(b) Classification. Class II (performance standards).

§ 882.1900 Evoked response auditory stimulator.

(a) Identification. An evoked response auditory stimulator is a device that produces a sound stimulus for use in evoked response measurements or electroencephalogram activation.

(b) Classification. Class II (performance standards).

§ 882.1925 Ultrasonic scanner calibration test block.

(a) Identification. An ultrasonic scanner calibration test block is a block of material with known properties used to calibrate ultrasonic scanning devices (e.g., the echoencephalograph).

(b) Classification. Class I (general controls). The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter subject to the limitations in §882.9.


§ 882.1935 Near Infrared (NIR) Brain Hematoma Detector.

(a) Identification. A Near Infrared (NIR) Brain Hematoma Detector is a noninvasive device that employs near-infrared spectroscopy that is intended to be used to evaluate suspected brain hematomas.

(b) Classification. Class I (general controls). The special controls for this device are:

1. The sale, distribution, and use of this device are restricted to prescription use in accordance with §801.109 of this chapter;

2. The labeling must include specific instructions and the clinical training needed for the safe use of this device;

3. Appropriate analysis/testing should validate electromagnetic compatibility (EMC), electrical safety, and battery characteristics;

4. Performance data should validate accuracy and precision and safety features;

5. Any elements of the device that may contact the patient should be demonstrated to be biocompatible; and,

6. Appropriate software verification, validation, and hazard analysis should be performed.

[77 FR 16927, Mar. 23, 2012]

Effective date note: At 77 FR 16927, Mar. 23, 2012, §882.1935 was added, effective April 23, 2012.

§ 882.1950 Tremor transducer.

(a) Identification. A tremor transducer is a device used to measure the degree of tremor caused by certain diseases.

(b) Classification. Class II (performance standards).

Subparts C–D [Reserved]

Subpart E—Neurological Surgical Devices

§ 882.4030 Skull plate anvil.

(a) Identification. A skull plate anvil is a device used to form alterable skull plates in the proper shape to fit the curvature of a patient’s skull.

(b) Classification. Class I (general controls). The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter subject to the limitations in §882.9.


§ 882.4060 Ventricular cannula.

(a) Identification. A ventricular cannula is a device used to puncture the ventricles of the brain for aspiration or for injection. This device is frequently referred to as a ventricular needle.

(b) Classification. Class I (general controls). When made only of surgical grade stainless steel, the device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter subject to §882.9.


§ 882.4100 Ventricular catheter.

(a) Identification. A ventricular catheter is a device used to gain access to the cavities of the brain for injection of material into, or removal of material from, the brain.