Commodity Credit Corporation, USDA § 1437.106

producer’s expected production of the applicable late-planted crop acreage.

(2) 121 days and up and planted:
   (i) One to five calendar days after the final planting date, production will be assigned equal to 5 percent of expected production of the applicable late-planted crop acreage regardless of the day planted.
   (ii) Six to 25 days after the final planting date, production will be assigned equal to 5 percent of expected production of the applicable late-planted crop acreage plus an additional one percent of the applicable late-planted crop acreage for each day beyond five days.
   (iii) 26 or more calendar days after the final planting date, production will be assigned equal to 50 percent of the producer’s expected production of the applicable late-planted crop acreage.

[71 FR 13745, Mar. 17, 2006]
§ 1437.104 Assigned production.

(a) When determining losses under this section, assigned production will be used to offset the loss of production when, as determined by CCC, any of the following has occurred:
   (1) The loss is a result of an ineligible cause of loss and the loss has not been otherwise accounted for.
   (2) The unit acreage was destroyed without consent notwithstanding § 1437.10(d).
   (3) The producer has a contract to receive a guaranteed payment for all or a portion of the production, as opposed to or regardless of delivery of such production.
   (4) The crop is planted after the STC-established final planting date according to § 1437.103.
   (5) Irrigation equipment is not capable of supplying adequate water to sustain the expected production of a normal irrigated crop.
   (6) For normal irrigated annual, biennial, and perennial crops, the irrigation practice is not used.
   (7) For normal irrigated annual and biennial crops, the supply of available water at the beginning of the crop year is not adequate.
   (8) For normal irrigated perennial crops, the supply of available water at the beginning of the crop year is not adequate as a result of an ineligible cause of loss.

[71 FR 13745, Mar. 17, 2006]
§ 1437.105 Determining payments for low yield.

(a) Except to the extent that the loss calculation provisions of other subparts apply, and subject to limitations set out elsewhere in this part and in this title and to the availability of funds, payments under this part shall be made on eligible crops with eligible losses by:
   (1) Multiplying the total eligible acreage planted to the eligible crop by the producers share, and subject to provisions for specific crops provided elsewhere in this part;
   (2) Multiplying the product of paragraph (a)(1) of this section by 50 percent of the approved yield per acre for the commodity for the producer.
   (3) Multiplying the net production of the total eligible acreage by the producer’s share;
   (4) Subtracting the product of paragraph (a)(3) of this section from the product of paragraph (a)(2) of this section;
   (5) Multiplying the difference calculated under paragraph (a)(4) of this section by the final payment price calculated under § 1437.11; and
   (6) Multiplying the value of salvage and secondary use by the producer’s share and subtracting the result from the result of paragraph (a)(5) of this section.

(b) Further adjustments may be made as needed to accomplish the purposes and goals of the program.

§ 1437.106 Honey.

(a) Honey production eligible for benefits under this part includes table and non-table honey produced commercially.
   (b) All of a producer’s honey will be considered a single crop, regardless of type or variety of floral source or intended use.
   (c) The crop year for honey production is the calendar year, January 1 through December 31.