td>
<td>6.25 base WSU ..................................</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>51 to 99 students ..............</td>
<td>determined using the following formula: WSU = ((100–X)/200)*X/2</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50 or fewer students ..........</td>
<td>12.5 base WSU ..................................</td>
<td>No.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>51 to 99 students ..............</td>
<td>determined using the following formula: WSU = ((100–X)/200)*X</td>
<td>No.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

§ 39.146 Is there an adjustment for small residential programs?

In order to compensate for the additional costs of operating a small residential program, OIEP will add to the total WSUs of each qualifying school as shown in the following table.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of residential program</th>
<th>Number of WSUs added</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Residential student count of 50 or fewer ISEP-eligible students.</td>
<td>12.5.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Residential student count of between 51 and 99 ISEP-eligible students.</td>
<td>Determined by the formula ((100–X)/200)*X, where X equals the residential student count.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

§ 39.160 Does ISEF provide supplemental funding for extraordinary costs related to a school's geographic isolation?

Yes. Havasupai Elementary School, for as long as it remains in its present location, will be awarded an additional cost factor of 12.5 WSU.

Subpart C—Administrative Procedures, Student Counts, and Verifications

§ 39.200 What is the purpose of the Indian School Equalization Formula?

OIEP uses the Indian School Equalization Formula (ISEF) to distribute Indian School Equalization Program (ISEP) appropriations equitably to Bureau-funded schools.

§ 39.201 Does ISEF reflect the actual cost of school operations?

ISEF does not attempt to assess the actual cost of school operations either at the local school level or in the aggregate nationally. ISEF is a relative distribution of available funds at the local school level by comparison with all other Bureau-funded schools.

§ 39.202 What are the definitions of terms used in this subpart?

Homebound means a student who is educated outside the classroom.