§ 93.80

Approved by Transport Canada will be conducting a north/south orbit of the Niagara Falls area below 3,500 feet MSL over the Niagara River.

(d) The minimum altitude for VFR flight over the Scenic Falls area is 3,500 feet MSL.

(e) Comply with the following procedures when conducting flight over the area described in paragraph (a) of this section:

1. Fly a clockwise pattern;
2. Do not proceed north of the Rainbow Bridge;
3. Prior to joining the pattern, broadcast flight intentions on frequency 122.05 MHz, giving altitude and position, and monitor the frequency while in the pattern;
4. Use the Niagara Falls airport altimeter setting. Contact Niagara Falls Airport Traffic Control Tower to obtain the current altimeter setting, to facilitate the exchange of traffic advisories/restrictions, and to reduce the risk of midair collisions between aircraft operating in the vicinity of the Falls. If the Control Tower is closed, use the appropriate Automatic Terminal Information Service (ATIS) frequency;
5. Do not exceed 130 knots;
6. Anticipate heavy congestion of VFR traffic at or above 3,500 feet MSL; and
7. Use caution to avoid high-speed civil and military aircraft transiting the area to or from Niagara Falls Airport.

(f) These procedures do not relieve pilots from the requirements of §91.113 of this chapter to see and avoid other aircraft.

(g) Flight following, to and from the area, is available through Buffalo Approach.


Subpart F—Valparaiso, Florida, Terminal Area

§ 93.80 Applicability.

This subpart prescribes special air traffic rules for aircraft operating in the Valparaiso, Florida, Terminal Area.


§ 93.81 Applicability and description of area.

The Valparaiso, Florida Terminal Area is designated as follows:

(a) North-South Corridor. The North-South Corridor includes the airspace extending upward from the surface up to, but not including, 18,000 feet MSL, bounded by a line beginning at:

Latitude 30°42′31″ N., Longitude 86°38′02″ W.;
Latitude 30°43′18″ N., Longitude 86°27′37″ W.;
Latitude 30°37′01″ N., Longitude 86°27′37″ W.;
Latitude 30°37′01″ N., Longitude 86°25′30″ W.;
Latitude 30°33′01″ N., Longitude 86°25′30″ W.;
Latitude 30°33′01″ N., Longitude 86°25′00″ W.;
Latitude 30°25′01″ N., Longitude 86°25′00″ W.;
Latitude 30°25′01″ N., Longitude 86°23′12″ W.;
Latitude 30°20′02″ N., Longitude 86°23′02″ W.;
Latitude 30°20′02″ N., Longitude 86°23′00″ W.;
Latitude 30°19′31″ N., Longitude 86°51′30″ W.; to the beginning.

(b) East-West Corridor—The East-West Corridor is divided into three sections to accommodate the different altitudes as portions of the corridor underlie restricted areas R–2915C, R–2918B, and R–2914B.

1. The west section would include that airspace extending upward from the surface to but not including 8,500 feet MSL, bounded by a line beginning at:

Latitude 30°22′47″ N., Longitude 86°51′30″ W.; then along the shoreline to
Latitude 30°23′46″ N., Longitude 86°38′15″ W.; to Latitude 30°20′51″ N., Longitude 86°38′50″ W.; then 3 NM from and parallel to the shoreline to
Latitude 30°19′31″ N., Longitude 86°51′30″ W.; to the beginning.

2. The center section would include that airspace extending upward from the surface to but not including 18,000 feet MSL, bounded by a line beginning at:

Latitude 30°25′01″ N., Longitude 86°38′12″ W.;
Latitude 30°25′01″ N., Longitude 86°25′00″ W.;

(1) The west section would include airspace extending upward from the surface to but not including 8,500 feet MSL, bounded by a line beginning at:

Latitude 30°22′47″ N., Longitude 86°51′30″ W.; then along the shoreline to
Latitude 30°23′46″ N., Longitude 86°38′15″ W.; to Latitude 30°20′51″ N., Longitude 86°38′50″ W.; then 3 NM from and parallel to the shoreline to
Latitude 30°19′31″ N., Longitude 86°51′30″ W.; to the beginning.

