Federal Railroad Administration, DOT

or agent of a railroad; any owner, manufacturer, lessor, or lessee of railroad equipment, track, or facilities; any independent contractor providing goods or services to a railroad; any employee of such owner, manufacturer, lessor, lessee, or independent contractor; and anyone held by the Federal Railroad Administrator to be responsible under §213.5(d) or §213.303(c).

Each day a violation continues shall constitute a separate offense. See appendix B to this part for a statement of agency civil penalty policy.

(b) Any person who knowingly and willfully falsifies a record or report required by this part may be subject to criminal penalties under 49 U.S.C. 21311.

§ 213.17 Waivers.

(a) Any owner of track to which this part applies, or other person subject to this part, may petition the Federal Railroad Administrator for a waiver from any or all requirements prescribed in this part. The filing of such a petition does not affect that person’s responsibility for compliance with that requirement while the petition is being considered.

(b) Each petition for a waiver under this section shall be filed in the manner and contain the information required by part 211 of this chapter.

(c) If the Administrator finds that a waiver is in the public interest and is consistent with railroad safety, the Administrator may grant the exemption subject to any conditions the Administrator deems necessary. Where a waiver is granted, the Administrator publishes a notice containing the reasons for granting the waiver.

§ 213.19 Information collection.

(a) The information collection requirements of this part were reviewed by the Office of Management and Budget pursuant to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.) and are assigned OMB control number 2130–0010.


Subpart B—Roadbed

§ 213.31 Scope.

This subpart prescribes minimum requirements for roadbed and areas immediately adjacent to roadbed.

§ 213.33 Drainage.

Each drainage or other water carrying facility under or immediately adjacent to the roadbed shall be maintained and kept free of obstruction, to accommodate expected water flow for the area concerned.

§ 213.37 Vegetation.

Vegetation on railroad property which is on or immediately adjacent to roadbed shall be controlled so that it does not—

(a) Become a fire hazard to track-carrying structures;

(b) Obstruct visibility of railroad signs and signals:

(1) Along the right-of-way, and

(2) At highway-rail crossings; (This paragraph (b)(2) is applicable September 21, 1999.)

(c) Interfere with railroad employees performing normal trackside duties;

(d) Prevent proper functioning of signal and communication lines; or

(e) Prevent railroad employees from visually inspecting moving equipment from their normal duty stations.

Subpart C—Track Geometry

§ 213.51 Scope.

This subpart prescribes requirements for the gage, alinement, and surface of track, and the elevation of outer rails and speed limitations for curved track.

§ 213.53 Gage.

(a) Gage is measured between the heads of the rails at right-angles to the rails in a plane five-eighths of an inch below the top of the rail head.

(b) Gage shall be within the limits prescribed in the following table—
§ 213.55  Alinement.

Alinement may not deviate from uniformity more than the amount prescribed in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class of track</th>
<th>The gage must be at least—</th>
<th>But not more than—</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Excepted track</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>4 10(\frac{1}{4})^(\prime).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Class 1 track</td>
<td>4 (\frac{3}{4})^(\prime)</td>
<td>4 10^(\prime).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Class 2 and 3 track</td>
<td>4 8^(\prime)</td>
<td>4 9(\frac{1}{4})^(\prime).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Class 4 and 5 track</td>
<td>4 8^(\prime)</td>
<td>4 9(\frac{1}{4})^(\prime).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 Actual elevation for each 155 foot track segment in the body of the curve is determined by averaging the elevation for 10 points through the segment at 15.5 foot spacing. If the curve length is less than 155 feet, average the points through the full length of the body of the curve.

2 Degree of curvature is determined by averaging the degree of curvature over the same track segment as the elevation.

§ 213.57  Curves; elevation and speed limitations.

(a) The maximum crosslevel on the outside rail of a curve may not be more than 8 inches on track Classes 1 and 2 and 7 inches on Classes 3 through 5. Except as provided in §213.63, the outside rail of a curve may not be lower than the inside rail. (The first sentence of paragraph (a) is applicable September 21, 1999.)

(b)(1) The maximum allowable operating speed for each curve is determined by the following formula—

\[ V_{\text{max}} = \sqrt{\frac{E_a + 3}{0.0007D}} \]

Where—

- \( V_{\text{max}} \) = Maximum allowable operating speed (miles per hour).
- \( E_a \) = Actual elevation of the outside rail (inches).\(^1\)
- \( D \) = Degree of curvature (degrees).\(^2\)

(2) Table 1 of appendix A is a table of maximum allowable operating speed computed in accordance with this formula for various elevations and degrees of curvature.

(c)(1) For rolling stock meeting the requirements specified in paragraph (d) of this section, the maximum operating speed for each curve may be determined by the following formula—

\[ V_{\text{max}} = \frac{E_a + 4}{\sqrt{0.0007D}} \]

Where—

- \( V_{\text{max}} \) = Maximum allowable operating speed (miles per hour).
- \( E_a \) = Actual elevation of the outside rail (inches).\(^1\)
- \( D \) = Degree of curvature (degrees).\(^2\)

(2) Table 2 of appendix A is a table of maximum allowable operating speed.