§ 171.26

applicable, and any applicable bulk special provisions assigned to the hazardous material in the Hazardous Materials Table in §172.101 of this subchapter:

- (2) IMO Type 5 portable tanks must conform to DOT Specification 51 or UN portable tank requirements, unless specifically authorized in this subchapter or approved by the Associate Administrator:
- (3) Except as specified in this subpart, for a material poisonous (toxic) by inhalation, the T Codes specified in Column 13 of the Dangerous Goods List in the IMDG Code may be applied to the transportation of those materials in IM, IMO and DOT Specification 51 portable tanks, when these portable tanks are authorized in accordance with the requirements of this subchapter; and
- (4) No person may offer an IM or UN portable tank containing liquid hazardous materials of Class 3, PG I or II, or PG III with a flash point less than 100 °F (38 °C); Division 5.1, PG I or II; or Division 6.1, PG I or II, for unloading while it remains on a transport vehicle with the motive power unit attached, unless it conforms to the requirements in §177.834(o) of this subchapter.
- (d) Use of IMDG Code in port areas. (1) Except for Division 1.1, 1.2, and Class 7 materials, a hazardous material being imported into or exported from the United States or passing through the United States in the course of being shipped between locations outside the United States may be offered and accepted for transportation and transported by motor vehicle within a single port area, including contiguous harbors, when packaged, marked, classed, labeled, stowed and segregated in accordance with the IMDG Code, offered and accepted in accordance with the requirements of subparts C and F of part 172 of this subchapter pertaining to shipping papers and placarding, and otherwise conforms to the applicable requirements of part 176 of this subchapter.
- (2) The requirement in §172.201(d) of this subchapter for an emergency telephone number does not apply to shipments made in accordance with the IMDG Code if the hazardous material is not offloaded from the vessel, or is

offloaded between ocean vessels at a U.S. port facility without being transported by public highway.

[72 FR 25172, May 3, 2007, as amended at 72 FR 44847, Aug. 9, 2007; 73 FR 57004, Oct. 1, 2008; 74 FR 2233, Jan. 14, 2009; 76 FR 3345, Jan. 19, 2011]

§ 171.26 Additional requirements for the use of the IAEA Regulations.

A Class 7 (radioactive) material being imported into or exported from the United States or passing through the United States in the course of being shipped between places outside the United States may be offered for transportation or transported in accordance with the IAEA Regulations (IBR, see §171.7) as authorized in paragraph (a) of §171.22, provided the requirements in §171.22, as applicable, are met.

PART 172—HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE, SPECIAL PROVISIONS, HAZARDOUS MATERIALS COMMUNICATIONS, EMERGENCY RESPONSE INFORMATION, TRAINING REQUIREMENTS, AND SECURITY PLANS

Subpart A—General

Sec

172.1 Purpose and scope.

172.3 Applicability.

Subpart B—Table of Hazardous Materials and Special Provisions

172.101 Purpose and use of hazardous materials table.

172.102 Special provisions.

Subpart C—Shipping Papers

172.200 Applicability.

172.201 Preparation and retention of shipping papers.

172.202 Description of hazardous material on shipping papers.

172.203 Additional description requirements.

172.204 Shipper's certification.

172.205 Hazardous waste manifest.

Subpart D-Markina

172.300 Applicability.

172.301 General marking requirements for non-bulk packagings.

172.302 General marking requirements for bulk packagings.

172.303 Prohibited marking.

172.304 Marking requirements.

Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Admin., DOT

Pt. 172

172.308 A	Reserved] Authorized abbreviations.	172.442	FISSILE label. CORROSIVE label.
	Class 7 (radioactive) materials. Liquid hazardous materials in non-		[Reserved] CLASS 9 label.
	packagings.		CARGO AIRCRAFT ONLY label.
	Poisonous hazardous materials.		EMPTY label.
	Limited quantities.	112.100	EMI II label.
	Packagings containing materials		Subpart F—Placarding
	ed as ORM-D.		
	KEEP AWAY FROM HEAT handling	172.500	Applicability of placarding requi
mark			nts.
172.320 E	Explosive hazardous materials.		Prohibited and permiss
	Marine pollutants.		carding.
172.323 I	nfectious substances.		Identification number display
172.324 H	Hazardous substances in non-bulk		cards.
	agings.		General placarding requirements.
	Elevated temperature materials.		Placarding for subsidiary hazards.
	Portable tanks.		Providing and affixing placar
	Petroleum sour crude oil in bulk		hway.
	aging.		Special placarding provisions: Hi
	Cargo tanks.	way	y. Placarding and affixing placardi
	Tank cars and multi-unit tank car	112.506 Rai	
tanks			n. Special placarding provisions: Rai
	Bulk packagings other than portable		Freight containers and aircraft u
	s, cargo tanks, tank cars and multi-		d devices.
	tank car tanks.		Bulk packagings.
	dentification number markings. dentification numbers; prohibited		Visibility and display of placards.
displa			General specifications for placards
	dentification numbers; special pro-		DANGEROUS placard.
vision	, <u> </u>		EXPLOSIVES 1.1, EXPLOSIVES
	Replacement of identification num-		EXPLOSIVES 1.3 placards.
bers.	replacement of identification fami	172.523	EXPLOSIVES 1.4 placard.
borb.		172.524	EXPLOSIVES 1.5 placard.
	Subpart E—Labeling	172.525	EXPLOSIVES 1.6 placard.
		172.526	[Reserved]
	General labeling requirements.	172.527	Background requirements for o
	Exceptions from labeling.		n placards.
	Prohibited labeling.		NON-FLAMMABLE GAS placard.
	Additional labeling requirements.		OXYGEN placard.
	Class 7 (radioactive) material.		FLAMMABLE GAS placard.
	Labels for mixed and consolidated		[Reserved]
packa	aging.	172.540	POISON GAS placard.

1.6 labels, and EXPLOSIVE Subsidiary label.

172.411 EXPLOSIVE 1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 1.4, 1.5 and

172.405 Authorized label modifications.

172.415 NON-FLAMMABLE GAS label. 172.416 POISON GAS label.

172.406 Placement of labels. 172.407 Label specifications.

FLAMMABLE GAS label. 172.417

172.419 FLAMMABLE LIQUID label.

172.420 FLAMMABLE SOLID label.

SPONTANEOUSLY COMBUSTIBLE 172.422 label.

172.423 DANGEROUS WHEN WET label.

172,426 OXIDIZER label.

ORGANIC PEROXIDE label. 172.427

172.429POISON INHALATION HAZARD label.

172.430 POISON label.

172.431 [Reserved]

INFECTIOUS SUBSTANCE label. 172.432

RADIOACTIVE WHITE-I label. 172.436

172,438 RADIOACTIVE YELLOW-II label

172.440 RADIOACTIVE YELLOW-III label.

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ssive

on

ards:

Iigh-

ding:

unit

S 1.2

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172.542 FLAMMABLE placard.

172.544 COMBUSTIBLE placard.

FLAMMABLE SOLID placard. 172.546

172.547 SPONTANEOUSLY COMBUSTIBLE placard.

172.548 DANGEROUS WHEN WET placard.

172.550 OXIDIZER placard.

ORGANIC PEROXIDE placard. 172.552

172.553 [Reserved]

POISON placard. 172.554

INHALATION HAZARD POISON 172.555 placard.

172.556 RADIOACTIVE placard.

172.558 CORROSIVE placard.

172.560CLASS 9 placard.

Subpart G—Emergency Response Information

172.600 Applicability and general requirements.

 $172.602 \quad {\rm Emergency\ response\ information}.$

172.604 Emergency response telephone number.

172 606 Carrier information contact.

Subpart H—Training

172.700 Purpose and scope.

172.701 Federal-State relationship.

172.702 Applicability and responsibility for training and testing.

172.704 Training requirements.

Subpart I—Safety and Security Plans

172.800 Purpose and applicability.

172.802 Components of a security plan.

172.804 Relationship to other Federal requirements.

172.820 Additional planning requirements for transportation by rail.

172.822 Limitation on actions by states, local governments, and Indian tribes.

APPENDIX A TO PART 172—OFFICE OF HAZ-ARDOUS MATERIALS TRANSPORTATION COLOR TOLERANCE CHARTS AND TABLES

APPENDIX B TO PART 172—TREFOIL SYMBOL APPENDIX C TO PART 172—DIMENSIONAL SPEC-IFICATIONS FOR RECOMMENDED PLACARD HOLDER

APPENDIX D TO PART 172—RAIL RISK ANALYSIS FACTORS

AUTHORITY: 49 U.S.C. 5101-5128, 44701; 49 CFR 1.53.

SOURCE: Amdt. 172–29, 41 FR 15996, Apr. 15, 1976, unless otherwise noted.

Subpart A—General

§172.1 Purpose and scope.

This part lists and classifies those materials which the Department has designated as hazardous materials for purposes of transportation and prescribes the requirements for shipping papers, package marking, labeling, and transport vehicle placarding applicable to the shipment and transportation of those hazardous materials.

[Amdt. 172–29, 41 FR 15997, Apr. 15, 1976, as amended by 66 FR 45379, Aug. 28, 2001]

§ 172.3 Applicability.

- (a) This part applies to—
- (1) Each person who offers a hazardous material for transportation, and
- (2) Each carrier by air, highway, rail, or water who transports a hazardous material.
- (b) When a person, other than one of those provided for in paragraph (a) of this section, performs a packaging labeling or marking function required by

this part, that person shall perform the function in accordance with this part.

[Amdt. 172–29, 41 FR 15996, Apr. 15, 1976, as amended by Amdt. 172–32, 41 FR 38179, Sept. 9 1976]

Subpart B—Table of Hazardous Materials and Special Provisions

§ 172.101 Purpose and use of hazardous materials table.

- (a) The Hazardous Materials Table (Table) in this section designates the materials listed therein as hazardous materials for the purpose of transportation of those materials. For each listed material, the Table identifies the hazard class or specifies that the material is forbidden in transportation, and gives the proper shipping name or directs the user to the preferred proper shipping name. In addition, the Table specifies or references requirements in this subchapter pertaining to labeling, packaging, quantity limits aboard aircraft and stowage of hazardous materials aboard vessels.
- (b) Column 1: Symbols. Column 1 of the Table contains six symbols ("+", "A", "D", "G", "I" and "W") as follows:
- (1) The plus (+) sign fixes the proper shipping name, hazard class and packing group for that entry without regard to whether the material meets the definition of that class, packing group or any other hazard class definition. When the plus sign is assigned to a proper shipping name in Column (1) of the §172.101 Table, it means that the material is known to pose a risk to humans. When a plus sign is assigned to mixtures or solutions containing a material where the hazard to humans is significantly different from that of the pure material or where no hazard to humans is posed, the material may be described using an alternative shipping name that represents the hazards posed by the material. An appropriate alternate proper shipping name and hazard class may be authorized by the Associate Administrator.
- (2) The letter "A" denotes a material that is subject to the requirements of this subchapter only when offered or intended for transportation by aircraft, unless the material is a hazardous substance or a hazardous waste. A shipping description entry preceded by an

- "A" may be used to describe a material for other modes of transportation provided all applicable requirements for the entry are met.
- (3) The letter "D" identifies proper shipping names which are appropriate for describing materials for domestic transportation but may be inappropriate for international transportation under the provisions of international regulations (e.g., IMO, ICAO). An alternate proper shipping name may be selected when either domestic or international transportation is involved.
- (4) The letter "G" identifies proper shipping names for which one or more technical names of the hazardous material must be entered in parentheses, in association with the basic description. (See §172.203(k).)
- (5) The letter "I" identifies proper shipping names which are appropriate for describing materials in international transportation. An alternate proper shipping name may be selected when only domestic transportation is involved.
- (6) The letter "W" denotes a material that is subject to the requirements of this subchapter only when offered or intended for transportation by vessel, unless the material is a hazardous substance or a hazardous waste. A shipping description entry preceded by a "W" may be used to describe a material for other modes of transportation provided all applicable requirements for the entry are met.
- (c) Column 2: Hazardous materials descriptions and proper shipping names. Column 2 lists the hazardous materials descriptions and proper shipping names of materials designated as hazardous materials. Modification of a proper shipping name may otherwise be required or authorized by this section. Proper shipping names are limited to those shown in Roman type (not italics).
- (1) Proper shipping names may be used in the singular or plural and in either capital or lower case letters. Words may be alternatively spelled in the same manner as they appear in the ICAO Technical Instructions or the IMDG Code. For example "aluminum" may be spelled "aluminium" and "sulfur" may be spelled "sulphur". However, the word "inflammable" may not

- be used in place of the word "flam-mable".
- (2) Punctuation marks and words in italics are not part of the proper shipping name, but may be used in addition to the proper shipping name. The word "or" in italics indicates that there is a choice of terms in the sequence that may alternately be used as the proper shipping name or as part of the proper shipping name, as appropriate. For example, for the hazardous materials description "Carbon dioxide, solid or Dry ice" either "Carbon dioxide, solid" or "Dry ice" may be used as the proper shipping name; and for the hazardous materials description "Articles, pressurized pneumatic or hydraulic, ther "Articles, pressurized pneumatic" or "Articles, pressurized hydraulic" may be used as the proper shipping name.
- (3) The word "poison" or "poisonous" may be used interchangeably with the word "toxic" when only domestic transportation is involved. The abbreviation "n.o.i." or "n.o.i.b.n." may be used interchangeably with "n.o.s.".
- (4) Except for hazardous wastes, when qualifying words are used as part of the proper shipping name, their sequence in the package markings and shipping paper description is optional. However, the entry in the Table reflects the preferred sequence.
- (5) When one entry references another entry by use of the word "see", if both names are in Roman type, either name may be used as the proper shipping name (e.g., Ethyl alcohol, see Ethanol).
- (6) When a proper shipping name includes a concentration range as part of the shipping description, the actual concentration, if it is within the range stated, may be used in place of the concentration range. For example, an aqueous solution of hydrogen peroxide containing 30 percent peroxide may be described as "Hydrogen peroxide, aqueous solution with not less than 20 percent but not more than 40 percent hydrogen peroxide" or "Hydrogen peroxide, aqueous solution with 30 percent hydrogen peroxide".
- (7) Use of the prefix "mono" is optional in any shipping name, when appropriate. Thus, Iodine monochloride

may be used interchangeably with Iodine chloride. In "Glycerol alphamonochlorohydrin" the term "mono" is considered a prefix to the term "chlorohydrin" and may be deleted.

- (8) Use of the word "liquid" or "solid". The word "liquid" or "solid" may be added to a proper shipping name when a hazardous material specifically listed by name may, due to differing physical states, be a liquid or solid. When the packaging specified in Column 8 is inappropriate for the physical state of the material, the table provided in paragraph (i)(4) of this section should be used to determine the appropriate packaging section.
- (9) Hazardous wastes. If the word "waste" is not included in the hazardous material description in Column 2 of the Table, the proper shipping name for a hazardous waste (as defined in §171.8 of this subchapter), shall include the word "Waste" preceding the proper shipping name of the material. For example: Waste acetone.
- (10) Mixtures and solutions. (i) A mixture or solution not identified specifically by name, comprised of a single predominant hazardous material identified in the Table by technical name and one or more hazardous and/or nonhazardous material, must be described using the proper shipping name of the hazardous material and the qualifying word "mixture" or "solution", as appropriate, unless—
- (A) Except as provided in §172.101(i)(4) the packaging specified in Column 8 is inappropriate to the physical state of the material;
- (B) The shipping description indicates that the proper shipping name applies only to the pure or technically pure hazardous material;
- (C) The hazard class, packing group, or subsidiary hazard of the mixture or solution is different from that specified for the entry;
- (D) There is a significant change in the measures to be taken in emergencies;
- (E) The material is identified by special provision in Column 7 of the §172.101 Table as a material poisonous by inhalation; however, it no longer meets the definition of poisonous by inhalation or it falls within a different

hazard zone than that specified in the special provision; or

- (F) The material can be appropriately described by a shipping name that describes its intended application, such as "Coating solution", "Extracts, flavoring" or "Compound, cleaning liquid.".
- (ii) If one or more of the conditions specified in paragraph (c)(10)(i) of this section is satisfied, then a proper shipping name shall be selected as prescribed in paragraph (c)(12)(ii) of this section.
- (iii) A mixture or solution not identified in the Table specifically by name, comprised of two or more hazardous materials in the same hazard class, shall be described using an appropriate shipping description (e.g., "Flammable liquid, n.o.s."). The name that most appropriately describes the material shall be used; e.g., an alcohol not listed by its technical name in the Table shall be described as "Alcohol, n.o.s." rather than "Flammable liquid, n.o.s." Some mixtures may be more appropriately described according to their application, such as "Coating solution" or "Extracts, flavoring liquid" rather than by an n.o.s. entry. Under the provisions of subparts C and D of this part. the technical names of at least two components most predominately contributing to the hazards of the mixture or solution may be required in association with the proper shipping name.
- (11) Except for a material subject to or prohibited by §173.21, 173.54, 173.56(d), 173.56(e), 173.224(c) or 173.225(b) of this subchapter, a material that is considered to be a hazardous waste or a sample of a material for which the hazard class is uncertain and must be determined by testing may be assigned a tentative proper shipping name, hazard class, identification number and packing group, if applicable, based on the shipper's tentative determination according to:
- (i) Defining criteria in this subchanter:
- (ii) The hazard precedence prescribed in §173.2a of this subchapter;
- (iii) The shipper's knowledge of the material;
- (iv) In addition to paragraphs (c)(11)(i) through (iii) of this section,

for a sample of a material other than a waste, the following must be met:

- (A) Except when the word "Sample" already appears in the proper shipping name, the word "Sample" must appear as part of the proper shipping name or in association with the basic description on the shipping paper.
- (B) When the proper shipping description for a sample is assigned a "G" in Column (1) of the §172.101 Table, and the primary constituent(s) for which the tentative classification is based are not known, the provisions requiring a technical name for the constituent(s) do not apply; and
- (C) A sample must be transported in a combination packaging that conforms to the requirements of this subchapter that are applicable to the tentative packing group assigned, and may not exceed a net mass of 2.5 kg (5.5 pounds) per package.

NOTE TO PARAGRAPH (c)(11): For the transportation of samples of self-reactive materials, organic peroxides, explosives or lighters, see §§173.224(c)(3), 173.225(c)(2), 173.56(d) or 173.308(b)(2) of this subchapter, respectively

- (12) Except when the proper shipping name in the Table is preceded by a plus (+)—
- (i) If it is specifically determined that a material meets the definition of a hazard class, packing group or hazard zone, other than the class, packing group or hazard zone shown in association with the proper shipping name, or does not meet the defining criteria for a subsidiary hazard shown in Column 6 of the Table, the material shall be described by an appropriate proper shipping name listed in association with the correct hazard class, packing group, hazard zone, or subsidiary hazard for the material.
- (ii) Generic or n.o.s. descriptions. If an appropriate technical name is not shown in the Table, selection of a proper shipping name shall be made from the generic or n.o.s. descriptions corresponding to the specific hazard class, packing group, hazard zone, or subsidiary hazard, if any, for the material. The name that most appropriately describes the material shall be used; e.g., an alcohol not listed by its technical name in the Table shall be described as "Alcohol, n.o.s." rather than "Flam-

mable liquid, n.o.s.". Some mixtures may be more appropriately described according to their application, such as "Coating solution" or "Extracts, flavoring, liquid", rather than by an n.o.s. entry, such as "Flammable liquid, n.o.s." It should be noted, however, that an n.o.s. description as a proper shipping name may not provide sufficient information for shipping papers and package markings. Under the provisions of subparts C and D of this part, the technical name of one or more constituents which makes the product a hazardous material may be required in association with the proper shipping name.

- (iii) Multiple hazard materials. If a material meets the definition of more than one hazard class, and is not identified in the Table specifically by name (e.g., acetyl chloride), the hazard class of the material shall be determined by using the precedence specified in §173.2a of this subchapter, and an appropriate shipping description (e.g., "Flammable liquid, corrosive n.o.s.") shall be selected as described in paragraph (c)(12)(ii) of this section.
- (iv) If it is specifically determined that a material is not a forbidden material and does not meet the definition of any hazard class, the material is not a hazardous material.
- (13) Self-reactive materials and organic peroxides. A generic proper shipping name for a self-reactive material or an organic peroxide, as listed in Column 2 of the Table, must be selected based on the material's technical name and concentration, in accordance with the provisions of §§173.224 or 173.225 of this subchapter, respectively.
- (14) A proper shipping name that describes all isomers of a material may be used to identify any isomer of that material if the isomer meets criteria for the same hazard class or division, subsidiary risk(s) and packing group, unless the isomer is specifically identified in the Table.
- (15) Unless a hydrate is specifically listed in the Table, a proper shipping name for the equivalent anhydrous substance may be used, if the hydrate meets the same hazard class or division, subsidiary risk(s) and packing group.

- (16) Unless it is already included in the proper shipping name in the §172.101 Table, the qualifying words "liquid" or "solid" may be added in association with the proper shipping name when a hazardous material specifically listed by name in the §172.101 Table may, due to the differing physical states of the various isomers of the material, be either a liquid or a solid (for example "Dinitrotoluenes, liquid" and "Dinitrotoluenes, solid"). Use of the words "liquid" or "solid" is subject to the limitations specified for the use of the words "mixture" or "solution" in paragraph (c)(10) of this section. The qualifying word "molten" may be added in association with the proper shipping name when a hazardous material, which is a solid in accordance with the definition in §171.8 of this subchapter, is offered for transportation in the molten state (for example, "Alkylphenols, solid, n.o.s., molten").
- (d) Column 3: Hazard class or Division. Column 3 contains a designation of the hazard class or division corresponding to each proper shipping name, or the word "Forbidden".
- (1) A material for which the entry in this column is "Forbidden" may not be offered for transportation or transported. This prohibition does not apply if the material is diluted, stabilized or incorporated in a device and it is classed in accordance with the definitions of hazardous materials contained in part 173 of this subchapter.
- (2) When a reevaluation of test data or new data indicates a need to modify the "Forbidden" designation or the hazard class or packing group specified for a material specifically identified in the Table, this data should be submitted to the Associate Administrator.
- (3) A basic description of each hazard class and the section reference for class definitions appear in §173.2 of this subchapter.
- (4) Each reference to a Class 3 material is modified to read "Combustible liquid" when that material is reclassified in accordance with §173.150(e) or (f) of this subchapter or has a flash point above 60 °C (140 °F) but below 93 °C (200 °F).
- (e) Column 4: Identification number. Column 4 lists the identification number assigned to each proper shipping

- name. Those preceded by the letters "UN" are associated with proper shipping names considered appropriate for international transportation as well as domestic transportation. Those preceded by the letters "NA" are associated with proper shipping names not recognized for international transportation, except to and from Canada. Identification numbers in the "NA9000" series are associated with proper shipping names not appropriately covered by international hazardous materials (dangerous goods) transportation standards, or not appropriately addressed by international transportation standards for emergency response information purposes, except for transportation between the United States and Canada. Those preceded by the letters "ID" are associated with proper shipping names recognized by the ICAO Technical Instructions (IBR, see § 171.7 of this subchapter).
- (f) Column 5: Packing group. Column 5 specifies one or more packing groups assigned to a material corresponding to the proper shipping name and hazard class for that material. Class 2, Class 7, Division 6.2 (other than regulated medical wastes), and ORM-D materials, do not have packing groups. Packing Groups I, II and III indicate the degree of danger presented by the material is either great, medium or minor, respectively. If more than one packing group is indicated for an entry, the packing group for the hazardous material is determined using the criteria for assignment of packing groups specified in subpart D of part 173. When a reevaluation of test data or new data indicates a need to modify the specified packing group(s), the data should be submitted to the Associate Administrator. Each reference in this column to a material which is a hazardous waste or a hazardous substance, and whose proper shipping name is preceded in Column 1 of the Table by the letter "A" or "W" is modified to read "III" on those occasions when the material is offered for transportation or transported by a mode in which its transportation is not otherwise subject to requirements of this subchapter.
- (g) Column 6: Labels. Column 6 specifies codes which represent the hazard warning labels required for a package

filled with a material conforming to the associated hazard class and proper shipping name, unless the package is otherwise excepted from labeling by a provision in subpart E of this part, or part 173 of this subchapter. The first code is indicative of the primary hazard of the material. Additional label codes are indicative of subsidiary hazards. Provisions in §172.402 may require that a label other than that specified in Column 6 be affixed to the package in addition to that specified in Column 6. No label is required for a material classed as a combustible liquid or for a Class 3 material that is reclassed as a combustible liquid. For "Empty" label requirements, see §173.428 of this subchapter. The codes contained in Column 6 are defined according to the following table:

LABEL SUBSTITUTION TABLE

Label code	Label name
1	Explosive Explosive 1.1¹ Explosive 1.2¹ Explosive 1.3¹ Explosive 1.4¹ Explosive 1.6¹ Explosive 1.6¹ Flammable Gas Non-Flammable Gas Poison Gas Flammable Liquid Flammable Solid Spontaneously Combustible
4.3 5.1	Dangerous When Wet Oxidizer
5.2	Organic Peroxide Poison Inhalation Hazard
6.1 (other than inhalation hazard, Zone A or B) ² .	Poison
6.2	Infectious substance Radioactive Corrosive Class 9

¹ Refers to the appropriate compatibility group letter. ² The packing group for a material is indicated in column 5 of the table.

(h) Column 7: Special provisions. Column 7 specifies codes for special provisions applicable to hazardous materials. When Column 7 refers to a special provision for a hazardous material, the meaning and requirements of that special provision are as set forth in § 172.102 of this subpart.

(i) Column 8: Packaging authorizations. Columns 8A, 8B and 8C specify the applicable sections for exceptions, non-bulk packaging requirements and bulk packaging requirements, respectively,

in part 173 of this subchapter. Columns 8A, 8B and 8C are completed in a manner which indicates that "§173." cedes the designated numerical entry. For example, the entry "202" in Column 8B associated with the proper shipping name "Gasoline" indicates that for this material conformance to non-bulk packaging requirements prescribed in §173.202 of this subchapter is required. When packaging requirements are specified, they are in addition to the standard requirements for all packagings prescribed in §173.24 of this subchapter and any other applicable requirements in subparts A and B of part 173 of this subchapter.

- (1) Exceptions. Column 8A contains exceptions from some of the requirements of this subchapter. The referenced exceptions are in addition to those specified in subpart A of part 173 and elsewhere in this subchapter. A "None" in this column means no packaging exceptions are authorized, except as may be provided by special provisions in Column 7.
- (2) Non-bulk packaging. Column 8B references the section in part 173 of this subchapter which prescribes packaging requirements for non-bulk packagings. A "None" in this column means non-bulk packagings are not authorized, except as may be provided by special provisions in Column 7. Each reference in this column to a material which is a hazardous waste or a hazardous substance, and whose proper shipping name is preceded in Column 1 of the Table by the letter "A" or "W" is modified to include "\\$173.203" or "§ 173.213", as appropriate for liquids and solids, respectively, on those occasions when the material is offered for transportation or transported by a mode in which its transportation is not otherwise subject to the requirements of this subchapter.
- (3) Bulk packaging. Column (8C) specifies the section in part 173 of this subchapter that prescribes packaging requirements for bulk packagings, subject to the limitations, requirements, and additional authorizations of Columns (7) and (8B). A "None" in Column (8C) means bulk packagings are not authorized, except as may be provided by special provisions in Column (7) and in packaging authorizations Column (8B).

Additional authorizations and limitations for use of UN portable tanks are set forth in Column 7. For each reference in this column to a material that is a hazardous waste or a hazardous substance, and whose proper shipping name is preceded in Column 1 of the Table by the letter "A" or "W" and that is offered for transportation or transported by a mode in which its transportation is not otherwise subject to the requirements of this subchapter:

(4) For a hazardous material which is specifically named in the Table and whose packaging sections specify packagings not applicable to the form of the material (e.g., packaging specified is for solid material and the material is being offered for transportation in a liquid form) the following table should be used to determine the appropriate packaging section:

Packaging section reference for solid materials	Corresponding pack- aging section for liquid materials
§ 173.187	§ 173.181
§ 173.211	§ 173.201
§ 173.212	§ 173.202
§ 173.213	§ 173.203
§ 173.240	§ 173.241
§ 173.242	§ 173.243

- (5) Cylinders. For cylinders, both nonbulk and bulk packaging authorizations are set forth in Column (8B). Notwithstanding a designation of "None" in Column (8C), a bulk cylinder may be used when specified through the section reference in Column (8B).
- (j) Column 9: Quantity limitations. Columns 9A and 9B specify the maximum quantities that may be offered for transportation in one package by passenger-carrying aircraft or passenger-carrying rail car (Column 9A) or by cargo aircraft only (Column 9B), subject to the following:
- (1) "Forbidden" means the material may not be offered for transportation or transported in the applicable mode of transport.
- (2) The quantity limitation is "net" except where otherwise specified, such as for "Consumer commodity" which specifies "30 kg gross."
- (3) When articles or devices are specifically listed by name, the net quantity limitation applies to the entire article or device (less packaging and

packaging materials) rather than only to its hazardous components.

- (4) A package offered or intended for transportation by aircraft and which is filled with a material forbidden on passenger-carrying aircraft but permitted on cargo aircraft only, or which exceeds the maximum net quantity authorized on passenger-carrying aircraft, shall be labelled with the CARGO AIRCRAFT ONLY label specified in § 172.448 of this part.
- (5) The total net quantity of hazardous material for an outer non-bulk packaging that contains more than one hazardous material may not exceed the lowest permitted maximum net quantity per package as shown in Column 9A or 9B, as appropriate. If one material is a liquid and one is a solid, the maximum net quantity must be calculated in kilograms. See §173.24a(c)(1)(iv).
- (k) Column 10: Vessel stowage requirements. Column 10A [Vessel stowage] specifies the authorized stowage locations on board cargo and passenger vessels. Column 10B [Other provisions] specifies codes for stowage requirements for specific hazardous materials. The meaning of each code in Column 10B is set forth in §176.84 of this subchapter. Section 176.63 of this subchapter sets forth the physical requirements for each of the authorized locations listed in Column 10A. (For bulk transportation by vessel, see 46 CFR parts 30 to 40, 70, 98, 148, 151, 153 and 154.) The authorized stowage locations specified in Column 10A are defined as
- (1) Stowage category "A" means the material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel.
 - (2) Stowage category "B" means—
- (i) The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel carrying a number of passengers limited to not more than the larger of 25 passengers, or one passenger per each 3 m of overall vessel length; and
- (ii) "On deck only" on passenger vessels in which the number of passengers specified in paragraph (k)(2)(i) of this section is exceeded.
- (3) Stowage category "C" means the material must be stowed "on deck

only" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel.

- (4) Stowage category "D" means the material must be stowed "on deck only" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel carrying a number of passengers limited to not more than the larger of 25 passengers or one passenger per each 3 m of overall vessel length, but the material is prohibited on passenger vessels in which the limiting number of passengers is exceeded.
- (5) Stowage category "E" means the material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel carrying a number of passengers limited to not more than the larger of 25 passengers, or one passenger per each 3 m of overall vessel length, but is prohibited from carriage on passenger vessels in which the limiting number of passengers is exceeded.
- (6) Stowage category "01" means the material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel (up to 12 passengers) and on a passenger vessel
- (7) Stowage category "02" means the material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel (up to 12 passengers) and "on deck" in closed cargo transport units or "under deck" in closed cargo transport units on a passenger vessel.
- (8) Stowage category "03" means the material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel (up to 12 passengers) and "on deck" in closed cargo transport units on a passenger vessel.
- (9) Stowage category "04" means the material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel (up to 12 passengers) but the material is prohibited on a passenger vessel.
- (10) Stowage category "05" means the material may be stowed "on deck" in closed cargo transport units or "under deck" on a cargo vessel (up to 12 passengers) and on a passenger vessel.
- (11) Stowage category "06" means the material may be stowed "on deck" in closed cargo transport units or "under deck" on a cargo vessel (up to 12 passengers) and "on deck" in closed cargo transport units or "under deck" in closed cargo transport units on a passenger vessel.

- (12) Stowage category "07" means the material may be stowed "on deck" in closed cargo transport units or "under deck" on a cargo vessel (up to 12 passengers) and "on deck" only in closed cargo transport units on a passenger vessel.
- (13) Stowage category "08" means the material may be stowed "on deck" in closed cargo transport units or "under deck" on a cargo vessel (up to 12 passengers) but the material is prohibited on a passenger vessel.
- (14) Stowage category "09" means the material may be stowed "on deck only" in closed cargo transport units or "under deck" in closed cargo transport units on a cargo vessel (up to 12 passengers) and on a passenger vessel.
- (15) Stowage category "10" means the material may be stowed "on deck" in closed cargo transport units or "under deck" in closed cargo transport units on a cargo vessel (up to 12 passengers) and "on deck" only in closed cargo transport units on a passenger vessel.
- (16) Stowage category "11" means the material may be stowed "on deck" in closed cargo transport units or "under deck" in magazine stowage type "c" on a cargo vessel (up to 12 passengers) and "on deck" only in closed cargo transport units on a passenger vessel.
- (17) Stowage category "12" means the material may be stowed "on deck" in closed cargo transport units or "under deck" in magazine stowage type "c" on a cargo vessel (up to 12 passengers) but the material is prohibited on a passenger vessel.
- (18) Stowage category "13" means the material may be stowed "on deck" in closed cargo transport units or "under deck" in magazine stowage type "A" on a cargo vessel (up to 12 passengers) and "on deck" only in closed cargo transport units on a passenger vessel.
- (19) Stowage category "14" means the material may be stowed "on deck" in closed cargo transport units on a cargo vessel (up to 12 passengers) but the material is prohibited on a passenger vessel.
- (20) Stowage category "15" means the material may be stowed "on deck" in closed cargo transport units or "under deck" in closed cargo transport units on a cargo vessel (up to 12 passengers)

but the material is prohibited on a passenger vessel.

- (1) Changes to the Table. (1) Unless specifically stated otherwise in a rule document published in the FEDERAL REGISTER amending the Table—
- (i) Such a change does not apply to the shipment of any package filled prior to the effective date of the amendment; and
- (ii) Stocks of preprinted shipping papers and package markings may be continued in use, in the manner previously authorized, until depleted or for a one-year period, subsequent to the effective date of the amendment, whichever is less.
- (2) Except as otherwise provided in this section, any alteration of a shipping description or associated entry which is listed in the §172.101 Table must receive prior written approval from the Associate Administrator.
- (3) The proper shipping name of a hazardous material changed in the May 6, 1997 final rule, in effect on October 1, 1997, only by the addition or omission of the word "compressed," "inhibited," "liquefied" or "solution" may continue to be used to comply with package marking requirements, until January 1, 2003.

§ 172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE

				- တ	101.2	§ 1/2.101 MAZARDOUS INATERIALS TABLE	LS I ABLE						
								(8)		(6)		-	(10)
ģ	Ĭ	Hazard	Identi-		lode	- eisoag	a «	Packaging		Quantity limitations	mitations	st	vessel stowage
bols		class or Division	fication Numbers	PG	Codes	(§ 172.102)	8)			(see 88 175.	5.27 and 75)	60	
							Excep- tions	Non- bulk	Bulk	Passenger aircraft/rail	Cargo air- craft only	tion	Other
Ξ	(2)	(3)	(4)	(2)	(9)	(2)	(8A)	(8B)	(8C)	(A6)	(BB)	(10A)	(10B)
	Accellerene, see p- Nitrocodimethylanijae												
	Accumulators, electric, see Bat-								:				
	teries, wet <i>etc.</i> Accumulators, pressurized,							:	:				
	pneumatic or hydraulic (containing non-flamable gas),												
	see Articles pressurized, pneumatic or hydraulic (con-												
	taining non-flamable gas). Acetal		UN1088	=	e 8		150	202	242	5 L	1 09	ш	
<			UN1089	_=	 ღ	A3, B16, T11, TP2, TP7	None	201	243	Forbidden	30 L	ш <	20
τ.		ന ന മ	UN2332	===	: : : 		150	203	242	60 L	220 L	(4 4	,
	acid solution, with more than		200	=	:		: :			-	5	ζ	
	Acetic acid solution, not less	80	UN2790	=	8	A3, A6, A7, A10, B2,	154	202	242	11	30 L	4	
	than 80 percent acid, by					102, 17, 112							
	mass. Acetic acid solution, with more	80	UN2790	=	8	IB3, T4, TP1 154	154	203	242	2 F	7 09	4	
	than 10 percent and less than 50 percent acid, by mass												
	Acetic anhydride	80	UN1715	=	8, 3	A3, A6, A7, A10, B2,	154	202	243	1 L	30 L	⋖	40
	Acetone			=	ဗ	IB2, 17, 1P2 IB2, T4, TP1	150	202	242	5 L	7 09	В	
	Acetone cyanohydrin, stabilized	6.1	UN1541	_	6.1	2, B9, B14, B32, B76,	None	227	244	Forbidden	Forbidden	۵	25, 40, 52,
						D77, N34, 120, 1P2, TP13, TP38, TP45				-			3
	Acetone oils	e (UN1091	= :		IB2, T4, TP1, TP8	150	202	242	2 F	7 09 1	ш і	
	Acetonitrile	1 di di	UN1648	=	 	B2, 17, 1P2	150	505	242	9 F	7 09	n	40
	more than 9 percent by mass	Lorbidaen						:					
	active oxygen.												
	Acetyl benzoyl peroxide, solid,	Forbidden			:			:	:				
	or with more than 40 percent in solution.												

