on a map which shall be available for public inspection at the office of the Refuge Manager and other places convenient to the public; or
(2) Designated by the posting of appropriate signs; or
(3) Both.

(g) Openings. In determining whether to open an area to public use or activity otherwise prohibited, the Refuge Manager shall provide notice in the Federal Register and shall, upon request, hold a hearing in the affected vicinity and other location, as appropriate prior to making a final determination.

(h) Except as otherwise specifically permitted under the provision of this part, entry into closed areas or failure to abide by restrictions established under this section is prohibited.

TABLE I TO PART 36—SUMMARY LISTING THE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGES IN ALASKA AS ESTABLISHED BY THE ALASKA LANDS ACT, PUB. L. 96–487, DECEMBER 2, 1980

1. Alaska Maritime, including:
   - Aleutian Island*
   - Bering Sea*
   - Bogoslof*
   - Chamisso*
   - Forrester Island*
   - Hazy Islands*
   - Pribilof*
   - Saint Lazaria*
   - Semidi*
   - Simeonof*
   - Tuxedni*

2. Alaska Peninsula

3. Arctic, including: William O. Douglas*
   - Becharof**
   - Innoko
   - Izembek*
   - Kanuti
   - Konas*
   - Kodiak*
   - Koyukuk
   - Nowitna
   - Selawik
   - Tentin
   - Togiak, including: Cape Newenham*
   - Yukon Delta, including:
     - Clarence Rhode*
     - Hazen Bay*
     - Nunivak*
     - Yukon Flats*

*These indicated units were previously existing refuges before the Alaska Lands Act of December 2, 1980, and are now part of the 16 National Wildlife Refuges established by the Alaska Lands Act.