(2) The center section would include that airspace extending upward from the surface to but not including 18,000 feet MSL, bounded by a line beginning at:

Latitude 30°25′01″ N., Longitude 86°38′12″ W.;
Latitude 30°25′01″ N., Longitude 86°25′00″ W.;

(1) The west section would include airspace extending upward from the surface to but not including 8,500 feet MSL, bounded by a line beginning at:

Latitude 30°22′47″ N., Longitude 86°51′30″ W.; then along the shoreline to
Latitude 30°23′46″ N., Longitude 86°38′15″ W.; to Latitude 30°20′51″ N., Longitude 86°38′50″ W.; then 3 NM from and parallel to the shoreline to
Latitude 30°19′31″ N., Longitude 86°51′30″ W.; to the beginning.

(2) The center section would include that airspace extending upward from the surface to but not including 18,000 feet MSL, bounded by a line beginning at:

Latitude 30°25′01″ N., Longitude 86°38′12″ W.;
Latitude 30°25′01″ N., Longitude 86°25′00″ W.;

(1) The west section would include airspace extending upward from the surface to but not including 8,500 feet MSL, bounded by a line beginning at:

Latitude 30°22′47″ N., Longitude 86°51′30″ W.; then along the shoreline to
Latitude 30°23′46″ N., Longitude 86°38′15″ W.; to Latitude 30°20′51″ N., Longitude 86°38′50″ W.; then 3 NM from and parallel to the shoreline to
Latitude 30°19′31″ N., Longitude 86°51′30″ W.; to the beginning.

(2) The center section would include that airspace extending upward from the surface to but not including 18,000 feet MSL, bounded by a line beginning at:

Latitude 30°25′01″ N., Longitude 86°38′12″ W.;
Latitude 30°25′01″ N., Longitude 86°25′00″ W.;

Subpart F—Valparaiso, Florida, Terminal Area

§ 93.80 Applicability.

This subpart prescribes special air traffic rules for aircraft operating in
Federal Aviation Administration, DOT

§ 93.95 Aircraft operations.

(a) North-South Corridor. Unless otherwise authorized by ATC (including the Eglin Radar Control Facility), no person may operate an aircraft in flight within the North-South Corridor designated in §93.91(b)(1) unless—

(1) Before operating within the corridor, that person obtains a clearance from the Eglin Radar Control Facility or an appropriate FAA ATC facility; and

(2) That person maintains two-way radio communication with the Eglin Radar Control Facility or an appropriate FAA ATC facility while within the corridor.

[Amdt. 93–70, 59 FR 46154, Sept. 6, 1994]

Subpart G—Special Flight Rules in the Vicinity of Los Angeles International Airport


§ 93.91 Applicability.

This subpart prescribes special air traffic rules for aircraft conducting VFR operations in the Los Angeles, California Special Flight Rules Area.

§ 93.93 Description of area.

The Los Angeles Special Flight Rules Area is designated as that part of Area A of the Los Angeles Class B airspace area at 3,500 feet above mean sea level (MSL) and at 4,500 feet MSL, beginning at Ballona Creek/Pacific Ocean (lat. 33°57'42" N, long. 118°22'10" W), then westbound along Imperial Highway to the intersection of Imperial Highway/Pacific Ocean (lat. 33°55'51" N, long. 118°26'05" W), then northbound along the shoreline to the point of beginning.

§ 93.95 General operating procedures.

Unless otherwise authorized by the Administrator, no person may operate an aircraft in the airspace described in §93.93 unless the operation is conducted in accordance with the following procedures:

(a) The flight must be conducted under VFR and only when operation may be conducted in compliance with §91.155(a) of this chapter.

(b) The aircraft must be equipped as specified in §91.215(b) of this chapter complying on code 1201 prior to entering and while operating in this area.

(c) The pilot shall have a current Los Angeles Terminal Area Chart in the aircraft.

(d) The pilot shall operate on the Santa Monica very high frequency