§172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued

Sym- Haz h	Hazardous materials descriptions and proper shipping	:	3					(8)		(6)			(10)
	ardous materials descripons and proper shipping							/-/				>	Verol
	ons and proper shipping	Hazard	denti-		9	andiaiwara laidana	19,8	Packaging		Quantity limitations	mitations	stc	stowage
	names	class or Division	fication Numbers	D D	Codes	(§ 172.102)				175.	75)	000	
							Excep- tions	Non bulk	Bulk	Passenger aircraft/rail	Cargo air- craft only	tion	Other
Acety Acety Acety oxi	(2)	(3)	(4)	(2)	(9)	(2)	(8A)	(8B)	(8C)	(9A)	(9B)	(10A)	(10B)
Acet)	Acetyl bromide	∞ π	UN1716 UN1717	==	 8 8	B2, IB2, T8, TP2 A3, A6, A7, IB1, N34,	154	202	242 243		30 L 5 L	Om	04 4
bel	Acetyl cyclohexanesulfonyl per- oxide, with more than 82 per- cent wetted with less than 12	Forbidden				0							
Acety Acety Acety mo	percent water. Acetyl riodide	8 3 Forbidden	UN1898 UN2621	= =	ω ε	B2, IB2, T7, TP2, TP13 B1, IB3, T2, TP1	154	202	242	1 L 60 L	30 L 220 L	U∢	40
Acetyl Acetyl Acetyl	uori. Acetylene, dissolved	2.1 Forbidden Forbidden	UN1001		2.1	N86, N88	None	303	None	Forbidden	15 kg	۵	25, 40, 57
Acety Acety Tet	Acetylene, solvent free	Forbidden											
Acid aci	Acid butyl phosphate, see Butyl acid phosphate.												
Acid, Acrid	Acid, sludge, see Sludge acid Acridine	9	UN2713		6.1	IB8, IP3, T1, TP33	153	1 1	240	-	200 kg	٧	
Acrol	Acrolein dimer, stabilized Acrolein, stabilized	6.1	UN2607 UN1092	= -	6.1, 3	B1, IB3, T2, TP1 1, B9, B14, B30, B42,	150 None	203	242 244	60 L Forbidden	220 L Forbidden	۵ ک	40
Acryli	Acrylamide, solid	6.1	UN2074		6.1	B77, 122, 1P2, 1P7, TP13, TP38, TP44 IB8, IP3, T1, TP33	153	213	240	7	200 kg	<	12
Acryl	Acrylamide solution	6.1	UN3426 UN2218	==	6.1	IB3, T4, TP1 B2, IB2, T7, TP2	153	::	241 243	60 L		∢ ∪	12 25, 40
Acryl	Acrylonitrile, stabilized	e :	UN1093	-	3, 6.1	В9, Т14, ТР2, ТР13	None		243	Forbic	30 L	ш	40
Adhe	see Cartridges, power device. Adhesives, containing a flammable liquid.	ဇ	UN1133	-	e	T11, TP1, TP8, TP27	150	201	243	11	30 L	В	
				=	 	149, B52, IB2, T4, TP1,	150	173	242	2 F	7 09	В	
Adipo	Adiponitrile		6.1 UN2205	==	= 3 6.1	B1, B52, IB3, T2, IB3, T3,	150	173 203	242	7 09 7 09	220 L 220 L	∢∢	

Discoling		Hazardous	Madada	Cartation	A almaim	D C T
rineline	ana	Hazaraous	Materials	SOIPIV	Admin	13031

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48, 87, 126	48, 87, 126	48, 87, 126	48, 87, 126.	48, 87, 126			51	51											40 4
	۰ ۷	^ «	4	۰ ۷	05	:	: 4		:	:	<u>:</u> ш	:	: m		€	ш	m	⋖	
Forbidden	150 kg	150 kg	150 kg	Forbidden	75 kg	100 kg	150 kg Forbidden	Forbidden			42 L		5 L	7 09	220 L	30 L	7 09	220 L	30 L 60 L 220 L
Forbidden	75 kg	Forbidden	75 kg	Forbidden	Forbidden	25 kg	75 kg Forbidden	Forbidden			Forbidden		1 L	2 F	7 09	1 L	2 F	7 09	Forbidden 1 L 60 L
None	None	None	None	None	None	166	302 318,	319. 318, 319.			None		243	242	242	243	242	242	243 243 242
None	None	304	None	None	62	166	302 316	316		:	172		202	202	203	201	202	203	201 202 203
306	306	306	306	306	None	166	306, 307 320	320			None		150	150	150	4b	4b, 150	4b, 150	None 150
	N82	N82			161	160	78 T75, TP5, TP22	T75, TP5, TP22					IB2	24, 149, B1, IB2, T4,	24, B1, IB3, N11, T2,	172, T11, TP1, TP8,	172, IB2, T7, TP1, TP8,	172, B1, IB3, T4,	T14, TP2, TP13, IB2, T11, TP2, B1, IB3, T7, TP1,
2.2, 6.1.	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.2,	6.1. 1.4G	6	2.2	5.1. 2.2, 5.1.			3, 6.1, 8.		3, 8	3	3	 8	3	3	= = = 9,9,6,1
					=	=					_		=	=	=	_	=	=	_==
UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN0503	UN3268	UN1002 UN1003	UN1003			UN3165		UN3274	UN3065		UN1987			UN1986
2.2	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.2	1.4G	თ	2.2	2.2			м		ဇ	က		က			m
Aerosols, poison, Packing Group III (each not exceeding	Aerosols, flammable, (each not	Aerosols, flammable, n.o.s. (engine starting fluid) (each not	exceeding 1 L capacity). Aerosols, non-flammable, (each	Aerosols, poison, (each not ex-	ceeding 1 L capacity. I Air bag inflators, or Air bag modules, or Seat-belt	pretensioners Air bag inflators, or Air bag modules, or Seat-belt	Air, compressed	genic liquid). Air, refrigerated liquid, (cryo- genic liquid) non-pressurized.	Aircraft engines (including tur- bines), see Engines, internal	combustion. Aircraft evacuation slides, see	Aircraft hydraulic power unit fuel tank (containing a mixture of anhydrous hydrazine) Mase	fuel). Aircraft survival kits, see Life	Saving appliances <i>etc.</i> G Alcoholates solution, n.o.s., <i>in</i>	Alcoholic beverages		Alcohols, n.o.s			G Alcohols, flammable, toxic n.o.s

§172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued

			ີ ອ	į.	TAZAL	§ 172.101 NAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—COMMINGE	25	nunea					
								(8)		(6)		_	(10)
ě	Ĭ	Hazard	Identi-		9	. accioixera leicoas	٩	Packaging		Quantity limitations	mitations 2 27 and	st	stowage
bols	tions and proper shipping names	class or Division	fication Numbers	മ	Codes	(§ 172.102)	2	5		175.7	75) and	- 600	
							Excep- tions	Non- bulk	Bulk	Passenger aircraft/rail	Cargo air- craft only	tion	Other
£	(2)	(3)	(4)	(2)	(9)	(2)	(8A)	(8B)	(8C)	(A6)	(B6)	(10A)	(10B)
	Aldehydes, n.o.s	က	UN1989		e e	T11, TP1, TP27	None	201	243	- u	30 L	ша	
g	: :₹	က	UN1988	==-	3, 6.1	B1, IB3, T4, TP1, TP29 T14, TP2, TP13, TP27	150	203	242 243	60 L Forbidden	220 L 30 L	з 🗲 Ш	40
	n.o.s			=	3, 6.1	IB2, T11, TP2, TP27	150		243	1	7 09	В	40
	Aldol	6.1		==	3, 6.1	B1, IB3, T7, TP1, TP28 IB2, T7, TP2	150 153	203 202 ::		60 L 5 L	220 L 60 L	4 4	12
g		4.2	UN3206	=	4.2, 8	64, A7, IB5, IP2, T3,	None	212	242	15 kg	50 kg	В	
				=	4.2, 8	64, A7, IB8, IP3, T1,	None	213	242	25 kg	100 kg	В	
	Alkali metal alloys, liquid, n.o.s.	4.3		_	4.3	A2, A3, A7, B48, N34	None	201	244	Forbidden	1	۵	52
	Alkali metal amalgam, liquid Alkali metal amalgam, solid	4 4 6: 4:	UN1389 UN3401		4. 4. 6. 6.	A2, A3, A7, N34 IB4, IP1, N40, T9, TP7,	None	201 211	244 242	Forbidden Forbidden	1 L 15 kg	۵۵	40, 52 52
	Alkali metal amides	4.3	UN1390	=	4.3	TP33 A6, A7, A8, A19, A20,	151	212	241	15 kg	50 kg	Ш	40, 52
	Alkali metal dispersions, flam-	4.3	UN3482	_	6.3.3	IB7, IP2, T3, TP33 A2, A3, A7	None	201	244	Forbidden	7		25
	mable or Alkaline earth metal											ı	
	Alkali metal dispersions, or Al-	4.3	UN1391	_	4.3	A2, A3, A7	None	201	244	Forbidden	1	۵	52
	Alkaline corrosive liquids, n.o.s., see Caustic alkali liquids,												
g	n.o.s Alkaline earth metal	4.2	UN3205	=	4.2	65, A7, IB6, IP2, T3,	None	212	241	15 kg	50 kg	В	
	alcoholates, n.o.s			=	4.2	TP33 65, A7, IB8, IP3, T1,	None	213	241	25 kg	100 kg	В	
	Alkaline earth metal alloys,	4.3	UN1393	=	4.3	TP33 A19, IB7, IP2, T3, TP33	151	212	241	15 kg	50 kg	Ш	25
	n.o.s Alkaline earth metal amalgams	4	11N1392	_	6.	A19 N34 N40	None	201	244	Forbiden	Ŧ	ш	40 52
	liquid.	2		•	:		2					ı	5
	Alkaline earth metal amalgams,	4.3	UN3402	_	4.3	A19, N34, N40, T9, TP7,	None	211	242	Forbidden	15 kg	۵	25
g	₹	6.1	UN3140	_	6.1	A4, T14, TP2, TP27	None	201	243	1	30 L	4	

																			41			40 40		40	40		40	40	40
⋖ •				∢ .			ш		⋖		⋖	В	ſ	n <	ζ [⋖ '				ш О		В	ш		۵		ш∢
90 L	220 L	oo Kg		100 kg	200 kg	30 L	7 09		50 kg		100 kg	2.5 L		30 L	95 kg	ga C3	50 kg	100 kg	30 L			60 L Forbidden		30 L	30 F		Forbidden	7 09	30 L 220 L
5 L	90 L	o Kg		25 kg	100 kg	- -	2 F		15 kg	-	25 kg	0.5 L	,		3 C	7 -	15 kg	25 kg	1			1 L Forbidden		Forbidden	Forbidden		Forbidden	1	Forbidden 60 L
243	241	242		242	240	242	241		240		240	243	9	242		747	240	240	242			243 244		243	243		244	243	243 242
202	503	::		212	213	202	203		212		213	201	0	: Z0Z		:	212	213	202			202 227		201	201		227	202	201
153		None		153	153	154	154		154		154	None	į	154	None		154	154	154			150 None		None	None		None	150	None
IB2, T11, TP2, TP27	183, 17, 1P1, 1P28	B7, IP1, 16, 1P33		IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33	IB8, IP3, 11, 1P33	B2, IB2, T8, TP2, TP13	IB3, T4, TP1		IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33		IB8, IP3, T1, TP33	A6, T14, TP2	100	182, 111, 1P2, 1P2/	IB3, 17, 1P1, 1P20	ال ال ال	IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33	IB8, IP3, T1, TP33	B2, IB2, T8, TP2, TP13, TP28			182, 17, 1P1, 1P13 2, B9, B14, B32, B77,	T20, TP2, TP13, TP38, TP45	T14, TP2, TP13	T14, TP2, TP13		2, B9, B14, B32, N41, T20, TP2, TP13, TP38, TP45	IB2, T7, TP1, TP13	T14, TP2, TP13 None B1, IB3, T2, TP1 150
6.1		6.1		6.1	6.1	 &			 8		 &	 &							:: 8			3, 6.1 6.1, 3		3, 6.1	3, 6.1		6.1, 3, 8.	3, 6.1	3, 6.1
= :				= ;			=		=		=	-		= =			_	=				= -		_	-		-	=	-=
	1	UN1544				UN2584	UN2586		UN2583		UN2585	UN3145			1 INDA 30	004240			UN2571			UN2333 UN1098		UN1099	UN1100		UN1722	UN2335	UN2336 UN2219
	Č					ω	80		∞		ω	8			α	0			ω			6.1		က	က		6.1	ო	ღ ღ
	A 11 A 1	Alkaloids, solid, n.o.s. <i>or</i> Alka-loid salts, solid, n.o.s. <i>poi-</i>	sonous.			Alkyl sulfonic acids, liquid or Aryl sulfonic acids, liquid with more than 5 percent free sulfuric acid	Alkyl sulfonic acids, liquid or	Aryl sulfonic acids, liquid with not more than 5 percent free sulfuric acid.	Alkyl sulfonic acids, solid <i>or</i> Aryl sulfonic acids, solid, <i>with</i>	more than 5 percent free sul- furic acid.	Alkyl sulfonic acids, solid or Aryl sulfonic acids, solid with not more than 5 percent free sul-	furic acid. Alkylphenols, liquid, n.o.s. (in-	cluding C2-C12 homologues).		Alkylphanole colid no c /in-	cluding C2-C12 homologues).			Alkylsulfuric acids	Allethrin, see Pesticides, liquid,	toxic, n.o.s	Allyl acetate		Allyl bromide	Allyl chloride	Allyl chlorocarbonate, see Allyl chloroformate.	Allyl chloroformate	Allyl ethyl ether	Allyl formate

§172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued

(10) Vessel	stowage	Other	(10B)	40	9 4	40		40	40	39, 40, 52,	53, 85, 103 39, 40, 52,	53, 85, 103	40, 52, 85	40, 85 13, 39, 52,	53, 74, 101 13, 39, 52,	53, 74, 101 39, 52, 53	39, 52, 53	
>	stc	Loca- tion	(10A)	В	۵۵	O	۵	444		⋖	4	ШО«	Ш	ш∢	4	⋖	<	⋖
	Quantity limitations (see §§ 173.27 and 175.75)	Cargo air- craft only	(BB)	2 F	60 L Forbidden	30 L	Forbidden	50 kg 60 L 50 kg	50 kg 60 L	50 kg	100 kg	15 kg Forbidden 100 kg	15 kg	15 kg 50 kg	100 kg	50 kg	100 kg	100 kg
(6)	Quantity li (see §§ 17 175.	Passenger aircraft/rail	(9A)	1 L	Forbidden Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	15 kg 5 L 15 kg	15 kg 5 L	15 kg	25 kg	Forbidden Forbidden 25 kg	Forbidden	Forbidden 15 kg	25 kg	15 kg	25 kg	25 kg
		Bulk	(8C)	243	243 244	243	244	240 241	240	242	241	242 247 240	242	242	240	242	241	240
(8)	Packaging (§173.***)	Non bulk	(8B)	202	202 227	206	181	212	212	212	213	211 None 213	211	211	213	212	213	213
5	3.80	Excep- tions	(8A)	150	None	None	None	154 154	154	151	151	None None	None	None	151	151	151	151 213 240
	Special provisions (§ 172.102)		(2)	A3, A6, IB1, N34, T7,	A3, A7, IB2, T7, TP2 2, B9, B14, B32, T20,	A7, B2, B6, N34, T10,	B11, T21, TP7, TP33	IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 IB3, T4, TP1 A20, IB7, IP2, N41, T3	IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33	A19, IB5, IP2, T3, TP33	A19, A20, IB4	A19, N40 IB3, T1, TP3 A1, A29, IB8, IP3, T1,	A8, A19, N40	A8, IB7, IP1, T6, TP33 IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33	IB8, IP3, T1, TP33	A19, A20, IB7, IP2, T3,	A19, A20, IB8, IP4, T1,	IP33 IB6, T1, TP33
	Label		(9)	3, 8	6.1, 3	8, 3	4.2,	8 8 4	ω ω	4.3,	6.1.	6.1. 9	4.3,	6.1.	4.1	4.3	4.3	4.1
i	PG		(5)	=	=-	=	-	===			≡	-==	_	-=	≡	=	=	1.4
2	Identi- fication		(4)	UN1723	UN1545 UN2334	UN1724	UN2870	UN1725 UN2580 UN1394	UN1726 UN2581			UN2463 NA9260 UN1438	UN1397	UN3048 UN1309		UN1396		4.1 UN2715
	Hazard class or	DINISION	(3)	3	6.1	8	4.2	8 8 8		Forbidden 4.3		4.3 9 5.1	4.3	6.1		4.3		4.1
	Hazardous materials descriptions and proper shipping	Talles	(2)	Allyl iodide	Allyl isothiocyanate, stabilized Allylamine	Allyltrichlorosilane, stabilized	Aluminum borohydride or Alu-	Aluminum bromide, anhydrous Aluminum bromide, solution Aluminum carbide	Aluminum chloride, anhydrous	Aluminum dross, wet or hot Aluminum ferrosilicon powder		Aluminum hydride	Aluminum phosphate solution, see Corrosive liquids, etc. Aluminum phosphide	Aluminum phosphide pesticides Aluminum powder, coated		Aluminum powder, uncoated		Aluminum resinate
	Sym- bols		£									Ω						

	Aluminum silicon powder,	4.3	4.3 UN1398	=	4.3	A1, A19, IB8, IP4, T1,	151	213	241	25 kg	100 kg	⋖	39, 40, 52,
	Aluminum smelting by-products Aluminum remelting by-	4.3	UN3170	=	4.3	128, B115, IB7, IP2, T3, TP33	None	212	242	15 kg	50 kg	ш	85, 103 85, 103
	products.			=	4.3	128, B115, IB8, IP4, T1, TP33	None	213	241	25 kg	100 kg	В	85, 103
	Amatols, see Explosives, blast-												
C	Amine, flammable, corrosive, n.o.s. or Polyamines, flammable corresive no e	က	UN2733	_	3, 8	T14, TP1, TP27	None	201	243	0.5 L	2.5 L	۵	40, 52
	made, con colve, mo.s.			==	: : & & & &	IB2, T11, TP1, TP27 B1, IB3, T7, TP1, TP28	150	202	243	1 L	5 L	8 €	40, 52
(5	Amine, liquid, corrosive, flammable, n.o.s. or Polyamines, liquid, corrosive, flammable,	ω	UN2734	-	(n)	A3, A6, N34, T14, TP2, TP27	None	201	243	0.5 L	2.5 L		
(5	Amines, liquid, corrosive, n.o.s.,	80	UN2735	=-	8 8 8 ::	IB2, T11, TP2, TP27 A3, A6, B10, N34, T14, TP2, TP27	None	202	243 243	1 L 0.5 L	30 L 2.5 L	∢∢	52 52
	sive, n.o.s			=		B2, IB2, T11, TP1, TP27	154	202	242	11	30 L	⋖	25
(D	Amines, solid, corrosive, n.o.s., or Polyamines, solid, corro-	8	UN3259	= -		IB3, T7, TP1, TP28 IB7, IP1, T6, TP33	154 None	203	241	5 L 1 kg	60 L 25 kg	∢∢	25 25
	sive n.o.s			=	α	IB8 IP2 IP4 T3 TP33	154	210	240	15 kg	O. SA		22
				=	ω ω	IB8, IP3, T1, TP33	154		240	25 kg	100 kg		22 25
	2-Amino-4-chlorophenol	6.1	UN2673 UN2946 UN3317	= = -	6.1	IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 IB3, T4, TP1 23, A8, A19, A20, N41	153 153 None	212 203 211	242 241 None	25 kg 60 L 1 kg	100 kg 220 L 15 kg	⋖ ⋖ Ш	28, 36
	percent water by mass. 2-(2-Aminoethoxy) ethanol	80	UN3055	=	8	IB3, T4, TP1	154		241	5 L	90 F	⋖	
+	N-Aminoethylpiperazine	6.1	UN2815 UN2512	==	6.1	IB3, T4, TP1 IB8. IP3. T1. TP33	154	203 213	241	5 L 100 kg	60 L 200 kg	∢ ∢	12
	Aminopropyldiethanolamine,							i					
	n-Aminopropylmorpholine, see												
_	Aminopyridines (<i>o-; m-; p-</i>) Ammonia, anhydrous	6.1	UN2671 UN1005	= ;	6.1 2.3, 8	IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 4, N87, T50	153 None	212 304	314,	25 kg Forbidden	100 kg Forbidden	в О	12, 40, 52. 40, 52, 57
	Ammonia, anhydrous	2.2	UN1005		2.2	13, T50	None	304	315. 314,	Forbidden	Forbidden	Δ	40, 52, 57
_	Ammonia solution, relative density less than 0.880 at 15 degrees C in water, with more than 50 percent ammonia.	2.3	UN3318		2.3, 8	4, N87, T50	None	304	314, 315.	Forbidden	Forbidden	۵	40, 52, 57

§ 172.101

§172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued

			n					5					
								(8)		(6)		>	(10)
ģ	I	Hazard	Identi-		9	. andieiwara leicona	a.«	Packaging		Quantity limitations	mitations	stc	stowage
bols		class or Division	fication Numbers	PG	Codes	(§ 172.102)				175.	3.27 and 75)	000	
							Excep- tions	Non- bulk	Bulk	Passenger aircraft/rail	Cargo air- craft only	tion	Other
£	(2)	(3)	(4)	(2)	(9)	(2)	(8A)	(8B)	(8C)	(9A)	(9B)	(10A)	(10B)
	Ammonia solution, relative density less than 0.880 at 15 de-	2.2	UN3318		2.2	13, T50	None	304	314,	Forbidden	Forbidden	Δ	40, 52, 57
	grees C in water, with more than 50 percent ammonia.												
	Ammonia solutions, relative density less than 0.880 at 15	2.2	UN2073		2.2	N87	306	304	314, 315.	Forbidden	150 kg	ш	40, 52, 57
	degrees C in water, with more than 35 percent but not more than 50 percent ammo-												
	nia. Ammonia solution, relative density between 0.880 and 0.957	80	UN2672	=	8	IB3, IP8, T7, TP1	154	203	241	5 L	7 09	⋖	40, 52, 85
	at 15 degrees C in water, with more than 10 percent but not more than 35 percent am-												
	Ammonium arsenate	6.1 Forbidden	UN1546	=	6.1	IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33	153		242	25 kg	100 kg	<	53
	Ammonium bifluoride, solid, see											,	
	Ammonium Johnson Ammonium hydrogen diffunde solution												
		Forbidden											
		6.1	UN1439 UN1843	==	6.1	IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33	152 153	212	242 242	5 kg 25 kg	25 kg 100 kg	ВА	52 36, 65, 66,
	Ammonium dinitro-o-cresolate solution.	6.1	UN3424	=	6.1	IB2, T7, TP2	153	202	243	5 L	90 F	В	36, 66, 78, 91
				=	6.1	IB2, T7, TP2	153	203	241	7 09	220 L	<	36, 66, 78,
	Ammonium fluorideAmmonium fluorosilicate	6.1	UN2505 UN2854	==	6.1	IB8, IP3, T1, TP33 IB8, IP3, T1, TP33	153	213	240	100 kg 100 kg	200 kg 200 kg	۷ ۷	52 52
	Ammonium fulminate	Forbidden 8	UN2506	=		188, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 154 212 240	154	212	240	15 kg	50 kg A	⋖	40

Ammonium prigragandifluentide, Solution, Ammonium mitrate, based fere concerniented solution, for concerniented solution, for concerniented solution, for concerniented solution, for concerniented solution, and any other acide decided and concerniented solution for concerniented solution, for conceining any organic softsenore, and any other acide decided and any other acide fere acide and any other acide and any other acide fere acide any		Ammonium hydrogendifluoride,	80	UN1727	=	8	IB8, IP2, IP4, N34, T3, TP33	154	212	240	15 kg	50 kg	⋖	25, 40, 52
Barrowine Pydrosulfide Solution Barrowine Pydrosulfide Pydrosul			8	UN2817	=	8, 6.1	IB2, N34, T8, TP2, TP13	154	202	243	1	30 L	Ф	40
Anmonium inflational monitoring only positions and attending and attending asset of the statement and asse					=		IB3, N3, T4, TP1, TP13	154	203	241	2 F	7 09	В	40, 95
Ammonium intrate based fermionium intrate fermionium intrate fermionium intrate single. 11 bux2072 11 bux2072 <td></td> <td>Ammonium hydrosulfide, solution, see Ammonium sulfide</td> <td></td>		Ammonium hydrosulfide, solution, see Ammonium sulfide												
Ammonium infrate based fer- Ammonium infrate based fer- Box Mannonium infrate emulsion or Box Mannonium infrate em														
Marmonium nitrate based fermonium nitrate annison or Ammonium nitrate annison or Ammonium nitrate annison or Ammonium nitrate and fermonium nitr		Ammonium metavanadate	6.1		=	6.1	IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33	153	212	242	25 kg	100 kg	∢	44, 89, 100,
Ammonium nitrate based fer and size of the following minter surgers are actived by the following are actived by the following minter surfice and the following percent combustible surgers are actived by the following percent combustible are actived by the following percent combustibl		Ammonium nitrate based fer-	5.1		=	5.1	52, 150, IB8, IP3, T1,	152	213	240	25 kg	100 kg	В	48, 59, 60,
Armmonium nitrate septeration of Ammonium nitrate septeration of Ammoni	Α	Ammonium nitrate based tilizer	6	UN2071	=		132, IB8, IP3	155	213	240	200 kg	200 kg	⋖	8
sion or Ammonium initiate gel, intermediate for bissting exposives. 1.5D NA0331 II 1.5D B5, T7 None 62 None Forbidden For		Ammonium nitrate emulsion <i>or</i> Ammonium nitrate suspen-	5.1	UN3375	=	5.1	147, 163	None		214	Forbidden	Forbidden	۵	48, 59, 60, 66, 124
Armonium nitrate-fuel oil mix untenderfuel oil mix oronentiantiante and fuel oil. 5.1 UN2426 5.1 5.1 BB, T7 None 62 None Prohidden Pr		sion or Ammonium nitrate gel, intermediate for blasting explosives												
5.1 UND222 II 5.1 B5, T7 None None 443 Forbidden Forbidden 5.1 UND322 II 1.1D A1, A29, IB8, IP3, T1, TP33 152 240 25 kg 100 kg Forbidden 1.1D UND402 II 1.1D 107, A9, IB6, IP2, T3, TP33 152 242 25 kg 100 kg Forbidden 5.1 III A1, A29, IB8, IP3, T1, T2 152 242 5 kg 25 kg Forbidden 5.1 A1, A29, IB8, IP3, T1, T2 152 242 5 kg 100 kg Forbidden 1.1D UN0004 II 1.1D A1, A29, IB8, IP3, T1, T2 152 242 5 kg 25 kg Forbidden 1.1D UN0004 II 1.1D A1, A29, IB8, IP3, T1, T2 152 213 240 25 kg 100 kg	Ω	₹	1.5D		=			None	62	None	Forbidden	Forbidden	10	19E
1.1D UN0922 III 5.1 A1, A29, IB8, IP3, T1, I52 240 25 kg 100 kg Forbidden 1.1D UN442 II 5.1 A1, A29, IB8, IP3, T1, I52 213 240 55 kg 100 kg Forbidden 5.1 UN1444 III 5.1 A1, A29, IB8, IP3, T1, I52 212 242 5 kg 25 kg 100 kg 10		Ammonium nitrate, liquid (hot	5.1			5.1	B5, T7	None	None	243	Forbidden	Forbidden	۵	29, 60
Forbidden 1.1D UN0402 II 1.1D 107, A9, IB8, IP3, T1, 152 240 25 kg 100 kg 100 kg 1.1D		Ammonium nitrate, with more	1.10	UN0222		1.10		None	62	None	Forbidden	Forbidden	10	19E
5.1 UN1942 III 5.1 A1, A29, IB8, IP3, T1, 152 213 240 25 kg 100 kg Forbidden 1.1D UN0402 II 1.1D 107, A9, IB6, IP2, T3 152 212 242 5 kg 70 25 kg 100 kg 7.10 UN1444 III 5.1 A1, A29, IB8, IP3, T1, 152 213 240 5 kg 700		unan u.z percent combustible substances, including any or-												
Forbidden 1.1D UN0402 II I.1D TP33 II I.52 II I.1D TP33 II I.52 II I.1D II II I.1D II I.1D II I.1D II III I.1D II I.1D II I.1D II III I.1D II I.1D II I.1D II III I.1D II I.1D II III I.1D II I.1D II I.1D II III I.1D II III I.1D II		ganic substance calculated as carbon, to the exclusion of												
Forbidden 1.1D UN0402 II 1.1D 107, A9, IB6, IP2, T3, 152 212 242 5 kg Eb gradien Forbidden		Ammonium nitrate, with not	5.1	UN1942	=	5.1	A1, A29, IB8, IP3, T1,	152	213	240	25 kg	100 kg		48, 59, 60,
Forbidden 1.1D II 1.1D 107, A9, IB6, IP2, T3, T52 152 None Forbidden		more than 0.2% total combustible material, including					TP33							116
Forbidden 1.1D UN0402 II 1.1D 107, A9, IB6, IP2, T3, 152 2 242 5 kg Expiden Forbidden Forbidden Forbidden Forbidden Forbidden Forbidden F.1 2 107, A9, IB8, IP3, T1, 152 2 242 242 5 kg Expiden Forbidden For		any organic substance, cal- culated as carbon to the ex-												
Forbidden 1.1D UN0402 II 1.1D 107, A9, IB6, IP2, T3, 152 212 242 5 kg Exbidden Forbidden		clusion of any other added substance.												
Forbidden 5.1 107, A9, IB6, IP2, T3, 152 242 54g 5 kg 25		Ammonium nitrite	Forbidden		•	(:					i l
Forbidden 5.1 UN1444 III 5.1 A1, A29, IB8, IP3, T1, 152 240 25 kg 100 kg 100 kg 1.1D UN0004 II 1.1D		Ammonium perchlorate	5.1		==	5.1	107, A9, IB6, IP2, T3, TP33	None	62 212	242	Forbidden 5 kg	Forbidaen 25 kg	2 ш	19E 58, 69
dry or n 10 per- 1.1D UN0004 II 1.1D II 1.1D II 1.1D Porbidden line Forbidden line Forbidden line		Ammonium permanganate	Forbidden 5.1	UN1444	=	5.1	A1, A29, IB8, IP3, T1,	152	213	240	25 kg	100 kg	4	
Cent water, by mass.		Ammonium picrate, dry or wetted with less than 10 percent water, by mass.	1.10	UN0004	=	1.10	25	None	62	None	Forbidden		10	5E, 19E

§ 172.101

§ 172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued

			•					5					
								(8)		(6)	_		(10)
Hazardou tions ar	Hazardous materials descriptions and proper shipping	Hazard class or	Identi- fication	PG	Label	Special provisions	₫.	Packaging (§ 173.***)		Quantity limitations (see §§ 173.27 and	mitations 3.27 and	st	stowage
	names	Division	Numbers		Sepoo	(8 172.102)	Excep- tions	Non- bulk	Bulk	Passenger aircraft/rail	Cargo air- craft only	Loca- tion	Other
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(2)	(9)	(2)	(8A)	(8B)	(8C)	(96)	(9B)	(10A)	(10B)
nmoniu not le	Ammonium picrate, wetted with not less than 10 percent	4.1	UN1310	_	4.1	23, A2, N41	None	211	None	0.5 kg	0.5 kg	Q	28, 36
<i>wate</i> r, nmoniu	water, by mass. Ammonium polysulfide, solution	80	UN2818	= =	8, 6.1	IB2, T7, TP2, TP13	154	202	243	- -	30 L	<u> а</u>	12, 40, 52
nmoniu	Ammonium polyvanadate	6.1	UN2861	=	6.1	IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33	153	212	242	25 kg	100 kg	o ∢	44, 89, 100,
n <i>monit</i> Ammo	Ammonium silicofluoride, see Ammonium fluorosilicate												Ē
nmoniu	Ammonium sulfide solution	80	UN2683	=	8, 6.1,	IB1, T7, TP2, TP13	154	202	243	11	30 L	В	12, 22, 52,
nmunit	Ammunition, blank, see Car-				o i								3
rridges nmunit	tridges for weapons, blank. Ammunition, illuminating with or	1.2G	UN0171	=	1.2G			62	62	Forbidden	Forbidden	03	
<i>charge</i>	charge or propelling charge. Ammunition, illuminating with or	1.3G	UN0254	=	1.3G			62	62	Forbidden	Forbidden	03	
without charge o	without burster, expelling charge or propelling charge.												
nmunitior	Ammunition, illuminating with or	1.4G	UN0297	=	1.4G			62	62	Forbidden	75 kg	02	
charge	charge or propelling charge.												
nmunit	Ammunition, incendiary liquid or	1.3	UN0247	=	1.31			62	None	Forbidden	Forbidden	40	23E
charge	charge or propelling charge.												
nmunii activat	Ammunition, incendiary (water- activated contrivances) with				:			:					
burste	burster, expelling charge or												
prope.	propelling charge, see Contri- vances, water-activated, etc												
nmunit	Ammunition, incendiary, white	1.2H	UN0243	=	1.2H			62	62	Forbidden	Forbidden	80	8E, 14E,
phospl <i>pelling</i>	phosphorus, with burster, ex- pelling charge or propelling												15E, 17E
cnarge.	Je.	_	_	_	_			_	_	_	_		

Pinalina	and	Hazardous	Materials	Safety	Admin	DOI
	uliu	HUZUIUUU	MIGITALS	Juicia	AMIIIII	$\nu \nu$

§	ľ	72	<u>2.</u>	1	0	1

8E, 14E, 15E, 17E							8E, 14E, 15E, 17E	8E, 14E, 15E, 17E	8E, 17E, 20E	8E, 17E, 20E
80	03	03	05	03 03 05			80	80		
Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	75 kg	75 kg Forbidden 75 kg			Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden
Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden Forbidden Forbidden			Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden
95	62	62	62	62			62	62	62	62
62	62	62	62	62			62	62	62	62

1.3H ::	1.2G	1.3G	1.4G	1.4G :: 1.3G :: 1.4G ::							1.2H	1.3H :	1.2G	1.3G
=	=	=	=	===							=	=	=	=
UN0244	6000NN	UN0010	UN0300	UN0362 UN0488 UN0363							UN0245	UN0246	UN0015	UN0016
1.3H	1.2G	1.3G	1.4G	1.4G 1.3G 1.4G							1.2H	1.3H	1.2G	1.3G
Ammunition, incendiary, white phosphorus, with burster, expelling charge or propelling charge.	Ammunition, incendiary with or without burster, expelling	charge, or propeining charge. Ammunition, incendiary with or without burster, expelling	charge, or propelling charge. Ammunition, incendiary with or without burster, expelling	propeimo practice practice proof	Ammunition, rocket, see War- heads, rocket etc.	Ammunition, SA (small arms),	Ammunition, smoke (water-activated restriction), white	phosphorus, with burster, ex- pelling charge or propelling charge, see Contrivances, water-activated, etc. (UN	Ammunition, smoke (water-activated contrivances), without white phosphorus or	phosphides, with burster, expelling charge or propelling charge, see Contrivances, water-activated, etc. (UN 0249)	Ammunition smoke, white phosphorus with burster, expelling	charge, or propelling charge. Ammunition, smoke, white phosphorus with burster, expelling charge, or propelling	Ammunition, smoke with or without burster, expelling	or propelling on smoke burster, or propelling or

§172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued

(10)	stowage		Other	(10B)	7E, 8E, 14E, 15E,	17E	13, 40	8E, 17E, 20E	8E, 17E, 20E	7E, 8E, 14E, 15E,	17E 13, 40			8E, 14E, 15E, 17E	8E, 14E, 15E, 17E		
~ <u>`</u>	sto	0	tion	(10A)			ш				ш			80	80	444	
_	mitations 3 27 and	75)	Cargo air- craft only	(ae)	75 kg		50 kg	Forbidden	Forbidden	75 kg	100 kg			Forbidden	Forbidden	220 L 60 L	60 L 60 L 220 L
(6)	Quantity limitations	175.	Passenger aircraft/rail	(9A)	Forbidden		Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden			Forbidden	Forbidden	60 L 5 L	
			Bulk	(8C)	62		None	62	62	62	None			None	None	242	242 242
(8)	Packaging	; ;	Non- bulk	(8B)	62		212	62	62	95	212			62	62	203	202
	Pa		Excep- tions	(8A)			None				None					150	150
	Special provisions	(§ 172.102)		(7)												B1, IB3, T2, TP1 IB3, T4, TP1	B1, IB3, T2, TP1
	a d d	Codes		(9)	1.4G		6.1, 8	1.2G, 8,	1.3G, 8,	6.1. 8,	6.1.			1.2K, 6.1.	1.3K, 6.1.	 	 თ ო ო
	1	១		(5)	=		=	=	=	=	=	,		=	=	===	==
	Identi-	fication Numbers		(4)	UN0303		UN2017	UN0018	UN0019	1.4G UN0301	UN2016			UN0020	UN0021	UN1104 UN2819	UN1107 UN1109
	Hazard	class or Division		(3)	1.4G		6.1	1.2G	1.3G	1.4G	6.1			1.2K	1.3K	ოდი	ກ ຕ ຕ
	Hazardous materials descrip-	tions and proper shipping names		(2)	Ammunition, smoke with or without burster, expelling	charge or propelling charge. Ammunition, sporting, see Cartridges for weapons, etc. (UN	OUTS, UN 0328; UN 0339). Ammunition, tear-producing, non-explosive, without burster or expelling charge, non-	fuzed. Ammunition, tear-producing with burster, expelling charge or	propeiing charge. Ammunition, tear-producing with burster, expelling charge or	propelling charge. Ammunition, tear-producing with burster, expelling charge or	propelling charge. Ammunition, toxic, non-explosive without burster or expel-	ling charge, non-fuzed. Ammunition, toxic (water-acti-	vated contrivances), with burster, expelling charge or propelling charge, see Contri-	Ammunition, toxic with burster, expelling charge, or propelling	charge. Ammunition, toxic with burster, expelling charge, or propelling	Amyl acetates	Amyl chlorides
	Ę.	pols		£										Ø	Ø		

§172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued

(10)	Vessel stowage		tion	(10A) (10B)	A B 46	A 12, 40		B 40, 137		B 40, 137	B 40, 137			A 137			В 40	Α		A B 40		В 40	B 40
	Quantity limitations	3.27 and 75)	Cargo air- craft only	(98)		100 kg		30 L		7 09	220 L			100 kg			Forbidden	100 kg		100 kg		- 09	30 F
(6)	Quantity li	175.	Passenger aircraft/rail	(A6)	25 kg	25 kg 25 kg		1		5 L	T 09			25 kg 100 kg			Forbidden	25 kg		25 kg Forbidden		1	1
			Bulk	(8C)	242			243		243	241	i 1		242	242	!	244	242		242 243		243	243
) (8)	Packaging	0/18	Non- bulk	(8B)		212 212		201		202	203	: - I		212	212		227	212	:	212		202	201
5			Excep- tions	(8A)	153 None	153		None		153	153			153	153		None	153		153 None		150	None
\$ 172.101 HAZARDOUS WATERIALS TABLE—COILLINGS	- ioo	(§ 172.102)		(2)	IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 T20, TP2, TP7, TP13	IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33		T14, TP2, TP13, TP27		IB2, T11, TP2, TP13,	IB3, T7, TP2, TP28			IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 IB8, IP3, T1, TP33	IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33		2, B9, B14, B32, T20,	IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33		IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 T14, TP2, TP13, TP27		IB2, T11, TP2, TP13,	T14, TP2, TP13, TP27 None 201
ПАСАН	9	Codes		(9)	6.1	6.1		6.1		6.1	6.1			6.1	6.1		6.1	6.1		6.1		3, 6.1	6.1
. IO		PG		(2)	=-:	==		_		=	= -	-		-=	=		_	=		=-		=	_
ີ ກ	Identi-	fication Numbers		(4)	UN1558 UN1553	UN1554 UN1555		UN1556			LINIAGEZ				UN1559		UN1560	UN1561		UN1562 UN2760			6.1 UN2994
	Hazard	class or Division		(3)	6.1	6.1 6.1		6.1			9	š			6.1	Forbidden	6.1	6.1		6.1			6.1
	Hazardous materials descrip-	tions and proper shipping names		(2)	Arsenic Arsenic acid, liquid	Arsenic acid, solid	Arsenic chloride, see Arsenic trichloride.	Arsenic compounds, liquid, n.o.s. inorganic, including	tes, n.o.s.; arsenic sulfide ganic compou	senic, n.o.s.	o composition of the control of the	n.o.s. inorganic, inc arsenates, n.o.s.; ars n.o.s.; arsenic sulfides,	and organic compounds of ar- senic, n.o.s.		Arsenic pentoxide	Arsenic sulfide and a chlorate, mixtures of.	Arsenic trichloride		Arsenic, white, solid, see Arsenic trioxide	Arsenical dust Arsenical pesticides, liquid,	flammable, toxic, flash point less than 23 degrees C.		Arsenical pesticides, liquid, toxic
	e e	Sym- bols		Ξ				g			C	5											

40	4 4	40	9 4 4 6	1		40				8E, 14E,	8E, 14E,	8E, 14E,	<u>.</u> <u>.</u>					8E, 14E,	15E, 17E
ш	B >	В	444			۵	20	05	89	90 80	80	80	07 07 08	07.	04	07	9 8 A	80	07
7 09	220 L 30 L	7 09	220 L 50 kg 100 kg	ρ 2 2 2 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4		Forbidden	Forbidden	100 kg	75 kg	75 kg 75 kg Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden Forbidden Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden No limit	Forbidden	Forbidden 07
2 F	1 L	2 L	60 L 5 kg 25 kg	β : 001		Forbidden	Forbidden	25 kg	Forbidden	Forbidden Forbidden Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden Forbidden Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden No limit	Forbidden	Forbidden
243	241 243	243	242 242	7		245	None	None	None	None None	None	None			None	None	None None	None	None
202	203	202	203 211 212			192	62		 8 8		62	62	62 62 62 62 63 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64	 62 63	 82 89		62 302,	304.	62
153	153 None	153	153 None 153	20		None	None	None	None	None None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None 306	None	None
IB2, T11, TP2, TP13,	183, T7, TP2, TP28 T14, TP2, TP13, TP27	IB2, T11, TP2, TP13, TP27	B1, IB3, T7, TP2, TP28 B7, IP1, T6, TP33 IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33	, IT 9, IT 9		-													
6.1	6.1, 3	6.1, 3	6.1, 3	- :		2.3,	1.6N	1.4S	1.40	1.4D 1.4G :: 1.1L ::	1.2L	1.3L	51116	120 :	1.2E 1.2E	 1.3C	1.4E :: 1.4F :: 2.2 :::	1.2L	1.1G
=	≡-	=	=-==	I			=	==	=	===	=	=	====	=	==	= =	== ;	=	=
	UN2993		UN2759			UN2188	UN0486	UN0349	UN0351	UN0352 UN0353 UN0354	UN0355	UN0356	UN0463 UN0463 UN0464 UN0465	UN0467	UN0468 UN0469	UN0470	UN0471 UN0472 UN3164	UN0380	1.1G UN0428
	6.1		6.1			2.3	1.6N	1.4S	1.4C	1.4D 1.4G 1.1L	1.2L	1.3L	7.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1	1.20	1.2E	1.30	1.4E 1.4F 2.2	1.2L	1.19
	Arsenical pesticides, liquid, toxic, flammable, flash point	not less trait 23 degrees C.	Arsenical pesticides, solid, toxic	Arsenious acid, solid, see Arsenious acid, solid, see Arsenious and mercuric indide	solution, see Arsenic compounds, liquid, n.o.s	Arsine	Articles, explosive, extremely in-	G Articles, explosive, n.o.s		G Articles, explosive, n.o.s	G Articles, explosive, n.o.s	G Articles, explosive, n.o.s	G Articles, explosive, n.o.s		G Articles, explosive, n.o.s		G Articles, explosive, n.o.s	flammable gas. Articles, pyrophoric	Articles, pyrotechnic for technical purposes.

