§ 431.151 Purpose and scope.
This subpart contains energy conservation requirements for commercial clothes washers, pursuant to Part C of Title III of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 6311–6317.

§ 431.152 Definitions concerning commercial clothes washers.
Basic model means all units of a given type of covered product (or class thereof) manufactured by one manufacturer, having the same primary energy source, and which have essentially identical electrical, physical, and functional (or hydraulic) characteristics that affect energy consumption, energy efficiency, water consumption, or water efficiency.

Commercial clothes washer means a soft-mounted front-loading or soft-mounted top-loading clothes washer that—
(1) Has a clothes container compartment that—
   (i) For horizontal-axis clothes washers, is not more than 3.5 cubic feet; and
   (ii) For vertical-axis clothes washers, is not more than 4.0 cubic feet; and
(2) Is designed for use in—
   (i) Applications in which the occupants of more than one household will be using the clothes washer, such as multi-family housing common areas and coin laundries; or
   (ii) Other commercial applications.


TEST PROCEDURES

§ 431.154 Test procedures.
The test procedures for residential clothes washers in appendix J1 to subpart B of part 430 of this title shall be used to test commercial clothes washers.

ENERGY CONSERVATION STANDARDS

§ 431.156 Energy and water conservation standards and effective dates.
(a) Each commercial clothes washer manufactured between January 1, 2007, and January 8, 2013, shall have—
   (1) A modified energy factor of at least 1.26; and
   (2) A water consumption factor of not more than 9.5.
(b) Each commercial clothes washer manufactured on or after January 8, 2013, shall have a modified energy factor no less than and a water factor no greater than:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Equipment class</th>
<th>Modified energy factor, cu. ft./kWh/cycle</th>
<th>Water factor, gal./cu. ft./cycle</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Top-Loading</td>
<td>1.60</td>
<td>8.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Front-Loading</td>
<td>2.00</td>
<td>5.5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

[76 FR 69123, Nov. 8, 2011]

Subpart J [Reserved]

§§ 431.171–431.176 [Reserved]

Subpart K—Distribution Transformers

SOURCE: 70 FR 60416, Oct. 18, 2005, unless otherwise noted.

§ 431.191 Purpose and scope.
This subpart contains energy conservation requirements for distribution transformers, pursuant to Parts B and C of Title III of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 6291–6317.

[71 FR 24995, Apr. 27, 2006]

§ 431.192 Definitions.
The following definitions apply for purposes of this subpart:
Autotransformer means a transformer that:
(1) Has one physical winding that consists of a series winding part and a common winding part;
(2) Has no isolation between its primary and secondary circuits; and
(3) During step-down operation, has a primary voltage that is equal to the total of the series and common winding voltages, and a secondary voltage that is equal to the common winding voltage.

Basic model means a group of models of distribution transformers manufactured by a single manufacturer, that have the same insulation type (i.e., liquid-immersed or dry-type), have the same number of phases (i.e., single or