government. A demand for adjustment to the General Revenue Sharing Act, Pub. L. 92–512, section 102(b), as amended (31 U.S.C. 1222(b)) does not constitute a challenge within the meaning of this part.

(c) **Director** means Director of the Bureau of the Census, or an individual designated by the Director to perform under this part.

(d) **Estimate** means a statistically derived intercensal population or per capita income figure prepared to update earlier census figures.

(e) **State** includes the District of Columbia.

(f) **Unit of local government** means the government of a county, municipality, township, place, or other minor civil division, which is a unit of general government below the State.

§ 90.4 General.

This part provides a procedure for a State or unit of local government to challenge the population or per capita income estimates of the Bureau. The Bureau shall receive these challenges and attempt to resolve them informally with the locality. If the challenge is not resolved informally, the challenging State or unit of local government may then, at its option, proceed formally.

§ 90.5 When an informal challenge may be filed.

An informal challenge to the population or per capita income estimates may be filed any time up to 180 days after the release of the estimates by the Bureau of the Census. Publication by the Bureau of the Census and simultaneous publication of a release notification in the **FEDERAL REGISTER** shall constitute release. A challenge to any estimate may also be filed any time up to 180 days from the date the Census Bureau, on its own initiative, revises that estimate.

If, however, a State or unit of local government has sufficiently meritorious reason for not filing in a timely manner, the Census Bureau has the discretion to accept the challenge.

[50 FR 28768, July 16, 1985]