§172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued

	ige		Other	(10B)					34, 40																	2, 52, 53, 74	52
(10)	stowage		tion	(10A)			90		<			-						_	-			-	-	-			
	nitations 3.27 and	.5)	Cargo air- craft only	(9B)	Forbidden	Forbidden	75 kg (100 kg	200 kg	Forbidden					No limit										_	Forbidden	50 kg
(6)	Quantity limitations (see \$\$ 173.27 and	175.7	Passenger aircraft/rail	(9A)	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	25 kg	200 kg	Forbidden					No limit											Forbidden	15 kg
			Bulk	(8C)	None	None	None	None	240	247						:										240	241
(8)	Packaging (8173 ***)	- - -	Non bulk	(8B)	62	62	62	62	216	203					204	204							-			223	212
	P ₈	8)	Excep- tions	(8A)	None	None	None	None	155	150					155	155										151	151
	Special provisions	(§ 172.102)		(2)					156, IB8, IP2, IP4	IB3, T1, TP3					A35	A35										38, IB8, T3, TP33	A19. IB7. IP2. T3. TP33
	ahe	Codes		(9)	1.2G	1.3G	1.4G	1.48	6	9					6	 6										4.1	4.3
	(D D		(5)	=	=	=	=	=	=						:										=	=
	Identi	fication Numbers		(4)	UN0429	1.3G UN0430	1.4G UN0431	1.4S UN0432	NA2212	NA1999					UN3334	UN3335										UN3242	den 4.3 UN1400
	Hazard	class or Division		(3)	1.2G	1.3G	1.4G	1.48	6	Forbidden 3					6	90000	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	d do	_	Forbidden	Forbidden			4.1	Forbidden 4.3
	Hazardous materials descrip-	tions and proper shipping names		(2)	Articles, pyrotechnic for tech-	Asbestos	Ascaridole (organic peroxide) Asphalt, at or above its flash	Asphalt, cut back, see Tars, liq-	Automobile, motorcycle, tractor,	other self-propelled vehicle,	apparatus, see Vehicles or	Battery etc. Aviation regulated liquid, n.o.s.	Aviation regulated solid, n.o.s	Azaulolic acid (salt Ol) (UI)/	5-Azido-1-hvdroxy tetrazole	Azido hydroxy tetrazole (mer-	cury and silver salts).		Azidodithiocarbonic acid	Azidoethyl nitrate	azi	phosphine oxide, solution.	Azodicarbonamide	Azotetrazole (dry)Barium			
	Ę	bols		£)						۵	Ω				A	 დ											

	78	56, 58	56, 58	56, 58, 133	56, 58, 133		40, 52	4, 52, 56, 58, 106		56, 58	56, 58, 133	56, 58, 133	56, 58, 138	13, 52, 56, 75				48
12	۵	⋖	⋖	⋖	⋖	۷ ۷	: < <	В	⋖	۷ ۷	∢	⋖	۵	⋖			4 4	∢
Forbidden 12	0.5 kg	25 kg	25 kg	2 F	30 L	100 kg	200 kg 50 kg	25 kg	25 kg	200 kg 25 kg	2 L	30 L	25 kg	25 kg			No limit 230 kg gross	
Forbidden	Forbidden	5 kg	5 kg	11	2.5 L	25 kg 100 kg	100 kg 5 kg	5 kg	5 kg	100 kg 5 kg	1 L	2.5 L	5 kg	5 kg			Forbidden 25 kg gross	
None	None	242	242	243	242	242	240	None	242	240	243	242	242	242			189 None	
62	182	212	212	202	203	212	213	212	212	213 212	202	203	212	212		i	189 213	
None	None	152	152	152	152	153	153 None	152	152	153	152	152	152	152			189 None	
111, 117	162, A2	IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33	A9, IB6, IP2, N34, T3,	A9, IB2, N34, T4, TP1	A9, IB2, N34, T4, TP1	IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 IB8, IP3, T1, TP33	IB8, IP3, T1, TP33 IB7, IP1, N74, N75, T6,	A7, A9, IB8, IP2, IP4, N34, T3, TP33	IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33	IB8, IP3, T1, TP33 IB6, IP2, T3, TP33	IB2, T4, TP1	IB2, T4, TP1	IB6, IP2, T3, TP33	A9, IB6, IP2, T3, TP33			237	340
1.1A, 6.1.	4.1, 6.1.	5.1,	5.1,	5.1,	6.1. 5.1,	6.1	6.1	5.1, 6.1.	5.1,	6.1	5.1,	5.1,	5.1,	5.1,			4.3	6
=	_	=	=	=	=	==	= -	=	=	==	=	=	=	=			==	
1.1A UN0224	UN1571	UN2719	UN1445	UN3405		UN1564	UN1565	UN2741	UN1446	UN1884 UN1447	UN3406		UN1448	UN1449			UN3292 UN3028	UN3496
1.1A	4.1	5.1	5.1	5.1		6.1	6.1	5.1	5.1	6.1	5.1		5.1	5.1			6.4 8	o o
Barium azide, dry or wetted with less than 50 percent water,	Barium azide, wetted with not less than 50 percent water, hy mass.	Barium bromate	Barium chlorate, solid	Barium chlorate, solution		Barium compounds, n.o.s	Barium cyanide	Barium hypochlorite with more than 22 percent available	cnionne. Barium nitrate	Barium oxide	Barium perchlorate, solution		Barium permanganate	Barium peroxide	Barium selenate, see Selenates or Selenites.	Barium selenite, see Selenates or Selenites	Batteries, containing sodium Batteries, dry, containing potassium hydroxide solid, electric,	storage. Batteries, dry, sealed, n.o.s Batteries, nickel-metal hydride see Batteries, dry, sealed, n.o.s. or nickel-metal hydride batteries transported by modes other than vessel.

22 40,

7 09

2 L

153

IB2, T7, TP2

UN2224

6.1

§ 172.101

(10) Vessel stowage

Other

(10B)

146

52,

(10A) Loca-tion 30 L 220 L 60 L No limit No limit 100 kg No limit No limit 90 L Cargo air-craft only Quantity limitations (see §§ 173.27 and 175.75) (9B) 6) Passenger aircraft/rail 30 kg gross 30 kg gross No limit 100 L 5 L No limit 25 kg 2 F (6) 241 242 241 Bulk (8C) None 159 159 159 242 242 242 202 ... : : Packaging (§ 173.***) : 212 ... §172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued Non-bulk (8B) 203 159 159 159 202 220 203 8 Excep-tions (8A) 159a 159 159 154 154 155 . 150 . 153 220 154 A3, A7, B2, B15, IB2, N6, N34, T8, TP2 B2, IB2, N6, T7, TP2, TP28 IB3, T2, TP1 IB2, T4, TP1 T4, TP1 IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 Special provisions (§ 172.102) 6 ÷ 9 6.1 ω ω ω ω ω 6 ၈ ၈ ω Ξ == ≡ ≡ PG (2) Identi-fication Numbers UN1990 UN1114 UN2795 UN2800 UN2796 UN3171 UN2225 UN1885 UN2794 UN2797 4 8 Forbidden ω æ ω 6 ၈ က 6.1 Hazard class or Division Forbidden Forbidden (3) Battey, wet, filled with acid or akeli with vehicle or mechanical equipment containing an internal combustion, etc. see Vehicle, etc. or Engines, internal combustion, etc. Benzaldehyde Benzene diazonium chloride F Benzene diazonium chloride F Benzene diazonium nitrate (dry) F Benzene phosphorus dichloride, see Phenyl phosphorus di-chloride. Batteries, wet, filled with acid, electric storage.

Batteries, wet, filled with alkali, Battery lithium type, see Lithium batteries etc.
Battery-powered vehicle or Bat-Hazardous materials descriptions and proper shipping names mercaptan.
Benzidine
Benzol, see Benzene ...
Benzonitrile Battery fluid, alkali (2) (dry) Sym-bols $\widehat{\Xi}$

6.1 8 8 3 Forbidden	UN2587 UN2226 UN2338	===	3 8 6.1	IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 B2, IB2, T7, TP2 IB2, T4, TP1	153 154 150	212 202	242 242	25 kg 1 L 5 L	100 kg 30 L 60 L	B > >	40
UN1736		==		B2, IB2, T8, TP2, TP13 A3, A7, IB2, N33, N34	154	202	242	- -	30 L	٥٥	40
UN1738		: =	6.1, 8	A3, A7, B70, IB2, N33,	None		243	1 7	30 F	<u> </u>	, t
UN1738		=	6.1, 8	N42, 18, 1P2, 1P13 A3, A7, B8, B11, IB2, N33, N34, N43, T8,	153	202	243	1 L	30 L	۵	13, 40
UN1739		-	8	TP2, TP13 A3, A6, B4, N41, T10, TP2 TP13	None	201	243	Forbidden	2.5 L	۵	40
UN2653 UN2619		==:	6.1	B2, T7, TP2 B2, IB2, T7, TP2	153	202	243	1 - L	30 F		12, 40 40, 48
UN1566		===:		P2,	153 153	212 212 213 	242	25 kg 100 kg	100 kg 200 kg	2 < < ·	
UN2464 UN1567		= =	5.1, 6.1. 6.1,	IB8, IP2, IP4, 13, 1P33	152	212	242	ъ Кд 15 kg	25 kg 50 kg		
UN2251		=	3	IB2, T7, TP2	150	202	242	5 L	7 09	۵	
UN3373				A82	134	661	None	4 L or 4 kg	4 L or 4 kg	⋖	40
UN2782		-	3, 6.1	T14, TP2, TP13, TP27	None	201	243	Forbidden	30 L	ш	
		=	3, 6.1	IB2, T11, TP2, TP13,	150	202	243	1 L	7 09	В	40
UN3016		-	6.1	T14, TP2, TP13, TP27	None	201	243	7	30 L	В	40
		=	6.1	IB2, T11, TP2, TP13,	153	202	243	2 F	7 09	В	40
UN3015		=-	6.1, 3	183, T7, TP2, TP28 T14, TP2, TP13, TP27	153 None	203	241	60 L 1 L	220 L 30 L	∀ ₪	21, 40
		=	6.1, 3	IB2, T11, TP2, TP13,	153	202	243	5 L	7 09	В	21, 40
UN2781		≡-	6.1, 3	B1, IB3, T7, TP2, TP28 IB7, IP1, T6, TP33	153 None	203 211	242 242	60 L 5 kg	220 L 50 kg	۷ ۷	21, 40
		==	6.1	IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 153 IB8, IP3, T1, TP33 153	153	212	242	25 kg 100 kg	100 kg	۷ ۷	40

§172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued

																				_					_		
65	(10) Vessel	stowage		Other	(10B)			40, 52												34, 40					40		
		st	000	tion	(10A)		∢	∢ ∢	10		10	Ш								<		80	80	33	ш		03
		mitations	75)	Cargo air- craft only	(ae)		30 L	7 09 7 09	Forbidden		Forbidden	Forbidden								Forbidden		Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	50 kg		Forbidden Forbidden
9	(6)	Quantity limitations	175.	Passenger aircraft/rail	(9A)		11	5 L 5 L	Forbidden		Forbidden	Forbidden								Forbidden		Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden		Forbidden
				Bulk	(8C)		242	241 241	None		None	None								240		None	62	62	None		None 62
9	(8)	Packaging	2	Non- bulk	(8B)	i	202	203	62		62	170				i	:		:	216			62		160		62 62 62
		Pe	8 -	Excep- tions	(8A)		154	154	None		None	None	:							155					None		
	•	Sucisional Eioec	(§ 172.102)		(2)		A7, B2, IB2, N34, T7,	A7, IB3, N34, T4, TP1 IB3, T7, TP1, TP28				70								156, IB8, IP2, IP4, T3,	TP33						
		a	Codes		(9)			ω ω	1.1D		1.1D	4.1								6		1.1F	1.15	1.3G :			1.1
			D D		(5)		=	==	=		=	_								=			==		=		==
9		Identi-	fication Numbers		(4)		UN2837	UN2693	UN0028		UN0027	NA0027								UN2212		UN0037	UN0038	UN0299	UN2028		UN0033 UN0034
		Hazard	class or Division		(3)		80	8	1.1D		1.1D	4.1								6		1.1F	1.10	1.36	80		1.1
		Hazardous materials descrip-	tions and proper shipping names		(2)	Bis (Aminopropyl) piperazine,	see Corrosive liquid, n.o.s Bisulfate, aqueous solution	Bisulfites, aqueous solutions,	n.o.s Black powder, compressed <i>or</i>	Gunpowder, compressed <i>or</i> Black powder, in pellets <i>or</i> Gunpowder in pellets	Black powder or Gunpowder,	granular or as a meal. Black powder for small arms	Blasting agent, n.o.s., see Ex-	plosives, blasting <i>etc.</i> Resting can accombline con	electric, for blasting.	biasting caps, electric, see Det- onators, electric for blasting.	Blasting caps, non-electric, see	blasting.	Bleaching powder, see Calcium	hypochlorite mixtures, etc. Blue asbestos (Crocidolite) or	Brown asbestos (amosite,	mysonte). Bombs, photo-flash		Bombs, photo-flash	Bombs, smoke, non-explosive, with corresive liquid without	initiating device.	Bombs, with bursting charge Bombs, with bursting charge
		Ę,	bols		£							٥								-							

23E	23E				12	25, 40 40			40 12, 40,	21, 28, 40,	49, 100			56, 58, 133	56, 58, 133 56, 58	12, 40, 66, 74, 89, 90	40, 89, 90	25, 40, 66, 90	12, 40, 66, 74, 89, 90
03	90	11 07	04		∢ O	۵ ۵	A	٨	<u>о</u> в		٨	∢		ш	B ∢	۵	۵	۵	۵
Forbidden Forbidden Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden		100 kg Forbidden	Forbidden Forbidden	30 L	50 kg	2.5 L 50 kg	, –	30 L	50 kg		2 F	30 L 25 kg	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden
Forbidden Forbidden Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden		25 kg Forbidden	Forbidden Forbidden	1 L	15 kg	0.5 L 15 kg	Forbidden	11	15 kg		11	2.5 L 5 kg	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden
62 None None	None	None	None		240	314	242	240	243	243	242	240		242	241 242	249	314,	244	249
62 62 62	62	62	 82 83		213 227	304	202	212	201	201	202	212		202	203 212	226	304	228	226
		None	None		None	None	154	154	None	None	154	154		152	152	None	None	None	None
					A1, IB8, IP3, T1, TP33 2, B9, B14, B32, N34, T20, TP2, TP13, TP38,	3, B9, B14 2, B9, B14	B2, B6, IB2, T8, TP2	B2, B6, IB8, IP2, IP4,	A3, A19, T10, TP2 IB2, T7, TP2	A19, T10, TP2, TP7	B2, IB2, T8, TP2	B2, IB8, IP2, IP4, T3,	TP33	350, IB2, T4, TP1	350, IB2, T4, TP1 350, IB8, IP2, IP4, T3,	1, B9, B85, N34, N43, T22, TP2, TP10, TP13	2, B9, B14, N86	1, B9, B14, B30, T22, TP2, TP13, TP38, TP44	1, B9, B85, N34, N43, T22, TP2, TP10, TP13
1.2D 1.2F 1.1J	1.2J	1.1B	1.1D 1.2D 		4.1 8, 6.1	2.3, 8	8	8	 დ დ	4.3, 8,	 	 8		5.1	5.1	8, 6.1	2.3, 8,	5.1, 6.1,	8, 6.1
===	=	==:	= =		≡ -		=	=	-=	-	=	=		=	==	-		_	_
UN0035 UN0291 UN0399	UN0400	UN0225 UN0268	UN0042 UN0283		UN1312 UN2692	UN1741 UN1008	UN1742	UN3419	UN2604 UN2851	UN2965	UN1743	UN3420		UN3213	UN1450	UN1744	UN2901	UN1745	UN1744
1.2D 1.2F 1.1J	1.2J	1.1B	01.1 02.1		1.4	2.3 2.3	80	80	∞ ∞	4.3	80	8		5.1	5.1	ω	Forbidden 2.3	5.1	80
Bombs, with bursting charge Bombs, with bursting charge Bombs with flammable liquid,	With bursting charge. Bombs with flammable liquid, with bursting charge.	Boosters with detonator Boosters with Boosters with detonator Boosters with Bo	Boosters, without detonator Boosters, without detonator	Borate and chlorate mixtures, see Chlorate and borate mix-	tures. Borneol	Boron trichloride	Boron trifluoride acetic acid	Boron trifluoride acetic acid	Boron trifluoride diethyl etherate Boron trifluoride dihydrate	Boron trifluoride dimethyl	etherate. Boron trifluoride propionic acid	complex, liquid. Boron trifluoride propionic acid	complex, solid. Box toe gum, see Nitrocellulose	etc. Bromates, inorganic, aqueous	Bromates, inorganic, n.o.s	- Bromine	Bromine azide	Bromine pentafluoride	Bromine solutions

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150

Forbidden

| 314, 315. -

:

304

None

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2.1

UN2419

2.1

Bromotrifluoroethylene

Ben-

52.54

5, 5,

40

25,

1,2

 $5\,5\,5\,8$

40, 4 6,

§ 172.101

(10) Vessel stowage

Other

Sym-bols

Ξ

(10B)

9,86,99

89, 6

12, 74, 25,

(10A) Loca-tion Ω Ω 220 L 220 L Cargo air-craft only Forbidden Quantity limitations (see §§ 173.27 and 175.75) (9B) 6 Forbidden
Forbidden
Forbidden
5 Kg
5 Kg
60 L
5 L
60 L
60 L
60 L
60 L 1 09 1 09 Passenger aircraft/rail Forbidden Forbidden (9A) 1 1 (8C) 249 244 241 242 Packaging (§ 173.***) §172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued : : : : : Non-(8B) 203 228 8 227 Excep-tions (8A) None 154 None 154 154 None 153 151 154 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 2, B9, B85, N34, N43, T22, TP2, TP10, TP13, 2, B9, B14, B32, T22, TP2, TP13, TP38, TP45 IB3, T4, TP1 B1, IB3, T2, TP1 Special provisions (§ 172.102) 6 Label Codes ÷ ÷ : : 8, 6.1 9 5.1, 6.1 . 9.1 9.1 4.4 1.8 ==== ------≡≡ == PG (2) Identi-fication Numbers UN2688 UN2341 UN3241 UN3425 UN1569 UN2513 UN2514 UN1694 UN1126 UN1339 UN2340 UN2342 UN2343 UN1744 UN1746 UN2345 UN1938 4 3 Forbidden ω 6.1 4.1 œ Forbidden Forbidden 5.1 Hazard class or Division Forbidden (3) 1-Bromo-3-nitrobenzene (unstable at 56 degrees C). 2-Bromo-2-nitropropane-1,3-diol Bromoacetone Bromoacetyl bromide Bromobenzene Bromobenzyl cyanides, liquid Bromobenzyl cyanides, solid ... Hazardous materials descriptions and proper shipping names 4-Bromo-1,2-dinitrobenzene ... 4-Bromo-1,2-dinitrobenzene (unstable at 59 degrees C). 2-Bromobutane Bromochloromethane Bromochloromethyl ether Bromomethyl propanes Bromomethylpropanes 2-Bromopentane Bromopropanes Bromopropanes Bromopropanes Bromosilane Bromotoluene-alpha, see zyl bromide. I-Bromo-3-chloropropane Bromoacetic acid solution I-Bromo-3-methylbutane Bromoacetic acid, solid 3-Bromopropyne Bromine trifluoride Bromine solutions (2) 1-Bromobutane

162

	40	40							12, 13, 21, 25, 40, 100			40	40	52, 95
4	B 07	ш		ш ш 4		44	∢		⋖		Δ.	۵۷۵	۵	
150 kg	50 kg Forbidden 150 kg	150 kg		1 09 7 09	60 L	60 L 220 L	220 L		Forbidden		90 F	Forbidden 60 L Forbidden	Forbidden	60 L 220 L 60 L
75 kg	5 kg Forbidden Forbidden	Forbidden		5 L	1 9 1 9 1 9	109 80 L	7 09		Forbidden		5 L	Forbidden 5 L Forbidden	Forbidden	5 L 60 L 5 L
314,	315. None 314, 315.	314, 315.		242 242 242		241 242	242		244		242	243 243 244	244	242 242 242
304	211 62 304	304		202	202	203 203	203		227		202	211 202 226	227	202 203 202
306	None None 306	306		150	150	154 150	150		None		150	None 153 None	None	150 150 150
150	IB7, IP1, T6, TP33	19, T50		IB2, T4, TP1 IB2, T4, TP1, TP29 R1 IR3 T2 TP1	182, T4, TP1 B1, 183, T2, TP1	183, T4, TP1 B1, 183, T2, TP1	B1, IB3, T2, TP1		2, B9, B14, B32, T20, TP2, TP13, TP38, TP45		IB2, T4, TP1	IB2, T7, TP2 1, B9, B14, B30, B72, T20, TP2, TP13, TP38,	2, B9, B14, B32, B77, T20, TP2, TP13, TP38, TP45	A3, A6, IB2, T4, TP1 B1, IB3, T2, TP1 IB2, T4, TP1
2.2	6.1 1.1D 2.1	2.1		თ თო			e		6.1, 8, 3.		e	6.1 6.1, 3	6.1, 3	
	-=			= ==	==	==	=		_		=	-=-	_	===
UN1009	UN1570 UN0043 UN1010	UN1011		UN2346 UN1120	UN1123	UN1718 UN2348	UN2709		UN2743		UN1128	UN3255 UN2690 UN2484	UN2485	UN2347 UN2227 UN2350
2.2	6.1 1.1D 2.1	2.1		3 Forbidden 3	Forbidden 3	ထက	е		6.1		3 Forbidden	4.2 6.1 6.1	6.1	м м м
Bromotrifluoromethane or Re-	migrafilit gas, n. 1351 Brucine	mixture, stabilized containing more than 40% butadienes. Butane see also Petroleum gases, liquefied.	burane, butane mixtures and mixtures having similar properties in cartridges each not exceeding 500 grams, see Receptacles, etc.	Butanedione	tert-Butoxycarbonyl azide Butyl acetates	Butyl acid phosphateButyl acrylates, stabilized	Butyl alcohols, see Butanols Butyl benzenes	bromobutane. n-Butyl chloride, see Chlorobutanes	n-Butyl chloroformate	Butyl ethers, see Dibutyl ethers Butyl ethyl ether, see Ethyl butyl	n-Butyl formate	water. tert-Buyl hypochlorite N-n-Buyl imidazoletert-Buyl isocyanate	n-Butyl isocyanate	Butyl mercaptansn-Butyl methacrylate, stabilized Butyl methyl ether

§ 172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE

		ige		Other	(10B)	40	6 8	?				12, 25, 48,	127 40	40 74	12, 13, 25	40	27, 49	4	52, 53, 70		12	40	40	8
	(10)	stowage	0	tion	(10A)		m ⊲	<u> </u>			•	4 Q	В	м с		ш	в 4			 D 4				
		mitations 3 27 and	75)	Cargo air- craft only	(9B)		20 L					220 L / Forbidden		2 F 1		150 kg	1 09 C			60 L 220 L) 		100 kg 100 kg
	(6)	Quantity limitations	175.	Passenger aircraft/rail	(A6)	1-	2 F	3				60 L Forbidden	2 F	1 L 5 L	7 09	Forbidden	5 L 60 L	Forbidden	100 kg	7 09 2 C	2 L	2 F	-	25 Kg 25 Kg 25 Kg
				Bulk	(8C)	243	242					242 None	242	242 243	241	314,	315. 242 241	243	240	242	241	241	243	242 242 242
	(8)	Packaging		Non bulk	(8B)	201	202					203		202 202 ::	203	304	202	206	213	202	203	: 203	202	212 211 212 212 213 213 213 213 213 213
		<u>a</u> %		Excep- tions	(8A)	150	150					150 None	150	150 153	153	306	150	None	None	150	154	150	150	None
SIZZ:IOI MAZAHDOOS IMATERIALS LABLE		Sucisivoya leicado	(§ 172.102)		(2)	T11, TP1, TP8, TP27	B2, 14, TP1 B1 B3 T2 TP1					B1, IB3, T2, TP1 159	IB2, T4, TP1	IB2, T7, TP1 IB2, T7, TP2	IB3, T4, TP1	19, T50	IB2, T4, TP1 IB3, T4, TP1	A7, B2, B6, N34, T10,	A1, IB8, IP3, T1, TP33	B2, 14, 1P1 B1, IB3, T2, TP1	IB3, T4, TP1	IB3, 14, 1P1 IB2 T7 TP1 TP13	IB2, T8, TP2, TP13	IB8, IP2, IP4, I3, IP33 IB7, IP1, T6, TP33 IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33
2.101.7		q	Codes		(9)	e .	 					3	 6	3, 8	6.1	2.1	9	 დ	6.1	 თ ო		3 8	: 	6.11
<u>်</u>			മ		(2)	-:	==					==		==			==	_	≣:	= =	= =	==		= = =
		Identi-	fication Numbers		(4)	UN2351						UN1914 UN2956	UN2352	UN1125 UN2738	UN2747	UN1012	UN3022 UN2667	UN1747	UN2716	UN1129 UN2840	UN2820	UN2/39	UN2353	UN2570
		Hazard	class or Division		(3)	က		Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden		4.1	ဇ	6.1	6.1	2.1	3	8	6.1	ოო	∞ σ	o m	က	6.1
		Hazardous materials descrip-	tions and proper shipping names		(2)	Butyl nitrites		tert-Butyl peroxyacetate, with more than 76 percent in solu-	tion. n-Butyl peroxydicarbonate, with more than 52 percent in solu-	tion. tert-Butyl peroxyisobutyrate, with more than 77 percent in	Solution. Butyl phosphoric acid, see Butyl acid phosphate	Butyl propionates 5-tert-Butyl-2,4,6-trinitro-m-xy-	lene <i>or</i> Musk xylene. Butyl vinyl ether, stabilized	n-Butylamine	tert-	Butylene see also Petroleum	gases, Ilqueried. 1,2-Butylene oxide, stabilized Butytfollienes	Butyltrichlorosilane	1,4-Butynediol	Butyraldoxime	Butyric acid	Butyric annydrideButyronitrile	Butyryl chloride	Cadmium compounds
		Ė.	bols		£																			g

Caesium hydroxide	UN2682		6.1	IB8, IP3, T1, TP33 IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33	153	213	240	100 kg 15 kg	200 kg 50 kg		29, 52.
5	UN2681	= =	m m	B2, IB2, T7, TP2 IB3, T4, TP1	154	202 203	242 241	1 L	30 L 60 L		29, 52 29, 52
S	UN1401		4.3	IB7, IP2, T3, TP33	151	212	241	15 kg	50kg	ш	. 52
N F	UN1573	=	6.1		153	212	242	25 kg	100 kg		
UN1574	574	=	6.1	IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33	153	212	242	25 kg	100 kg	∢	
UN1402	-02	-	4.3	A1, A8, B55, B59, IB4, IP1, N34, T9, TP7, TP33	None	211	242	Forbidden	15 kg	ш	52
		=	4.3	A1, A8, B55, B59, IB7, IP2, N34, T3, TP33	151	212	241	15 kg	50 kg	В	52
UN1452	25	=	5.1	A9, IB8, IP2, IP4, N34, T3, TP33	152	212	242	5 kg	25 kg	∢	56, 58
UN2429	59	=	5.1	A2, IB2, N41, T4, TP1	152	202	242	11	2 F	Ф	56, 58, 133
		=	5.1	A2, IB2, N41, T4, TP1	152	203	241	2.5 L	30 L	В	56, 68, 133
UN1453	 			A9, IB8, IP2, IP4, N34, T3, TP33	152	212	242	5 kg	25 kg	∢	56, 58
UN1403		=	6.4	A1, A19, IB8, IP4, T1, TP33	151	213	241	25 kg	100 kg	∢	52
UN1575	10	-	6.1	IB7, IP1, N79, N80, T6, TP33	None	211	242	5 kg	50 kg	∢	40, 52
UN1923	<u>ღ</u>	=	4.2	A19, A20, IB6, IP2, T3, TP33	None	212	241	15 kg	50 kg	ш	13
UN1404	4	_	4.3	A19, N40	None	211	242	Forbidden	15 kg	ш	52
UN3485	2	=	5.1, 8	165, 166, A7, A9, IB8, IP2, IP4, IP13, N34, W9	152	212	None	5 kg	25 kg	۵	4, 48, 52, 56, 58, 69, 142
UN1748	<u> </u>	=	5.1	165, 166, A7, A9, IB8, IP2, IP4, IP13, N34, W9	152	212	None	5 kg	25 kg	۵	4, 25, 48, 52, 56, 58, 69, 142
		=	5.1	165, 171, A7, A9, IB8, IP4, IP13, N34, W9	152	213	240	25 kg	100 kg	۵	4, 25, 48, 52, 56, 58, 69, 142

§ 172.101

	(10) Vessel	stowage	Other	(10B)	4, 48, 52, 56, 58, 69, 142	4, 48, 52, 56, 58, 69,	4, 25, 48, 52, 56, 58, 69, 142.	4,48, 52, 56, 58, 69, 142	4, 25, 48, 52, 56, 58, 69, 142	52, 85, 103	56, 58 56, 58, 138 13, 52, 56,	75 40, 52, 85		
		st	Loca- tion	(10A)	Q	۵	۵	۵	Ω	∢	44404	Ш	۵	44
	(mitations 3.27 and	Cargo air- craft only	(98)	25 kg	100 kg	25 kg	25 kg	100 kg	100 kg	100 kg 100 kg 25 kg 25 kg 85 kg	15 kg	Forbidden	100 kg 100 kg
	(6)	Quantity limitations (see §§ 173.27 and	Passenger aircraft/rail	(9A)	5 kg	25 kg	5 Kg	5 kg	25 kg	25 kg	25 kg 25 kg 5 kg 5 kg 5 kg 6 kg	Forbidden	Forbidden	25 kg 25 kg
			Bulk	(8C)	240	240	240	240	240	241	240 240 242 242	242	None	240
tinued	(8)	Packaging (§173.***)	Non- bulk	(8B)	212	213	212	213	213	213	212 212 212 212 212 213	211	187	213
LE—Con		Pe (\$	Excep- tions	(8A)	152	152	152	152	152	151	152 154 152 152	None	None	None
§172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued		Special provisions		(2)	165, IB8, IP2, IP4, IP13, W9	165, IB8, IP4, W9	165, IB8, IP2, IP4, IP13, W9	165, A1, A29, IB8, IP3, IP3, IP13, N34, W9	165, A1, A29, IB8, IP3, IP13, N34, W9	A1, A19, IB8, IP4, T1,	34, B8, IP3, T1, TP33 B8, IP3, T1, TP33 B6, IP2, T3, TP33 B6, IP2, T3, TP33 B6, IP2, T3, TP33	A8, A19, N40		A1, A19, IB6, T1, TP33 A1, A19, IB4, T1, TP33
HAZAR		Label		(9)	5.1, 8	5.1, 8	5.1	5.1, 8	5.1	4.3	8 8 5.7.7. 7.7.7.	4.3,	4.2	1.4.4
2.101		PG		(2)	=	=	=	=	=	≡	====	-	-	≣≣
\$172.101		Identi- fication	Numbers	(4)	UN3487		UN2880	UN3486	UN2208	UN2844	UN1454 UN1910 UN1455 UN1456 UN1456	UN1360	UN1855	UN1313 UN1314
		Hazard class or	Division	(3)	5.1		5.1	5.1	5.1	4.3	r. 8 1. 7. 6. 7. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	4.3	4.2	1.4 1.1
		Hazardous materials descriptions and proper shipping	names	(2)	Calcium hypochlorite, hydrated, corrosive or Calcium hypochlorite, hydrated mixture, corrosive with not less than 5.5% but not more than 16%	water.	Calcium hypochlorite, hydrated or Calcium hypochlorite, hydrated mixtures, with not less than 55 percent but not more	Calcium hypochlorite mixture, dry, corrosive with more than 10% but of more than 39%	davariable condition. Calcium hypochlorite mixtures, dry, with more than 10 percent but not more than 39	Calcium manganese silicon	Calcium nitrate Calcium oxide Caclium perchlorate Calcium perchlorate Calcium permanganate Calcium peroxide	Calcium phosphide	Calcium, pyrophoric or Calcium	alloys, pyrophono. Calcium resinate, used Calcium selnate, see Selenates or Selenites.
		Sym-	2	(£)							∢			

4.3 UN1405	UN1400	10 0	== =:	6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6	A19, IB7, IP2, T3, TP33 A1, A19, IB8, IP4, T1, TP33 B1, IB3, T2, TP1	151	212 213	241	15 kg 25 kg 60 L	50 kg 100 kg 220 L	шш « -	52, 85, 103 52, 85, 103
Camphor, synthetic	4.1	UN2717	=		A1, IB8, IP3, T1, TP33	None	213	240	25 kg	100 kg	<	
Caproic acid	ω :	UN2829	=	8	IB3, T4, TP1	154	203	241	5 L	7 09	∢	
urbamate pesticides, liquid, flammable, toxic, flash point less than 23 degrees C.	n	UN2758	-	3, 6.1	T14, TP2, TP13, TP27	None	201	243	Forbidden	30 L	В	40
			=	3, 6.1	IB2, T11, TP2, TP13, TP27	150	202	243	1 L	7 09	ш	40
liquid,	6.1	UN2992	-	6.1	T14, TP2, TP13, TP27	None	201	243	1 L	30 L	В	40
			=	6.1	IB2, T11, TP2, TP13, TP27	153	202	243	2 F	7 09	В	40
arbamate pesticides, liquid, loxic, flammable, flash point	6.1	UN2991	=-	6.1, 3	IB3, T7, TP2, TP28 T14, TP2, TP13, TP27	153 None	203	241	60 L 1 L	220 L 30 L	A B	40
no ress triail 23 degrees C.			=	6.1, 3	IB2, T11, TP2, TP13,	153	202	243	5 L	7 09	В	40
arbamate pesticides, solid,	6.1	UN2757	=-	6.1, 3	B1, IB3, T7, TP2, TP28 IB7, IP1, T6, TP33	153 None	203 211	242 242	60 L 5 kg	220 L 50 kg	44	40
Saturdia see Drand colid			= =	6.1	IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 IB8, IP3, T1, TP33	153	2 2	242 240	25 kg 100 kg	100 kg 200 kg	44	
Phenol solutions. Carbon, activated	4 4 2 2 2	UN1362 UN1361	≡=	4 4 2 2 : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	IB8, IP3, T1, TP33 IB6, T3, TP33	None	213 212	241 242	0.5 kg Forbidden	0.5 kg Forbidden	44	2 5
see Carbon			≡	4.2	IB8, IP3, T1, TP33	None	213	241	Forbidden	Forbidden	4	12
	2.2	UN1013		2.2		306	302, 304.	302, 314,	75 kg	150 kg	<	
Carbon dioxide, refrigerated liq-	2.2	UN2187		2.2	T75, TP5	306	304	314,	50 kg	500 kg	۵	
Carbon dioxide, solid <i>or</i> Dry ice Carbon disulfide	თ ო	UN1845 UN1131	-	None 3, 6.1	B16, T14, TP2, TP7,	217 None	217 201	240	200 kg Forbidden	200 kg Forbidden	00	40, 78, 115
Carbon monoxide, compressed	2.3	2.3 UN1016	-	2.3,	5 4	None	302	314,	Forbidden	25 kg	_	40

§172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued

			i : •										
								(8)		(6))		(10)
Svm-	Hazardous materials descrip-	Hazard	Identi-	C	Label	Special provisions	4.80	Packaging (§ 173.***)		Quantity limitations (see §§ 173.27 and	mitations 3.27 and	st	stowage
pols	tions and proper snipping names	class or Division	rication	J 2	Codes	(§172.102)	2			175.	75)		
							Excep- tions	Non bulk	Bulk	Passenger aircraft/rail	Cargo air- craft only	tion t	Other
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(2)	(9)	(2)	(8A)	(8B)	(8C)	(A6)	(9B)	(10A)	(10B)
Ω	Carbon monoxide, refrigerated	2.3	NA9202		2.3,	4, T75, TP5	None	316	318	Forbidden	Forbidden	۵	
	Indua (cryogenic inquid). Carbon tetrabromide	6.1	UN2516 UN1846	≡=	6.1	IB8, IP3, T1, TP33 IB2, N36, T7, TP2	153	213	240	100 kg 5 L	200 kg 60 L	۷ ۷	25 40
	gene. Carbonyl fluoride	2 2 3 3 3 3	UN2417 UN2204		2.3, 8 2.3, 8	3, B14	None	302 304	None 314, 315	Forbidden	Forbidden	۵۵	40
	Cartridge cases, empty primed, see Cases, cartridge, empty,				: !				5 :				
	with primer. Cartridges, actuating, for aircraft ejector seat catapult, fire extinguisher, canopy removal or												
	apparatus, see Cartridges, power device. Cartridges, explosive, see												
	Charges, demolition. Cartridges, sporting, see Cartridges for weapons, inert projectile, or Cartridges, small												
	arms. Cartridges, flash	1.19	UN0049	=:	1.1G		None		None	Forbidden	Forbidden	07	
	Cartridges, flash	1.3G	UN0050 UN0326	= =	1.3G 1.1C		None	:: :: 8 8	None	Forbidden	/5 kg Forbidden	64	
	Cartridges for weapons, blank	1.2C	UN0413	==	1.2C		None		None	Forbidden	Forbidden	07	
	or Cartridges, small arms,	<u>.</u>		=			3		2	BY CY	2	3	
	apons,	1.3C	UN0327	=	1.3C		None	62	None	Forbidden	Forbidden	20	
		,		=	(1	ç	1	! 1		Ç	
	or Cartridges, small arms,		0180338	=	- 5 :		None	79	None	Loroidaen	y Kg	ŝ	
	blank. Cartridges for weapons, inert projectile.	1.2C	UN0328	=	II 1.2C		None	62	62	Forbidden	Forbidden 03	03	

Pipe	line d	and H	łaz	arc	dou	s M	ate	rial	s S	af	ety	/ F	۱d	min	., D	ОТ							§	172	.101
90	90	90	80	03	80	03	80	05	20	90) 0	02	02					07	. 02	∢	4		90	90	90
100 kg	75 kg	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	75 kg	Forbidden	75 kg	75 kg	100kg	Forbidden					75 kg	75 Kg 100 kg	30 kg	30 kg		100 kg	75 kg	75 kg
25 kg	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	25 kg	Forbidden					Forbidden	25 kg	30 kg	30 kg		25 kg	Forbidden	Forbidden
None	None	None	None	62	None	62	None	62	62	62		62	62					None	None None	None	None		None	None	None
62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62		 2 2 8 6	62	62					62	 8 8 3	None	None		62	62	62
63	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None None	63	None					None	None	63	63		None	None	None
											110	110,									347		90	90	
None	1.4C	1.3C	1.1F	1.1E	1.2F	1.2E	1.4F	1.4E	1.3C	1.4C :		1.48	1.2C					1.3G	1.4G	None	None		1.48	1.4C	1.4C ::
=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	= =		=	=					= :	==	:			=	=	=
UN0012	UN0339	UN0417	UN0005	9000NU	UN0007	UN0321	UN0348	UN0412	UN0277	UN0278	UN0276	UN0323	UN0381					UN0054	UN0405		None		UN0055	UN0379	UN0446
1.4S	1.4C	1.3C	1.1F	1.1E	1.2F	1.2E	1.4F	1.4E	1.3C			1.48						1.39	24.1 24.5 24.1	CHM-D	ORM-D		1.4S	1.4C	1.4C
Cartridges for weapons, inert projectile or Cartridges, small	Carridges for weapons, inert projectile or Cartridges, small	Cartidges for weapons, inert projectile or Cartidges, small projectile.	Cartridges for weapons, with	Cartridges for weapons, with	bursting charge. Cartridges for weapons, with	Cartridges, oil well	Cartridges, oil well	Cartridges, power device	Cartridges, power device	Cartridges, power device	Cartridges, salety, blank, see	Cartridges, safety, see Cartriges for weapons, inert projectile	or Cartridges, small arms or Cartridges, power device (UN	0323).	Cartridges, signal	Cartridges, signal	U Carridges, small arms	D Cartridges power device (used to project fastening devices).	Cartridges, starter, jet engine,	See Cartridges, power device. Cases, cartridge, empty with	Cases, cartridges, empty with	primer. Cases, combustible, empty, without primer.			

