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(k) Contract. The legal document, that includes the water-quality plan and is executed by the participant and the administering agency. It details the agreement between parties for carrying out BMP’s on the participant’s land.

(l) Cost-share level. The percentage of the total cost of installing BMP’s included in the participant’s contract that is paid by the administering agency.

(m) Critical areas or sources. Those finite areas or sources of agricultural nonpoint source pollutants identified as having the most significant impact on the quality of the receiving waters.

(n) Federal Management Circular FMC 74-4. “Cost Principles Applicable to Grants and Contracts with State and Local Governments.”

(o) Financial burden. The participant’s contribution to the total cost of BMP’s that would be inequitable or probably prevent participation in RCWP.

(p) Identifiable unit. A component of a BMP that can be clearly identified in carrying out BMP’s in the water quality plan.

(q) Letter of Credit—Treasury Regional Disbursing Officer System. The system whereby the letters of credit are maintained and serviced by Treasury disbursing centers and Treasury regional disbursing officers.

(r) Management agency. The Federal, State, interstate, regional, or local agency designated by the Governor to carry out the approved agricultural portion of the 208 water-quality management plan.

(s) OMB Circular A-34. “Instructions on Budget Execution.”

(t) OMB Circular A-102 (Rev.) Office of Management and Budget Uniform Administrative Requirements for Grants-in-Aid to State and local governments.

(u) Offsite benefits. Those favorable effects of BMP’s that occur away from the land of the participant receiving RCWP assistance and accrue to the public as a result of improved water quality.

(v) Participant. A landowner or operator who applies for and receives assistance under RCWP.

(w) Participants water quality plan. The plan which identifies critical agricultural nonpoint source(s) of water quality problems and sets forth BMP’s which contribute to meeting the water quality objectives of the project.

(x) Privately owned rural land. Those lands not held by Federal, State, or local governments which include cropland, pastureland, forest land, rangeland, and other associated lands.

(y) RCWP projects. The total system of BMP’s, institutional arrangements, and technical, cost-sharing, and administrative assistance activities that are authorized in a RCWP project area.

(z) Standards and specifications. Requirements that establish the minimum acceptable quality level for planning, designing, installing, and maintaining BMP’s.

(aa) State. Any of the several States of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, the Commonwealth of the Northern Marianas, and the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands.

(bb) Technical assistance cost. Those direct and indirect costs associated with the preparation and review of participant water quality plans; design, layout and application of BMP’s; and investigations associated with monitoring and evaluating progress toward meeting project objectives.

(cc) Treasury Circular 1075 (Rev.). Uniform Administrative Requirements for Grants-in-Aid to State and local governments.

§ 634.10 Applicability.

RCWP is applicable in project areas that meet the criteria for eligibility contained in §634.12 and are authorized for funding by the Administrator, NRCS.

§ 634.11 Availability of funds.

(a) The provisions of the program are subject to the appropriation of funds by Congress to the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

(b) The allocation of funds to the administering agencies is to be made on the basis of the total funds needed to carry out the project.

(c) The obligation of Federal funds for RCWP contracts with participants...
§ 634.12 Eligible project areas.

(a) Only those project areas which are included in an approved agricultural portion of a 208 water quality management plan, or revised portions thereof, and have identified agricultural nonpoint source water quality problems are eligible for authorization under RCWP. Those critical areas or sources of pollutants significantly contributing to the water quality problems are eligible for financial and technical assistance.

(b) The management agency designated by the Governor under section 208(c)(1) of the Act to implement the agricultural portion of the 208 plan must assure in writing in the project application that there will be an adequate level of participation by land owners or operators with critical areas or sources in a project area.

(c) An RCWP project area is a hydrologically related land area. Exceptions may be made for ease of administration, or to focus on concentrated critical areas. To be designated as an RCWP project area eligible for authorization, the area’s water quality problems must be related to agricultural nonpoint source pollutants, including sediment animal waste, irrigation return flows, runoff, or leachate that contain high concentrations of nitrogen, phosphorus, dissolved solids, toxics (pesticides and heavy metals), or high pathogen levels. Generally, the project areas will be less than 200,000 acres.

§ 634.13 Project applications.

(a) The SRCWCC is to assure that a process exists to prepare the RCWP project applications for submission by the Governor in order of priority to the Administrator, NRCS, through the State Conservationst, NRCS. This process must include the opportunity for public participation, especially participation by potential RCWP participants. Applications will be submitted in conformance with OMB Circular A–95.

(b) The preparation and submission of applications are to be based on the priorities established by the Governor and data and information in the approved agricultural portion of the State or areawide 208 water quality management plan.

(c) Applications shall contain the following components. Additional material may be added when, in the judgment of the applicant, it is needed to fully support the application and/or would enhance the probability of project authorization. Information provided under each component shall be in sufficient detail to permit the NRCWCC to evaluate the application using priority criteria in §634.14.

(1) Description of the project area,

(2) Severity of the water quality problem

(3) Objectives and planned action,

(4) Schedule for carrying out the plan, and

(5) Estimated cost. This component is to identify and show the basis for those costs associated with completing the project. The project application shall include an estimate of the total cost of the project, the Federal contribution, and the non-Federal contribution. The Federal contribution shall not exceed 50 percent unless the application, based on offsite benefits and financial burden, show that a higher level is appropriate.

(6) Estimated water quality benefits and effects.

(7) Arrangements for project administration. This component is to set out the applicant’s plan for carrying out the program in the project area. The plan should:

(i) Identify the administering agency and document the capability of the agency to carry out the responsibilities described in §634.4(p). In addition, information should be included to describe the administering agency staff, the location of that staff relative to the project area, and the experience of the agency in administering comparable grant programs.

(ii) Where appropriate, describe the specific arrangements that have been made, or that are anticipated, for local, State, and Federal agency participation such as technical assistance and other cost-sharing programs.

(8) Attachments. The following attachments are the minimum required with each application: