any new pay system that may subsequently be established under this subpart, consistent with the conversion rules in §9701.373.

Subpart D—Performance Management

EDITORIAL NOTE: At 73 FR 58435, Oct. 7, 2008, the application of subpart D to part 9701 was rescinded.

§9701.401 Purpose.

(a) This subpart provides for the establishment in the Department of Homeland Security of at least one performance management system as authorized by 5 U.S.C. chapter 97.

(b) The performance management system established under this subpart, working in conjunction with the pay system established under subpart C of this part, is designed to promote and sustain a high-performance culture by incorporating the following features:

1. Adherence to merit principles set forth in 5 U.S.C. 2301;
2. A fair, credible, and transparent employee performance appraisal system;
3. A link between elements of the pay system established in subpart C of this part, the employee performance appraisal system, and the Department’s strategic plan;
4. Employee involvement in the design and implementation of the system (as provided in §9701.105);
5. Adequate training and retraining for supervisors, managers, and employees in the implementation and operation of the performance management system;
6. Periodic performance feedback and dialogue among supervisors, managers, and employees throughout the appraisal period, with specific timetables for review;
7. Effective safeguards so that the management of the system is fair and equitable and based on employee performance; and
8. A means for ensuring that adequate resources are allocated for the design, implementation, and administration of the performance management system that supports the pay system established under subpart C of this part.

§9701.402 Coverage.

(a) This subpart applies to eligible DHS employees in the categories listed in paragraph (b) of this section, subject to a determination by the Secretary or designee under §9701.102(b), except as provided in paragraph (c) of this section.

(b) The following employees are eligible for coverage under this subpart:

(1) Employees who would otherwise be covered by 5 U.S.C. chapter 43; and
(2) Employees who were excluded from chapter 43 by OPM under 5 CFR 430.202(d) prior to the date of coverage of this subpart, as determined under §9701.102(b).

(c) This subpart does not apply to employees who are not expected to be employed longer than a minimum period (as defined in §9701.404) during a single 12-month period.

§9701.403 Waivers.

When a specified category of employees is covered by the performance management system(s) established under this subpart, 5 U.S.C. chapter 43 is waived with respect to that category of employees.

§9701.404 Definitions.

In this subpart:

Appraisal means the review and evaluation of an employee’s performance.

Appraisal period means the period of time established under a performance management system for reviewing employee performance.

Competencies means the measurable or observable knowledge, skills, abilities, behaviors, and other characteristics required by a position.

Contribution means a work product, service, output, or result provided or produced by an employee that supports the Departmental or organizational mission, goals, or objectives.

Minimum period means the period of time established by DHS during which an employee must perform before receiving a rating of record.

Performance means accomplishment of work assignments or responsibilities.

Performance expectations means that which an employee is required to do, as described in §9701.406, and may include observable or verifiable descriptions of...
quality, quantity, timeliness, and cost effectiveness.

Performance management means applying the integrated processes of setting and communicating performance expectations, monitoring performance and providing feedback, developing performance and addressing poor performance, and rating and rewarding performance in support of the organization’s goals and objectives.

Performance management system means the policies and requirements established under this subpart, as supplemented by DHS implementing directives, for setting and communicating employee performance expectations, monitoring performance and providing feedback, developing performance and addressing poor performance, and rating and rewarding performance.

Rating of record means a performance appraisal prepared—
(1) At the end of an appraisal period covering an employee’s performance of assigned duties against performance expectations over the applicable period; or
(2) To support a pay determination, including one granted in accordance with subpart C of this part, a within-grade increase granted under 5 CFR 531.404, or a pay determination granted under other applicable rules.

Unacceptable performance means the failure to meet one or more performance expectations.

§9701.405 Performance management system requirements.
(a) DHS will issue implementing directives that establish one or more performance management systems for DHS employees, subject to the requirements set forth in this subpart.
(b) Each DHS performance management system must—
(1) Specify the employees covered by the system(s);
(2) Provide for the periodic appraisal of the performance of each employee, generally once a year, based on performance expectations.
(3) Specify the minimum period during which an employee must perform before receiving a rating of record;
(4) Hold supervisors and managers accountable for effectively managing the performance of employees under their supervision as set forth in paragraph (c) of this section;
(5) Include procedures for setting and communicating performance expectations, monitoring performance and providing feedback, and developing, rating, and rewarding performance; and
(6) Specify the criteria and procedures to address the performance of employees who are detailed or transferred and for employees in other special circumstances.
(c) In fulfilling the requirements of paragraph (b) of this section, supervisors and managers are responsible for—
(1) Clearly communicating performance expectations and holding employees responsible for accomplishing them;
(2) Making meaningful distinctions among employees based on performance;
(3) Fostering and rewarding excellent performance; and
(4) Addressing poor performance.

§9701.406 Setting and communicating performance expectations.
(a) Performance expectations must align with and support the DHS mission and its strategic goals, organizational program and policy objectives, annual performance plans, and other measures of performance. Such expectations include those general performance expectations that apply to all employees, such as standard operating procedures, handbooks, or other operating instructions and requirements associated with the employee’s job, unit, or function.
(b) Supervisors and managers must communicate performance expectations, including those that may affect an employee’s retention in the job. Performance expectations need not be in writing, but must be communicated to the employee prior to holding the employee accountable for them. However, notwithstanding this requirement, employees are always accountable for demonstrating appropriate standards of conduct, behavior, and professionalism, such as civility and respect for others.
(c) Performance expectations may take the form of—