§172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued

				8	5	ПАСАН	§ 172.101 nazardous Malerials Table—		Continued					
									(8)		(6)	(>	(10)
ű	Hazardous materials descrip-		Hazard	Identi-		9	. auciaixora leicoao	a.	Packaging		Quantity limitations	mitations	str	vessel
bols	tions and proper shipp names		class or Division	fication Numbers	PG	Codes	(§ 172.102)		.0.		175.	3.27 and 75)	000	
								Excep- tions	Non- bulk	Bulk	Passenger aircraft/rail	Cargo air- craft only	tion	Other
Ð	(2)		(3)	(4)	(2)	(9)	(2)	(8A)	(8B)	(8C)	(A6)	(ae)	(10A)	(10B)
	stible,	empty,	1.30	UN0447	=	1.3C		None	62	None	Forbidden	Forbidden	20	
	without primer. Casinghead gasoline see Gaso-	Gaso-												
Α	eans <i>or</i> Castor r pomace <i>or</i>	neal <i>or</i> Castor	0	UN2969	=	None	IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33	155	204	240	No limit	No limit	ш	34, 40
Ø	flake. Caustic alkali liquids, n.o.s	: ::	80	UN1719	= :		B2, IB2, T11, TP2, TP27	154	202	242	1	30 F	⋖ :	29, 52
	Caustic potash, see Potassium				=	ω :	IB3, T7, TP1, TP28	154	203	241	2 F	7 09	∢	29, 52
	hydroxide etc. Caustic soda, (etc.) see Sodium	odium												
	nydroxide etc. Cells, containing sodium		4.3	UN3292	=	4.3		189	681	681	25 kg	No limit	⋖	
	Celluloid, in block, rods, rolls, sheets, tubes, etc., except	, rods, rolls, etc., except	4.1	UN2000	=	4.1		None	213	240	gross 25 kg	100 kg	4	
	scrap. Celluloid, scrap	con-	4.2	UN2002	≡	4.2	IB8, IP3	None	213	241	Forbidden	Forbidden	۵	
	taining flammable liquid. Cerium, slabs, ingots, or rods Cerium, turnings or gritty pow-	spo / pow-	4.4 1.3	UN1333 UN3078	==	4.1	IB8, IP2, IP4, N34 A1, IB7, IP2, T3, TP33	None	212	240	15 kg 15 kg	50 kg 50 kg	ЕА	74, 91 52
	der. Cesium <i>or</i> Caesium		4.3	UN1407	-	4.3	A7, A19, IB4, IP1, N34,	None	211	242	Forbidden	15 kg	۵	25
	nitrate or	Caesium ni-	5.1	UN1451	=	5.1	N40 A1, A29, IB8, IP3, T1,	152	213	240	25 kg	100 kg	⋖	
	trate. Charcoal <i>briquettes,</i>	shell,	4.2	NA1361	=	4.2	IB8, T1, TP33	151	213	240	25 kg	100 kg	<	12
	igs, wood, etc. bursting,	plastics	1.1D	UN0457	=	1.1D		None	62	None	Forbidden	Forbidden	07	
	Charges, bursting, p	plastics	1.2D	UN0458	=	1.2D		None	62	None	Forbidden	Forbidden	07	
	bursting,	plastics	1.4D	UN0459	=	1.4D		None	62	None	Forbidden	75 kg	90	
	Dorlueu. Charges, bursting, p bonded.	plastics	1.48	UN0460	=	1.48	347	None	62	None	25 kg	100 kg	90	

																40	40	56, 58	56, 58	56, 58	56, 58	56, 58, 133	56, 58, 133		
03	20	20	90	90	07	07	9 9			20	20	90	05	9	2	m <		⋖	⋖	⋖	∢	∢	⋖		
Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	75 kg	100 kg	Forbidden Forbidden	Forbidden 75 kg	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	75 kg	100 kg	Forbidden	5	30 L	0 PG	25 kg	100 kg	25 kg	100 kg	5 L	30 L		
Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	25 kg	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	25 kg	Forbidden	5	1 L	10 kg	5 kg	25 kg	5 kg	25 kg	1 L	2.5 L		
62	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	a con	5	None	243	240	240	240	240	242	241		
62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62		62	62	62	62	62	6	1	161	202	212	213	212	213	202	203		
None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None		None		None	None	None	None)	154	153	152	152	152	152	152	152		
				347									347			4	IB2, T7, TP2	A9, IB8, IP2, IP4, N34,	13, 1P33 A9, IB8, IP3, N34, T1, TP33	A9, IB8, IP2, IP4, N34,	13, 1P33 A9, IB8, IP3, N34, T1, TP33	A9, IB2, N34, T4, TP1	A9, IB2, N34, T4, TP1		
1.10	1.1D	1.2D	1.4D	1.48	1.10 ::	1.2C	1.3C	1.2C	- - -	1.1D	1.2D	1.4D	1.45	1	:	 & d	6.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1		
==	=	=	=	=		==		==		=	=	=	=	=		=	=	=	≡	=	≡	=	=		
UN0048 UN0056	UN0442	UN0443	UN0444	UN0445	UN0271 UN0272	UN0415 UN0491	UN0242	UN0414	UN0288	UN0059	UN0439	UN0440	UN0441	0900001		NA1760	UN2075	UN1458		UN1459		UN3407			
1.10	1.10	1.2D	1.4D	1.48	1.10	1.20	1.30	1.20	5 -	1.10	1.2D	1.4D	1.48	110	1	∞ σ	6.1	5.1		5.1		5.1			
Charges, demolition	device.	Charges, explosive, commercial	Without detonator. Charges, explosive, commercial	Without detonator. Charges, explosive, commercial without detonator	Charges, propelling		Charges, propelling, for cannon		Charges, shaped, hexible, linear Charges, shaped, flexible, linear		Charges, shaped, without deto-	nator. Charges, shaped, without deto-	nator. Charges, shaped, without deto-	nator. Charges supplementary explo-	sive.	Chemical kit	Chloral, anhydrous, stabilized	Chlorate and borate mixtures		Chlorate and magnesium chlo-	ride mixture soild.	Chlorate and magnesium chlo-		Chlorate of potash, see Potas- sium chlorate.	da, see Sodium

§ 172.101

§172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued

			i	i									
								(8)		(6)			(10)
EN S	Hazardous materials descrip-	Hazard	-identi-		ada	Special provisions	P. S.	Packaging		Quantity limitations	mitations	S ts	stowage
pols	tions and proper shipping names	class or Division	fication Numbers	D D	Codes	(§ 172.102)		5		175.	75)	0	
							Excep- tions	Non- bulk	Bulk	Passenger aircraft/rail	Cargo air- craft only	tion	Other
£)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(2)	(9)	(2)	(8A)	(8B)	(8C)	(9A)	(9B)	(10A)	(10B)
Ø	Chlorates, inorganic, aqueous	5.1	UN3210	=	5.1	351, IB2, T4, TP1	152	202	242	1 L	2 L	В	56, 58, 133
g	<u> </u>	5.1	UN1461	==	5.1	351, IB2, T4, TP1 351, A9, IB6, IP2, N34,	152	203 212	241	2.5 L 5 kg	30 L 25 kg	ВΑ	56, 58, 133 56, 58
	Chloric acid aqueous solution,	5.1	UNZ626	=	5.1	IB2, T4, TP1	None	229	None	Forbidden	Forbidden	۵	56, 58
	with not more trian to percent chloric acid. Chloride of phosphorus, see								:				
	Phosphorus trichloride. Chloride of sulfur, see Sulfur												
	Chlorinated lime, see Calcium							i					
	Chlorine	2.3	UN1017		2.3,	2, B9, B14, N86, T50, TP19	None	304	314,	Forbidden	Forbidden	۵	40, 51, 55, 62, 68, 89,
	Object original	TO COLOR							i i				66
Ω		5.1	NA9191	=	5.1,		None	229	None	Forbidden	Forbidden	ш	
	Chlorine dioxide (not hydrate) Chlorine pentafluoride	Forbidden 2.3	UN2548		: N	1, B7, B9, B14, N86	None	304	314	Forbidden	Forbidden	٥	40, 89, 90
	Chlorine trifluoride	2.3	UN1749			2, B7, B9, B14, N86	None	304	314	Forbidden	Forbidden	۵	40, 89, 90
	Chlorite solution	80	UN1908	=		A3, A6, A7, B2, IB2, N34, T7, TP2, TP24	154	202	242	11	30 L	В	26, 44, 89,
				=	80	A3, A6, A7, B2, IB3, N34 T4 TP2 TP24	154	203	241	2 F	7 09	В	26, 44, 89,
g	Chlorites, inorganic, n.o.s	5.1	UN1462	=	5.1	352, A7, IB6, IP2, N34,	152	212	242	5 kg	25 kg	⋖	56, 58
	1-Chloro-1,1-difluoroethane or	2.1	UN2517		2.1	150	306	304	314,	Forbidden	150 kg	В	40
	3-Chloro-4-methylphenyl isocyanate, liquid.	6.1	UN2236	<u>=</u> 	6.1	IB2	153	202	Ö	2 L	7 09	В	40

40					40	40	40	21, 40, 100		12, 40, 52	12, 40	12, 40	40	52					40				12	12	12	
В	∢	∢	⋖	⋖	O	O	O	۵		∢	۵	۵	۵	<	۲				⋖	⋖				⋖	⋖	⋖
100 kg	150 kg	200 kg	220 L	150 kg	Forbidden	50 kg	30 L	Forbidden		Forbidden	1 09	100 kg	Forbidden	T 09	100 kg	200 kg	220 L		220 L	220 L	200 kg	7 09	7 09	220 L	100 kg	150 kg
25 kg	75 kg	100 kg	90 F	75 kg	Forbidden	15 kg	11	Forbidden		Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	25	25 kg	100 kg	7 09		7 09	7 09	100 kg	2 F	2 F	7 09	25 kg	75 kg
242	314, 315.	240	241	314, 315.	243	242	243	244		244	243	None	244	243	242	240	242		242	241	240	242	243	241	242	314, 315.
212	304	213	203	304	202	212	202	227		227	202	212	227	202		213			203	203	213	202	202	203	212	304
153	306	153	153	306	None	153	153	None		None	None	None	None	153	153	153	150		150	153	153	150	153	153	153	306
IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33	T50	IB8, IP3, T1, TP33	IB3, T4, TP1	150	IB1, T7, TP3, TP28	A3, A7, IB8, IP2, IP4, N34, T3, TP33	A7, IB2, N34, T7, TP2	2, B9, B14, B32, N12, N32, N34, T20, TP2, TP13, TP38, TP45		2, B9, B14, B32, IB9, T20, TP2, TP13, TP38, TP45	A3, IB2, N12, N32, N33, T7, TP2, TP13	A3, IB8, IP2, IP4, N12, N32, N33, N34, T3, TP2, TP13, TP33	2, B3, B8, B9, B14, B32, B77, N34, N43, T20, TP2, TP13, TP38, TP45	IB2. T7. TP2	IB8 IP2 IP4 T3 TP33	IB8, IP3, T1, TP33	B1, IB3, T2, TP1		B1, IB3, T2, TP1	IB3, T4, TP1	IB8, IP3, T1, TP33	IB2, T4, TP1	IB2, T7, TP2	IB3, T7, TP2	IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33	150
6.1	2.2	6.1	6.1	2.2	6.1, 8	6.1, 8	6.1, 8	6.1, 3, 8.		6.1, 3	6.1	6.1	6.1, 8	6.1		6.1	3		3	6.1	6.1	3	6.1	6.1	6.1	2.2
=		≡	=		=	=	=	_		_	=	=	_	=	=	=	≡		≡	≡	=	=	=	=	=	
6.1 UN3428	UN1021	UN1579	UN3410	UN1983	UN3250	UN1751	UN1750	UN1695		UN2668	UN3416	UN1697	UN1752	UN2019	11N2018	UN2233	UN1134		UN2234	UN2235	UN3427	UN1127	UN2669		UN3437	UN1974
6.1	2.2	6.1	6.1	2.2	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	Forbidden	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	9	6.1	က		က	6.1	6.1	ღ	6.1		6.1	2:2
3-Chloro-4-methylphenyl isocyanate, solid	1-Chloro-1,2,2,2- tetrafluoroethane <i>or</i> Refrig- erant gas R 124.	4-Chloro-o-toluidine hydro- chloride, solid,	4-Chloro-o-toluidine hydro- chloride, solution.	1-Chloro-2,2,2-trifluoroethane <i>or</i> Refrigerant gas R 133a.	Chloroacetic acid, molten	Chloroacetic acid, solid	Chloroacetic acid, solution	Chloroacetone, stabilized	Chloroacetone (unstabilized)	Chloroacetonitrile	Chloroacetophenone, liquid, (CN).	Chloroacetophenone, solid, (CN).	Chloroacetyl chloride	Chloroanilines. liquid		Chloroanisidines	Chlorobenzene	Chlorobenzol, see Chloro- benzene.	Chlorobenzotrifluorides	Chlorobenzyl chlorides, liquid	Chlorobenzyl chlorides, solid	Chlorobutanes	Chlorocresols solution		Chlorocresols, solid	Chlorodifluorobromomethane <i>or</i> Refrigerant gas R 12B1.

§ 172.101

§172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued

Hazard Identity Poc Lubel Special provisions Processing Processing of First Card Identity Poc Identity Poc Identity I				: "			8) . Z. 101 TAZARDOUS IMA IERIALS TABLE—COILINGED		(8)		(6)			(10)
Colored Numbers Colored Nu	Hazardous materials descrip-	crip-	Hazard	Identi-		lode	Succioivora leicean	<u>a</u> .«	ackaging		Quantity li	mitations	S	'essel owage
(3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (7) (8A) (8B) (BC) (9A) (9B) (10A)	tions and proper shipp names	ing	class or Division	fication Numbers	D D	Codes	(§ 172.102)	2			175.	3.27 and 75)	-630	
13								Excep- tions	Non Bulk	Bulk	Passenger aircraft/rail	Cargo air- craft only	tion	Other
LOUNG LINE BY LEATH THE LATH THE LEATH THE LEATH THE LEATH THE LEATH THE LEATH THE LATH	(2)		(3)	(4)	(2)	(9)	(7)	(8A)	(8B)	(8C)	(9A)	(9B)	(10A)	(10B)
2.2 UNIO108	Chlorodifluoromethane and chloropentafluoroethane mixture or Refrigerant gas R 502 with fixed boiling point, with approximately 49 percent chlorodifluoromethane	~ ~	2.2			2.2	150	306	:	314, 315.	75 kg	150 kg		
6.1 UN2232	Chlorodifluoromethane of frigerant gas R 22.	r Re-	2.2			2.2	T50	306	304	314,	75 kg	150 kg	⋖	
6.1 UNR232 I 6.1 UNR232 I 6.1 LOR232 I 6.1 LOR232 I 6.1 BB, IP2, IP4, T3, TP3, TP3, TP3 153 27 244 Forbidden Forbidden DODG A 6.1 UNI2232 II 6.1 FP2, IP13, TP3, TP3, TP3, TP3 153 202 243 1 30 A 6.1 UNI2742 II 6.1, 8 IB2, T7, TP2, TP13 153 202 243 1 30 A 6.1 UNI2745 II 6.1, 8 IB2, T7, TP2, TP13 153 202 243 1 30 A 6.1 UNIZ57 II 6.1, 8 IB2, T7, TP2, TP13 153 202 243 1 1 60 E 6.1 UNIZ57 II 6.1 IB2, T7, TP2, TP13 153 202 243 1 1 60 E 6.1 UNIZ57 II 6.1 IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 153 21	Chlorodinitrobenzenes, liquid	uid.	6.1		=		IB2, T7, TP2	153		243	2 F	7 09		91
6.1 UNE222 1 6.1 2, B9, B14, B32, T20, None None 227 244 Forbidden Porbidden D 6.1 UNISABB III 6.1, 8. F, B1, T7, TP2, 173 153 202 243 11 30L A 6.1 UNIZAZ II 6.1, 8 IB2, T3, TP2, TP13 153 202 243 11 30L A 6.1 UNIZAZ II 6.1, 8 IB2, T7, TP1, TP13 153 202 243 11 30L A 6.1 UNIZAZ II 6.1, 8 IB2, T7, TP1, TP13 153 202 243 11 60L A 6.1 UNIZAZ III 6.1 IB8, IP2, IP17, TP2 153 202 243 11 60L A 6.1 UNIZAZ III 6.1 IB8, IP2, IP4, TP1 153 202 243 11 60L A 6.1 UNIZAZ III 6.1 IB8, IP2, IP4, TP1 153	Chlorodinitrobenzenes, solid	 D	6.1	_	=		IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33	153	212	242	25 kg	100 kg		91
6.1 UNIZ742 II 61, 8, B. 183, N36, T7, TP2 153 202 243 1L 30L A 10. M2742 II 61, 8	2-Chloroethanal		6.1		_		2, B9, B14, B32, T20, TP2, TP13, TP38, TP45	None	227		Forbidden	Forbidden		40
6.1 UN2742 II 61, 8 5, IB1, T7, TP2 153 202 243 1L 30 L A 6.1 UN2745 II 61, 8 IB2, T7, TP2, TP13 153 202 243 1L 30 L A 6.1 UN2745 II 61, 8 IB2, T7, TP2, TP13 153 202 243 1L 30 L A 6.1 UN2745 II 61 IB8, IP2, IP4, TP1 TP2 153 202 243 11	Chloroform		6.1	UN1888	=	6.1	IB3, N36, T7, TP2	153	203	241	7 09	220 L		40
6.1 UN2277 II 6.1, 8 IB2, TR, TP2, TP13 153 202 243 1L 30 L A 6.1 UNZ354 II 6.1, 8 IB2, T7, TP1, TP13 153 202 243 1L 30 L A 6.1 UNZ354 II 6.1 IB8, IP2, T7, TP1, TP13 153 202 243 100 L 60 L A 6.1 UNX237 II 6.1 IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 153 242 256 L A 60 L A 6.1 UNX243 II 6.1 IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 153 242 256 L A <	Chloroformates, toxic, corrosive, flammable, n.o.s	rosive,	6.1	UN2742	=	6.1, 8, 3.	5, IB1, T7, TP2	153	202	243	11	30 L		12, 13, 21, 25, 40, 100
6.1 UN2237 III 6.1 IBB, IP2, T77, TP3 153 202 243 1L 60L E 6.1 UN2237 III 6.1 IBB, IP2, T77, TP1 TP3 150 202 243 100 kg A 6.1 UN23409 III 6.1 IBB, IP2, IP4, TP3 153 240 244 60L A 60L A 6.1 UN2409 III 6.1 IBB, IP2, IP4, TP3 153 242 242 25 kg 100 kg A 6.1 UN2433 III 6.1 IBB, IP2, IP4, TP3 153 242 242 25 kg 100 kg A 6.1 UN2403 III 6.1 IBB, IP2, IP4, TP3 153 240 314 25 kg 100 kg A 7.1	Chloroformates, toxic, corrosive, n.o.s	rosive,	6.1		=	6.1, 8	IB2, T8, TP2, TP13, TP28	153	202	243	1 L	30 L		12, 13, 25, 40
1 ONUSSA	Chloromethyl chloroformate	υ	6.1		=	6.1, 8	IB2, T7, TP2, TP13	153		243	1 L	30 L		12, 13, 21, 25, 40, 100
6.1 UNZ237 III 6.1 IB8, IP3, T1, TP33 153 240 100 kg A A A A A A A A A A A A A BB, IP3, T7, TP2 153 242 50 A A A A A A A A BB, IP3, T7, TP2 153 222 A A A A A BB, IP3, T7, TP2 153 222 242 50 L 220 L A A A A A A A A A A A BB, IP3, T7, TP3 153 221 242 50 L BB A A A A A A A A A A A A A BB, IP3, T7, TP3 IS3 BB	Chloromethyl ethyl ether		က		=		IB2, T7, TP1, TP13	150	202	243	7	90 F		40
6.1 UN2905 III 6.1 IB8, IP3, T1, TP3 153 242 255 kg 100 kg A 44,89,1C	Chloronitroanilines	7	6.1		==		IB8, IP3, T1, TP33	153	213	240	100 kg	200 kg		
6.1 UN2433 III 6.1 IB8, IP3,T1, TP33 153 241 60 L 220 L A 44,89,10 2.2 UN1020 2.2 2.2 2.3 2.4 2.3 2.4 2.5 kg 2.00 kg A 2.2 UN1020 III 8 1B8, IP3,T1, TP33 154 2.4 2.4 2.5 kg 150 kg A 2.2 UN1020 III 8 1B8, IP3,T1, TP33 154 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.5 kg 100 kg A 2.3 UN2905 III 8 1B8, IP3,T1, TP3 154 2.4 2.4 2.5 kg 100 kg A 2.4	Chloronitrobenzenes, solid		. 6		=		IB8. IP2. IP4. T3. TP33	153		242	25 kg	100 kg		
6.1 UN3457 III 6.1 IBB, IP3,T1, TP33 153 304 314, 75 kg 25 kg 200 kg A 75 kg 2.2 UN1020 32.2 UN1020 3.2 304 314, 75 kg 150 kg A 75 kg 2.2 UN1020 314, 75 kg 150 kg A 315	Chloronitrotoluenes, liquid		6.1		=	6.1	IB3, T4, TP1	153	203	241	60 Ľ	220 Ľ		89,
2.2 UNIZOR 2.2 TS 304 314, 314, 314, 314, 315 kg 75 kg 150 kg A	Chloronitrotoluenes, solid		6.1		=		IB8, IP3,T1, TP33	153	213	240	25 kg	200 kg		
6.1 UN2902 III 8 IB8, IP3, T1, TP33 154 213 240 55 kg 100 kg A	Chloropentafluoroethane or Refrigerant gas R 115.	or Re-	2.2				T50	306		314, 315.	75 kg	150 kg		
6.1 UNZ020 III 6.1 IB8, IP3, T1, TP3 154 213 240 25 kg 100 kg A	Chlorophenolates, liquid		80		=		IB3	154	203	241	2 L	7 09		
6.1 UN2021 III 6.1 IB8, IP3, T1, TP1, TP3 153 203 241 60 L 220 L A	Chlorophenolates, solid Phenolates, solid.		∞		=		IB8, IP3, T1, TP33	154	213	240	25 kg	100 kg		
8 UN1753 II 8 A7, B2, B6, N34, T10, None 206 242 Forbidden 30 L C	Chlorophenols, liquid		6.1		==	6.1	183, T4, TP1	153	203	241	60 L	220 L		
	Chlorophenyltrichlorosilane	0	- œ		=		A7, B2, B6, N34, T10, TP2, TP7	None	206		Forbidden	30 L		40

<u>ਨ</u> +	+ Chloropicrin	6.1	6.1 UN1580	=	6.1	2, B7, B9, B14, B32, B46, T22, TP2, TP13.	None	227	244	Forbidden	Forbidden	٥	40
	Chloronicrin and methyl bro-	0	1N1581		0	TP38, TP45	acci	103	314	T do chich	T C C	_	25.40
5	mide mixtures.	3.				2, D3, D14, N00, 130	 D	::	315			ב	23, 40
<u>ප</u>	Chloropicrin and methyl chloride	2.3	UN1582		2.3	2, N86, T50	None	193	245	Forbidden	Forbidden	۵	25, 40
5	mixtures. Chloropicrin mixture, flammable							:					
	(pressure not exceeding 14.7 psia at 115 degrees F flash												
	point below 100 degrees F) see Toxic liquids, flammable,												
ප	erc. Chloropicrin mixtures, n.o.s	6.1	UN1583	_	6.1	S	None	201	243	Forbidden	Forbidden	O	40
				= =		IB2	153	202	243	Forbidden	Forbidden	00	40
_ ნ	Chloropivaloyl chloride	6.1	NA9263	= -	6.1, 8	2, B9, B14, B32, T20,	None	227	244	Forbidden	Forbidden	<u>م</u> د	5 4
	rico ciuitola con de	0	LINDE07	=		TP4, TP13, TP38, TP45	15.4	010	040	27 40	00	<	
ာ ပ်	Chloroprene, stabilized	ი ო		=	3, 6.1	B57, T14, TP2, TP13	None	201	243	Forbidden	30 L	(🗅	40
δ	Chloroprene, uninhibited	Forbidden							:				
<u>~</u>	1-Chloropropane	က		=	3	IB2, IP8, N34, T7, TP2	None	202	242	Forbidden	7 09		
٠ ږ د	2-Chloropropane	e i			e .	N36, T11, TP2, TP13	150	201	243	1 - C	30 L		
, d	3-Cnioropropanol-1	۰. م	UN2849	= =		IB3, I4, IP1	153	503	241	90 L	750 L		
7	2-Chloropropionic acid	ο დ		=	ο ω	IB3. T4. TP2	154	203	241	2 - 2	7 09 7 09		00
5	2-Chloropyridine	6.1			6.1	IB2, T7, TP2	153	202	243	2 F	7 09	< <	40
ਠ	Chlorosilanes, corrosive, flam-	80	NN2986	=	8, 3 .:	T14, TP2, TP7, TP13,	None	206	243	Forbidden	30 L		40
⁻ පි	mable, n.o.s. Chlorosilanes, corrosive, n.o.s	80	UN2987	=	8	IP27 B2, T14, TP2, TP7,	None	206	242	Forbidden	30 L	O	40
						TP13, TP27							
ξ,	Chlorosilanes, flammable, corro-	က	UN2985	=	:: & (r)	T14, TP2, TP7, TP13,	None	206	243	7	2 L	മ	40
ී ජි ල	Chlorosilanes, toxic, corrosive,	6.1	UN3362	=	6.1, 3,	T14, TP2, TP7, TP13,	None	206	243	1	30 L	O	40, 125
	flammable, n.o.s.			_	ω,	TP27	:			;		(Ş
5 -	niorosilanes, toxic, corrosive,	.0	UN3361	=	6.1, 8	114, IP2, IP7, IP13, TP27	None	306	243		30 L	ی	04
ర్	Chlorosilanes, water-reactive,	4.3	UN2988	_	4.3, 3,	A2, T14, TP2, TP7,	None	201	244	Forbidden	7	۵	21, 28, 40,
	flammable, corrosive, n.o.s.	a	1 IN1 75.4	_	ω. α τ	TP13	Ou Cl	700	777	T COCIC	T C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	C	49, 100
	without sulfur trioxide).	0		-	- 5	T20, TP2, TP38, TP45	2	::	:)	}
ర్	Chlorotoluenes	က	_	=	3	B1, IB3, T2, TP1	150		242	7 09	220 L		
ර් ර්	Chlorotoluidines, liquid	6.1	UN3429	==	6.1	IB3, T4, TP1	153	203	241	60 L	220 L	∢ <	
ာ င်	Chlorotrifluoromethane and	2.2			22	5	306		314,	75 kg	150 kg		
_	trifluoromethane azeotropic								315.)	•		
_	mixture or Refrigerant gas R												
_	oos wiin approximately oo percent				_								
_	chlorotrifluoromethane.		_	_	_					_			

§172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued

								(8)		(6)			(10)
ğ	Hazardous materials descrip-	Hazard	Identi-		ode	Section Sectio	۵۳	Packaging		Quantity limitations	mitations	SI	stowage
bols	tions and proper shipping names	class or Division	fication Numbers	PG	Codes	(§ 172.102)	۔ ا			175.	3.27 and 75)	-	
							Excep- tions	Non- bulk	Bulk	Passenger aircraft/rail	Cargo air- craft only	tion	Other
£	(2)	(3)	(4)	(2)	(9)	(2)	(8A)	(8B)	(8C)	(9A)	(BB)	(10A)	(10B)
	Chlorotrifluoromethane or Re-	2.2	UN1022		2.2		306	304	314,	75 kg	150 kg	∢	
	Chromic acid solution	80	UN1755	=	8	B2, IB2, T8, TP2	154	202	242	11	30 L	O	40, 44, 89,
				=		IB3, T4, TP1	154	203	241	2 F	7 09	O	40, 44, 89, 100, 141
	Chromic anhydride, see Chromium trioxide anhydrous												
	Chromic fluoride, solid	80	UN1756	=	 &	IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33	154	212	240	15 kg	50 kg	∢	25
	Chromic fluoride, solution	∞	UN1757	= =	ω α	B2, IB2, T7, TP2 IB3 T4 TP1	154	202	242	- v	30 L		
	Chromium nitrate	5.1	UN2720	=		A1, A29, IB8, IP3, T1,	152	213	240	25 kg	100 kg		
	Chromium oxychloride	80	UN1758	_	 80	A3, A6, A7, B10, N34,	None	201	243	0.5 L	2.5 L	O	40, 66, 74,
	Chromium trioxide, anhydrous	5.1	UN1463	=	5.1,	=	None	212	242	5 kg	25 kg	٧	08, 90 96, 90
	Chromosulfuric acid	ω	UN2240	_	88 89.	A3, A6, A7, B4, B6, N34, T10, TP2, TP13	None	201	243	0.5L	2.5L	В	40, 66, 74,
	Chromyl chloride, see Chromium oxychloride												
	Cigar and cigarette lighters, charged with fuel, see Light-												
	ers or Lighter retills containing flammable gas Coal briquettes, hot	Forbidden 2.3	den 2.3 UN1023		2.3,	М	None	302	314,	Forbidden	Forbidden	۵	40
	Coal tar distillates, flammable	ю	UN1136	= =		IB2, T4, TP1	150	202	242	5 L	90 L	В 4	
	Coal tar dye, corrosive, liquid n.o.s, see Dyes, liquid or solid, n.o.s, or Dye intermediates, liquid or solid, corrosive, n.o.s.)			: :					

												40	40	40			40	40	40		40	40
30 L	60 L B		100 kg				Forbidden 11	75 kg 06	100 kg 05	Forbidden 11		2.5 L B	30 L B		30 L 60 L B		2.5 L B	30 L B	60 L A 30 L E	60 L B 220 L A	30 L B	60 L B 220 L A
	2 L	1 09	25 kg	So kg			Forbidden	Forbidden	25 kg	Forbidden		0.5 L	11	2 F	— <u>«</u>	9 C	0.5 L	1	1 L	9 T 9 P 9 P 9 P 9 P 9 P 9 P 9 P 9 P 9 P	11	9 T P
243	242	242	240			24	None	None	None	None		243	242	241	243		243	242	243	242	243	243
201	202	203	213	 		203	62	62	62	62		201	202	203	201	203	201	202	203	202 203	201	202 203
150	150	150	151			150	None	None	None	None		None	154	154	150	150	None	154	154	150	None	153
T11, TP1, TP8, TP27	149, IB2, T4, TP1, TP8	B1, IB3, T2, TP1	A19, IB8, IP3, T1, TP33	A1, A19, IBO, 11, 1F33		IB3, T1, T4, TP1						A7, B10, T14, TP2,	1P2/ B2, IB2, N37, T11, TP2,	IB3, N37, T7, TP1, TP28	T11, TP1	B1, B52, IB3, T4, TP1,	1P29 A7, B10, T14, TP2, TP27	B2, IB2, N37, T11, TP2,	IB3, N37, T7, TP1, TP28	IB2, T7, TP1, TP8, TP28 B1, B52, IB3, T4, TP1,	1729 T14, TP2, TP13, TP27	IB2, T11, TP2, TP27 153 202
 6	3			4: :			1.2B	1.4B	1.48	1.18		 80	 80		ကက		8	 &	8 E	 ღ ღ	6.1	= = 6.1
	=	=	==	=		=	=	=	=			_	=	=	_ =	==	_	=	≡ -	==	_	==
UN1139			UN2001	01210		NA1993	UN0382	UN0383	UN0384	UN0461		NA1760			NA1993		NA1760		NA1993		NA2810	
က			4.4	4.4	Forbidden	Comb liq	1.2B	1.4B	1.48	1.1B		80			m		80		ε		6.1	
Coating solution (includes surface treatments or coatings used for industrial or other purposes such as vehicle undercoating, drum or barrel linding.	g).		Cobalt naphthenates, powder	Coball resinate, precipitated	Collodion see Nitrocellulose etc	G Combustible liquid, n.o.s.	G Components, explosive train,	n.o.s. Composition B, see Hexolite,	G Compounds, cleaning liquid			G Compounds, cleaning liquid		G Compounds, tree killing, liquid or Compounds, weed killing, liquid		G Compounds, tree killing, liquid	liquid.	G Compounds, tree killing, liquid or Compounds, weed killing,	Ilquid.			
															Ω		۵		۵			

§172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued

						4			40	9	40	40	17, 40	17, 40	17, 40	17, 40	9	9
	(10)	stowage		Other	(10B)								17	17	17	17		
		ω.	-630	tion	(10A)	۵	⋖	۵	۵	۵	۵	۵	۵	۵	Ω	Ω	۵	Ω
	(mitations	75)	Cargo air- craft only	(BB)	150 kg	150 kg	150 kg	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden
	(6)	Quantity limitations	175.	Passenger aircraft/rail	(9A)	Forbidden	75 kg	75 kg	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden
				Bulk	(8C)	314, 315.	314, 315.	က	245	314, 315.	314, 315.	314, 315.	245	314, 315.	314, 315.	314, 315.	245	314, 315.
COLUMBACA	(8)	Packaging		Non bulk	(8B)	302,	302,	302	192	302, 305.	302, 305.	302, 305.	192	302, 305.	302, 305.	302, 305.	192	302, 305.
		P,		Excep- tions	(8A)	306	306, 307	306	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None
S 172.101 HAZANDOOS MATENIALS TABLE		ordinium laione	(§ 172.102)		(2)			A14	-	2, B9, B14	3, B14	4	-	2, B9, B14	3, B14	4	-	2, B9, B14
מאלא ו		9	Codes		(9)	2.1	2.2	2.2,	2.3, 8	2.3, 8	2.3, 8	2.3, 8	2.3, 2.1, 8.	2.3, 2.1, 8.	2.3, 2.1, 8.	2.3, 2.1, 8.	2.3, 2.1.	2.3,
2			PG		(5)													
20		Identi-	fication Numbers		(4)	UN1954	UN1956	UN3156	UN3304	UN3304	UN3304	UN3304	UN3305	UN3305	UN3305	UN3305	UN1953	2.3 UN1953
		Hazard	class or Division		(3)	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3
		Hazardous materials descrip-	tions and proper shipping names		(2)	Compressed gas, flammable, n.o.s	Compressed gas, n.o.s	Compressed gas, oxidizing,	ŏ	ŏ	Compressed gas, toxic, corrosive, n.o.s. Inhalation Hazard Zone C.	ŏ	Compressed gas, toxic, flammable, corrosive, n.o.s. Inhalation Hazard Zone A.	Compressed gas, toxic, flammable, corrosive, n.o.s. Inhalation Hazard Zone B.	Compressed gas, toxic, flammable, corrosive, n.o.s. Inhalation Hazard Zone C.	ပိ	Compressed gas, toxic, flammable, n.o.s. Inhalation hazard Zone A.	Compressed gas, toxic, flammable, n.o.s. Inhalation hazard Zone B
		ě	bols		Ξ	Ø	ڻ	G	5	<u>_</u>	<u>_</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>_</u>	<u>_</u>	<u>_</u>	<u>_</u>	Q	Ø

40	40	40	40	40	40	40, 89, 90	40, 89, 90	40, 89, 90	40, 89, 90	40	40	40	40			8E, 14E, 15E, 17E	8E, 14E, 15E, 17E	
٥	۵	۵	۵	۵	۵	۵	۵	۵	۵	۵	۵	۵	۵	4		80	80	4
Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	30 kg	gross 30 kg	gross	Forbidden	100 kg
Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	30 kg	gross 30 kg	gross	Forbidden	25 kg
314, 315.	314, 315.	245	314,	က	က	CA	314, 315.	314, 315.	314, 315.	245	314, 315.	314, 315.	314, 315.	None	None	None	None	242
302, 305.	302, 305.	761	302,	302,	302,	192	302, 305.	302, 305.	302, 305.	192	302, 305.	302, 305.	302, 305.	156,	306. 167	62	62	212
None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	156, 306	167	None	None	153
3, B14	4	-	2, B9, B14	3, B14	4	-	2, B9, B14	3, B14	4	-	2, B9, B14	3, B14	4					IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33
2.3,	2.3,	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3, 5.1,	2.3, 5.1,	2.3, 5.1,	2.3, 5.1,	2.3, 5.1.	2.3, 5.1.	2.3, 5.1.	2.3, 5.1.	None	6	1.2L	II 1.3L	6.1
														:		=	=	=
UN1953	UN1953	UN1955	UN1955	UN1955	UN1955	UN3306	0N3306	UN3306	UN3306	UN3303	UN3303	UN3303	UN3303		ID8000	UN0248	UN0249	UN1585
2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	ORM-D	6	1.2L	1.3L	6.1 Forbidden
G Compressed gas, toxic, flammable, n.o.s. <i>Inhalation Hazard Zone C</i>	G Compressed gas, toxic, flammon male, n.o.s. Inhalation Haz-	G Compressed gas, toxic, n.o.s.	Compressed gas, toxic, oxdizing, corrosive, n.o.s. In-	Indiation Hazard Zone A. Compressed gas, toxic, oxidizing, corrosive, n.o.s. Inha-	Compressed gas, toxic, oxidizing, corrosive, n.o.s. Inha-	lation Hazard Zone C. Compressed gas, toxic, oxidizing, corrosive, n.o.s. Inha-	G Compressed gas, toxic, oxidizing, n.o.s. Inhalation Haz-	G Compressed gas, toxic, oxidizing, n.o.s. Inhalation Haz-	G Compressed gas, toxic, oxidizing, n.o.s. Inhalation Haz-	G Compressed gas, toxic, oxidizing, n.o.s. Inhalation Hazdard Zong D	D Consumer commodity	Consumer commodity	G Contrivances, water-activated, with burster, expelling charge	or propelling charge. G Contrivances, water-activated, with burster, expelling charge.	or propelling charge. Copper acetoarsenite			

§172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued

			40	04 4 04 4 04 4	40 40 40, 52	40, 52 40, 52 40, 52	40, 52 40, 52	25, 40	25, 40 40	40 40 89	88 40	40		
20	90	90	В	B & B	m ∢ m	m < m	m < O	۵٥	Om	m < O	Om	ю ю ш	ша	ВФ
Forbidden	75 kg	75 kg	2.5 L	30 L 60 L 2.5 L	30 L 60 L 2.5 L	30 L 60 L 2.5 L	30 L 60 L 2.5 L	30 L 2.5 L	30 L 2.5 L	30 L 60 L 2.5 L	30 L 2.5 L	30 L 60 L 1 L	5 L 25 kg	50 kg
Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	0.5 L	1 L 5 L 0.5 L	1L 5L 0.5L	1 L 5 L 0.5 L	1 L 5 L 0.5 L	1 L 0.5 L	1 L 0.5 L	1 L 5 L Forbidden	1 L 0.5 L	1 L 5 L Forbidden	1 kg	15 kg
None	None	None	243	242 241 243	242 241 243	242 241 243	242 241 243	242 243	243	242 241 243	243	243 241 243	243	240
95	62	62	201	202 203 201	202 203 201	202 203 201	202 203 201	202	202 201	202 203 201	202 201	202 203 201	202 211	212
None	None	None	None	154 154 None	154 154 None	154 154	154 154 None	154 None	None	154 154	None	154 154 None	None	154
			A6, B10, T14, TP2,	B2, IB2, T11, TP2, TP27 IB3, T7, TP1, TP28 A6, B10, T14, TP2,	B2, IB2, T11, TP2, TP27 IB3, T7, TP1, TP28 A6, T14, TP2, TP27	B2, IB2, T11, TP2, TP27 IB3, T7, TP1, TP28 A6, B10, T14, TP2,	B2, IB2, T11, TP2, TP27 IB3, T7, TP1, TP28 A6, B10	B2, IB1 A6, B10, T14, TP2,	1P27 B2, IB2, T11, TP2, TP27 A6, A7, B10, T14, TP2, TP37	B2, IB2, T11, TP2, TP27 IB3, T7, TP1, TP28 A6, A7	A6, A7, B10, T14, TP2,	B3, IB2, T7, TP2 IB3, T7, TP1, TP28 A6, A7	A6, A7 IB7, IP1, T6, TP33	IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33
1.1D	II 1.4D	1.4G	80		ω ω ω	ω ω ω	8 8 8.	8, 4.2 8, 3	8, 3	8 8, 5.1	8, 5.1	8, 6.1 8, 6.1 8, 4.3	8, 4.3	ω α
=	=	=	-	==-	==-	==-	==-	=-	= -	==-	= -	= = -	= -	= =
1.1D UN0290	UN0104	0N0066	UN3264	UN3265	UN3266	UN3267	UN3301	UN2920	UN1760	UN3093	UN2922	UN3094	UN3260	
1.1D	1.4D	1.4G	8	ω		8		8	8	ω	. 80	ω	8	
Cord, detonating or Fuse, deto-	Cord, detonating, mild effect or Fuse, detonating, mild effect	metal ciad. Cord, igniter	Cordite, see Powder, smokeless Corrosive liquid, acidic, inor-	ganic, n.o.s. Corrosive liquid, acidic, organic,	Corrosive liquid, basic, inor-	Gorrosive liquid, basic, organic,	Corrosive liquid, self-heating,	Corrosive liquids, flammable,	n.o.s Corrosive liquids, n.o.s.	Gorrosive liquids, oxidizing,	Corrosive liquids, toxic, n.o.s	Corrosive liquids, water-reac-	Corrosive solid, acidic, inor-	galle, 1.0.5.

