§ 665.428

(c) Existing FEP fisheries shall follow the allowable gear and methods outlined in their respective plans.
(d) Any person who intends to fish with new gear not included in this section must describe the new gear and its method of deployment in the special permit application. A decision on the permissibility of this gear type will be made by the Regional Administrator after consultation with the Council and the director of the affected state fishery management agency.

§ 665.428 Gear identification.

(a) The vessel number must be affixed to all fish and crab traps on board the vessel or deployed in the water by any vessel or person holding a permit under §§ 665.13 or 665.424 or that is otherwise established to be fishing for Mariana coral reef ecosystem MUS in the management area.
(b) Enforcement action. (1) Traps not marked in compliance with paragraph (a) of this section and found deployed in the coral reef ecosystem management area will be considered unclaimed or abandoned property, and may be disposed of in any manner considered appropriate by NMFS or an authorized officer.
(2) Unattended surround nets or bait seine nets found deployed in the coral reef ecosystem management area will be considered unclaimed or abandoned property, and may be disposed of in any manner considered appropriate by NMFS or an authorized officer.

§§ 665.429–665.439 [Reserved]

§ 665.440 Mariana crustacean fisheries.

[Reserved]

§ 665.441 Definitions.

As used in §§ 665.440 through 665.459: 'Crustacean Permit Area 5 (Permit Area 5)' means the EEZ around Guam and the EEZ seaward of points 3 nautical miles from the shoreline of the CNMI. 'Mariana crustacean management unit species' means the following crustaceans:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Local name</th>
<th>English common name</th>
<th>Scientific name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mahonggang</td>
<td>spiny lobster</td>
<td>Panulirus marginatus, Panulirus penicillatus.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pa'pangpang</td>
<td>slipper lobster</td>
<td>Scyllaridae.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kona crab</td>
<td></td>
<td>Ranina ranina.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>deepwater shrimp</td>
<td></td>
<td>Heterocarpus spp.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

§ 665.442 Permits.

(a) Applicability. (1) The owner of any vessel used to fish for lobster in Permit Area 3 must have a permit issued for such a vessel.
(2) The owner of any vessel used to fish for deepwater shrimp in Crustacean Permit Area 5 must have a permit issued for that vessel.
(b) General requirements. General requirements governing application information, issuance, fees, expiration, replacement, transfer, alteration, display, sanctions, and appeals for permits issued under this section, as applicable, are contained in § 665.13.
(c) Application. An application for a permit required under this section shall be submitted to PIRO as described in § 665.13. If the application for a limited access permit is submitted on behalf of a partnership or corporation, the application must be accompanied by a supplementary information sheet obtained from PIRO and contain the names and mailing addresses of all partners or shareholders and their respective percentage of ownership in the partnership or corporation.

§ 665.443 Prohibitions.

In addition to the general prohibitions specified in § 600.725 of this chapter and § 665.15, it is unlawful for any person in Crustacean Permit Area 5 to fish for, take, or retain deepwater shrimp without a permit issued under § 665.442.

§ 665.444 Notifications.

(a) The operator of any vessel subject to the requirements of this subpart must:
(1) Report, not less than 24 hours, but not more than 36 hours, before landing, the port, the approximate date and the approximate time at which spiny and slipper lobsters will be landed.