§ 357.106 Time limits.

(a) The Secretary will determine, no later than the day specified in paragraph (b) of this section—

(1) Whether short supply exists with respect to the product; and

(2) If short supply is determined to exist, the quantity of the short supply allowance.

(b) The Secretary will make a short supply determination not later than—

(1) The 15th day after the day on which an adequate petition is received if—

(i) A twelve week moving average of raw steel making capacity utilization in the United States, as published by the American Iron and Steel Institute, equals or exceeds 90 percent, or

(ii) The Secretary has granted short supply allowances for the product during each of the two immediately preceding years. This requirement will be satisfied by a full or partial grant of a short supply allowance for the product for a one-year period during each of the two immediately preceding years, or for a six-month period during each of the two immediately preceding years, provided that there was not within the two immediately preceding years a formal negative determination by the Secretary as to the existence of short supply for the product; or

(iii) The Secretary, on the basis of available information (and whether or not in the context of a determination under section 102 of this part), finds that the product is not produced in the United States.

In making a determination with respect to which section 106(b)(1) of this part applies, the Secretary will apply a rebuttable presumption that the product is in short supply. The burden of proof will lie on a domestic steel producer to prove that it can and will produce and supply the product within the requested period of time provided it represents a normal order to delivery period. Unless such proof is provided, the Secretary will issue a short supply allowance within 15 days of receipt of an adequate petition.

(2) In all other circumstances, the Secretary will make a determination within 30 days after the day on which an adequate petition is received.

§ 357.105 Questionnaires.

For reviews conducted under section 106(b)(2), the Secretary normally will send questionnaires to potential producers/suppliers of the product to determine whether it is in short supply. Questionnaires shall be completed and delivered to the Secretary within 8 days after being sent by the Secretary. Questionnaire responses not received within this period will be deemed favorable to the petition.

§ 357.104 Determination of adequacy of petition, notice of review and opportunity for comment.

(a) Within 24 hours after a petition is filed, excluding weekends and holidays, the Secretary will determine whether the petition is adequate.

(b) If the Secretary determines that the petition is adequate, the Secretary promptly will cause to be published in the Federal Register a notice that a petition with respect to the product is under review and provide interested parties with the opportunity to submit written comments on the petition. Comments will be accepted for a period of seven days from the date notice of the review of the petition is published in the Federal Register. Interested parties may file replies to any comments submitted under this section. Any replies must be filed with the Secretary within five days after the closing date of the comment period. Interested parties shall certify that the factual information contained in any submission they make is accurate and complete to the best of their knowledge.

(c) If the Secretary determines that the petition is inadequate, the Secretary immediately will return the petition to the petitioner along with an explanation of why it is inadequate.

§ 357.106 Time limits.

(a) The Secretary will determine, no later than the day specified in paragraph (b) of this section—

(1) Whether short supply exists with respect to the product; and

(2) If short supply is determined to exist, the quantity of the short supply allowance.

(b) The Secretary will make a short supply determination not later than—

(1) The 15th day after the day on which an adequate petition is received if—

(i) A twelve week moving average of raw steel making capacity utilization in the United States, as published by the American Iron and Steel Institute, equals or exceeds 90 percent, or

(ii) The Secretary has granted short supply allowances for the product during each of the two immediately preceding years. This requirement will be satisfied by a full or partial grant of a short supply allowance for the product for a one-year period during each of the two immediately preceding years, or for a six-month period during each of the two immediately preceding years, provided that there was not within the two immediately preceding years a formal negative determination by the Secretary as to the existence of short supply for the product; or

(iii) The Secretary, on the basis of available information (and whether or not in the context of a determination under section 102 of this part), finds that the product is not produced in the United States.

In making a determination with respect to which section 106(b)(1) of this part applies, the Secretary will apply a rebuttable presumption that the product is in short supply. The burden of proof will lie on a domestic steel producer to prove that it can and will produce and supply the product within the requested period of time provided it represents a normal order to delivery period. Unless such proof is provided, the Secretary will issue a short supply allowance within 15 days of receipt of an adequate petition.

(2) In all other circumstances, the Secretary will make a determination within 30 days after the day on which an adequate petition is received.