§172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued

				=	3, 6.1	IB2, T11, TP2, TP13,	150	202	243	11	7 09		40
	Coumarin derivative pesticides,	6.1	UN3026	_	6.1	T14, TP2, TP13, TP27	None	201	243	11	30 L	В	40
	Ilquid, toxic.			= =	6.1	IB2, T11, TP2, TP27	153	202	243	5 L	7 09 C	m <	94 6
	Coumarin derivative pesticides, liquid, toxic, flammable, flash point not less than 23 de-	6.1	UN3025	=	6.1, 3	T14, TP2, TP13, TP27	None	201	243	9 - -		r m	9 4
	grees C.			=	6.1, 3	IB2, T11, TP2, TP13,	153	202	243	5 L	7 09		40
	Coumarin derivative pesticides,	6.1	UN3027	= -	6.1, 3	TP27 B1, IB3, T7, TP1, TP28 IB7, IP1, T6, TP33	153 None	203 211	242 242	60 L 5 kg	220 L 50 kg	44	40
				= =	6.1	IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33	153	212		25 kg	100 kg	4 <	9 6
	Cresols, liquid	6.1	UN2076	= =	6.1, 8	IB2, IP2, 11, 1F33 IB2, IP2, IP4, T7, TP2	153	202	243	100 kg		: < @ :	4
	Cresols, solid	9. 9	UN3455	==	6.1,8	IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 IB2, T7, TP2, TP13	153	212 202 303	242	15 kg	50 kg		
	Crotonaldehyde ctabilized or	6.1	UN1143	-	6.1, 3	2, 175, B9, B14, B32,	None	227	244	Forbidden		: 	4
	Oloudaidenyde, stabilized.			;		TP38, TP45			:				!
	Crotonic acid, liquid	∞ α	UN3472	==	 	IB8, T1	154	203 213	241	5 L 25 kg	100 kg	۷ ۵	5i 5
	Crotonylene	က	UN1144	-	· ε	:	150	201	243			:	!
	Cupriethylenediamine solution	80	UN1761	= :	8, 6.1	IB2, T7, TP2	154	202	243	- :	30 F		č
	Cutters, cable, explosive	1.48	UN0070	=	8, 6.1 1.4S	153, 17, 1P1, 1P28	154 None	203 62	62	5 L 25 kg		05	S :
	Cyanide or cyanide mixtures, dy, see Cyanides, inorganic,									' !	' !	•	
Q	solid, n.o.s Cyanide solutions, n.o.s	6.1	UN1935	-	6.1	B37, T14, TP2, TP13,	None	201	243	1 L	30 L	В.	40, 52
				=	6.1	1P2/ 1B2, T11, TP2, TP13, TP37	153	202	243	2 F	7 09	<	40, 52
				=	6.1	152, 1B3, T7, TP2, TP13, TP29	153	203	241	7 09	220 L	⋖	40, 52
	Cyanides, inorganic, solid,	6.1	UN1588	-	6.1	1528 1B7, 1P1, N74, N75, T6, TP33	None	211	242	5 kg	50 kg	<	52
	II.O.S			=	6.1	IP33 IB8, IP2, IP4, N74, N75,	153	212	242	25 kg	100 kg	<	52
				=	6.1	13, 1P3, 1P4, 1P5, T1, TP33	153	213	240	100 kg	200 kg	<	52
	Cyanogen	2.3	UN1026		2.3,	2	None	304	245	Forbidden	Forbidden	٥	40
	Cyanogen bromide	6.1	UN1889	_	6.1, 8	A6, A8, T6, TP33	None	211	242	1 kg	15 kg		04 6
	Cyanuric chloride	Forbidden	UN2670	=	, ω	IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33	None	212	240	15 kg			12, 40

§ 172.101

(10) Vessel stowage

§172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued

Symbols

 $\widehat{\Xi}$

Other

Location (10B)

(10A)

220 L 30 L 30 L 220 L 60 L 60 L 60 L 60 L 60 L 30 L 220 L Forbidden 30 L 150 kg Cargo air-craft only Quantity limitations (see §§ 173.27 and 175.75) (9B) 6) 60 L 5 L 1 L 5 L 60 L 5 L Forbidden 60 L 1 L Forbidden Passenger aircraft/rail 60 L Forbidden Forbidden (9A) 1 1 111 (8C) 314, 31 243 242 243 242 242 242 242 242 242 242 242 242 242 244 Packaging (§ 173.***) 1111111 : : : : : : Non-bulk (8B) 202 202 202 203 203 203 206 206 203 202 206 8 304 202 203 Excep-tions (8A) 150 None . None . 153 ... 150 ... 150 ... 150 ... 150 ... 306 153 E1, B3, T2, TP13 2, B9, B14, B32, B77, T20, TP2, TP1 TP45 B1, B3, T2, TP1 B2, T7 TP2 A7, B2, N34, T10, TP2 TP7, TP2 IB1, T7, TP2, TP13 Special provisions (§ 172.102) 6 Label Codes . ი 6.1, 8, 3. 6.1, 3 6.1 9 2.1 ကတ်ထ ====== = -PG 2 Identi-fication Numbers UN2518 UN2241 UN2242 UN1242 UN1145 UN1915 UN2256 UN2243 UN2488 UN3054 UN2357 UN1763 UN2744 . NV260 4 6.1 2.1 6.1 က ထ ထ Hazard class or Division (3) oyociotetramethyleneletranitramine mixtures, wetted or desensitized see RDX and HMX mixtures, wetted or desensitized etc.
Oyociote and HMX mixtures, wetted or desensitized see RDX and HMX mixtures, wetted or desensitized etc.
Oyociote and oxogen mixtures, wetted or desensitized see RDX and HMX mixtures, wetted or desensitized see RDX and HMX mixtures, wetted or desensitized see RDX and HMX mixtures, wetted or desensitized see Cyclotifie, see Hazardous materials descriptions and proper shipping names 15.9-Cyclododecatriene Cycloheptariene Cycloheptariene Cycloheptariene Cycloheptariene Cyclohexane Cyclohexane Cyclohexane Cyclohexane Cyclohexene Cyclohexene Cyclohexene Cyclohexeny Itrichlorosilane ... Cyclohexyl mercaptan Cyclohexylamine Cyclohexyltrichlorosilane . Cyclobutyl chloroformate Cyclohexyl acetate Cyclohexyl isocyanate 8 Cyclobutane Cyclonite

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12, 25, 8

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		40						
	∢ ш ш	4 4 11 11	01	10				10
	220 L 60 L 60 L	220 L 220 L 60 L 150 kg	Forbidden	Forbidden				Forbidden
	60 L 5 L 5 L	60 L 60 L 5 L Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden				Forbidden
	242 242 242	242 242 242 314,	None	None				None
	202	203 202 304		29				62
	150 150	150 150 150	None	None				None
	B1, B3, T2, TP1 B2, T4, TP1 B2, T7, TP1	B1, IB3, T2, TP1 B1, IB3, T2, TP1 IB2, IP8, T7, TP2 T50						
	 	2.1	1.10	1.1D				1.1D :
	≡==	≡≡= ;	=	=				=
	UN2520 UN2358 UN1146	UN2244 UN2245 UN2246 UN1027	UN0484	UN0226				1.1D UN0483
	се		Forbidden 1.1D	1.10				1.1
Cyclooctadiene phosphines, see 9-Phosphabicyclononanes.	Cyclooctadienes	Cyclopentanone Cyclopentanone Cyclopentene Cyclopropane	Cyclotetramethylene tetranitramine (dry or urphlegratized) (HMX). Cyclotetramethylenetetranitramine desensitized or Octogen, desensitized or HMX, desensitized or HMX, desen-	Cyclotramethylenetetranitramine, wetted or Octogen, wetted with not less than 15 percent water, by	mass. Cyclorimethylenenitramine and octogen, mixtures, wetted or desensitized see RDX and HMX mixtures, wetted or desensitized are	Cyclorimatory, acc. Cyclorimathylenetrintramine and cycloretramethylenetetranitra- mine mixtures, wetted or de- sensitized see RDX and HMX mixtures, wetted or desen-	sitized efc. Cyclotrimethylenetrinitramine and HMX mixtures, wetted or desensitized see RDX and HMX mixtures, wetted or de-	Sensitized ex. Cyclotimethylenerinitramine, desensitized or Cyclonite, desensitized or Haxogen, desensitized or RDX, desensitized.

§172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued

			: •		l								
								(8)		(6)			(10)
Ę,	Hazardous materials descrip-	Hazard	Identi-		o de	Special provisions	<u>a</u> .«	Packaging		Quantity limitations	mitations	st S	stowage
bols	tions and proper shipping names	class or Division	fication Numbers	a a	Codes	(§ 172.102)		5		175.	75)		
							Excep- tions	Non- bulk	Bulk	Passenger aircraft/rail	Cargo air- craft only	tion	Other
Ē	(2)	(3)	(4)	(2)	(9)	(2)	(8A)	(8B)	(8C)	(A6)	(9B)	(10A)	(10B)
	Cyclotrimethylenetrinitramine,	1.1D	UN0072	=	1.1D		None	62	None	Forbidden	Forbidden	10	
	Wetted of Cyclonite, wetted of Hexogen, wetted or RDX, wetted with not less than 15												
	percent water by mass.												
	Cymenes	ო თ	UN2046 UN3363	≡ ;	e :	B1, IB3, T2, TP1 136, A105	150 None	203 222 ::	242 None	60 L See A105	220 L See A105	4 4	
	or Dangerous Goods in Appa-												
	Decaborane	4.1	UN1868	=	4.1,	A19, A20, IB6, IP2, T3,	None	212	None	Forbidden	50 kg	⋖	74
	Decahydronaphthalene	ო	UN1147	≡	3 6.1.	B1, IB3, T2, TP1	150	203	242	7 09	220 L	⋖	
	n-Decane	e C	UN2247	==	3	B1, IB3, T2, TP1	150	203	242	60 L Forbidden	220 L Forhidden	⋖ ♀	ц
	matic nitroderivatives, n.o.s	5	2610010	=	: :		 D		<u> </u>			2	20
	Delay electric igniter, see Ignit-							i					
	ers. Denatured alcohol	n	NA1987	=	 8	172, T8	150	202	242	2 F	P 09	В	
				=		172, B1, T7	150		242	7 09	220 L	⋖	
	Depth charges, see Charges, depth.							:	:				
U		ю	0N3379	_	3	164	None	201	None	Forbidden	Forbidden	۵	36
g	n.o.s Desensitized explosive, solid,	4.1	UN3380	_	4.1	164	None	211	None	Forbidden	Forbidden	۵	28, 36
	Detonating relays, see Deto-												
	Detonator assemblies, non-elec-	1.18	UN0360	=	1.18		None	62	None	Forbidden	Forbidden	=	
	tric <i>for brasting.</i> Detonator assemblies, non-elec-	1.4B	UN0361	=	1.48	103	63(f),	62	None	Forbidden	75 kg	90	
	tric, for blasting.						63(g).						
	Detonator assemblies, non-elec-	1.4S	UN0500	=	1.4S	347	63(f), 63(g)	62	None	25 kg	100 kg	92	
	Detonators, electric, for blasting	1.18	UN0030	=	1.18		63(f),	62	None	Forbidden	Forbidden	Ξ	
	Detonators, electric, for blasting	1.4B	UN0255	=	1.48	103	63(f),	62	None	Forbidden	75 kg	90	
	_	_			_	_	o2(g).		_	_	_	-	

								40	40																			
90	Ξ;	= 8	S 5	=	90	ų	o O	ш	В		⋖			⋖								Ф						м «
100 kg	Forbidden	Forbidaen	7.5 kg	Forbidden	75 kg	00	9 OO	150 kg	15 kg		220 L			30 L								90 F						60 L 220 L
25 kg	Forbidden	Forbidaen	Porbladen 25 kg	Forbidden	Forbidden	2	DY C.7	Forbidden	1 kg		7 09			11								5 L						9 F
None	None	None	None	None	None		None	None	None		242			243								242	:			:		242 242
62	62			62	62			302	304	-	203	i	•	202	i	•						202	:		-	:	:	202 203
63(f), 63(a).	None	None	None	None	63(f),	63(g).	63(g).	306	306		150			None								150	:					150
347			347		103	170	740	68N			B1, IB3, T4, TP1			IB2, T7, TP2								IB2, T4, TP1						B2, T4, TP1 B1, B3, T2, TP1
1.48	1.18	: 42	1.45 1.45 1.45 1.45	1.18	1.4B	0	4. V	2.1	2.1	-	3, 6.1		•	8, 3		•						e				:		
=	= =		= =	=	=	=					=			=								=						= =
UN0456	UN0073	UN0364		_	UN0267		OIN0455	UN1957	UN3150		UN2841			UN2248								UN2372						UN1148
1.48	1.18	1.28	145	1.18	1.48	,	 04.	2.1	2.1	-	က	Forbidden		80	Forbidden		Forbidden	Forbidden			Forbidden	ო		Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	ဇ
Detonators, electric for blasting	Detonators for ammunition	Detonators for ammunition	Detonators for ammunition	Detonators, non-electric, for	Detonators, non-electric, for		Detonators, non-electric <i>for</i> blasting.	Deuterium, compressed	Devices, small, hydrocarbon	gas powered or Hydrocarbon gas refills for small devices with release device.	Di-n-amylamine	Di-n-butyl peroxydicarbonate, with more than 52 percent in	solution.	Di-n-butylamine	2,2-Di-(tert-butylperoxy) butane,	solution.	Di-(tert-buty/peroxy) phthalate, with more than 55 percent in	2.2-Di-(4.4-di-tert-	butylperoxycyclohexyl) pro- pane, with more than 42 per-	cent with inert solid.	Di-2,4-dichlorobenzoyl peroxide, with more than 75 percent	with water. 1,2-Di-(dimethylamino)ethane	Di-2-ethylhexyl phosphoric acid,	Di-(1-hydroxytetrazole) (dry)	Di-(1-naphthoyl) peroxide	a,a'-Di-(nitroxy) methylether	Di-(beta-nitroxyethyl) ammo- nium nitrate.	Diacetone alcohol3

§172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued

						_		
(10)	Vessel) D S	Other	(10B)	21, 40, 100	4	40, 57	40, 57
	<i>></i> t		Loca- tion	(10A)	B m 4 C	O	۵	_
	mitations	3.27 and 75)	Cargo air- craft only	(ae)	5 L 60 L 200 kg	30 L	Forbidden	Forbidden
(6)	il vijantity	(see §§ 173.27 and 175.75)	Passenger aircraft/rail	(9A)	1 L 100 kg	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden
			Bulk	(8C)	243 240 None	242	None	245
nanuli	(o)	(§173.***)	Non- bulk	(8B)	202	206	302	302
	Ä	(S) -	Excep- tions	(8A)	150	154	None	5 None 302 245
3 172.101 DAZAHDOUS IMATEHIALS TABLE—CONNITIUED	•	Special provisions (§172.102)		(2)	IB2, N12, T7, TP1 IB2, N3, T7, TP1, TP13 IB8, IP3, T1, TP33	B2, T10, TP2, TP7,	TP13	5
TAZAH 		Label Codes		(9)	3, 6.1, 8, 8, 8, 1, 6, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,	 &	2.3,	2.1
2		PG		(2)	= = = =	=		2.1.
8	:	Identi- fication Numbers)))	(4)	UN2369 UN2360 UN2661	UN2434	2.3 UN1911	2.1 NA1911
	:	Hazard class or Division		(3)	Forbidden	8	2.3	2.1
		Hazardous materials descrip- tions and proper shipping names		(2)	Diacetone alcohol peroxides, with more than 57 percent in solution with more than 9 percent in solution with more than 9 percent hydrogen peroxide, less than 26 percent diacetone alcohol and less than 9 percent by mass. Diacety, see Butanedione	with water. Dibenzyldichlorosilane	Diborane	D Diborane mixtures
		Sym- bols		(1)				

40		12, 40, 74		40 40		40	40		13	25, 40, 48
60 L B 60 L A 220 L A 220 L A	220 L A 220 L A 220 L A 220 L A		30 T 08	60 L 100 kg A 220 L A		150 kg A Forbidden	80 L B	60 L B 150 kg A	25 kg A	60 L B 220 L A 220 L A 100 kg B 30 L C
5 L 60 L 100 L	7 09 7 09 7 09	5 L Forbidden	, -	5 L 25 kg 60 L	5 L 75 kg	75 kg Forbidden	5 L	5 L 75 kg	5 kg	5 L 60 L 60 L 25 kg Forbidden
243 243 241	241 242 241	243 244 242	242	243 242 241		314, 315. 243	242	242 314,	ã	243 241 242 242
202	203 203	202	202	202 212 203	202 304	304	202	202	212	202 203 203 212 206
153 153 153 155	153 150 153	153 None 154	154	153 153 153	306	306	150	150	152	153 153 150 153
182, 77, TP2 183, 74, TP1 111, TP2	183, T4, TP1 B1, 183, T2, TP1 183, T4, TP1	182, T7, TP2 2, B9, B14, B32, T20, TP4, TP13, TP38, TP45 A3, A6, A7, B2, B2, B3, B4, B2, B2, B2, B2, B2, B2, B2, B2, B2, B2	A3, A6, A7, B2, B6, IB2, N34, T7, TP2	1B2, T7, TP2 1B8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 1B3, T4, TP1	IB2, N33, N34, 77, TP2 T50	T50	IB2, T4, TP1	IB2, T7, TP2 T50	28, IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33	IB3, IP8, N36, T7, TP2 IB3, IP8, N36, T7, TP2 B1, IB3, T2, TP1 IB8, IP3, TP3 A7, B2, B6, N34, T10, TP2, TP7, TP13
6.1 6.1 None	6.1	:	ω ω	6 6.1		2.2	<u></u>	3.2	5.1	8 6.1
====	≡≡≡	=- = =	=	===	= ;		=	= ;	=	====
UN2648 UN2872 UN1941	UN2664 UN1149 UN2873	UN2650 NA9264 UN1764	UN1765	UN1590 UN3442 UN1591	UN1916 UN2602	UN1028 UN2249	UN2362	UN1150 UN1029	UN2465	UN2490 UN1593 UN1152 UN2250 UN1766
Forbidden 6.1 6.1	6.1 3 6.1 Forbidden	6.0 1.1. 8 4	Forbidden 8	6.1	6.1	2.2	3	Forbidden 3	5.1	1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0
Dibromoacetylene 1,2-Dibromobutan-3-one Dibromochloropropane A Dibromodifluoromethane, 7,2-Dibromoathane, see Ethyl-	ene duformae. Dibromomethane Dibutyl ethers Dibutylaminoethanol	l'artic on (uly). 1,1-Dichloro-2,4.6- trifluoropyridine. Dichloroacetic acid	Dichloracetylene	+ Dichlorabilines, Ilquid	2,2'-Dichlorodiethyl ether	dichlorodifluoromethane. Dichlorodifluoromethane or Refigerant gas R 12. Dichlorodimethyl ether, symmet-	ncal. 1,1-Dichloroethane	Dichloroethyl sulfide	Dichloroisocyanuric acid, dry or	Dichloropapy dinner and common properties of the common properties of t

§172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued

(10)	Vessel	stowage	i	Other	(10B)	12, 40		17, 40					48						40		
	>	St.	-600	tion	(10A)	ΒΨ	٥	0 4 0		∢			44			⋖	ша		шш	ı	ОШ
		Quantity limitations (see §§ 173.27 and	75)	Cargo air- craft only	(96)	7 09 7 09	G	220 L 220 L Forbidden		150 kg			60 L 100 kg	220 L 100 kg	220 L	220 L	1 09 7 09	220 L	30 L		7 09 7 09
(6)	2	Quantity II (see §§ 17	175.	Passenger aircraft/rail	(9A)	5 L	u	5 L 60 L Forbidden		75 kg			5 L 25 kg	60 L	90 L	90 F	2 2 C	99	1 L 5 L		5 L
				Bulk	(8C)	242 243		242 314,	315.	314, 315.			241	242	242	242	242	242	243		243
D (8)	(2)	Packaging (§173.***)	:	Non- bulk	(8B)	202	:	203 203 304		304			203	203	203	203		: :	201		
		g (S)		Excep- tions	(8A)	150	C	150 None		306			154	150	150	150	150	000	150		153
8 172:101 HAZARDOOS MATERIALS TABLE COIIIII II GO	•	Special provisions	(§172.102)		(2)	IB2, N36, T4, TP1 IB2, T7, TP2	že ce	B1, B3, T2, TP1 2, B9, B14		150			IB3, T4, TP1 IB8, IP3, T1, TP33	B1, IB3, T2, TP1	144, B1, IB3, T4, TP1,	144, B1, IB3, T2, TP1	182, T4, TP1 182, T4, TP1	102, 12, 11	T11, TP2 IB2, T4, TP1		IB2, T7, TP2 153 202
ערארו		Label	Codes		(9)	6.1	c	 	2.1,	2.2			8 4.1	ω r	None	e	e e e	· ·	 		6.1
- i		PG			(2)	==	Ξ	=					==	==	=	=	===		-=		==
20		Identi- fication	Numbers		(4)	UN1279 UN2750	7,000			UN1958			UN2565 UN2687	UN2048	NA1993	UN1202	UN2373 UN2374	0142360	UN1155 UN1156		6.1 UN1594 3 UN2375
		Hazard	Division		(3)	6.1	C	2.3		2.2	Forbidden		4.1	n 1	- m	3 Forbidden	е е е	0	ი ი	Forbidden	6.1
		Hazardous materials descrip-	names		(2)	1,3-Dichloropropane	dichloropropane.	Dichlorosilane		1,2-Dichloro-1,1,2,2- tetrafluoroethane <i>or</i> Refrig-	erant gas R 114. Dichlorovinylchloroarsine Dicycloheptadiene, see Bicyclo	bilized.	DicyclohexylamineDicyclohexylammonium nitrite	Dicyclopentadiene	Diesel fuel	Diesel fuel Diethanol nitrosamine dinitrate	(dry). Diethoxymethane	Diethyl cellosolve, see Ethylene	glycol aletnyl etner. Diethyl ether <i>or</i> Ethyl ether Diethyl ketone	Diethyl peroxydicarbonate, with more than 27 percent in solu-	tion. Diethyl sulfate Diethyl sulfide
		Sym-	slog		£											_					

Diethylamine	m & m	UN1154 UN2686 UN2684	===	: :	A3, IB2, N34, T7, TP1 B2, IB2, T7, TP2 B1, IB3, T4, TP1	150 None	202	243 243		30 L 60 L	шее	40
N, N-Diethylaniline	6.1		==	 	B3, T4, B1, B3, T2.	153	203	241	0 P	220 L 220 L 220 L	< <	
Diethyldichlorosilane	ω	UN1767	=	8, 3	A7, B6, N34, T10, TP2, TP7, TP13	None	206	243	Forbidden	30 L	O	40
Diethylene glycol dinitrate Diethyleneglycol dinitrate, desensitized with not less than	Forbidden 1.1D	UN0075	=	1.1D		None	62	None	Forbidden	Forbidden	13	21E
25 percent non-volatile water- insoluble phlegmatizer, by												
mass. Diethylenetriamine N,N-Diethylethylenediamine	∞ ∞	UN2079 UN2685	==	8,8	B2, IB2, T7, TP2 IB2, T7, TP2	154 None	202	242	77	30 L 30 L	44	40, 52
	Forbidden 8	UN2751	=	80	B2, IB2, T7, TP2	None	212	240	15 kg	50 kg	۵	12, 40
Chloro-1,1-difluoroethanes.	C	000			S ³ F	906			7 7 7	Cu	۵	<u> </u>
	 		-		8		:	315.		2 C	ם כ	₽ ₹
g g					T50	308	:	314.	Forbidden	150 kg	ے د	40
gas R 32. Difluorophosphoric acid. anhv-	i co		=		A6. A7. B2. IB2. N5.	None	: :	315.	1 -	30 F) «	5 4
drous. 2,3-Dihydropyran	ო		=		N34, T8, TP2 IB2, T4, TP1	150		242	5 L	7 09	В	
0	Forbidden											
(chrysamminic acid). Diiodoacetylene	Forbidden 3	UN1157 UN2361 UN2050	≡≡=		B1, B3, T2, TP1 B1, B3, T4, TP1 B2 T4, TP1	150 150	203	242	60 L 5 L	220 L 60 L 60 L	< < u	
phosphate	ο	UN1902	=	0 00	. 4	54			ט מ	09 F	1 <	
Diisopropyl ether	ღღ	UN1159 UN1158	==	 တ က က်	4,5	150	202 202		5 L	60 L 5 L	шш	40
Diisopropylbenzene hydroperoxide, with more than 72 percent in solution	Forbidden						i					
Diketene, stabilized	6.1	UN2521	_	6.1, 3	2, B9, B14, B32, T20, TP2 TP13 TP38 TP45	None	227	244	Forbidden	Forbidden	۵	26, 27, 40
1,2-Dimethoxyethane 1,1-Dimethoxyethane Dimethyl carbonate Dimethyl chlorothiophosphate, see Dimethyl thiophosphoryl	еее :	UN2252 UN2377 UN1161	===	 	IB2. T4, TP1 IB2, T7, TP1 IB2, T4, TP1	150 150 150	202 202 202	242 242 242	5 L 5 L	7 09 7 09 7 09	BBB	
chioride.	_	_		_	_		-	-	_	-		

52, 74.

40,

5.5

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: K 4

40,

§ 172.101

Other

(10B)

(10) Vessel stowage (10A) Loca-tion шш \square M > M > M U > 5 L 60 L 60 L 60 L 60 L 60 L 150 kg 5 L Forbidden 80 L 30 L 150 kg 60 L 60 L 220 L 220 L Forbidden Cargo air-craft only Quantity limitations (see §§ 173.27 and 175.75) (9B) 6 5 L 1 L 1 L 5 L 5 L Forbidden 5 L Forbidden 1 L Forbidden 5 L 5 L 60 L 60 L Passenger aircraft/rail 5 L Forbidden Forbidden (9A) 314, 315. 243 243 243 243 111111 11 1111 242 314, 315. 243 244 BM (8C) 244 : Packaging (§ 173.***) : : : : 1111 111111 §172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued : : Non 202 202 202 202 202 202 202 204 204 205 202 202 203 203 8 202 304 202 227 202 202 304 202 202 202 202 202 227 Excep-tions (8A) 150 None None 153 ... 150 ... 154 ... 154 ... None 150 150 153 150 153 153 153 120 120 120 120 IB2, T7, TP2, TP13 2, B9, B14, B32, B77, 30, TP2, TP13, TP38, TP45 182, 17, 1P1 182, 17, 1P1 182, 17, 1P2 182, 17, 1P2 182, 17, 1P2 181, 17, 172 182, 17, 171 182, 17, 171 182, 17, 172 182, 14, 171 182, 17, 172 10, 172, 177, 2, B9, B14, B32, B77, T20, TP2, TP13, TP38, TP45 TP1 IB2, IP8, T7, TP2 IB2, T7, TP2 N87, T50 Special provisions (§ 172.102) 182, 14, 1 182, 14, 1 183, 12, 1 183, 12, 1 4, IB2, B2, IB2, B77, T10, T 6 H, H B2, B2, 3, 8 ... 6.1, 8 ω က ထ 3 6.1, 3 9 8 5. 1. 2.1 ოოოო ==== PG (2) Identi-fication Numbers UN2381 UN1033 UN1160 UN2378 UN2051 UN3302 UN3522 UN2253 UN2457 UN2262 UN2263 UN2264 UN2264 UN2380 UN2707 UN2266 UN1595 UN1164 UN2267 UN1032 UN2382 4 3 Forbidden 2.1 6.1 6.1 2.1 8 9 1.9 6.1 $\overset{.0}{\text{--}}\,\omega\,\omega\,\omega\,\omega\,\omega\,\omega$ ကက 6.1 Hazard class or Division Forbidden (3) N,N-Dimethylformamide

Dimethylhexane

dihydroperoxide (dry).

Dimethylhydrazine, symmetrical 2,5-Dimethyl-2,5-dihydroperoxy hexane, with more than 82 percent with water. latie.

N.P.Dimethylaniline
2,3-Dimethylbutylamine
1, 3-Dimethylbutylamine
Dimethylcyclohexylamine
N.P.Dimethylcyclohexylamine
Dimethylcyclohexylamine
Dimethyldichlorosilane chlo Hazardous materials descriptions and proper shipping names Dimethyl sulfideDimethyl thiophosphoryl ride. Dimethylamine, anhydrous Dimethyl-N-propylamine Dimethyl sulfate Dimethylamine solution Dimethyldiethoxysilane Dimethyldioxanes Dimethyl disulfide Dimethyl ether 8 Sym-bols Ξ

44 44

8 2 8 52.5

192

Dimethylhydrazine, unsymmetrical.	6.1	UN1163	_	6.1, 3, 8.	2, B7, B9, B14, B32, T20, TP2, TP13, TP38, TP45	None	227	244	Forbidden	Forbidden	٥	21, 38, 40, 52, 100.
,2-Dimethylpropane	2.1	UN2044		2.1	:	306	304	314,	Forbidden	150 kg	ш	40
Dinitro-o-cresol	6.1 Forbidden	UN1598	=	6.1	IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33	153	212	242	25 kg	100 kg	∢	
hydantoin. Dinitro-7,8-dimethylglycoluril אלבי	Forbidden											
(ary). 1,3-Dinitro-4,5-dinitrosobenzene	Forbidden											
1,4-Dinitro-1,1,4,4- tetramethylolbutanetetranitrat-	Forbidden						:					
e (dry). 2,4-Dinitro-1,3,5-	Forbidden											
trimethylbenzene.	4	IIN1596	=	4	IB8 ID9 ID4 T3 TD33	153	010	242	05 kg	100 kg	4	5
Dinitrobenzenes, liquid	6.1	UN1597	=	6.1	11, IB2, T7, TP2	153	202	243	5 L		(∢	9 9
Dinitrobenzenes, solid	6.1	UN3443	==	6.1	11, IB3, T7, TP2 IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33	153	203 212	241 242	60 L 25 kg	220 L 100 kg	44	9 9
Dinitrochlorobenzene, see							i			' !		
1,2-Dinitroethane	Forbidden											
1,1-Dinitroethane (dry) Dinitrogen tetroxide	Forbidden 2.3	UN1067		2.3, 5.1,	1, B7, B14, B45, B46, B61, B66, B67, B77,	None	336	314	Forbidden	Forbidden	۵	40, 89, 90
Dinitroglycoluril or Dingu	1.10	UN0489	=	1.1D		None	62	None	Forbidden	Forbidden	10	
Dinitromethane	Forbidden 1.1D	9Z00NO	=	1.1D,		None	62	None	Forbidden	Forbidden	10	5E
by mass.				<u>:</u>								
Dinitrophenol solutions	6.1	UN1599	= =	6.1	IB2, T7, TP2 IB3 T4 TP1	153	202	243	5 L	1 09 P	۷ ۵	36
Dinitrophenol, wetted with not	4.1	UN1320	-		23, A8, A19, A20, N41	None	211	None	1 kg		; ш	28, 36
by mass.				<u>:</u>								
Dinitrophenolates alkali metals,	1.3C	UN0077	=	1.3C,		None	62	None	Forbidden	Forbidden	10	9E
ory of welled with less than 15 percent water, by mass.												
Dinitrophenolates, wetted with not less than 15 percent	4.1	UN1321	_	4.1, 6.1.	23, A8, A19, A20, N41	None	211	None	1 kg	15 kg	ш	28, 36
water, by mass.	:											
Dinitropropylene glycol	Forbidden 1.1D	UN0078	=	1.1D		None	62	None	Forbidden	Forbidden 1	10	5E
with less than 15 percent												
water, by mass. 2,4-Dinitroresorcinol (heavy metal salts of) (dry).	Forbidden											

§172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued

			Jer	(<u>B</u>)		28, 36							40	2 :	4 4	6 4	40		28			
(10)	Vessel stowage		Other	(10B)									40									
		-	tion	(10A)		ш		10		∢ (ω ш		۵۵	۵ ۵		9	۵			8 A
	Quantity limitations	75)	Cargo air- craft only	(9B)		15 kg		Forbidden		60 L Forbidden	100 kg		90 L	220 L	Forbidden 30 L	50 kg 30 L	50 kg	Forbidden	0.5 kg			60 L
(6)	Quantity II	175.	Passenger aircraft/rail	(9A)		1 kg		Forbidden		5 L Forhidden	25 kg		5 C	7 09	Forbidden	5 kg Forbidden	15 kg	Forbidden	Forbidden			5 L 60 L
			Bulk	(8C)	:	None		None		243	242		242	242	None 243	242	240	None	None			5 5
(8)	Packaging	5	Non bulk	(8B)	:	211		62		202	212		202	203	201	211		62	211			202
	Pe	8	Excep- tions	(8A)		None		None		153	153		150	150	None	None	154	None	None			150
	Special provisions	(§ 172.102)		(2)		23, A8, A19, A20, N41				IB2, T7, TP2	IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33		IB2, T4, TP1 IB2 T4 TP1	B1, IB3, T2, TP1	T6, TP33 A8, B14, B32, N33, N34,	T14, TP2, TP13, TP27 IB7, IP1, T6, TP33 A7, B2, N34, T10, TP2.	TP7, TP13 IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33		162, A2, N41, N84			IB2, T4, TP1 150 202 B1, IB3, T2, TP1 150 203
	a	Codes		(9)		4.1		1.3C		6.1	6.1		 	· π	6.1	6.1	80	1.10	4.1			е е
	1	D D		(5)		_		=		==	=		==	=		-=	=	=	_			==
	Identi-	fication Numbers		(4)		UN1322		UN0406		UN2038	UN3454		UN1165	UN2052	UN1698 UN1699	UN3450 UN1769	UN1770	UN0401	UN2852			UN2384 UN2710
	Hazard	class or Division		(3)	Forbidden	4.1	Forbidden	1.3C Forbidden		Forbidden 6.1 6.1	6.1 6.1	Loipidden	თ თ	က	6.1	6.1	80	1.1D	4.1		Forbidden	ოო
	Hazardous materials descrip-	tions and proper shipping names		(2)	4,6-Dinitroresorcinol (heavy	metal saits of) (dry). Dinitroresorcinol, wetted with not less than 15 percent		salt) (dry). Dinitrosobenzene	salts of (dry).	Dinitrotoluenes, liquid	Dinitrotoluenes, solid	1,9-Dinitoxy peniametriylene- 2,4, 6,8-tetramine (dry).	Dioxolane	Dipentene	Diphenylamine chloroarsine Diphenylchloroarsine, liquid	Diphenylchloroarsine, solid Diphenyldichlorosilane	Diphenylmethyl bromide	Dipicryl sulfide, dry or wetted	water, by mass. Dipicryl sulfide, wetted with not less than 10 percent water,	<i>by mass.</i> Dipicrylamine, see	Hexanitrodiphenylamine. Dipropionyl peroxide, with more	than 28 percent in solution. Di-n-propyl ether Dipropyl ketone
	Ė	bols		£																		

		40	9 4 4	40 52.	4 4 40								
<u>a a</u>	В		< < <		шО		⋖	⋖	۷ ۷	444	444	∢ ∢	⋖
5 L 2.5 L	30 L	1 09 3 0 L 9 0 L	220 L 50 kg 100 kg	200 kg 100 kg	30 L 30 L		2.5 L	30 L	30 L	60 L 220 L 25 kg	50 kg 100 kg 50 kg	100 kg 200 kg	Forbidden
1 L 0.5 L	11	5 T C	60 L 5 kg 25 kg	100 kg 25 kg	1 L Forbidden		0.5 L	11	5 L 1 L	5 L 60 L 1 kg	15 kg 25 kg 5 kg	25 kg 100 kg	Forbidden
243	242	241 243 243	241 242	240 240	243		243	242	241	243 241 242	240 240 242	242	247
202	202	203 201 202		213	201		201	202	203	202 203 211	212 213 211	212	None
150	154	154 None			None		None	154	154 None	153 153 None	154 154 None	153	None
IB2, T7, TP1 0, T14, TP2,	TP27 32, IB2, T7, TP2	3, T4, TP1 IP2, TP27 IP2, TP27	IB3, T7, TP1, TP28 IB7, IP1, T6, TP33 IP2, IP4, T3, TP33	IB8, IP3, T1, TP33 IB8, IP3, T1, TP33	A7, T11, TP2 2, B6, N34, T10, TP2. TP7, TP13		T14, TP2, TP27	T11, TP2,	IP1, TP28	1B2 1B3 B7, IP1, T6, TP33	. IP4, Т3, ТР33 . IP3, Т1, ТР33 . IP1, Т6, ТР33	IP4, T3, TP33 IP3, T1, TP33	В1, Т3, ТР3, ТР29
IB2, T7, TP1 A6, A7, B10, T14, TP2,	B2, IB;	IB3, T4, TP1 A4, T14, TP2, TP27 IB2, T11, TP2, TP27	1B3, T7, 1B3, I7, 1B8, IP2, IP4,	IB8, IP3, IP3, IB8, IP3, IB8, IP3, IB8, IP3, IB8, IB9, IB9, IB9, IB9, IB9, IB9, IB9, IB9	A7, A7, B2, B6, TP2. ⁻		11, A6, B10, T14, TP2, TP <i>27</i>	11, B2, IB2, T11, TP2,	11, IB3, T7, TP1, TP28	IB7, IP1,	IB8, IP2, IP4, IB8, IP3, A5, IB7, IP1,	IB8, IP2, IP4, IB8, IP3,	IB1, T3, ⁻
8 8	 8	6.01	6.1	6.1	m &		 &		6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	е
=-	=	=-=	=-=	==	-=		_	=	≡-	==-	==-	==	≡
UN2383 UN1903	UN1903	UN3142	UN1601	UN3253	UN1167 UN1771		UN2801		UN1602	UN3147	UN3143		UN3256
сω	80	6.1	6.1	8	с ю		80		6.1	ω	6.1		က
Dipropylamine	n.o.s Disinfectants, liquid, corrosive	Disinfectants, liquid, toxic, n.o.s.	Disinfectants, solid, toxic, n.o.s.		Dispersant gases, n.o.s. see Refrigerant gases, n.o.s Divinyl ether, stabilized	Dry ice, see Carbon dioxide,	Dyes, liquid, corrosive, n.o.s. or Dye intermediates, liquid, corrosive, n.o.s.		Dyes, liquid, toxic, n.o.s. or Dye intermediates, liquid, toxic,	Dyes, solid, corrosive, n.o.s. or pye intermediates, solid, corrosive n.o.s.	Dyes, solid, toxic, n.o.s. or Dye intermediates, solid, toxic, n.o.s.	Dynamite, see Explosive, blast-	Ing, type A. Electrolyte (acid or alkali) for batteries, see Battery fluid, acid or Battery fluid, alkali. Elevated temperature liquid, flammable, no.s., with flash point above 37.8 C, at or above its flash point.

§ 172.101

§172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued

			,										
								(8)		(6)		>	(10)
Sym-	Hazardous materials descrip-	Hazard	Identi-	C	Label	Special provisions	 4. &	Packaging (§173.***)		Quantity limitations (see §§ 173.27 and	mitations 3.27 and	str >	stowage
pols	tions and proper snipping names	class or Division	Numbers	5	Codes	(§ 172.102)				175.	(2)	0	
							Excep- tions	Non bulk	Bulk	Passenger aircraft/rail	Cargo air- craft only	tion	Other
Ξ	(2)	(3)	(4)	(2)	(9)	(7)	(8A)	(8B)	(8C)	(9A)	(B6)	(10A)	(10B)
O	Elevated temperature liquid, n.o.s., at or above 100 C and below its flash point (including molten metals, molten salts,	6	UN3257	≡	6	IB1, T3, TP3, TP29	None	None	247	Forbidden	Forbidden	4	85
Ø	Elevated temperature solid, n.o.s., at or above 240 C, see	o	UN3258	Ξ	 o		247(h)(4)	None	247	Forbidden	Forbidden	∢	82
	\$ 173.247(n)(4). Engines, internal combustion, or Engines, fuel cell, flammable	o	UN3166		 б	135	220	220	220	Forbidden	No limit	⋖	
	gas powered. Engines internal combustion, or Engines, fuel cell, flammable	თ	UN3166		: : :	135	220	220	220	No limit	No limit	∢	
Ø	Environmentally hazardous substance liquid nos	6	UN3082	=	6	8, 146, 173, 335, IB3, T4 TP1 TP29	155	203	241	No limit	No limit	<	
Ø	Environmentally hazardous sub-	6	UN3077	=	6	8, 146, 335, A112, B54, IB8 IP3 N20 T1 TP33	155	213	240	No limit	No limit	∢	
+	Epibromohydrin	6.1 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1	UN2558 UN2023 UN2752 UN3272	-===	6.1, 3 6.1, 3 3	=	None 153 150	201 202 203 202	243 243 242	Forbidden 5 L 60 L 5 L	Forbidden 60 L 220 L 60 L	0448	40
	Etching acid, liquid, n.o.s., see Hydrofluoric acid, etc.				 ເ	B1, IB3, T4, TP1, TP29	150	203	242	7 09	220 L	∢	
۵	Ethane Ethane-Propane mixture, refrig-	2.2.	UN1035 NA1961		2.1	T75, TP5	306	304 316	302	Forbidden	150 kg Forbidden	шО	40
	erated liquid. Ethane, refrigerated liquid	2.1	2.1 UN1961		2.1	T75, TP5	None	None	315. 315	Forbidden	Forbidden	۵	40
	Ethanol and gasoline mixture or Fthanol and motor spirit mix-	S 3	UN3475	=	3	144, 177, IB2, T4, TP1	150	202	242	2 L	T 09	Ш	
	ture or Ethanol and petrol mixture, with more than 10%												
	etnanol. Ethanol or Ethyl alcohol or Ethanol solutions or Ethyl alcohol solutions.	ю	UN1170	=	: E	24, IB2, T4, TP1	4b, 150	202	242	5 L	90 F	⋖	

			= :	e 0	24, B1, IB3, T2, TP1	-	203	242	90 L	220 L	⋖ •	ć
solutions	0	01843	=	0	. t. t				U L	90		36.
Ether, see Diethyl ether												
Ethers, n.o.s.	က	UN3271	=	 ღ	IB2, T7, TP1, TP8, TP28	150	202	242	2 F	7 09	В	
			=	3	B1, IB3, T4, TP1, TP29	150	203	242	7 09	220 L	⋖ :	
Ethyl acetate	က	UN1173	= :	 m	IB2, T4, TP1	150	202	242	2 L	7 09	m	
Ethyl acrylate, stabilized	က	UN1917	=	 ເຕ	IB2, T4, TP1, TP13	150	202	242	2 F	7 09	ш	40
							:	:				
Ethyl aldehyde, see Acetal-							:	:				
dehyde.												
Ethyl amyl ketone	က	UN2271	=	 ღ	B1, IB3, T2, TP1	150	203	242	7 09	220 L	⋖	
N-Ethylbenzyltoluidines, solid	6.1	UN3460	=	6.1	IB8, IP3, T1, TP33	153	213	240	100 kg	200 kg	⋖	
N-Ethyl-N-benzylaniline	6.1	UN2274	=	6.1	IB3, T4, TP1	153	203	241	7 09	220 L	⋖	
Ethyl borate	က	UN1176	=	 ღ	IB2, T4, TP1	150	202	242	2 F	7 09	В	
Ethyl bromide	6.1	UN1891	=	6.1	IB2, IP8, T7, TP2, TP13	153	202	243	2 F	7 09	В	40, 85
Ethyl bromoacetate	6.1	UN1603	=	6.1, 3		None	202	243	Forbidden	Forbidden	۵	40
Ethyl butyl ether	က	UN1179	=	 ღ	B1, IB2, T4, TP1	150	202	242	2 F	7 09	В	
Ethyl butyrate	က	UN1180	=	3	B1, IB3, T2, TP1	150	203	242	7 09	220 L	⋖	
Ethyl chloride	2.1	UN1037		2.1	B77, N86, T50	None	322	314,	Forbidden	150 kg	В	4
								315.		,		
Ethyl chloroacetate	6.1	UN1181	=	6.1, 3	IB2, T7, TP2	153	202	243	2 F	7 09	⋖	
Ethyl chloroformate	6.1	UN1182	_	6.1.3	2. B9. B14. B32. N34.	None	227	244	Forbidden	Forbidden	Δ	21, 40, 100
				œ.	T20, TP2, TP13, TP38, TP45						l	
Ethyl 2-chloropropionate	e	UN2935	Ξ	es	B1, IB3, T2,	150	203	242	7 09	220 L	<	
Ethyl chlorothioformate	80	UN2826	=	11 8, 6.1,	2, B6	None	227	244	Forbidden	Forbidden	⋖	40
				က်	TP2,							
Ethyl crotonate	ო	UN1862	=	e 8	IB2, T4, TP2	150	202	242	2 F	7 09	В	
Ethyl ether, see Diethyl ether												
Ethyl fluoride or Refrigerant gas R161.	2.1	UN2453		2.1		306	304	314, 315.	Forbidden	150 kg	ш	40
Ethyl formate	က	UN1190	=	3	IB2, T4, TP1	150	202	242	2 F	7 09	Ш	
Ethyl hydroperoxide	Forbidden						:					
Ethyl isobutyrate	ო	UN2385	=	 ღ	IB2, T4, TP1	150	202	242	2 F	7 09	В	
Ethyl isocyanate	6.1	UN2481	_	6.1, 3	1, B9, B14, B30, T20,	None	226	244	Forbidden	Forbidden	۵	40, 52
Ethy Potate	ď	1 IN11 192	=	ď	R1 IR3 T2 TP1	150	203	242	109	1 066	٥	
Ethyl mercantan	o (1	11N2363	=		A6 T11 TP2 TP13	None		243	Forbidden	30 L	(Ц	95 102
Ethyl methacivlate stabilized	o m	UN2277	=		IB2 T4 TP1	150	: 00	242		109	J 62	,,
Ethyl methyl ether	2.1	UN1039	•	2.1	i i	None		314,	Forbidden	150 kg	а ш	40
Ethyl methyl ketone or Methyl	က	UN1193	=	e	IB2, T4, TP1	150	202	242	2 F	7 09	В	
ethyl ketone.												
Ethyl nitrite solutions	က	UN1194	- :	3, 6.1			201	None	Forbidden	Forbidden	ш.	40, 105
Ethyl orthoformate	m ,	UN2524	==		B1, IB3, I2, IP1	150	203	242	7 09 1 09	220 L	∢ <	
Ethyl perchlorate	6.1 Forbidden	CZCZNO	≡	9	IB3, 14, 1F1		 		90 L	ZZ0 L	τ	

