

**§ 868.2480**

**21 CFR Ch. I (4–1–12 Edition)**

**§ 868.2480 Cutaneous carbon dioxide (PcCO<sub>2</sub>) monitor.**

(a) *Identification.* A cutaneous carbon dioxide (PcCO<sub>2</sub>) monitor is a noninvasive heated sensor and a pH-sensitive glass electrode placed on a patient's skin, which is intended to monitor relative changes in a hemodynamically stable patient's cutaneous carbon dioxide tension as an adjunct to arterial carbon dioxide tension measurement.

(b) *Classification.* Class II (special controls). The special control for this device is FDA's "Class II Special Controls Guidance Document: Cutaneous Carbon Dioxide (PcCO<sub>2</sub>) and Oxygen (PcO<sub>2</sub>) Monitors; Guidance for Industry and FDA." See § 868.1(e) for the availability of this guidance document.

[54 FR 27160, June 28, 1989, as amended at 67 FR 76681, Dec. 13, 2002]

**§ 868.2500 Cutaneous oxygen (PcO<sub>2</sub>) monitor.**

(a) *Identification.* A cutaneous oxygen (PcO<sub>2</sub>) monitor is a noninvasive, heated sensor (e.g., a Clark-type polarographic electrode) placed on the patient's skin that is intended to monitor relative changes in the cutaneous oxygen tension.

(b) *Classification.* Class II (special controls). The special control for this device is FDA's "Class II Special Controls Guidance Document: Cutaneous Carbon Dioxide (PcCO<sub>2</sub>) and Oxygen (PcO<sub>2</sub>) Monitors; Guidance for Industry and FDA." See § 868.1(e) for the availability of this guidance document.

[67 FR 76681, Dec. 13, 2002]

**§ 868.2550 Pneumotachometer.**

(a) *Identification.* A pneumotachometer is a device intended for medical purposes that is used to determine gas flow by measuring the pressure differential across a known resistance. The device may use a set of capillaries or a metal screen for the resistive element.

(b) *Classification.* Class II (performance standards).

**§ 868.2600 Airway pressure monitor.**

(a) *Identification.* An airway pressure monitor is a device used to measure the pressure in a patient's upper air-

way. The device may include a pressure gauge and an alarm.

(b) *Classification.* Class II (performance standards).

**§ 868.2610 Gas pressure gauge.**

(a) *Identification.* A gas pressure gauge (e.g., bourdon tube pressure gauge) is a device intended for medical purposes that is used to measure gas pressure in a medical gas delivery system.

(b) *Classification.* Class I (general controls). The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter subject to the limitations in § 868.9.

[47 FR 31142, July 16, 1982, as amended at 61 FR 1119, Jan. 16, 1996; 66 FR 38794, July 25, 2001]

**§ 868.2620 Gas pressure calibrator.**

(a) *Identification.* A gas pressure calibrator is a device intended for medical purposes that is used to calibrate pressure-measuring instruments by generating a known gas pressure.

(b) *Classification.* Class I (general controls). The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter subject to the limitations in § 868.9.

[47 FR 31142, July 16, 1982, as amended at 61 FR 1119, Jan. 16, 1996; 66 FR 38794, July 25, 2001]

**§ 868.2700 Pressure regulator.**

(a) *Identification.* A pressure regulator is a device, often called a pressure-reducing valve, that is intended for medical purposes and that is used to convert a medical gas pressure from a high variable pressure to a lower, more constant working pressure. This device includes mechanical oxygen regulators.

(b) *Classification.* Class I (general controls). The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter subject to the limitations in § 868.9.

[47 FR 31142, July 16, 1982, as amended at 61 FR 1119, Jan. 16, 1996; 66 FR 38794, July 25, 2001]