§ 882.1825 Rheoencephalograph.

(a) Identification. A rheoencephalograph is a device used to estimate a patient’s cerebral circulation (blood flow in the brain) by electrical impedance methods with direct electrical connections to the scalp or neck area.

(b) Classification. Class III (premarket approval).

(c) Date PMA or notice of completion of PDP is required. A PMA or notice of completion of a PDP is required to be filed with the Food and Drug Administration on or before September 21, 2004, for any ocular plethysmograph that was in commercial distribution before May 28, 1976. Any other ocular plethysmograph shall have an approved PMA or declared completed PDP in effect before being placed in commercial distribution.


§ 882.1825 Rheoencephalograph.

(a) Identification. A rheoencephalograph is a device used to estimate a patient’s cerebral circulation (blood flow in the carotid artery) to diagnose carotid artery occlusive disease (restrictions on blood flow in the carotid artery).

(b) Classification. Class III (premarket approval).

(c) Date PMA or notice of completion of PDP is required. A PMA or notice of completion of a PDP is required to be filed with the Food and Drug Administration on or before September 21, 2004, for any ocular plethysmograph that was in commercial distribution before May 28, 1976. Any other ocular plethysmograph shall have an approved PMA or declared completed PDP in effect before being placed in commercial distribution.


§ 882.1835 Physiological signal amplifier.

(a) Identification. A physiological signal amplifier is a general purpose device used to electrically amplify signals derived from various physiological sources (e.g., the electroencephalogram).

(b) Classification. Class II (performance standards).

§ 882.1845 Physiological signal conditioner.

(a) Identification. A physiological signal conditioner is a device such as an integrator or differentiator used to modify physiological signals for recording and processing.

(b) Classification. Class II (performance standards).

§ 882.1855 Electroencephalogram (EEG) telemetry system.

(a) Identification. An electroencephalogram (EEG) telemetry system consists of transmitters, receivers, and other components used for remotely monitoring or measuring EEG signals by means of radio or telephone transmission systems.

(b) Classification. Class II (performance standards).

§ 882.1870 Evoked response electrical stimulator.

(a) Identification. An evoked response electrical stimulator is a device used to apply an electrical stimulus to a patient by means of skin electrodes for the purpose of measuring the evoked response.

(b) Classification. Class II (performance standards).

§ 882.1880 Evoked response mechanical stimulator.

(a) Identification. An evoked response mechanical stimulator is a device used to produce a mechanical stimulus or a series of mechanical stimuli for the purpose of measuring a patient’s evoked response.

(b) Classification. Class II (performance standards).

§ 882.1890 Evoked response photic stimulator.

(a) Identification. An evoked response photic stimulator is a device used to generate and display a shifting pattern or to apply a brief light stimulus to a patient’s eye for use in evoked response measurements or for electroencephalogram (EEG) activation.