§ 172.101

§172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued

	(10) Vessel	stowage	:-	Other	(10B)	7	•	7			7	7	40, 5	52, 7	52, 7						7	21, 28, 4 49, 10
	_	st	-600	tion	(10A)	Q	٥	Δ	В	ш	Ф	۵	В	<	4	В	⋖	4	4	В	۵	
•		mitations	75)	Cargo air- craft only	(BB)	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	7 09	90 F	150 kg	150 kg	5 L	220 L	220 L	7 09	220 L	220 L	220 L	7 09	Forbidden	1
	(6)	Quantity limitations	175.	Passenger aircraft/rail	(A6)	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	2 F	5 L	Forbidden	Forbidden	11	7 09	7 09	2 F	7 09	7 09	7 09	2 F	Forbidden	Forbidden
				Bulk	(8C)	244	244	244	242	242	314, 315.	314, 315.	243	241	241	242	241	242	242	242	244	201 244
5	(8)	Packaging		Non- bulk	(8B)	227	227	227	202	202	304	321	202	203	203	202	203	203	203	202	227	201
		P	8)	Excep- tions	(8A)	None	None	None	150	150	None	None	150	153	153	150	153	150	150	150	None	None
		Special provisions	(§ 172.102)		(2)	2, B9, B14, B32, B74, T20, TP4, TP13, TP38, TP45	2, B9, B14, B32, B74, T20, TP4, TP13, TP38, TP45	2, B9, B14, B32, B74, T20, TP4, TP13, TP38, TP45	IB2, T4, TP1	IB2, T4, TP1	N88	B77, N87, T50	IB2, 17, TP1	IB3, T4, TP1	IB3, T4, TP1	IB2, T4, TP1	IB3, T7, TP1	B1, IB3, T2, TP1			2, B9, B14, B32, T20, TP2, TP13, TP38, TP45	A2, A3, A7, N34, T14, TP2, TP7, TP13
		9	Codes		(9)	6.1, 8	6.1,	6.1, 8	 8	e .	2.1	2.1	 α 	6.1	6.1	3	6.1	 	 	 	6.1	4.3, 8, 3.
; ;			PG		(2)	_	_	_	=	=			=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	_	_
,		Identi-	fication Numbers		(4)	NA2927	NA2845	NA2927	UN1195	UN2615	UN2452	UN1036	UN2270	UN2272	UN2273	UN1175	UN2753	UN2275	UN1177	UN1178	UN1892	UN1183
		Hazard	class or Division		(3)	6.1	6.1	6.1	3	е :	2.1	2.1	е	6.1	6.1	က	6.1	က	က	3	6.1	4.3
		Hazardous materials descrip-	tions and proper shipping names		(2)	Ethyl phosphonothioic dichlo- ride, anhydrous.	Ethyl phosphonous dichloride, anhydrous pyrophoric liquid.	Ethyl phosphorodichloridate	Ethyl propionate	Ethyl propyl ether	Ethylacetylene, stabilized	Ethylamine	Ethylamine, aqueous solution with not less than 50 percent but not more than 70 percent ethylamine.	N-Ethylaniline	2-Ethylaniline	Ethylbenzene	N-Ethylbenzyltoluidines liquid	2-Ethylbutanol	2-Ethylbutyl acetate	2-Ethylbutyraldehyde	Ethyldichloroarsine	Ethyldichlorosilane
		Ę,	bols		Ξ	Ω	۵	۵														

40, 57	40	40	40		40							40	40			
Ω	۵	ш	Ω		В		∢	⋖	⋖	⋖	∢	Ω	ш	∢	∢	∢
Forbidden	Forbidden	150 kg	Forbidden		7 09	7 09	220 L	220 L	220 L	220 L	220 L	Forbidden	25 kg	150 kg	150 kg	150 kg
Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden		11	2 L	7 09	109	7 09	7 09	7 09	Forbidden	Forbidden	75 kg	75 kg	75 kg
314, 315.	244	302	244		243	242	242	242	242	242	242	314, 315.	314, 315.	314, 315.	314, 315.	314, 315.
304	227	304	227		202	202	203	203	203	203	203	304	304	304	304	304
775, TP5 None 304 314, 314	None	306	None		150	150	150	150	150	150	150	None	306	306	306	306
775, TP5	2, B9, B14, B32, T20, TP2, TP13, TP38, TP45		2, B9, B14, B32, B77, T20, TP2, TP13, TP38, TP45		IB2, N36, T7, TP1	IB2, T4, TP1	B1, IB3, T2, TP1	B1, IB3, T2, TP1	B1, IB3, T2, TP1	B1, IB3, T2, TP1	B1, IB3, T2, TP1	4	T50		T50	T50
2.1	6.1, 3	2.1	6.1		3, 6.1	3	e	· ε	:. E	e	e	2.3, 2.1.	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.2
	_		_		=	=	=	=	=	=	=					
2.1 UN3138	6.1 UN1135	UN1962	UN1605		UN1184	UN1153		UN1171	UN1172	UN1188	UN1189	UN3300	UN1041	UN1952	UN3297	UN3070
2.1	6.1	2.1 Forbidden	6.1		က	က		E S	n	ю	က	2.3	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.
Ethylene, acetylene and propylene in mixtue, refrigerated liquid with at least 71.5 percent ethylene with not more than 22.5 percent acetylene and not more than 6 percent propylene.	Ethylene chlorohydrin	Ethylene		Ethylene dibromide and methyl bromide liquid mixtures, see Methyl bromide and ethylene dibromide, liquid mixtures,	Ethylene dichloride	Ethylene glycol diethyl ether		Ethylene glycol monoethyl ether	Ethylene glycol monoethyl ether acetate.	Ethylene glycol monomethyl ether.	Ethylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate.	Ethylene oxide and carbon dioxide mixture with more than 87 percent ethylene oxide.	Ethylene oxide and carbon dioxide mixtures with more than 9 percent but not more than 87 percent ethylene oxide.	Ethylene oxide and carbon dioxide mixtures with not more than 9 percent ethylene oxide.	Ethylene oxide and chlorotetrafluoroethane mixture with not more than 8.8 percent ethylene oxide.	Ethylene oxide and dichlorodifluoromethane mixture, with not more than 12.5 percent ethylene oxide.

§ 172.101

Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Admin., DOT

§172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued

								(8)		(6)	(+	2	(10)
Sym-	Hazardous materials descrip-	Hazard	Identi-	C C	Label	Special provisions		Packaging (§ 173.***)		Quantity limitations (see §§ 173.27 and	imitations '3.27 and	sts	stowage
pols	nons and proper suppling names	Division	Numbers	5	Codes	(§172.102)				175.	75)	600	
							Excep- tions	Non- bulk	Bulk	Passenger aircraft/rail	Cargo air- craft only	tion	Other
Ξ	(2)	(3)	(4)	(2)	(9)	(2)	(8A)	(8B)	(8C)	(9A)	(96)	(10A)	(10B)
	Ethylene oxide and pentafluoroethane mixture with not more than 7.9 per-	2.2	UN3298		2.2	T50	306	304	314, 315.	75 kg	150 kg	⋖	
	cent ethylene oxide. Ethylene oxide and propylene oxide mixtures, with not more than 30 percent ethylene	က	UN2983	_	3, 6.1	5, A11, N4, N34, T14, TP2, TP7, TP13	None	201	243	Forbidden	30 L	ш	40
	oxide. Ethylene oxide and tetrafluoroethane mixture with not more than 5.6 percent	2.2	UN3299		2.2	150	306	304	314, 315.	75 kg	150 kg	⋖	
	ethylene oxide. Ethylene oxide or Ethylene oxide with nitrogen up to a total pressure of 1 MPa (10	2.3	UN1040		2.3, 2.1.	4, 342, T50, TP20	None	323	323	Forbidden	Forbidden	۵	40
	bar) at 50 degrees C. Ethylene, refrigerated liquid	2.1	UN1038		2.1	T75, TP5	None	316	318,	Forbidden	Forbidden	۵	40
	Carogenic Indua. Ethylenediamine	6.1	UN1604 UN1185	=-	8, 3 6.1, 3	IB2, T7, TP2 1, B9, B14, B30, B77, N25, N32, TP2,	154 None	202 226	243 244	1 L Forbidden	30 L Forbidden	4 O	40, 52. 40
	Ethylhexaldehyde, see Octyl aldehydes etc. 2-Ethylhexyl chloroformate	<u>.</u>	11N2748	=	α	IP13, IP36, IP44	153			-	- 08	٥	10 13 01
	2-EthylbexylamineEthylphenyldichlorosilane	. n w		==	 	B1, IB3, T4, TP1 A7, B2, N34, T10, TP2,		203	242	5 L Forbidden	30 L 30 L 30 L	. 4 0	25, 40, 100 40
	1-Ethylpiperidine	6.1 8.1	UN2386 UN2754 UN1196	===	3, 8 6.1 3, 8	197, 1913 182, 77, TP1 182, 77, TP2 A7, N34, T10, TP2, TP7,	150 153 None	202 202 206	243 243 243	1 L 5 L 1 L	5 L 60 L 5 L	B & B	52.
	Etiologic agent, see Infectious					2		i					
	Explosive articles, see Articles,							i					
		1.10	1.1D UN0081	=	II 1.1D	None 62 None	None	62	None	Forbidden	Forbidden 10	10	19E, 21E

19E 19E	22E 19E 19E														13, 40, 52, 53, 85, 103			40			40		
0 0	5555						∀ B	⋖	⋖	< ∢	⋖ ·	∢ <	ζ	∢	∢	⋖	⋖	В	∢		ш	∢	∢ ∢
Forbidden	Forbidden Forbidden Forbidden					9 P	220 L 60 L	220 L	100 kg	100 kg	100 kg	60 L	δν 00-	50 kg	100 kg	100 kg	50 kg	30 L	100 kg		150 kg	Forbidden	No Limit Forbidden
Forbidden	Forbidden Forbidden Forbidden					2 F	60 L 5 L	90 F	25 kg	25 kg	25 kg	5 L	Du cy	15 kg	25 kg	25 kg	15 kg	11	25 Kg		Forbidden	Forbidden	No Limit Forbidden
None	None None None					242	242	242	242	242	240	241		240	240	242	240	242			314, 315.	240	240
62	62 62 62		i			202	203 202	203	212	212	213	203	:	212	213	212	212	202	213		304	213	213 213
None	None					150	150	150	153	153	154	154		151	151	153	154	154	None		306	151	151 None
105,106	123					149, IB2, T4, TP1, TP8	B1, IB3, T2, TP1 149, IB2, T4, TP1, TP8	В1, ІВ3, Т2, ТР1	IB8 IP2 IP4 T3 TP33	8 8		B15, IB3, T4, TP1		59, A19, IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33	A1, A19, B6, IB8, IP4, IP7, T1, TP33	IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33		ă	A1, A19, IB8, IP3, IP7		N87		137, IB8, IP3, T1, TP33
1.1D	1.10 :: 1.10 :: 1.50 ::					es	 	e	1	6.1	8	ω u		4.1	4.3, 6.1.	6.1	 80	 8	4.2		2.2	4.2	4.4 5.2
==	====					= :	==	=	=	=	= :	==	=	=	≡	=	=	=	=			=	≡≡
UN0082 UN0331	UN0083 UN0241 UN0332					UN1169	UN1197		UN1606	UN1607	UN1773	UN2582	004 1400	UN1323	UN1408	UN1608	NA1759	NA1760	UN2793		UN1043	UN1372	UN3360 UN1373
1.1D 1.5D	1.10 1.10 1.10 1.50	Forbidden				က	ဗ		9	6.1	8	ω τ	- o	4.1	4.3	6.1	80	80	4 Si		2.2	4.2	4.1
Explosive, blasting, type B	Agent Dasting, 1yte b. Explosive, blasting, type C Explosive, blasting, type E Explosive, blasting, type E	Agent blasting, Type E. Explosive, forbidden. See	Explosive substances, see Sub-	Explosives, I.U.S. etc. Explosives, slurny, see Explosive blasting type F	Explosives, water gels, see Explosive blasting type F	Extracts, aromatic, liquid	Extracts, flavoring, liquid	Fabric with animal or vegetable	oll, see Fibers of Tabrics, etc. Ferric arsenate	Ferric arsenite	Ferric chloride, anhydrous	Ferric chloride, solution	relic ilitate	Ferrocerium	Ferrosilicon with 30 percent or more but less than 90 percent silicon.		D Ferrous chloride, solid	=	Ferrous metal borings <i>or</i> Ferrous metal shavings <i>or</i> Ferrous metal turnings <i>or</i> Fer-	rous metal cuttings in a form liable to self-heating.	Fertilizer ammoniating solution with free ammonia.	A I Fibers, animal or Fibers, vege-	<u>ш</u>

88, 122, 128 18, 128

§ 172.101

(10) Vessel stowage Other

(10B)

(10A) Loca-tion 07 07 06 06 05 B Ω 75 kg 100 kg 10 kg No limit 100 kg 150 kg 100 kg Forbidden Forbidden 50 kg Cargo air-craft only 100 kg 30 L Forbidden Quantity limitations (see §§ 173.27 and 175.75) (9B) 6 Passenger aircraft/rail 75 kg Forbidden Forbidden Forbidden 25 kg 10 kg No limit 25 kg 25 (9A) BūĶ None
None
None
None
None (8C) None None 240 241 Packaging (§ 173.***) §172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued : : Non-bulk (8B) 62 ... 62 ... 62 ... 62 ... 161 218 8 213 183 309 213 202 Excep-tions (8A) None None 161 None None None None 309 154 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 155 | 185, IBS, IP3, T1, TP33 A1, IB8, IP3 ₹ 1 18, 110 A1, A19 155, A1, A19, IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 Special provisions (§ 172.102) 6 Label Codes None 1.1G 1.2G 1.3G 1.4G 1.4S 9 4.1 4.1 4.1 4.2 ω ≡ = ≡ ≡ PG (2) Identi-fication Numbers UN0336 UN0337 UN3316 UN2216 UN1324 UN2623 UN0334 UN0335 UN1374 UN1353 UN1774 UN1044 UN0333 4 4.1 œ 2.2 1.1G 1.2G 1.3G 1.4G 9 4.2 4.1 4.1 Hazard class or Division (3) lose, n.o.s..
Films, nitrocellulose base, from which gelatine has been removed: Illm scrap, see Celluloid scrap.
Films, nitrocellulose base, gelatine coated (except scrap).
Fire extinguisher charges, corrosive liquid. Fire extinguisher charges, expelling, explosive, see Cartridges, power device.
Fire extinguishers containing compressed or liquelied gas. Firelighters, solid with flammable liquid. Flammable compressed gas (small receptacles not fitted with a dispersion device, not refillable), see Receptacles, Fibers or Fabrics impregnated with weakly nitrated nitrocellu-Hammable compressed gas, see Compressed or Liquefied gas, flammable, etc. Fish meal, stabilized or Fish Fish meal, unstablized or Fish Hazardous materials descriptions and proper shipping names scrap, unstabilized. scrap, stabilized. (2) Fireworks First aid kits . Fireworks .. Fireworks . Fireworks Fireworks Sym-bols Ξ

28

52

	Flammable gas in lighters, see Lighters or lighter refills, cigatettes, containing flammable												
(5	gas. Flammable liquid, toxic, corro-	က	UN3286	-	3, 6.1,	T14, TP2, TP13, TP27	None	201	243	Forbidden	2.5 L	ш	21, 40, 100
				=	3, 6.1,	IB2, T11, TP2, TP13,	150	202	243	1 L	5 L	В	21, 40, 100
("	Flammable liquids, corrosive,	က	UN2924	-	ω, ω ο.	172/ T14, TP2	None	201	243	0.5 L	2.5 L	ш	40
(5	Flammable liquids, n.o.s.	e e	UN1993	==-==		IB2, T11, TP2, TP27 B1, IB3, T7, TP1, TP28 T11, TP1, TP27 IB2, T7, TP1, TP8, TP28 B1, B52, IB3, T4, TP1,	227 150 228 150 227 150 150	202 203 201 202 203	243 242 243 242	1 - L - 2 - L	5 L 60 L 30 L 60 L 220 L	B 4 H B 4	40
(5 (5	Hammable liquids, toxic, n.o.s.	ε 1.4	UN1992 UN3180	-===	3, 6.1 3, 6.1 4.1, 8	1P29 T14, TP2, TP13, TP27 B2, T7, TP2, TP13 B1, B3, T7, TP1, TP28 A1, IB6, IP2, T3, TP33	None 150 150	201 202 203 212	243 243 242	Forbidden 1 L 60 L 15 kg	30 L 60 L 220 L 50 kg	⊞ Ø ∀ O	40 40
(5	organic, n.o.s Flammable solid, inorganic,	4.1	UN3178	==	4.1, 8	A1, IB6, T1, TP33 A1, IB8, IP2, IP4, T3,	151	213	242	25 kg 15 kg	100 kg 50 kg	D 8	40
(5	n.o.s Flammable solid, organic, mol-	4.1	UN3176	≡=	4. 4. 1. 1.	I P33 A1, IB8, IP3, T1, TP33 IB1, T3, TP3, TP26	151	213	240 240	25 kg Forbidden	100 kg Forbidden	m O	
(5	ten, n.o.s Flammable solid, oxidizing,	4.1	760ENN	==	1.4.	IB1, T1, TP3, TP26 131	151 None	213	240	Forbidden	Forbidden	ОШ	40
				=	5.1,	131, T1, TP33		214	214	Forbidden	Forbidden	۵	40
(5	Flammable solid, toxic, inorganic, n.o.s.	4.1	UN3179	= =	4.1, 6.1. 4.1,	A1, IB6, IP2, T3, TP33 A1, IB6, T1, TP33	151	212	242	15 kg 25 kg	50 kg 100 kg	а а	9 4
(7	Flammable solids, corrosive, or-	4.1	UN2925	=	6.1.	A1, IB6, IP2, T3, TP33	None	212	242	15 kg	50 kg	٥	40
(5	Flammable solids, organic,	4.1	UN1325	≡=	4.1, 8	A1, IB6, T1, TP33 A1, IB8, IP2, IP4, T3,	151	213	242 240	25 kg 15 kg	100 kg 50 kg	о в	40
(5	Flammable solids, toxic, or-	4.1	UN2926	≡=	1.4.	A1, IB8, IP3, T1, TP33 A1, IB6, IP2, T3, TP33	151	213	240 242	25 kg 15 kg	100 kg 50 kg	B B	40
	gallo, 1.0.5			=	. 1. 6	A1, IB6, T1, TP33	151	213	242	25 kg	100 kg	В	40
	Hares, aerial Ha	1.3G 1.4G 1.4S 1.1G	UN0093 UN0403 UN0420	====	1.3G 1.4G 1.1G 1.1G		None None	85 2 8 80 2 8	None None None	Forbidden Forbidden 25 kg Forbidden	75 kg 75 kg 100 kg Forbidden	07 06 05 07	

§ 172.101

§172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued

			<u>-</u> တ	2	TAZAH	§ 172.101 FIAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—CONTINUED	3LE—C0	ılıınea					
								(8)		(6)	_		(10)
Š	I	Hazard	Identi-		- ode	Special provisions	۵۰	Packaging		Quantity limitations	mitations	S	vessel stowage
bols	tions and proper shipping names	class or Division	fication Numbers	<u>ი</u>	Codes	(§172.102)		2		175.	75)	600	
							Excep- tions	Non bulk	Bulk	Passenger aircraft/rail	Cargo air- craft only	tion	Other
£	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7)	(8A)	(8B)	(8C)	(9A)	(9B)	(10A)	(10B)
		1.2G	UN0421	=	1.2G		None	62	None	Forbidden	Forbidden	20	
	Flares, airplane, see Flares, aerial.												
	Flares, signal, see Cartridges,												
	Signar. Flares, surface	1.3G	UN0092	=	1.3G		None	62	None	Forbidden	75 kg	07	
	Flares, surface	1.1G		=	1.1G		None	62	None	Forbidden	Forbidden	20	
	urface		UN0419	=	1.2G		None	62	None	Forbidden	Forbidden	07	
	Flares, water-activated, see							:					
	etc.												
	Flash powder	1.1G	_	=			None	62	None	Forbidden	Forbidden	15	
	Flash powder	1.3G	UN0305	=			None	62	None	Forbidden	Forbidden	15	
	Flue dusts, poisonous, see Ar-							i					
	Senical dust. Fluorio acid see Hydrofluorio												
	acid, etc.							:					
	Fluorine, compressed	2.3	UN1045		2.3,	1, N86	None	302	None	Forbidden	Forbidden	۵	40, 89, 90
					- . ω								
	Fluoroacetic acid	6.1	_		6.1	IB7, IF	None	211		1 kg	15 kg	ш	
	Fluoroanilines	6.1		= :	6.1	IB3, T4, TP1	153	203		09 F	220 L	۱ ک	
	Fluorobenzene	m	UN2387	= =	 m	182, 14, TP1	150	202	242	5 L	7 09 09	m <	
	riuoroboric acid	0	02/10	=	0	A6, A7, B2, B13, IB2, N3, N34, T7, TP2	4c	Z0Z	747	_	30 L	۲	
	Fluorophosphoric acid anhydrous.	80	UN1776	=	 8	A6, A7, B2, IB2, N3, N34, T8, TP2	None	202	242	11	30 L	⋖	
g	Fluorosilicates, n.o.s	6.1	_	=	6.1	IB8, IP3, T1, TP33	153	213	240	100 kg	200 kg	⋖	52
	Fluorosilicic acid	8	UN1778	=	 8	A6, A7, B2, B15, IB2, N3, N34, T8, TP2	None	202	242	1	30 Ē	⋖	
	Fluorosulfonic acid	80	UN1777	_	 8	A3, A6, A7, A10, B6, B10, N3, N36, T10, TP2	None	201	243	0.5 L	2.5 L	۵	40
	Fluorotoluenes	က	UN2388	=	3	IB2, T4, TP1	150	202	242	2 F	7 09	В	40
	Forbidden materials. See	Forbidden							:				
	Formaldehyde solutions, flam-	ო	UN1198	=	3, 8	176, B1, IB3, T4, TP1	150	203	242	2 F	7 09	⋖	40
	mable.	_								_	_		

			40.	40	40.											
			∢	∢	∢	20	ш	В	∢			⋖		m		ш
	09		30 L	7 09	30 L	Forbidden	30 L	7 09	220 L	50 kg		50 kg		15 kg		15 kg
	5 L		7	5 L	1	Forbidden	1 L	5 L	T 09	5 kg		5 kg		- Kg		1 kg
	241		242	241	242	62	243	242				230		230		230
	203	i	202	203	202	62	201	202		230		230		230		230
	154		154	154	154	None	150	150	150	230		230		230		230
	IB3, T4, TP1		IB2, T7, TP2	IB3, T4, TP1	B2, B28, IB2, T7, TP2		144, T11, TP1, TP8, TP28	144, IB2, T4, TP1, TP8	144, B1, IB3, T2, TP1							
	8		8	8	8, 3	1.1D	3	3	3	8		e		2.1		2.1
	≡		=	≡	=	=	_	=	=							:
	UN2209		UN3412	UN3412	UN1779	6600NN	UN1863			UN3477		UN3473		UN3479		UN3478
	ω		∞	∞	80	1.10	က			00		ဧ		2.1		2.1
Formaldehyde solutions (with not less than 10% and less than 25% formaldehyde), see Aviation regulated liquid, stances limid not see that the stances in the second second limid not see the second limid not second limid not see the second limid not see the second limid not second li	Formaldehyde solutions, with not less than 25 percent formaldehyde.	Formalin, see Formaldehyde, solutions.	Formic acid with not less than 10% but not more than 85% acid by mass.	Formic acid with not less than 5% but less than 10% acid by mass.	Formic acid with more than 85% acid by mass.	Fracturing devices, explosive, without detonators for oil wells.	Fuel, aviation, turbine engine			Fuel cell cartridges or Fuel cell	cartridges contained in equip- ment or Fuel cell cartridges packed with equipment, con- taining corrosive substances.	Fuel cell cartridges or Fuel cell	ment or Fuel cell cartridges packed with equipment, containing flammable liquids.	Fuel cell cartridges or Fuel cell cartridges contained in equipment or Fuel cell cartridges	packed with equipment, <i>con-</i> taining hydrogen in metal hy- dride.	Fuel cell cartridges or Fuel cell cartridges contrained in equipment or Fuel cell cartridges packed with equipment, containing liquefied flammable gas.

8, 40

44

52,

§ 172.101

Other

(10B)

(10) Vessel stowage (10A) Loca-tion ⋖ 60 L 220 L 60 L 220 L 30 L Cargo air-craft only Quantity limitations (see §§ 173.27 and 175.75) 20 (9B) 6) Passenger aircraft/rail 5 L 1 L 60 L 5 L 90 L 5 Kg (9A) 243 243 241 242 242 Bulk (8C) 230 242 202 201 ... 203 ... 203 Packaging (§ 173.***) 202 ... §172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued : Non-bulk (8B) 8 230 203 153 None 153 Excep-tions (8A) 230 150 154 182, T7, TP2 T12, TP2, TP13 183, T4, TP1 B1, 183, T4, TP1 144, B1, IB3, T4, TP1, TP29 B2, IB2, T7, TP2 Special provisions (§ 172.102) 6 6.1, 3 3 6.1 3, 8 ... Label Codes 9 4.3 ω က Ξ =-== PG (2) Identi-fication Numbers UN1199 UN2389 UN2874 UN2526 UN3476 3 NA1993 UN1780 4 4.3 Forbidden Forbidden Forbidden Forbidden 8 6.1 6.1 6.1 Hazard class or Division Forbidden (3) Fuel system components (including fuel control units (FCU), carburetors, tuel lines, fuel burps) see Dangerous Goods in Machinery. Fulminate of mercury, wet, see Mercury tulminate of mercury, wet, see Mercury tulminate, etc. Fulminating mercury.

Fulminating platinum

Fulminating platinum

Fulminating platinum

Fulminating platinum

Fulminating allore

Fulminating silver

Fulminating silver

Fulminating allore

Fulminating silver

Fulminating allore

Fulminating Fuel cell cartridges or Fuel cell cartridges contained in equipment or Fuel cell cartridges packed with equipment, containing water-reactive sub-Fumigated transport vehicle or freight container see § 173.9. Furaldehydes clad.
Fuse, detonating, mild effect,
metal clad, see Cord, detonating, mild effect, metal clad. Fuse, detonating, metal clad, see Cord, detonating, metal Fuel oil (No. 1, 2, 4, 5, or 6) Hazardous materials descriptions and proper shipping names (2) Furfuryl alcohol ... Furfurylamine Furan . ۵ Sym-bols $\widehat{\Xi}$

Pinalina	and	Hazardous	Materials	Safety	Admin	DOI
	uliu	HUZUIUUU	MIGITALS	Juicia	AMIIIII	$\nu \nu$

75 kg 06 Forbidden 07	100 kg 05		ZZO L A						Torbidden 07	·	Forbidden 07	75 kg 06		75 kg 06		α	15 kg B 40		Forbidden D	A	Forbidden D 40		500 kg D	Forbidden D		5 L D	_
Forbidden Fort	25 kg 1		900 L			Forbidden	Forbidden For	Forbidden	Z5 kg Forbidden Fo		Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	25 kg	24 00	- K		Forbidden	7 09	Forbidden		50 kg	Forbidden		11	
62 None 62	62 None	202	203 24				62	62	62 None	<u> </u>	62 None	62		62	62 None	162 27	304 ::			203	316 318		316 318	316 318		302, None	5
None	None		B1, IB3, I2, IP1 150			None	None		None		None	116 None	None	None	None	T1 TD33 None			9 None		T75, TP5 None		T75, TP5 320	T75, TP5, TP22 320		306	_
1.4G :: 1.3G ::	1.4S ::					1.18		II 1.4B	1.45 1.10		II 1.2D	II 1.4D	1.3G		II 1.4S	Ξ			2.3	3	2.1		2.2	2.2,	5.1.	2.1	
1.4G UN0103 1.3G UN0101	1.4S UN0105 4.1 NA1325						_		1.1D UN0408		1.2D UN0409	1.4D UN0410	1.3G UN0316	_	1.4S UN0368	Dacivii 8			2.3 NA9035	_	2.1 UN3312		2.2 UN3158	2.2 UN3311		2.1 UN3167	
Fuse, igniter tubular metal clad 1.40 Fuse, non-detonating instanta- 1.30 neous or quickmatch.	wav)		Fuses, tracer, see Tracers for	ammunition. Fuzes, combination, percussion	and une, see ruses, deto- nating (UN0257, UN0367); UN0317, giniting (UN0317,	nating			Fuzes, detonating		with protec-	Fuzes, detonating, with protective features.			Ĺ	Galacisari ullurare Forbide		without a release device, non- refillable.	cation set			mable, n.o.s. (<i>cryogenic liq-</i> <i>uid</i>).	iquid, n.o.s.		dizing, n.o.s. <i>(cryogenic liq-</i> uid).	Gas sample, non-pressurized,	BDIG, 11.0.0., 700, 10.1.19

§172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued

l	1			1	Ω	:	;	:	:	:	40	: :	: :	:	9 :	;	:	:	:	;	: :
(10)	stowage		Other	(10B)							4				40						
	70		tion tion	(10A)	۵	ш	ш				٥		∢		A 07	20	80	80		05	07
(mitations 3.27 and	75)	Cargo air- craft only	(98)	1 L	7 09	7 09				Forbidden		220 L		60 L Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden		100 kg	Forbidden
(6)	Quantity limitations (see §§ 173.27 and	175.	Passenger aircraft/rail	(9A)	Forbidden	5 L	2 L				Forbidden		7 09		1 L Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden		25 kg Forbidden	Forbidden
			Bulk	(8C)	None	242	242				245		241		243 None	None	None	None		None	None
(8)	Packaging (§173.***)		Non- bulk	(8B)	302, 304.	202	202				302		203		202	62	62	62		62	62
	P _e	!	Excep- tions	(8A)	306	150	150				None		153		150						
	Special provisions	(§ 172.102)		(7)	9	144, 177	144, 177, B1, B33, IB2, T8				2		IB3, T4, TP1		IB2, IP8, T7, TP1						
	Label	Codes		(9)	2.3	 E	e				2.3,	: :	6.1		3, 6.1 1.1D	1.2D	1.1F	1.2F		1.48	1.2G ::
	C	5		(2)		=	=					,	=		==	=	=	=		==	=
	ldenti-	Numbers		(4)	UN3169	NA1203	UN1203				UN2192		UN2689		UN2622 UN0284		UN0292	UN0293		UN0110	
	Hazard	Division		(3)	2.3	ო	ю				2.3	Forbidden	Forbidden 6.1		1.1D	1.2D	1.1F	1.2F		1.4S	1.2G
	Hazardous materials descrip-	nons and proper snipping names		(2)	Gas sample, non-pressurized, toxic, n.o.s., not refrigerated	Gasohol gasoline mixed with ethyl gasolol, with not more	Gasoline includes gasoline mixed with ethyl alcohol, with	not more than 10% alcohol. Gasoline, casinghead, see Gas-	Gelatine, blasting, see Explo-	Sive, blastilly, type A. Gelatine dynamites, see Explosive blasting type A.	Germane	Glycerol-1,3-dinitrate	Glycerol actate trinitrate	Glyceryl trinitrate, see Nitroglyc-	Glycidaldehyde	ğ	bursting charge. Grenades, hand or rifle, with	bursting charge. Grenades, hand or rifle, with	bursting charge. Grenades, illuminating, see Am-	munition, illuminating, etc. Grenades, practice, hand or rifle	Grenades, practice, hand or rifle
	Svm-	pols		Ē																	

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	73								74				8
90	∢	12		12				0 0	ΔШ				4444
75 kg	100 kg	Forbidden		Forbidden				Forbidden 50 kg	100 kg 50 kg				No limit No limit 220 L 150 kg
Forbidden	25 kg	Forbidden		Forbidden				Forbidden 15 kg	25 kg 15 kg				No limit No limit 60 L 75 kg
None	240	None		None				242 241	241				241 240 242 302, 314.
62	213	62		62		i		211	213 212				203 213 203
	152	None		None				None	None				155 155 150
	A1, IB8, IP3, T1, TP33	111, 117		111, 117				A19, A20, IB6, IP2, N34, T3. TP33	IB8, IP3, T1, TP33 A6, A19, A20, IB6, IP2, N34, T3, TP33				IB3, T2, TP1 B54, IB8, IP2, T1, TP33 B1, IB3, T2, TP1
1.4G	5.1	1.1A		1.1A				4 4 2 5 	4.1				23.00
=	=	=		=				-=	==				===
1.4G UN0452	UN1467	UN0113		UN0114				UN2545	UN1326				NA3082 NA3077 UN1202 UN1046
1.4G	5.1 Forbidden	1.1A	Forbidden	1.1A				4.2	4.1				9 9 8 9 9 9 9 9
Grenades practice Hand or rifle Grenades, smoke, see Ammunition, smoke, etc.	Guanidine nitrosaminoguanylidene Guanyl nitrosaminoguanylidene hvdrazine (dn)	Guanyl nitrosaminoguanylidene hydrazine, wetted with not less than 30 percent water,	Guanyl nitrosaminoguanyltetrazene	Guanyl Guanyl nitrosaminoguanyltetrazene,	wetted of letrazene, wetted with not less than 30 percent water or mixture of alcohol and water, by mass.	Gunpowder, compressed <i>or</i> Gunpowder in pellets, <i>see</i> Black powder (UN 0028).	Gunpowder, granular or as a meal, see Black powder (UN	Hafnium powder, dry	Hafnium powder, wetted with not less than 25 percent	water (a visible excess of water must be present) (a) mechanically produced, particle size less than 53 microns; (b) chemically pro-	duced, particle size less than 840 microns. Hand signal device, see Signal devices. hand.	Hazardous substances, liquid or solid, n.o.s., see Environmentally hazardous sub-	stances, etc. Hazardous waste, liquid, n.o.s. Hazardous waste, solid, n.o.s Healing oil, light Helium, compressed

Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Admin., DOT

§172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued

			- တ	N. 10	I HAZAH	§172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued	SLE—COL	ıınuea					
								(8)		(6)			(10)
Š	Hazardous materials descrip-	Hazard	Identi-		-	and injury		Packaging		Quantity limitations	mitations	st	vessei stowage
bols	tions and proper shipping names	class or Division	fication Numbers	PG	Codes	(§ 172.102)	2	9		175.	3.27 and 75)	-600	
							Excep- tions	Non- bulk	Bulk	Passenger aircraft/rail	Cargo air- craft only	tion	Other
£	(2)	(3)	(4)	(2)	(9)	(2)	(8A)	(8B)	(8C)	(A6)	(9B)	(10A)	(10B)
	Helium, refrigerated liquid (cryo-	2.2	UN1963		2.2	T75, TP5	320	316	318	50 kg	500 kg	۵	
	genic liquidy. Heptafluoropropane or Refrig-	2.2	UN3296		2.2	150	306	304	314,	75 kg	150 kg	∢	
	n-Heptaldehyde	с	UN3056	= =		B1, IB3, T2, TP1	150		242	09 L	220 L		
	n-Heptene	ი ო		_		IB2, 14, 171 IB2, T4, TP1			242	2 5	09 L		
	Hexachloroacetone	6.1	UN2661	==	6.1	IB3, T4, TP1		203	241	09 F	220 L	ω ⊲	12, 40
	Hexachlorobutadiene	6.1		=		IB3, T4, TP1	153	203	241	7 09 109	220 L		
	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	6.1	UN2646		6.1	2, B9, B14, B32, B77, T20, TP2, TP13, TP38, TP45	None	227	244	Forbidden	Forbidden	۵	40
	Hexachlorophene	6.1	UN2875 UN1781	==	6.1	IB8, IP3, T1, TP33 A7, B2, B6, N34, T10, TP2, TP7, TP13	153 None	213 206	240 242	100 kg Forbidden	200 kg 30 L	∢ ∪	40
	HexadienesHexaethyl tetraphosphate and compressed das mixtures.	2.3	UN2458 UN1612	= ;	2.3	182, T4, TP1 182, T4, TP1 3	None	202 334	242 None	5 L Forbidden	60 L Forbidden	ВО	40
	Hexaethyl tetraphosphate, <i>liquid</i> Hexaethyl tetraphosphate, <i>solid</i> Hexafluoroacetone	6.1 6.1 2.3	UN1611 UN1611 UN2420	==	6.1 6.1 2.3, 8	IB2, N76, T7, TP2 IB8, IP2, IP4, N76 2, B9, B14	153 153 None	202 212 304	243 242 314,	5 L 25 kg Forbidden	60 L 100 kg Forbidden	шшО	40 40 40
	Hexafluoroacetone hydrate, liq-	6.1	UN2552	=	6.1	IB2, T7, TP2	153	202	315. 243	5 L	7 09	В	40
	Hexafluoroacetone hydrate,	6.1	UN3436	=	6.1	IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33	153	212	242	25 kg	100 kg	В	40
	Hexafluoroethane, or Refrig-	2.2	UN2193	-	2.2		306	304	314,	75 kg	150 kg	⋖	
	Hexafluorophosphoric acid	80	UN1782	=	 &	A6, A7, B2, IB2, N3,	None	202	242	1 L	30 L	⋖	
	Hexafluoropropylene compressed or Refrigerant gas R	2.2	UN1858		2.2	T50 T50	306	304	314, 315.	75 kg	150 kg	∢	
	Hexaldehyde	3 6.1 Forbidden	UN1207 UN2281	==	6.1	B1, IB3, T2, TP1 IB2, T7, TP2, TP13	150	203	242	60 L 5 L	220 L 60 L	∢ ∪	13, 40
	diamine (dry).	_		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		

•									•							
12 40									74							
< < < a <		ш			10			10	∢ Ш						10	10
100 kg 30 L 60 L 5 L 100 kg		9			Forbidden			Forbidden	220 L 60 L						Forbidden	Forbidden
25 kg 1 L 5 L 25 kg	9	5 L			Forbidden			Forbidden	60 L						Forbidden	Forbidden
240 242 241 243		242			None			None	242						None	None
202 2 202 3 202 3 13 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3		202			62			62	203						62	62
154 None 154 150		150			None			None	150						None	None
188, IP3, T1, TP33 182, T7, TP2 183, T4, TP1 182, T7, TP1 A1, IB8, IP3, T1, TP33		IB2, T4, TP1							B1, IB3, T2, TP1 IB2, T4, TP1							
8886,4		e :			1.1D			1.10	m m						1.1D	1.1D
====		=			=			=	==						=	=
UN2280 UN1783 UN2493 UN1328		UN1208			6200NU			UN0392	UN2282						UN0118	UN0393
88 61-	Forbidden	3 Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden Forbidden	1.1D	Forbidden	Forbidden	1.1D	е е						1.10	1.1D
Hexamethylenediamine, solid Hexamethylenediamine solution Hexamethyleneimine	Hexamethylol benzene hexanitrate.	Hexanes	e (dry). ee !) ethyl-	ene dinitramine (dry). Hexanitrodiphenyl urea 2,2,3,4,4',6-	Hexanitrodiphenylamine or	Dipicrylamine or nexyl. 2,3,4,4',6,6'- Hovanitrodinhamilathar			liquids, n.o.s Hexanols	Hexogen and cyclotetramethylenetetranitra-	mine mixtures, wetted or desensitized see RDX and HMX mixtures, wetted or desen-	sitzed etc. Hexogen and HMX mixtures, wetted or desensitized see	HDX and HMX mxtures, wetted or desensitized etc. Hexogen and octogen mixtures, wetted or desensitized see RDX and HMX mixtures,	wetted or desensitized etc. Hexogen, see Cyclotrimethylenetrinitramine,	Hexolite, or Hexotol dry or wetted with less than 15 per-	cent water, by mass. Hexotonal

Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Admin., DOT

§ 172.101

§172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued

			<u> </u>	2	724	S 172.101 LIAZANDOOS MATENIALS TABLE							
								(8)		(6)		>	(10)
Ė.		Hazard	Identi-		ada	Special provisions	P _s	Packaging		Quantity limitations	mitations 3 27 and	stc <	stowage
bols	tions and proper shipping names	class or Division	fication Numbers	a D	Codes	(§ 172.102)				175.	75)	9	
							Excep- tions	Non- bulk	Bulk	Passenger aircraft/rail	Cargo air- craft only	tion	Other
£	(2)	(3)	(4)	(2)	(9)	(2)	(8A)	(8B)	(8C)	(A6)	(BB)	(10A)	(10B)
	Hexyltrichlorosilane	8	UN1784	=	8	A7, B2, B6, N34, T10, TP2, TP7, TP13	None	206	242	Forbidden	30 L	O	40
	High explosives, see individual explosives, entries												
	HMX, see							i					
	Cyclotetrametrylenete tranitramine, etc. Hydrazine, anhydrous	80	UN2029	_	8,3,	A3, A6, A7, A10, B7,	None	201	243	Forbidden	2.5 L	۵	40, 52, 125.
	Hydrazine adizerbyl	4	6 1 IN3293	=	6.1.	B16, B53	153	203	241	109	1066	٥	
		5						:	:	3			j
	hydrazine, by mass. Hydrazine aqueous solution, flammable with more than	ω	UN3484	_	8, 3, 6.1.	B16, B53, T10, TP2, TP13	None	201	243	Forbidden	2.5 L	۵	40, 52, 125
	37% hydrazine, by mass. Hydrazine aqueous solution, with more than 37% hydra-	ω	UN2030	_	8, 6.1	B16, B53, T10, TP2, TP13	None	201	243	Forbidden	2.5 L	۵	40, 52
	zire, by mass.			=	8, 6.1	B16, B53, IB2, T7, TP2,	None	202	243	Forbidden	30 L	۵	40, 52
	Hickoring grido	10000 10000		=		B16, B53, IB3, T4, TP1	154	203	241			۵	40, 52
	Hydrazine chlorate Hydrazine dicarbonic acid	Forbidden											
	uazide.			=	8, 6.1	B16, B53, IB2, T7, TP2,	None	202	243	Forbidden	30 L	٥	40
	Highering possiblests			=		B16, B53, IB3, T4, TP1	154	203	241			۵	40
	Hydrazine selenate	Forbidden											
	Hydrogen iodide, anhydrous.	80	UN1787	=		A3, A6, B2, IB2, N41,	154	202	242			O	
				=	8	17, TP2 IB3, T4, TP1	154	203	241	2 F	7 09	O	80
	Hydrobromic acid, anhydrous, see Hydrogen bromide, anhy-												
				_							_	_	

	ω :	8 04	40						80		40	40				40		12, 40	12, 40	
O	OO	ОШ	ш	ш	В	∢		O	O		۵	۵				۵		٥	۵	
Forbidden	Forbidden 30 L	60 L 150 kg	150 kg	30 L	90 P	220 L		30 L	90 L		Forbidden	5 L				2.5 L		2.5 L	30 L	
Forbidden	Forbidden 1 L	5 L Forbidden	Forbidden	1 L	2 F	7 09		11	5 L		Forbidden	Forbidden				Forbidden		0.5 L	1	
242	241	314,	314,	243	242	242		242	241		244	243				243		243	243	
202	203	203	304	201	202	203		202	203	:	195	195			i	201		201	202	
154	154	154 306	306	150	150	150		154	154		None	None				None		None	154	
B2, B15, IB2, N41, T7, TP2	IB3, T4, TP1 A3, A6, B2, B15, IB2, N41, T7, TP2	A3, IB3, T4, TP1	T50	144, T11, TP1, TP8,	1728 144, IB2, T7, TP1, TP8, TP29	144, B1, IB3, T4, TP1, TP29		A3, A6, B3, B15, IB2,	A3, IB3, T4, TP1		2, B61, B65, B77, B82, T20, TP2, TP13	IB1, T14, TP2, TP13,	TP27			A6, A7, B15, B23, N5, N34 T10 TP2 TP13		A6, A7, B4, B15, B23, N5, N34, T10, TP2,	A6, A7, B15, IB2, N5, N34, T8, TP2	
8	 & &	8	2.1	 8	 8	 		8	8		6.1	6.1				8, 6.1		8, 6.1	8, 6.1	
=	≡=	= ;		-	=	=		=	=		-	=				-		_	=	
UN1788	UN1788	UN1964	UN1965	UN3295				UN1789			UN1613	NA1613				UN1786		UN1790	UN1790	
80	ω	2.1	2.1	ო				ω			6.1	6.1			Forbidden	ω		∞	80	
Hydrobromic acid, with more than 49 percent hydrobromic	Hydrobromic acid, with not more than 49 percent	Hydrocarbon gas mixture, com-	Pressed, n.o.s Hydrocarbon gas mixture, lique-	Hydrocarbons, liquid, n.o.s			Hydrochloric acid, anhydrous, see Hydrogen chloride, anhy-	Hydrochloric acid		Hydrocyanic acid, anhydrous,	see Hydrogen cyanide etc. Hydrocyanic acid, aqueous so- lutions or Hydrogen cyanide, aqueous solutions with not	more than zo percent hydro- gen cyanide. Hydrocyanic acid, aqueous so-	lutions with less than 5 per- cent hydrogen cyanide.	Hydrocyanic acid, liquefied, see	Hydrogen cyanide, etc. Hydrocyanic acid (prussic), unstabilized	Hydrofluoric acid and Sulfuric	Hydrofluoric acid, anhydrous, see Hydrogen fluoride, anhy-	Hydrofluoric acid, with more than 60 percent strength.	Hydrofluoric acid, with not more than 60 percent strength.	Hydrofluoroboric acid, see

§ 172.101

§172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued

			/L &	2.101	HAZAF	§172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS I ABLE—Continued	SE—Cor	ıtınued					
								(8)		(6)	((10)
Ġ,	Hazardous materials descrip-	Hazard	Identi-		d	Special provisions	G. %	Packaging		Quantity II	Quantity limitations	st	stowage
bols	tions and proper shipping names	class or Division	fication Numbers	PG	Codes	(§ 172.102)	2			175.	75) and	-	
							Excep- tions	Non- bulk	Bulk	Passenger aircraft/rail	Cargo air- craft only	tion	Other
£	(2)	(3)	(4)	(2)	(9)	(7)	(8A)	(8B)	(8C)	(9A)	(9B)	(10A)	(10B)
	Hydrofluorosilicic acid, see												
	Hydrogen and Methane mix- tures, compressed.	2.1	UN2034		2.1	N89	306	302	302, 314,	Forbidden	150 kg	ш	40, 57
	Hydrogen bromide, anhydrous	2.3	UN1048		2.3, 8	3, B14, N86, N89	None	304	315. 314,	Forbidden	Forbidden	٥	40
	Hydrogen chloride, anhydrous Hydrogen chloride, refrigerated	2.3	UN1050 UN2186		2.3, 8	3, N86, N89 3, B6	None	304 None	313. 314,	Forbidden Forbidden	Forbidden Forbidden	O 8	40
	liquid. Hydrogen, compressed	2.1	UN1049		2.1	68N	306	302	315. 302,	Forbidden	150 kg	Ш	40, 57
	Hydrogen cyanide, solution in alcohol with not more than 45	6.1	UN3294	_	6.1, 3	2, B9, B14, B32, T20, TP2, TP13, TP38, TP45	None	227	314. 244	Forbidden	Forbidden	O	40
	Percent hydrogen cyanide. Hydrogen cyanide, stabilized	6.1	UN1051	_	6.1, 3	1, B35, B61, B65, B77,	None	195	244	Forbidden	Forbidden	٥	40
	Hydrogen cyanide, stabilized, with less than 3 percent water.	6.1	UN1614	_	6.1	5.5	None	195	None	Forbidden	Forbidden	۵	25, 40
	and absorbed in a porous inert material. Hydrogen fluoride, anhydrous	ω	UN1052	_	8.6.1	3, B7, B46, B77, N86,	None	163	244	Forbidden	Forbidden	۵	40
	Hydrogen in a metal hydride storage system or Hydrogen	2.1	UN3468		2.1	167	None	311	None	Forbidden	100 kg gross	۵	
	in a metal nydride storage system contained in equip- ment or Hydrogen in a metal hydride storage system												
	ith equipmer	2.3	UN2197		2.3, 8	3, B14, N86, N89	None	304	314,	Forbidden	Forbidden	۵	40
	Hydrogen iodide solution, see												
	nydriodic acid.			=	 80	IB8, IP3, N3, N34, T1,	154	213	240	25 kg	100 kg	∢	25, 40, 52.
	Hydrogendifluoride, solid, n.o.s	80	UN1740	=	 &	IB8, IP2, IP4, N3, N34, T3, TP33	None	212	240	15 kg	50 kg	∢	25, 40, 52

			=		IB8, IP3, N3, N34, T1,	154	213	240	25 kg	100 kg	<	25, 40, 52	
ydrogendifluoride solution,	ω	UN3471	=	8, 6.1	IB2, T7, TP2	154	202	242	11	30 L	⋖	25, 40, 52.	
ydrogen peroxide and peroxy- acetic acid mixtures, sta- bilized with acids, water, and not more than 5 percent per-	5.	UN3149	≡=	8, 6.1 5.1, 8	IB3, T4, TP1 145, A2, A3, A6, B53, IB2, IP5, T7, TP2, TP6, TP24	154 None	203	243	- 5 L - L	9 F	4 0	25, 40, 52. 25, 66, 75.	
oxyacetic acid. ydrogen, peroxide, aqueous solutions with more than 40 percent but not more than 60 percent hydrogen peroxide	5.1	UN2014	=	5.1, 8	12, A60, B53, B80, B81, B85, IB2, IP5, T7, TP2, TP6, TP24, TP37	None	202	243	Forbidden	Forbidden	۵	25, 66, 75	
(stabilized as necessary), ydrogen peroxide, aqueous solutions with not less than 20 percent but not more than 40 percent hydrogen peroxide	5.1	UN2014	=	5.1, 8	A2, A3, A6, B53, IB2, IP5, T7, TP2, TP6, TP24, TP37	None	202	243	11	5 L	۵	25, 66, 75.	
(stabilized as necessary). ydrogen, peroxide, aqueous solutions with not less than 8 percent but less than 20 percent hydrogen peroxide (stacent hydrogen peroxide (stacent hydrogen seroxide (stacent hydrogen peroxide (stacent hydrogen hydrogen peroxide (stacent hydrogen h	5.1	UN2984	≡	5.1	A1, IB2, IP5, T4, TP1, TP6, TP24, TP37	152	203	241	2.5 L	30 L	В	25, 66, 75	
bilized as necessary). ydrogen peroxide, stabilized or Hydrogen peroxide aqueous solutions, stabilized with more than 60 percent hydrogen	5.1	UN2015	-	5.1, 8	12, B53, B80, B81, B85, T9, TP2, TP6, TP24, TP37	None	201	243	Forbidden	Forbidden	۵	25, 66, 75.	
ydrogen, refrigerated liquid	2.1	UN1966		2.1	T75, TP5	None	316	318,	Forbidden	Forbidden	۵	40	
(cryogenic ilquid). ydrogen selenide, anhydrous	2.3	UN2202		2.3,	-	None	192	245	Forbidden	Forbidden	۵	40	
lydrogen sulfate, see Sulfuric acid.	C	2			00 V					7 7 7			
ydrogen sunde	A S			2.7 2.1.			304	315.	Lorondaen		۵	5	
- 6 6 E	1.3C	UN0508		1.3C		None	65	None	Forbidden	Forbidden	10		
mass. Hydroxybenzotriazole, monohydrata	4.1	UN3474	-	4.1	06N	None	211	None	0.5 kg	0.5 kg	٥	28, 36	
indional arias are ydroxyl amine sulfate	Forbidden 8	UN2865 UN1791	≡=	8 8	IB8, IP3, T1, TP33 A7, B2, B15, IB2, IP5, N34, T7, TP2, TP24	154	202	240	25 kg 1 L	100 kg 30 L	A 80		

Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Admin., DOT

§172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued

								(8)		(6)	(>	(10)
Sym-	Hazardous materials descrip-	Hazard	Identi-	C	Label	Special provisions	1 d 80	Packaging (§173.***)		Quantity limitations (see §§ 173.27 and	mitations 3.27 and	str >	stowage
pols	nons and proper snipping names	Division	Numbers	5	Codes	(§ 172.102)				175.	75)	6	
							Excep- tions	Non- bulk	Bulk	Passenger aircraft/rail	Cargo air- craft only	tion	Other
£	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7)	(8A)	(8B)	(8C)	(A6)	(BB)	(10A)	(10B)
G	Hypochlorites, inorganic, n.o.s	5.1	UN3212	≡=	5.1	1B3, N34, T4, TP2, TP24 349, A9, IB8, IP2, IP4,	154	203	241 240	5 L 5 kg	60 L 25 kg	ВΩ	26 4, 48, 52, 56
	Hyponitrous acid	Forbidden				2							or i
	gniters gradual gradua	1.1G 1.2G 1.3G	UN0121 UN0314 UN0315	===:	1.1G 1.3G		None	62	None None None	Forbidden Forbidden Forbidden	Forbidden Forbidden Forbidden	07 07 07	
g	Igniters	1.4G 1.4S 8 6.2	UN0325 UN0454 UN2269 UN2900	===	1.4G 1.4S 8 6.2	IB3, T4, TP2 A82	None None 154	62 62 203 196	None None 241	Forbidden 25 kg 5 L 50 mL or	75 kg 100 kg 60 L 4 L or 4 kg	06 05 B A 5	40
G	animals <i>only.</i> Infectious substances, affecting	6.2	UN 2814		6.2	A82	134	961	None	50 g 50 mL or	4 L or 4 kg	В	40
	numans. Inflammable, see Flammable Initiating explosives (dry) Inositol hexanitrate (dry)	Forbidden								б Ос			
o o	Insecticide gases, n.o.s	2.2	UN1968 UN3354		2.2	150	306	304	314, 315. 314.	75 kg Forbidden	150 kg 150 kg	∢ □	40
g	gases, o.s. Inha	2.3			2.3,	-		:	315. 245	Forbidden	Forbidden	۵	40
G	ard Zone A. Insecticide gases, toxic, flammale, n.o.s. Inhalation haz-	2.3	UN3355		2.3, 2.1.	2, B9, B14	None	302, 305.	314, 315.	Forbidden	Forbidden	۵	40
g	Insecticide gases, toxic, flammacticide gases, flam	2.3	UN3355		2.3, 2.1.	3, B14	None	302, 305.	314, 315.	Forbidden	Forbidden	۵	
Ø	Insecticide gases, toxic, flammacticide gases, toxic, flammacticide gases, toxic, flammacticide flam	2.3	UN3355		2.3, 2.1.	4	None	302, 305.	314, 315.	Forbidden	Forbidden	۵	
Ø	Insecticide gases, toxic, n.o.s	2.3	UN1967		2.3	М	None	193, 334.	245	Forbidden	Forbidden	۵	40

40, 55	40, 66, 74,	25, 40, 52, 66, 90					40			40								40			5 4		40		40 40
В	۵	۵	<u>в</u> в			ш	۵			ш		(ш					⋖				οш		ш		шО
100 kg	50 kg	Forbidden	T 09	220 L		Forbidden	Forbidden			150 kg	1 000	7 09 7 09	220 L			7 09	220 L	Forbidden	220 L	220 L	3 L 150 kg)	7 09	7 09	60 L 5 L
25 kg	Forbidden	Forbidden	5 L	90 F		Forbidden	Forbidden			Forbidden	- 0	5 -	7 09			5 L	7 09	Forbidden	7 09	90 L	Forbidden		2 F	2 F	77
240	240	243	242 242	242		240	244			314,	315.	242	242	i		242	242	244	242	242	243 314.	315.	242	242	243 243
213	212	205	202	203		213	226			304	200	202	203		:	202	203	226	203	203	304		202	203	202 202
154	None	None	150	150		None	None			306	7	150	150			150	150	None	150	150	306		150	150	150 150
IB8, IP3, T1, TP33	B6, IB8, IP2, IP4, N41,	ī -		B1, IB3, T2, TP1		B18, IB8, IP3, T1, TP33	1, B9, B14, B30, B77, T22, TP2, TP13, TP38, TP44			19, T50	B2 T2 TB4	IB2, T4, TP1	B1, IB3, T2, TP1			IB2, T4, TP1	B1, IB3, T2, TP1	1, B9, B14, B30, T20, TP2, TP13, TP27	B1, IB3, T2, TP1	B1, IB3, T2, TP1	19, 17, 1F1 19, T50		IB2, T4, TP1	B1, IB3, T4, TP1	IB2, T7, TP2, TP13 IB1, T7, TP2
8, 6.1		5.1, 6.1,	 	e :		4.2	6.1, 3			2.1	c		· ε			3	3	6.1, 3	3	 ი	2, 5 1.0 1.1		3	3, 8	3, 6.1 3, 8 ::
=	=	_	==	=		=	_				=	=	=			=	=		=	= =	=		=	=	= =
UN3495	UN1792	UN2495	UN2390 UN2391	UN2392		UN1376	UN1994			UN1969	0101010	UN1213	UN2527			UN2393	UN2528	UN2486	UN2283	UN2394	UN1055		UN2045		UN2284 UN2395
Forbidden 8	Forbidden 8	5.1	ოო	S Forbidden		4.2	6.1			2.1	c	ာက	· m			က	က	6.1	က	с	2. 1.3		က	က	ო ო
Inulin trinitrate (dry)	lodine azıde (dry)lodine monochloride	lodine pentafluoride	2-lodobutanelodomethylpropanes	lodopropanes	nitrate.	Iron oxide, spent, or Iron sponge, spent obtained from	coal gas purincation. Iron pentacarbonyl	Iron sesquichloride, see Ferric	Irritating material, see Tear gas	substances, etc. Isobutane see also Petroleum	gases, liquefied.	Isobutyl acetate	Isobutyl acrylate, stabilized	obuta	Isobutyi aldenyde, see Isobutyraldehyde.	Isobutyl formate	Isobutyl isobutyrate	Isobutyl isocyanate	Isobutyl methacrylate, stabilized	Isobutyl propionate	Isobutylene see a/so Petroleum	gases, liquefied.	Isobutyraldehyde or Isobutyl aldehyde.	Isobutyric acid	Isobutyronitrile

§172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued

			ē	<u>@</u>	40	i	25, 40, 48	0, 48	25, 40, 48	25, 40, 48
(10)	Vessel stowage		Other	(10B)			25, 4	25, 40,	25, 4	25, 40, 48
	S	000	tion	(10A)	۵	⋖	В	ш	ш	
(6)	Quantity limitations	.75)	Cargo air- craft only	(9B)	90 F	220 L	7 09	7 09	220 L	250 L 250 L 250 L 250 L 250 L 250 L 250 L 250 L
3)	Quantity	175	Passenger aircraft/rail	(9A)	11	7 09	5 L	5 L	7 09	00 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
			Bulk	(8C)	243	242	243	243	241	242 242 242 242 243 244 244 245 245 245 245 245 245 245 245
(8)	Packaging		Non- bulk	(8B)	202	203	202	202	203	202 202 203 203 203 203 203 203 203 203
	Pag	9	Excep- tions	(8A)	150	150	153	153	153	153
	Special provisions	(§ 172.102)		(2)	5, A3, A7, IB2, T11, TP2, TP13, TP27	5, A3, A7, IB3, T7, TP1,	IB2, T11, TP2, TP13, TP27	IB2, T11, TP2, TP13, TP <i>27</i>	IB3, T7, TP1, TP13,	5, 182, 17, 172 182, 184, 174 182, 14, 174 183, 14, 179 183, 14, 179 183, 14, 179 184, 179 187, 179 181, 183, 124, 179 181, 183, 124, 179 182, 144, 179 183, 124, 179 184, 179 185, 184, 179 186, 187, 179 186, 187, 179 187, 179 188, 187, 179 188, 174, 174 188, 174, 174 188, 174, 174 188, 174, 174 188, 174, 174 188, 174 188
	aç	Codes		(9)	3, 6.1	3, 6.1	6.1, 3	6.1	6.1	
		2		(2)	=	=	=	=	=	=== = -====
	Identi-	fication		(4)	UN2478		6.1 UN3080	6.1 UN2206		UN2288 UN2288 UN2288 UN2290 UN2289 UN1219 UN2303 UN2303
	Hazard	class or Division		(3)	ю		6.1	6		
	Hazardous materials descrip-	tions and proper shipping names		(2)	Isocyanates, flammable, toxic, n.o.s. or Isocyanate solutions, flammable, toxic, n.o.s. flash	por ress man 20 degrees C.	Isocyanates, toxic, flammable,	toxic, institution of the state	5	Isocyanatobenzotrifluorides
	Ė	pols		£	Ø		g	Ø		

6.1 UN2407 6.1, 3, 8.
3 UN2934 III 3 3 UN2406 II 3 6.1 UN2483 I 6.1, 3
3 UN1222 II 3
=
3 UN1221 3, 8
Forbidden
4.1 UN2907 II 4.1
4.1 UN3251 III 4.1
1.1D NA0124 II 1.1D
1.4D NA0494 II 1.4D
1.1D UN0124 II 1.1D
1.4D UN0494 II 1.4D
3 UN1223 III 3
= =

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56, 58 28

56,

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§ 172.101

(10) Vessel stowage

Other

(10B)

(10A) Loca-tion Ω 200 kg 100 kg 100 kg 200 kg 100 kg 100 kg 25 kg 2 L 500 kg ğ Cargo air-craft only Quantity limitations (see §§ 173.27 and 175.75) 25 (9B) 6) Passenger aircraft/rail 100 kg 25 kg 25 kg 100 kg 25 kg 25 kg 50 kg 5 kg Forbidden (9A) 111 111 150 kg None (8C) 240 . 242 . 240 242 242 242 243 242 Packaging (§ 173.***) : : : ::: : §172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued : 75 kg None Non-bulk (8B) 212 212 202 203 8 62 Excep-tions (8A) None None 320 153 153 . 153 . 153 . 152 152 152 152 IP3, T1, TP33 IP4, T3, TP33 IP4, T3, TP33 P3, T1, TP33 P4, T3, TP33 P3, T1, TP33 302 T75, TP5 IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 111, 117 IB6, IP2, T3, TP33 IB2, T4, TP1 IB2, T4, TP1 Special provisions (§ 172.102) 6 P 2, 9 B8, B8, 138, A1, 88 88 1 1 1 111 306, 307. 2.2 5.1, 6.1. 5.1, 6.1. 5.1, 6.1. 5.1, 6.1. 9 6.1 6.1 === 2.2 PG (2) Identi-fication Numbers UN1616 UN1617 UN1618 UN2291 UN1620 UN1872 UN1970 UN1469 UN1470 UN3408 UN1056 UN0129 4 6.1 6.1 6.1 Forbidden 1.1A Forbidden 5.1 2.2 2.2 5.1 6.1 Hazard class or Division (3) Lacquer base or facquer chips.

Lacquer base or facquer chips.

plastic, wet with alcohol or solvent, see Nitrocellulose (UN2557) or Paint etc.(UN12557) or Paint etc.(UN1263).

Lead arsenates

The solven the solvent water or mixture of alcohol and water, by (cryogenic liquid). Lacquer base or lacquer chips, nitrocellulose, dry, see Nitro-cellulose, etc. (UN 2557). Lead dross, see Lead sulfate, with more than 3 percent free acid. Lead peroxide, see Lead dioxide. Lead compounds, soluble, n.o.s refrigerated liquid Hazardous materials descriptions and proper shipping names Lead nitroresorcinate (dry)... Lead perchlorate, solid ead perchlorate, solution. Krypton, compressed (2) ead nitrate G Sym-bols $\widehat{\Xi}$

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34.						40		40	40							40			40	40
B B	12	⋖		∢	∢	В		В	В					90		۵	∢	۵	Ω	۵
50 kg 100 kg	Forbidden	50 kg		No limit	No limit	15 kg		Forbidden	15 kg					100 kg		150 kg	150 kg	150 kg	Forbidden	Forbidden
15 kg 25 kg	Forbidden	15 kg		No limit	No limit	1 kg		Forbidden	1 kg					25 kg		Forbidden	75 kg	75 kg	Forbidden	Forbidden
240		240		None	None	None		None	None					None		315	314,	314,	ã	314, 315.
212		212		219	219	21,308		None	306					62		304	304	304	192	304
None	None	154		None	None	21,308		21	306					None		306	306	306	None	None
IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 IB8, IP3, T1, TP33	111, 117	IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33				168	168	168	169							T50	T50	A14	-	2, B9, B14
1.4	1.1A	8	i	None	None	2.1	i	:: ::	2.1					1.48		2.1	2.2	2.2,	2.3, 8	2.3, 8
= =	=	=						=						=				i		
0NZ989	UN0130	UN1794		UN3072	UN2990	UN1057		NA1057	UN1057					UN0131		UN3161	UN3163	UN3157	UN3308	UN3308
4.1	Forbidden 1.1A	80		თ	0	2.1		е	2.1					1.48		2.1	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.3
Lead phosphite, dibasic	Lead picrate (dry)	Lead sulfate with more than 3 percent free acid.	Lead trinitroresorcinate, see Lead styphnate, etc.	Life-saving appliances, not self inflating containing dangerous acculament	Life-saving appliances, self in-	Lighters containing flammable cas.	Lighters, new or empty, purged of all residual fuel and vapors.	Lighters, non-pressurized, con-	Lighter refills containing flam-	mable gas not exceeding 4 fluid ounces (7.22 cubic inches) and 65 grams of flam-	mable gas.	Lighter replacement cartridges containing liquefied petroleum	gases see Lighter refills containing flammable gas. Etc.	Lighters, fuse	oxide.	G Liquefied gas, flammable, n.o.s.	G Liquefied gas, n.o.s	G Liquefied gas, oxidizing, n.o.s	G1 Liquefied gas, toxic, corrosive, n.o.s. Inhalation Hazard Zone	GI Liquefied gas, toxic, corrosive, n.o.s. Inhalation Hazard Zone B.

§ 172.101

§172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued

	(10)	stowage		Other	(10B)	4	4	17, 4	17, 4	17, 4	17, 4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
	>	stc	6	tion	(10A)	۵	۵	۵	۵	۵	۵	٥	۵	۵	۵	۵	۵	۵
)	mitations	75)	Cargo air- craft only	(BB)	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden
	(6)	Quantity limitations (see SS 173 27 and	175.	Passenger aircraft/rail	(9A)	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden
				Bulk	(8C)	314, 315.	314, 315.	245	314, 315.	314, 315.	314, 315.	245	314, 315.	314, 315.	314, 315.	245	314, 315.	314, 315.
	(8)	Packaging	`	Non Am	(8B)	304	304	192	304	304	304	192	304	304	304	192	304	304
		Pa	2	Excep- tions	(8A)	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None
		Special provisions	(§172.102)		(7)	3, B14	4	-	2, B9, B14	3, B14	4	-	2, B9, B14	3, B14	4	-	2, B9, B14	3, B14
		ade	Codes		(9)	2.3, 8	2.3, 8	2.3, 2.1, 8.	2.3, 2.1, 8.	2.3, 2.1, 8.	2.3, 2.1, 8.	2.3,	2.3, 2.1.	2.3,	2.3,	2.3	2.3	2.3
		(2		(2)													
,		Identi-	tication Numbers		(4)	UN3308	UN3308	UN3309	0N3309	0N3309	0N3309	UN3160	UN3160	UN3160	UN3160	UN3162	UN3162	2.3 UN3162
		Hazard	class or Division		(3)	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3
		Hazardous materials descrip-	tions and proper shipping names		(2)	Liquefied gas, toxic, corrosive, n.o.s. Inhalation Hazard Zone	Liquefied gas, toxic, corrosive, n.o.s. Inhalation Hazard Zone	Liquefied gas, toxic, flammable, corrosive, n.o.s. Inhalation Hazard Zone A.	Liquefied gas toxic, flammable, corrosive, n.o.s. <i>Inhalation Hazard Zone B.</i>	Liquefied gas, toxic, flammable, corrosive, n.o.s. <i>Inhalation Hazard Zone C.</i>	Liquefied gas, toxic, flammable, corrosive, n.o.s. <i>Inhalation Hazard Zone D</i> .	Liquefied gas, toxic, flammable, n.o.s. Inhalation Hazard Zone A.	Liquefied gas, toxic, flammable, n.o.s. Inhalation Hazard Zone B.	Liquefied gas, toxic, flammable, n.o.s. Inhalation Hazard Zone C.	Liquefied gas, toxic, flammable, n.o.s. Inhalation Hazard Zone D.	Liquefied gas, toxic, n.o.s. Inha- lation Hazard Zone A.	Liquefied gas, toxic, n.o.s. Inha- lation Hazard Zone B.	Liquefied gas, toxic, n.o.s. Inha-lation Hazard Zone C.
		E/S	pols		£)	<u>.</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	5	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Ø	g	g	g	_©	g	g

Discoling		Hazardous	Madada	Cartation	A almaim	D C T
rineline	ana	Hazaraous	Materials	SOIPIV	Admin	13031

40	40, 89, 90	40, 89, 90	40, 89, 90	40, 89, 90	40	40	40	40					25		25	40				52
							۵		:	<u>:</u>	<u>:</u>	:	ш	:	ш	۵	:	:	<	ш
Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	150 kg				15 kg		15 kg	11	35 kg	35 kg	gross 35 kg	gross 15 kg
Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	75 kg				Forbidden		Forbidden	Forbidden	See A101,	See A101,	A103. See A100	Forbidden
314,	245	314, 315.	314, 315.	314, 315.	245	314, 315.	314, 315.	314, 315.	None		i		244		242	244	None	None	None	242
304	192	304	304	304	192	304	304	304	304				211		211	201	185	185	185	211
None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	306				None		None	None	185	185	185	None
4	-	2, B9, B14	3, B14	4	-	2, B9, B14	3, B14	4					A7, A19, IB4, IP1, N45		A19	A2, A3, A11, N34	29, 188, 189, 190, A54,	29, 188, 189, 190, A54,	A55, A101, A103 29, 188, 189, 190, A54,	A55, A100. A19. N40 None 211 242
2.3	2.3, 5.1,	2.3,	2.3, 5.1,	2.3, 5.1,	2.3,	2.3, 5.1.	2.3, 5.1.	2.3, 5.1.	2.2				4.3		4.3	4.3, 3	6	6	6	4.3
													_		_	-	=	=	=	_
2.3 UN3162	UN3310	UN3310	UN3310	UN3310	UN3307	UN3307	UN3307	UN3307	UN1058				UN1415		UN1410	UN1411	UN3091	UN3091	060ENO	4.3 UN1413
2.3	2.3	23	2.3	2.3	23.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.2				4.3		4.3	4.3	6	б	6	6.4
Liquefied gas, toxic, n.o.s. Inha-	. E	Ë	Ë	Ë	Liquefied gas, toxic, oxidizing, n.o.s. Inhalation Hazard Zone	Liquefied gas, toxic, oxidizing, n.o.s. Inhalation Hazard Zone	Liquefied gas, toxic, oxidizing, n.o.s. Inhalation Hazard Zone	Liquefied gas, toxic, oxidizing, n.o.s. Inhalation Hazard Zone	Liquefied gases, non-flammable charged with nitrogen, carbon dioxide or air.	Liquefied hydrocarbon gas, see Hydrocarbon gas mixture, liq-	uefled, n.o.s <i>Liquefied natural gas, see</i> Meth- ane, etc. (UN 1972).	Liquefied petroleum gas see Petroleum gases liquefied		Lithium acetylide ethylene- diamine complex, see Water	Lithium aluminum hydride	Lithium aluminum hydride, ethe-	Lithium batteries, contained in	Lithium batteries packed with	equipment. Lithium battery	Lithium borohydride
U					ڻ ت	ى ت	ڻ ت	g												

82

52,

28

Magnesium chlorate

28

56, 56,

66, 75 103

85,

52,

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§ 172.101

(10) Vessel stowage

Other

85,

(10A) Loca-tion шшш < < < < ∢ш∢ ⋖ 50 kg 15 kg 50 kg 50 kg 30 L 60 L 25 kg 100 kg 15 kg 25 kg 15 kg 25 kg ð ğ 100 kg Cargo air-craft only Quantity limitations (see §§ 173.27 and 175.75) 8 25 (9B) 6 15 kg Forbidden 15 kg 25 kg Forbidden 5 kg Passenger aircraft/rail 15 kg 1 L 5 L 5 kg 25 kg 25 kg 25 kg 5 kg Forbidden (8A) 11 1111 240 ... 242 ... None (8C) 240 241 242 242 241 242 241 242 242 241 240 242 242 242 ::: Packaging (§ 173.***) : : : : §172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued : : : : : Non-bulk 212 202 203 212 213 212 212 211 213 212 212 212 212 8 Excep-tions (8A) 151 None . 152 None None 151 152 153 152 152 154 154 152 153 A19, IB7, IP2, T3, TP33 A19, N40 A8, A19, A20, IB4, T3, IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 B2, IB2, T7, TP2 IB9, IP2, IP4, N34, A9, IB8, IP2, N34, A1, IB8, IP3, T1, TP33 A19, IB4, IP1, N40 A9, IB6, IP2, N34, T3, TP33 A19, A20, IB7, IP2, TP33 IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 IP3, N34, T1, TP33 A19, N34, N40 IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 Special provisions (§ 172.102) 6 ¥, 88 IB8, <u>188</u> 6.1. 111 ÷ 9 6.1 4 4 4 6 6 6 8 8 8 5. 5.1 5.1 4.3 6.1 5.1 5.1 5.1 ==== PG Identi-fication Numbers UN2830 UN1414 UN2805 UN2680 UN2679 UN2722 UN2806 UN1472 UN1419 UN1417 UN1622 UN1473 UN2723 UN1471 UN1621 4 4 4 4 6 6 6 6 8 8 4.3 5.1 5.1 5.1 6.1 6.1 Hazard class or Division (3) Magnesium bisulfite solution, see Bisulfites, aqueous solutions, n.o.s. Lithium hypochlorite, dry or Lithium hypochlorite mixture. Ė 5 aluminum Hazardous materials descriptions and proper shipping names Lithium hydride, fused solid seeLithium hydroxide Lithium hydroxide, solution etc. Magnesium phosphide. Magnesium arsenate ... Lithium in cartridges, see Methane Magnesium bromate Lithium ferrosilicon Lithium hydride (2) Lithium peroxide Lithium nitrate Lithium silicon Lithium nitride *LNG, se* 1972). Sym-bols Ξ

29, 52. 29, 52. 96. 4, 48, 52. 96. 56, 58, 69, 106, 116 4, 48, 52, 56, 58, 69, 106, 116

224

Magnesium dross wer or hof. Forbidden Adagnesium dross wer or hof. A1 UN2950 III 6.1 A1, A19, IB8, IPA, T1, T51 151 Magnesium grantiles size not less than 149 microns. 4.3 UN2950 III 4.3 A1, A19, IB8, IPA, T1, T51 151 Magnesium or Magnesium or Magnesium or Magnesium in pellets, turnings or ribbons. 5.1 UN1476 III 5.1 332, A1, IB8, IPA, T1, TP33 151 Magnesium protophide more than 50 per cent magnesium prosphide more than 60 per cent magnesium prosphide more than 60 per cent magnesium prosphide more than 60 per cent magnesium protophide more than 60 per cent magnesium protophide more than 60 per cent magnesium slicide more than 60 per cent magnes than 60 per cent magnes protopex with zinc) see Manneb or Maneb preparations against self-healthy. 4.3 UN2216 III 4.3, A19, B56, IB8, IPA, T1, TP33 151 Mone adality and tent of per cent magnes preparations. Manneb or Maneb preparations with not less than 60 per cent manneb. stabilized or Maneb preparations. 4.2 UN2216 III 4.2, A1, A19, IB8, IPA, T1, TP33 151 Mone A1, IPA, IPA, IPA, IPA, IPA, IPA, IPA, IPA	A8, A19, A20, IB6, T3, TP33	None 2	212 24	241	15 kg	50 kg	O	
4.3 UN2950 III 4.3 A1, A19, IB8, IP4, T1, 151 5.1 UN1476 III 5.1 332, A1, IB8, IP3, T1, TP33 151 5.1 UN1476 III 5.1 332, A1, IB8, IP3, T1, TP33 152 4.3 UN2011 I 4.3, A19, B56, IB5, IP2, T3, TP33 152 4.3 UN2215 III 4.3, A19, B56, IB8, IP4, T1, None BUN2215 III 8 8 UN2215 III 8 TP33 I54 8 UN2215 III 8 TP33 I54 8 UN2216 III 8 TP33 I54 8 UN2217 III 8 TP33 I54 4.2 UN2968 III 4.2, 57, A1, A19, IB8, IP4, T1, None TP33 I54 4.3 UN2724 III 5.1 IB8, IP2, IP3, TP33 I54 4.3 UN2968 III 4.3 54, A1, A19, IB8, IP4, T1, TP33 I55 4.3 UN2724 III 5.1 TP33 I55 4.4 IN1330 III 4.3 54, A1, A19, IB8, IP4, TP33 I55 4.4 IN1330 III 4.1 A1, IB8, IP3, T1, TP33 I55 4.5 UN2724 III 5.1 A1, IB8, IP3, T1, TP33 I55 4.6 UN2724 III 5.1 A1, IB8, IP3, T1, TP33 I55 4.7 UN2724 III 5.1 A1, IB8, IP3, T1, TP33 I55 4.8 UN2724 III 5.1 A1, IB8, IP3, T1, TP33 I55 4.9 UN2724 III 5.1 A1, IB8, IP3, T1, TP33 I55 4.1 UN3730 III 4.1 A1, IB8, IP3, T1, TP33 I55	_	153 2	213 24	240	100 kg		<	52
4.3 UN2010 1 4.3				240	25 kg	100 kg	<	25
5.1 UN1474 5.1 332, A1, IB8, IP3, T1, TP33 151 5.1 UN1475 5.1 332, A1, IB8, IP3, T1, 152 5.1 UN1476 5.1 332, A1, IB8, IP3, T1, 152 4.3 UN2011 4.3, A19, B56, IB5, IP2, T3, None 4.2 UN2215 8 A19, B56, IB8, IP4, T1, None 6.1 UN224 4.3 A19, A20, IB7, IP2, T3, TP33 8 UN2215 8 IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 8 UN2215 8 IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 1.4 4.2 UN2210 4.3 4.3 UN224 4.3 4.4 UN2210 4.2 57, A1, A19, IB6, T1, None 7 UN224 4.3 7 UN225 4.3 7 UN226 11 4.3 7 UN227 11 5.1 7 UN227 11 5.1 7 UN227 11 5.1 7 UN237 12 7 UN238 13 7 UN238 14 7 UN238 15 7 UN238 15 7 UN238 15 7 UN239 11 4.3 7 UN239 12 7 UN239 12 7 UN239 12 7 UN230 11 4.3 7 UN237 15 8 UN237 15 9 UN23		None 2	:	242	Forbidden		Ш	25
5.1 UN1474 III 5.1 332, A1, IB8, IP3, T1, 152 5.1 UN1475 II 5.1 IB6, IP2, T3, TP33 152 4.3 UN2011 I 4.3, A19, B56, IB5, IP2, T3, None 4.3 UN2215 III 8 A19, B56, IB7, IP2, T3, None 6.1 UN2215 III 8 IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 154 8 UN2215 III 8 IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 154 6.1 UN2647 III 6.1 IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 154 4.3 UN2216 III 8 IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 154 4.4 UN2216 III 4.2, 57, A1, A19, IB6, T1, None 4.3 UN2224 III 4.3 54, A1, A19, IB6, T1, TP33 152 4.3 UN2224 III 4.3 54, A1, A19, IB8, IP4, 151 4.3 UN2324 III 4.3 54, A1, A19, IB8, IP4, 151 4.4 UN2224 III 51 A1, IB8, IP3, T1, TP33 152 4.5 UN2224 III 51 A1, IB8, IP3, T1, TP33 152 4.7 UN2329 III 4.3 54, A1, A19, IB8, IP4, 151	A1, IB8, IP3,				25 kg	100 kg	∢	39, 52, 53, 74, 101
5.1 UN1475 11 5.1 186, P2, T3, TP33 152 4.3 UN2011 4.3,			213 24	240	25 kg	100 kg	4	
6.1 UNI2724 II 5.1 II B6, IP2, T3, TP33 152 4.3 UNI418 I 4.3, A19, B56, IB5, IP2, T3, None 4.2, A19, B56, IB8, IP4, T1, None 4.2, A19, B56, IB8, IP4, T1, None 4.2, A19, B56, IB8, IP4, T1, None B UNI215 III 8 IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 154 8 UNI215 III 8 IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 154 6.1 UNI264 III 6.1 III B8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 153 4.2 UNI216 III 4.2, 57, A1, A19, IB6, T1, None TP33 153 7. A1, INB, IP4, IB8, IP4, 151 6.1 UNI224 III 4.3 IB8, IP4, 151 7. A1, IB8, IP3, T1, TP33 152 7. A1, IB8, IP3, T1, TP33 152 8 UNI2724 III 5.1 III 7.73 153		_	212 24	242	5 kg	25 kg	<	56, 58
4.3 UNI211 1 4.3,		152 2	:	.: 23	5 kg		4	13, 52, 66, 75
4.3 UN2215 III 8 IB8, IP2, IP3, IP33 8 UN2215 III 8 IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, IP33 8 UN2215 III 8 IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 6.1 UN2215 III 8 IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 4.2 UN2210 III 4.2, 57, A1, A19, IB8, IP4, T1, None 4.3 UN2224 III 4.3 54, A1, A19, IB8, IP4, T3, TP33 5.1 UN2224 III 5.1 A1, IB8, IP3, IP33 5.1 UN2224 III 5.1 A1, IB8, IP3, IP33 5.1 UN2224 III 5.1 A1, IB8, IP3, IP33 6.1 UN2224 III 5.1 A1, IB8, IP3, T7, TP33 6.1 UN2224 III 5.1 A1, IB8, IP3, T7, TP33 6.1 UN2224 III 5.1 A1, IB8, IP3, T7, TP33 6.1 UN2224 III 5.1 A1, IB8, IP3, T7, TP33 6.1 UN2224 III 5.1 A1, IB8, IP3, T7, TP33 6.1 UN2224 III 5.1 A1, IB8, IP3, T7, TP33 6.1 UN2224 III 5.1 A1, IB8, IP3, T7, TP33 6.1 UN2224 III 5.1 A1, IB8, IP3, T7, TP33 6.1 UN2224 III 5.1 A1, IB8, IP3, T7, TP33 6.1 UN2224 III 5.1 A1, IB8, IP3, T7, TP33 6.1 UN2224 III 5.1 A1, IB8, IP3, T7, TP33 6.1 UN2224 III 5.1 A1, IB8, IP3, T7, TP33 6.1 UN2224 III 5.1 A1, IB8, IP3, T7, TP33 6.1 UN2224 III 5.1 A1, IB8, IP3, T7, TP33 6.1 UN2224 III 5.1 A1, IB8, IP3, T7, TP33 6.1 UN2224 III 5.1 A1, IB8, IP3, T7, TP33 6.1 UN2224 III 5.1 A1, IB8, IP4, TP33 6.1 UN2244 III 5.1 A1, IB8, IP4, TP33 6.1 UN244 III 5.1 A1, IP434 III 5.1		:	211 No	None	Forbidden	15 kg	ш	40, 52, 85
H 43. A19, B56, B5, IP2, T3, None T938 III 4.3. A19, B56, B8, IP4, T1, None T938 III 8 III 8 III B8, IP3, T1, TP33 I54 III 8 III 8 III B8, IP3, T1, TP33 I54 III 8 III B8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 I54 III B8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 I55 III B8, IP4, IB8, IP4, I51 III B8, IP4, IB8, IP4, IP33 I55 III B8, IP4, IP4		:	211 24	244	Forbidden	15 kg	4	39, 52
1 43,	A19, B56, IB5, IP2	-	212 24	241	15 kg	50 kg	4	39, 52
8 UNZ215 III 8 III BB, IP3, T1, TP33 154 III B III BB, IP3, T1, TP33 154 III B III BB, IP3, T1, TP33 154 III B III BB, IP2, IP4, T3, TP3 153 III B III BB, IP2, IP4, T3, TP3 153 III BB, IP2, IP4, T3, TP3 153 III BB, IP4, T3, TP3 153 III BB, IP4, TP3 IIII BB, IP4, TP3 III BB, IP4, TP3 IIII BB, IP4, TP3 III BB, IP4, TP3 IIII BB, IP4, TP3 III BB, IP4, IIII BB, IP4, III BB, IP4, III BB, IP4, III BB, IP4, III BB, IP4, II		-	213 24	241	25 kg	100 kg	<	39, 52
B UN2215 III 8 BIB, IP3, T1, TP33 154 B UN2215 III 8 BB, IP3, T1, TP33 154 6.1 UN2647 II 6.1 IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 153 4.2 UN2210 III 42, 57, A1, A19, IB8, T1, TP33 152 7.1 UN2724 III 5.1 A1, IB8, IP3, T1, TP33 152 7.2 UN2224 III 5.1 A1, IB8, IP3, T1, TP33 152	:		i	<u> </u>				
B UN2215 III 8 IBB, IP3, T1, TP33 154 8 UN2215 III 8 IBB, IP2, IP4, T3, TP3 153 10			212 24	241	15 kg	50 kg	В	85, 103
8 UN2215 8 18 154 8 UN2215 8 8 14 TP3 154 6.1 UN2647 6.1 186, P2, P4, T3, TP33 153 6.2 UN2210 4.2, 57, A1, A19, 186, T1, None 6.3 UN226 4.3 54, A1, A19, 186, T1, TP33 6.4 UN2224 5.1 A1, 188, P4, TP33 6.5 UN2224 5.1 A1, 188, P3, T1, TP33 6.7 UN2224 5.1 A1, 188, P3, T1, TP33 7.7 UN2224 15, TP33 7.7 UN2224 5.1 A1, P3,				<u> </u>				
6.1 UNZ647 6.1 188, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 153	IB8, IP3, T	154 2 None	213 24	240	25 kg Forbidden	100 kg	۷ ۵	
4.2 UN2210 III 42, 57, A1, A19, IB6, T1, None 4.3 UN2968 III 43 54, A1, A19, IB8, IP4, 151 51, UN2724 III 51 A1, IB8, IP3, T1, TP33 152 41, INM330 III 41 TP33 151	IB8, IP2, IP4, T			242	25 kg		. ⋖	12
4.2 UN2210 III 42, 57, A1, A19, IB6, T1, None T93	:							
4.3 UN2968 III 4.3 54, A1, A19, IB8, IP4, T1, TP33 T1, UN2724 III 5.1 A1, IB8, IP3, T1, TP33 A1 IB6, IP3, T1, TP33			213 24	242	25 kg	100 kg	∢	8
5.1 UN2724 III 5.1 A1, IBB, IP3, T1, TP33 4.1 UN1330 III 4.1 A1 IB6 T1 TP33		i	213 24	242	25 kg	100 kg	В	34, 52
		152 2	213 24	240	25 kg	100 kg	< 4	
Forbiden							(

§ 172.101

§172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued

								(8)		(6)	((10)
Sym-	Hazardous materials descrip-	Hazard	Identi- fication	ď	Label	Special provisions		Packaging (§173.***)		Quantity limitations (see §§ 173.27 and	mitations 3.27 and	S	vessei stowage
slod	nons and proper simpling names	Division	Numbers		Codes	(§172.102)				175.	75)	-630	į
							Excep- tions	Non- bulk	Bulk	Passenger aircraft/rail	Cargo air- craft only	tion	Other
Ξ	(2)	(3)	(4)	(2)	(9)	(2)	(8A)	(8B)	(8C)	(A6)	(9B)	(10A)	(10B)
	Mannitol hexanitrate, wetted or Nitromannite, wetted with not less than 40 percent water, or mixture of alcohol and water.	1.10	UN0133	=	1.1D	121	None	62	None	Forbidden	Forbidden	10	
	by mass. Marine pollutants, liquid or solid, n.o.s., see Environmentally hazardous substances, liquid												
	Strike anywhere. Matches, fusee	4.4	UN2254 UN1944	==	1.4		186	186	None	Forbidden 25 kg	Forbidden 100 kg	∢ ∢	
	strike on box). Matches, strike anywhere Matches, wax, Vesta	1.4 1.1	UN1331 UN1945	==	1.4		186	186	None	Forbidden 25 kg	Forbidden 100 kg	<u>а</u> а	
	Matting acid, see Sulfuric acid Medicine, liquid, flammable, toxic n.o.s.	ю	UN3248	=	3, 6.1	IB2	150	202	243	1-	7 09	В	40
	id, toxic, n.o.s	6.1	UN1851	===	3, 6.1	IB3	150	203	242 243	60 L 5 L	220 L 60 L	∢∪(04 0
	Medicine, solid, toxic, n.o.s	6.1	UN3249	===		T3, TP33 T3, TP33	153	212	242	25 kg 100 kg	100 kg		5 4 4
	Memtetrahydrophthalic anhydride, see Corrosive liquids,					Î							
	Mercaptans, liquid, flammable, n.o.s. or Mercaptan mixture, liquid flammable n.o.s.	ю	UN3336	_	e	T11, TP2	150	201	243	1 1	30 L	ш	95
				==	 ღ ო	IB2, T7, TP1, TP8, TP28 B1, B52, IB3, T4, TP1, TP39	150	202 203	242 241	5 L 60 L	60 L 220 L	<u>а</u> а	95
	Mercaptans, liquid, flammable, toxic, n.o.s. or Mercaptan mixtures, liquid, flammable,	М	UN1228	=	3, 6.1	IB2, T11, TP2, TP27	None	202 243	243	Forbidden	7 09	ш	40, 95

40, 95	40, 121					52						40, 97			04	4	40	2	40	4	40		40	40	40	4 6	? !	
⋖	O		44	:	: ⋖	<	:	:	-	:	< :	В		* : :	מ	ш	m	1	Ф	⋖			В	<	∢	< <	:	
220 L	7 09	75 kg	100 kg)	100 kg	50 kg					100 kg	35 kg	100 kg	100 kg	30 L	90 F	30		7 09	220 L	30 L		1 09	220 L	50 kg	100 kg	100 kg	100 60
2 F	5 L	Forbidden	25 kg 25 kg)	25 kg	5 kg					25 kg	35 kg	25 kg	25 kg	Forbidden	11	-	I -	2 F	7 09	1		5 L	9 P	5 kg	25 kg	25 kg	25 12
242	243	e CON			242	242	i				242	240	242	242	243	243	243	<u>.</u>	243	241	243		243	242	242	242	242	270
203	202	62	212		212	211		i			212	164	212	212	507	202	201		202	203	201		202	203	211	212		
150	153	euoN	153 153		153	None					153	164	153	153	None	150	None	2	153	153	None		153	153	None	153	153	150
A6, B1, IB3, T7, TP1,	A6, IB2, T11, TP2, TP13, TP27		IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33		IB8, IP2, IP4, N73, T3,	IP33 IB7, IP1, N74, N75, T6, TP33					IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33		IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33	IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33	114, 1P2, 1P13, 1P2/	IB2, T11, TP2, TP13,	TP27	i : : :	IB2, T11, TP2, TP13,	IB3, T7, TP2, TP28	T14, TP2, TP13, TP27		IB2, T11, TP2, TP13,	IB3, T7, TP2, TP28	IB7, IP1, T6, TP33	IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33	IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33	COUT OF LOW COLL OCI
3, 6.1	6.1, 3	1.4C	6.1		6.1	6.1		:			6.1		6.1	6.1	3, 6.1	3, 6.1	6.1		6.1	6.1	6.1,		6.1, 3	6.1, 3	6.1	6.1		
=	=	=	==		=	_					=	=	=	=	_	=	_	•	=	=	_		=	=	_	==	=	=
	UN3071	UN0448	UN1623 UN1624		UN1625	UN1626					UN1627	UN2809	UN1629	UN1630	0N2//8		UN3012				UN3011				UN2777		UN1631	111624
	6.1	1.4C	6.1		6.1	6.1			Forbidden		6.1	80	6.1 6.1	Forbidden 6.1	n		1.9	5			6.1				6.1		6.1	9
	Mercaptans, liquid, toxic, flammable, n.o.s. or Mercaptan	mixtures, liquid, toxic, riam- mable, n.o.s., flash point not less than 23 degrees C. 5-Mercantotetrazol-1-acetic acid	Mercuric arsenate	Mercuric compounds, see Mercury compounds, etc.	Mercuric nitrate	Mercuric potassium cyanide	Mercuric sulfocyanate, see Mer-	Mercurol, see Mercury nucleate	azide	Mercurous compounds, see	Mercurous nitrate	Mercury	Mercury acetate	Mercury acetylide	uid, flammable, toxic, flash	point less than 23 degrees C.	Mercury based pesticides lig-				Mercury based pesticides, liq- uid toxic flammable flash	not less than 23	grees c.		based pesticides,		Mercury benzoate	Marciny bromides

52,

3 3 3 3 3

§ 172.101

Other

(10B)

8 8 8

97 22

40,

(10) Vessel stowage (10A) Loca-tion \square 30 L 60 L 220 L 50 kg 100 kg 200 kg 100 kg 100 kg 100 kg 220 L 30 L 100 kg 100 kg 60 L 220 L 50 kg 100 kg 100 kg 100 kg 100 kg δã Forbidden Cargo air-craft only Quantity limitations (see §§ 173.27 and 175.75) 55 (9B) 6 25 kg 25 kg 25 kg 25 kg 60 L 1 L 5 L 60 L 5 kg 25 kg Passenger aircraft/rail 1 L 5 L 60 L 5 kg 25 kg 100 kg 25 kg 25 kg 25 kg 25 kg 25 kg 25 kg Forbidden 25 (9A) 1111 11 111 243 ... 241 ... 242 ... 242 ... 240 ... None (8C) 242 242 242 242 242 Packaging (§ 173.***) 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 : : : 11111 1111 : : : §172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued Non 201 202 203 203 211 212 213 164 212 212 212 212 203 203 202 203 211 212 213 212 8 62 Excep-tions (8A) None ... 153 None ... 153 153 153 153 None ... 153 None 153 ... 153 ... 153 ... 153 ... None 153 153 153 153 153 P4, T3, TP33 P4, T3, TP33 P4, T3, TP33 88, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 88, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 88, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 81, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 81, IP2, IP4, TP2, TP14 65, T14, TP2, TP27 IB3, T7, TP1, TP28 IB7, TP1, TP28 IB7, TP1, TP28 IB7, TP1, TP28 IB7, IP4, TP38 IB7, IP4, TP38 IB8, IP2, IP4, TP38 IB8, IP3, TP38 1B2 1B3 1P1, T6, TP33 1P4, T3, TP33 1P3, T1, TP33 IP4, N74, N75, T3, TP33 111, 117 TP33 IP4, T3, TP33 Special provisions (§ 172.102) చ్ చ 7 ₹ 6 P2, I IB7, IP2, IB8, IP2, P2, 88 <u>B</u> 88 8888 <u>1</u>88, 88888 <u>188</u> 1 1 111 1 1 9 6.1 6.1 6.1 6.1 6.1 6.1 6.1 6.1 6.1 --=--== ===== PG (2) Identi-fication Numbers UN1643 UN1644 UN1645 UN1646 UN1229 UN3281 UN1637 UN1638 UN1639 UN1640 UN1641 UN2809 UN1636 UN3466 UN2024 UN2025 UN0135 4 6.1 6.1 Forbidden Forbidden 6.1 6.1 6.1 Forbidden 6.1 8 6.1 6.1 6.1 6.1 6.1 Hazard class or Division (3) Mercury fulminate, wetted with not less than 20 percent water, or mixture of alcohol and water, by mass. aquabasic (lodide of Mercury contained in manufac-tured articles. desen-Mercury compound, liquid, n.o.s Mercury compound, solid, n.o.s Hazardous materials descriptions and proper shipping names n.o.s. Mercury potassium iodide ...
Mercury salicylate
Mercury sulfates
Mercury thiocyanate oxycyanide, carbonyls, liquid, Mercury oxycyanide ...
Mercury oxycyanide, sitized. Metal carbonyls, solid, Mercury iodide ammonobasic (Ic Millon's base). Mercury gluconate Mercury iodide (2) Mercury nucleate Mercury oleate ... Mercury oxide ... Mercury nitride മ Sym-bols $\widehat{\Xi}$

228

	100 kg C 50 kg C) kg E	100 kg E15 kg D 52) kg D 52	C	100 kg C50 kg B	æ B	kg B 40	100 kg B) «) kg E 40) kg E 40) kg E 40	60 L E 40	O	den D 12, 40, 48	220 L A		150 kg E 40
Forbidden For	25 kg Forbidden	. 15 kg 50	25 kg Forbidden	. 15 kg 50	. 15 kg 50	25 kg 15 kg	. 25 kg 100 l	. 15 kg 50	0 2 2	25 Kg	Forbidden	15 kg	25 kg	Forbidden	. 15 kg 50	. 25 kg 100 l	1-	1 L	. Forbidden Forbidden	7 09		Forbidden
187	187 241 212 None	212 240	213 240 211 242	242	241	213 241 212 240	213 24	212 240	213 240	213	211 242	212 242	213 241	211 242	. 212 242	213 242	202		227 244	203 242		302 302
	I, TP33 None 134, T3, None	3, TP33 151	IB4, T1, TP33 151 A19, N34, N40 None	140, T3, 151	T3, TP33 None	1, TP33 None 3, TP33 151	В6, Т1, ТР33 151	P4, T3, 151	TP33			T3, TP33 151		A7 None	3, TP33 None	I, TP33 None	I, TP13 150	, TP18, 154	22, T20, None	72, TP1 150		306
_	IB8, IP3, N34, T1, TP33 A2, A8, IB1, N34, T3, TP33	A1, IB4, T3, TP33	A1,	A19, IB4, N34, N40, T3,		IB8, IP3, T1, TP33 IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33		A1, IB8, IP2, IP4, T3,	A1 IB8 ID3	A1. IB8. IP3.		A7, IB7, IP2,	A7, IB8, IP4,		A7, IB5, IP2, T3, TP33	A7, IB8, IP4, T1, TP33	45, IB2, T7, TP1, TP13	41, IB2, T7, TP1, TP18, TP30	2, B9, B14, B32, T20, TD3 TD45	B1, IB3, T2, TP1		
1 4 4 2	### ### ##############################	1.4	4.1	H 4.3	II 4.2	# 4.2 # 4.1 # 4.1	4.1	4.1	4	4	4.3	1.3		- 4.3, 4.2.	1.3,	H 4.3,	က	8	1 6.1, 3	3		2.1
UN2881	UN1378	UN3182	UN1409		UN3189	080ENO		UN3181		UN1332				UN3209			UN2396	UN2531	UN3079	UN2614		UN1971
4.2	4.2	4.1	4.3		4.2	4.1	7	4.1		4.1	4.3			4.3			က	8	6.1	ဧ		2.1
Metal catalyst, dry	Metal catalyst, wetted with a visible expess of liquid	Metal hydrides, flammable, n.o.s	Metal hydrides, water reactive,	1.0.0.	Metal powder, self-heating,	Metal powders, flammable,	Motel colts of mothyl nitramina	(dry). Metal salts of organic com-	pounds, flammable, n.o.s	Metaldehvde	Metallic substance, water-reac-	tive, n.o.s		Metallic substance, water-reactive, self-heating, n.o.s			Methacrylaldehyde, stabilized	Methacrylic acid, stabilized	Methacrylonitrile, stabilized		Methane and hydrogen, mix- tures, see Hydrogen and methane mixtures, etc.	Methane, compressed or Nat-

§172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued

§ 172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued	(01) (8)	Identi- Snecial provisions (8.173***) (see 8.6.173.97 and (8.173.97 and (8.173.97))	fication PG Codes (§172.102) (3.775.) (3.75.) (3.75.) (3.75.) (3.75.)	Excep- Non- Bulk Passenger Cargo air- tions bulk aircraft/rail craft only	(3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8A) (8B) (8C) (9A) (9B) (10A) (10B)	2.1 UN1972 2.1 T75, TP5 None None 318 Forbidden D 40	6.1 UN3246 I 6.1,8 2.89 B14, B32, T20, None 227 244 Forbidden D 40	UN1230 II 3, 6.1 UN1230 II 3	rbidden 3 UN2293 III 3 B1, IB3, T2, TP1 150 203 242 60 L 220 L A	6.1 UN2605 III 3 B1. B3. T2. TP1 150 226 244 Forbidden D 40 40	3 UN1231 III 3 IP2, I P193, T P194 150 304 314, Forbidden 150 kg B	3 UN1919 II 3 IB2, T4, TP1, TP13 150 202 242 5L 60 L B	3 UN2554 II 3 B2, T4, TP1, TP18 150 202 242 60 E	2.3 UN1062 2.3 3, B14, N86, T50 None 193 314, Forbidden D 40			6.1 UN1647 6.1 2, B9, B14, B32, N65, None 227 244 Forbidden Forbidden D 40
1 HAZARDC		4	Codes		(9)	2.1	-	3, 6.1 3		6.1, 3	: :	က					
72.101					(2)		_	==	=	=-	=	_	=				
2		Identi-	fication Numbers		(4)	UN1972		UN1230 UN1230	UN2293	UN3092 UN2605		UN1919	UN2554				
		Hazard	class or Division		(3)	2.1	6.1	ოო	Forbidden 3	6.1	2.1	ဧ	ဗ	2.3			6.1
		Hazardous materials descrip-	tions and proper shipping names		(2)	Methane, refrigerated liquid (cryogenic liquid) or Natural gas, refrigerated liquid (cryogenic liquid), with high meth-	ane content). Methanesulfonyl chloride	Methanol	Methazoic acid	one. 1-Methoxy-2-propanol Methoxymethyl isocyanate	Methyl acetate	diene mixtures, stabilized. Methyl acrylate, stabilized	Methyl alcohol, see Methanol Methyl allyl chloride	methyl ketone. Methyl bromide	Methyl bromide and chloropicrin mixtures with more than 2 percent chloropicrin, see	Chloropicrin and methyl bro- mide mixtures. Methyl bromide and chloropicrin mixtures with not more than 2	percent chloropicrin, see Methyl bromide and ethylene dibromide mixtures. Ilcuid
		Ę.	pols		£			- 0		+							

				40		40				21, 40, 100	40					40		40, 102	12, 40				40, 52	
			шш	۵		٥	_	1		۵	٥	∢ ∢				∢ Ш	Ш	۵	۵	∢ (۵	В
7 09	30 L 60 L	30 L	7 09 1 09	100 kg		150 kg	108	8		Forbidden	Forbidden	220 L 220 L				220 L 150 kg	30 L	Forbidden	Forbidden	220 L	1 09		Forbidden	7 09
2 L	1 L 5 L	1-	5 L 5 L	5 kg		Forbidden	-	-		Forbidden	Forbidden	7 09 7 09				60 L Forbidden	11	Forbidden	Forbidden	90 F	9 L		Forbidden	5 L
242	243	243	242 242	314, 315.		314,	315.	: :		244	244	242 241		:		241 314,	315. 243	244	244	242	242		244	242
202	201 202 :: ::	201	202 202	304		304	201	: :		226	226	203	:			203	201	227	227	203	202		226	202
150	None	None	150	306		306	aucN	2		None	None	150				153	150	None	None	150	091		None	150
IB2, T4, TP1	T11, TP2 B2. IP8. T7, TP1	T11, TP2	IB2, T7, TP1 IB2, T4, TP1	N86, T50		N86, T50	T14 TP2 TP13	Î		1, B9, B14, B30, N34, T22, TP2, TP13, TP38,	1, B9, B14, B30, T22,	B1, IB3, T2, TP1 B3, T2, TP1 B3, T4, TP1				IB3, T4, TP1	T11, TP2	2, B9, B14, B32, T20, TP2, TP13, TP38, TP45	2, B9, B14, B32, T20, TB2 TB3 TB38	B1, IB3, T2, TP1	IB2, 14, 1P1		1, B9, B14, B30, T22,	162, 1613, 1636, 1644 182, 74, 7P1
3	ლ ო	 8	ი ი	2.1		2.1	.3	5		6.1, 3, 8.	6.1, 3	6.1				6.1	3	6.1, 3	6.1	 	n .		6.1, 3	 8
=	-=	-	==				-	-		_	-	==				=	=	_	-	≡:			_	=
UN3371	UN2459 UN2460	UN2561	UN2398 UN1237	UN1063		UN1912	11N2295			UN1238	UN1239	UN2933 UN2299				UN2300 UN2454	UN1243	UN3023	UN2644	UN2053	UN1245		UN2480	UN1246
က	ო ო	က	ო ო	2.1		2.1	9	5		6.1	6.1	6.1			Forbidden	6.1	က	6.1	6.1	е	3 Forbidden		6.1	ю
2-Methylbutanal	2-Methyl-1-butene2-Methyl-2-butene	3-Methyl-1-butene	Methyl tert-butyl ether	Methyl chloride or Refrigerant gas R 40.	Methyl chloride and chloropicrin mixtures, see Chloropicrin	Chlorid ide and	chloride mixtures.	Methyl chlorocarbonate, see	Methyl chloroform, see 1,1,1- Tricklorothan	Methyl chloroformate	Methyl chloromethyl ether	Methyl 2-chloropropionate Methyl dichloroacetate	Methyl ethyl ether, see Ethyl methyl ether	Methyl ethyl ketone, see Ethyl methyl ketone.	Methyl ethyl ketone peroxide, in solution with more than 9 per-	cent by mass active oxygen. 2-Methyl-5-ethylpyridine Methyl fluoride, or Refrigerant	gas H 41. Methyl formate	2-Methyl-2-heptanethiol	Methyl iodide	Methyl isobutyl carbinol	Methyl Isobutyl ketone	in solution with more than 9 percent by mass active oxy-	gen. Methyl isocyanate	Methyl isopropenyl ketone, stabilized.

§ 172.101

§172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued

Hazardous materials descriptions and proper shipping	Hazard class or	Identi- fication	PG	Label	Special provisions (8.172.102)		(8) Packaging (§ 173.***)		Quantity limitations (see §§ 173.27 and 175.75)	mitations	z is	(10) Vessel stowage
патеѕ	Division	Numbers				Excep- tions	Non- bulk	Bulk	Passenger aircraft/rail	Cargo air- craft only	Loca- tion	Other
(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(2)	(8A)	(8B)	(8C)	(9A)	(ae)	(10A)	(10B)
Methyl isothiocyanate	6.1	UN2477	_	6.1, 3	2, B9, B14, B32, T20,	None	227	244	Forbidden	Forbidden	D	94
Methyl isovalerate	e 4.3	UN2400 UN1928	=-	3 4.3, 3	162, 1613, 1636, 1649 182, 74, 791	150 None	202 201	242 243	5 L Forbidden	60 L 1 L	ВО	
etnyl ether. Vlethyl mercaptan	2.3	UN1064		2.3, 2.1.	3, B7, B9, B14, N89, T50	None	304	314, 315.	Forbidden	Forbidden	۵	4
Methyl mercaptopropionaldehyde, see 4-Thiapentanal.	C	1	=		<u>.</u>				i		٥	•
Metnyl metnacrylate monomer, stabilized.	n	UN124/	=	 	IBZ, 14, 1P1			242	9 L	P0 L	מ	₹
Methyl nitramine (dry) Methyl nitrate Methyl nitrite	Forbidden Forbidden											
Methyl norbornene dicarboxylic anhydride, see Corrosive liq-												
uids, n.o.s Methyl orthosilicate	6.1	UN2606	_=	6.1, 3	2, B9, B14, B32, T20,	None	227	244	Forbidden	Forbidden	۵	4
Methyl phosphonic dichloride	6.1	NA9206	_	6.1, 8	TP2, TP13, TP38, TP45 2, B9, B14, B32, N34, N43, T20, TP4, TP13, TP38, TP45	None	227	244	Forbidden	Forbidden	O	
Methyl phosphonothioic dichlo- ride, anhydrous, see Corro-												
sive liquia, n.o.s Methyl phosphonous dichloride, <i>pyrophoric liquid.</i>	6.1	NA2845		6.1,	2, B9, B14, B16, B32, B74, T20, TP4, TP13, TP38. TP45	None	227	244	Forbidden	Forbidden	Q	#
Methyl picric acid (heavy metal Forbidden	Forbidden						:					
salis of). Methyl propionate	თ თ ო	UN1248 UN2612	===	000	182, 174, TP1 182, 1P8, T7, TP2 182, 174, TP3	150	202	242	5 C C	7 09 7 09	ωшα	94
Methyl sulfate, see Dimethyl)		:		í		1 :	1 :		3)	
sulfate. <i>Methyl sulfide, see</i> Dimethyl												

L A	an B 40	L E 40	L E 52, 135.	V A A	A 9;	L B 40	L A A A B B B D A 40	1 L D 21, 28, 40, 49, 100				L A 21, 40, 49,	52 and 100	1		а ш «	В В К	В П А	а ш 🗸	2 ш ч (8 ш∢ О	а ш ч О	а ш< Оа	ш ш∢ Ош
220	Forbidden	60 L 150 kg	5	220 220 220	200 kg	60 L 5 L Forbidden	60 L 220 L 220 L 60 L Forbidden			09		220 L Forbidden			ß		5 60 220							
7 09 T	Forbidden	5 L Forbidden	1	7 09 7 09 7 09	100 kg	5 L 1 L Forbidden	5 L 60 L 60 L 5 L Forbidden	Forbidden		5 L		60 L Forbidden		•	11	9	9	9	9	Ψ	6 Forbid	6 Forbid	6 Forbid	6 Forbida
241	244	242 314,	ñ	242 241	240	242 243 314, 315.	242 242 242 242	243		242		242			243	243 242 242	243 242 242	243 242 242	243 242 242	243	243 242 242 	242 242 242	242 242 242 242 242	243 242 242 242 243
203	226	202	202	203 203 203	213	202 202 226	202 203 202 192	201		202		203			202	202 202 203	202 202 203	202 202 203						202 203 203 206
153	None	None	150	150 153 153	153	150 150	150 150 150 150 None	None		150		150 None		į	150									
IB3, T4, TP1	1, B9, B14, B30, T22,	162, 1713, 1736, 1744 182, 178, 177, 172 N87, 150	В1, IВ2, Т7, ТР1	B1, IB3, T2, TP1 IB3, T4, TP1 IB3, T4, TP1	IB8, IP3, T1, TP33	IB2, T4, TP1 IB2, T7, TP1 2, B9, B14, N34	B1, IB2, T4, TP1 B1, IB3, T2, TP1 B1, IB3, T2, TP1 B2, T4, TP1 2, T20, TP4, TP13,	A2, A3, A7, B6, B77, N34, T14, TP2, TP7, TP13		IB2, T4, TP1		B1, IB3, T2, TP1 1, B7, B9, B14, B30,	B77 N34 T22 TP2	TP13, TP38, TP44	TP13, TP38, TP44 B6, IB2, T7, TP1	TP13 TP13 B6, B1,	; F	TP13 TP13 B6,	TP13 TP13 B6,	TP13 TP13 B6, 14	EG, T71, T71, T710, T70, T70, T70, T70, T70, T70, T70, T7	EG, TP13 BG, B1, TT0, TT	TP.13 TP.13 BG.1,	TF, 15 B6, B1, T10, TP
6.1	6.1, 3,	2.1	3, 8	6.1	6.1	3 3, 8 2.3, 2.1,	8 8 8 8 9 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	4.3, 8, 3.		₀		3 6.1, 3,	o	o (: 6 & 6			.: .: o						
≡	_	= :	=	===	=	==	====	_		=		=-		-	=	= = =	= = =	= = =	= = <u>=</u> :	= = = =		= = = =		= = = = =
UN2533	UN1251	UN1234 UN1061	UN1235	UN1233 UN2294 UN2937	UN3438	UN2397 UN2945 UN2534	UN2296 UN2617 UN2297 UN2298 NA1556	UN1242		UN2301		UN2302 UN1244			UN2535	UN2535 UN2461 UN2560	UN2535 UN2461 UN2560	UN2535 UN2461 UN2560						
6.1 Forbidden	6.1	2.1	3 Forbidden	Forbidden Forbidden 3 6.1	6.1	, 2 , 3 , 3 , 3	888 E.0	4.3		Forbidden 3	Forbidden	6.1			ю	ო ოო	<u>ო</u> ოო	с с с	о оо :- -	о оо i	ო ოო : დ	ო ოო : დ	ო ოო : დ c	е ее
Methyl trichloroacetate	Methyl vinyl ketone, stabilized	MethylalMethylamine, anhydrous	Methylamine, aqueous solution Methylamine dinitramine and	dry salls thereof. Methylamine nitroform	uld. alpha-Methylbenzyl alcohol,	solid. 3-Methylbutan-2-one N-Methylbutylamine	Methylcyclohexane	Methyldichlorosilane	Methylene chloride, see	Methylene glycol dinitrate	a-Methylglucoside tetranitrate	5-Methylhexan-2-one			4-Methylmorpholine or n-	or			Ĭ			4-Methylmorpholine or n-methylmorpholine. Methylpentadienes	4-Methylmorpholine or n-methylmorpholine. Methylportadenes	

25, 40 4 25,

Forbidden 30 L

Forbidden Forbidden

244 244

:

201 201

14, T14, TP2, TP13 | None

6.1, 3

UN3483 UN1649

6.1 6.1

:

None

14, B9, B90, T14, TP2, TP13

6.1

Motor fuel anti-knock mixtures .

Motor spirit, see Gasoline

§ 172.101

(10) Vessel stowage

§172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued

Sym-bols

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Other

Loca-tion

(10B)

(10A)

മെ ш 75 kg 100 kg 100 kg 60 L 5 L Forbidden Forbidden Forbidden 2.5 L 90 L Cargo air-craft only Quantity limitations (see §§ 173.27 and 175.75) (9B) 6) Forbidden 25 kg 25 kg Passenger aircraft/rail Forbidden Forbidden Forbidden Forbidden 5 L 0.5 L (9A) None 62 62 None None 240 ... Bulk (8C) 242 243 242 243 201 ... Packaging (§ 173.***) 62 62 213 ... : : : | | | | Non-bulk (8B) 202 206 202 8 62 8 62 62 68 Excep-tions (8A) 150 None . None . None . 154 None 150 51 51 IB8, IP3, T1, TP33 1B2, T4, TP1 7, B6, B77, N34, T10, TP2, TP7, TP13 B1, IB2, T4, TP1 A6, T10, TP2 Special provisions (§ 172.102) 6 A7, 1.4C .. 1.4S .. Label Codes . . 9 8,3 ကက် ო PG 2 Identi-fication Numbers UN0136 UN0137 UN0138 UN0294 NA0276 NA0323 UN2508 UN2536 UN1250 UN2054 UN2367 4 ကက က 1.4C 1.4S 8 8 1.15 1.20 1.2F 1.2F Hazard class or Division Forbidden (3) alpha-Methyvaleraldehyde

Mine rescue equipment containing carbon dioxide, see Carbon dioxide.

Mines with bursting charge

Mines with bursting charge

Mines with bursting charge

Mixed acid, see Nitrating acid, mixtures etc.

Mobility aids, see Battery powered equipment or Battery see Corrosive liquids, n.o.s..
Motor fuel anti-knock compounds see Motor fuel anti-knock mixtures.
Motor fuel anti-knock mixture, Monochloroethylene, see Viny Monoethanolamine, see Etha-Hazardous materials descriptions and proper shipping names Model rocket motor Model rocket motor Molybdenum pentachloride nolamine, solutions. Monoethylamine, see Methyltetrahydrofuran Methyltrichlorosilane .. chloride, stabilized. Monochloroacetone (2) (unstabilized). Morpholine ... Morpholine, i

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06 05 C

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	Muriatic acid, see Hydrochloric												
	Musk xylene, see 5-tert-Butyl-												
	2,4,6-trinitro-m-xylene.												
	Naphthalene, crude or Naph-	4.1	UN1334	=	4.1	A1, IB8, IP3, T1, TP33	151	213	240	25 kg	100 kg	⋖	
	Naphthalene diozonide	Forbidden		:									
	beta-Naphthylamine, solid	6.1	UN1650 UN3411	==	6.1	IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33	153	212 202 ::	242	25 kg 5 L	100 kg 60 L	∢ ∢	
				=			153			7 09	220 L	⋖	
	alpha-Naphthylamine	6.1	UN2304	==	6.1	IB8, IP3, T1, TP33	153	213	240	100 kg Forbidden	200 kg Forbidden	∢ ()	
	Naphthylamineperchlorate	Forbidden							: :	5 :	5 :)	
	Naphthylthiourea	0.4	UN1651	===	6.1	IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33	153	212	242	25 kg	100 kg	∢ ⊲	
	Natural gases (with high meth-	5	100	=	: : - :		3			2	2	ς .	
	ane content), see Methane,												
	etc. (ON 1971), ON 1972).												
	Neon, compressed	2.2	UN1065	2.2	306,	302	None	75 kg	150 kg	∢			
	Neon, refrigerated liquid (cryo-	2.2	UN1913		307. 2.2	T75, TP5	320	316	None	50 kg	500 kg	۵	
	genic liquid).												
	vice, see §§ 173.51 and												
	173.56. Nickel carbond	4	INITORO		0	•	odoN		O CO	T C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	Torbidoo	_	40 78
	Nickel cyanide	6.1	UN1653	-=	6.1, 5	IB8, IP2, IP4, N74, N75,	153	212		25 kg	100 kg) «	43, 72
	Nickel nitrate	т 1	IINO705	Ξ		T3, TP33	150	213	240	25 kg	100	٥	
	Nickel nitrite	5.1	UN2726	=	5.1	A1, IB8, IP3, T1, TP33	152	213		25 kg	100 kg	(∢	56, 58
	Nickel picrate	Forbidden		-									
C	Nicotine compounds liquid	9 6	UN3144	==		IBZ	None	202	243	- P	30 F	< Œ	40
i	or Nicotine p							:) 	1	1	ı	!
	tions, liquid, n.o.s.			-				0		i		ı	,
				= =		IB2, 111, 1P2, 1P2/	153	 202	243	2 P	20 L	ם מ	04 4
g	Nicotine compounds, solid,	6.1	UN1655	=		IB7, IP1, T6, TP33	_	211		5 Kg	50 kg	o m	?
	or Nicotine pre))		
	tions, solid, n.o.s.			=		COULT OF TO TOO	64		24.0	27	2	<	
				==	6.1	IB8, IP3, T1, TP33		213	240	100 kg	200 kg	τ ∢	
	compounds	6.1	UN1655		6.1	IB7, IP1, T6, TP33	None		242	5 kg	50 kg	ш	
	n.o.s. or Nicotine prepara- tions, solid, n.o.s												
				= ;	6.1	IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 153	153	212	242	25 kg	100 kg	∢ .	
_			_	=	6.1	IB8, IP3, 11, 1P33	153		240	100 kg	200 kg	⋖	

§ 172.101

§172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued

			מ	5	2								
								(8)		(6)		_	(10)
Ę	Hazardous materials descrip-	Hazard	Identi-		q	Special provisions	P. S.	Packaging		Quantity limitations	mitations	st	stowage
bols	tions and proper shipping names	class or Division	fication Numbers	<u>ი</u>	Codes	(§ 172.102)		5		175.	75) and	-	
							Excep- tions	Non- bulk	Bulk	Passenger aircraft/rail	Cargo air- craft only	tion tion	Other
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(2)	(9)	(7)	(8A)	(8B)	(8C)	(9A)	(9B)	(10A)	(10B)
	Nicotine hydrochloride liquid <i>or</i> solution.	6.1	UN1656	=	6.1	IB2	153	202	243	5 L	7 09	∢	
				=	6.1	IB3	153	203	241	1 09	220 L		
	Nicotine hydrochloride, solid	6.1	UN3444	=	6.1	IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33	153	212	242	25 kg	100 kg		
	Nicotine salicylate	6.1	UN1657	= :		IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33	153	212	242	25 kg	100 kg		
	Nicotine sulfate solution	6.1	UN1658	= =	6.1	IB2, T7, TP2	153	202	243	2 F	90 L	∢ <	
	Nicotine sulphate solid		11N3445	==		IBS ID2 ID4 T3 TD33	22		242	25 kg	100 kg		
	Nicotine tarrate	. 6	UN1659	=		IB8. IP2. IP4. T3. TP33	153	212	242	25 kg	100 Kg	< <	
	Nitrated paper (unstable)	Forbidden								0	D		
	Nitrates, inorganic, aqueous so-	5.1	UN3218	=		58, IB2, T4, TP1	152	202	242	11	2 F	В	56, 58, 133
	Idio1, 110.8.:			=	7	58 IB2 T4 TP1	152	203	241	20	30	α	56 58 133
	Nitrates, inordanic, n.o.s.	5.1	UN1477	=		IB8. IP2. IP4. T3. TP33	152	212	240	5 kg	25 kg		56. 58
)			=	5.1	IB8, IP3, T1, TP33	152	213	240	25 kg	100 kg	4	56, 58
	Nitrates of diazonium com-	Forbidden			:			:	:		' !!		
	pounds.	c		_		A1 140 HD5 HD40	1		,	1			9
	Nitrating acid mixtures, spent with more than 50 percent nitric acid.	Ø	01N18Z0	_	, , ,	A7, 110, 112, 117.3	None	: 28	243	Forbidden	7.5 L	۵	40, 60
	Nitrating acid mixtures spent with not more than 50 percent natric acid	ω	UN1826	=	 &	A7, B2, IB2, T8, TP2	None	158	242	Forbidden	30 L	۵	40
	Nitrating acid mixtures with	8	UN1796		8, 5.1	A7, T10, TP2, TP13	None	158	243	Forbidden	2.5 L	۵	40, 66
	more than 50 percent nitric acid.												
	Nitrating acid mixtures with not	80	UN1796	=	: :: &	A7, B2, IB2, T8, TP2,	None	158	242	Forbidden	30 L	٥	40
	more than 50 percent nitric acid.					צרק							
	Nitric acid other than red fum-	80	UN2031	=	8, 5.1	A6, B2, B47, B53, IB2,	None	158	242	Forbidden	30 L	۵	66, 74, 89,
	ing, with at least 65 percent,					IP15, T8, TP2							06
	but not more than 70 percent nitric acid.												
	Nitric acid other than red fum-	8	8 UN2031	=	8	A6, B2, B47, B53, IB2,	None 158 242	158	242	Forbidden	30 L	۵	44, 66, 74,
	ing, with more than 20 per-					IP15, T8, TP2							89, 90
	cent and less than 65 percent nitric acid												

	40, 66, 74, 89, 90	44, 66, 89, 90, 110, 111	40, 89, 90	40, 89, 90	40, 52 40, 52	40, 52	40, 52	25	52 52	25 25	52 46, 56, 58, 133	46, 56, 58,	46, 56, 58,	40				40
۵	۵	۵	۵	۵	ша	В	В	В	ω ∢			В	4	∢		10	444	
30 L	Forbidden	2.5 L	Forbidden	Forbidden	30 L 60 L	30 L	90 L	30 L	60 L 220 L	50 kg 100 kg	200 kg 5 L	30 L	25 kg	7 09		Forbidden	100 kg 220 L 200 kg	7 09
1	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden 1 L	1 L	2 F	1 L	5 L 60 L	5 kg 25 kg	100 kg	2.5 L	5 kg	5 L		Forbidden	25 kg 60 L 100 kg	5 L
242	244	243	None	None	243 243	243	243	243	243	242 242	240 242	241	None	243		None	242 241 240	243
158	227	158	337	337	201	201	202	201		211 212	213 202	203	212	202		62	212 203 213	202
None	None	None	None	None	None	None	153	None	153	None	153 152	152	152	153		None	153 153 153	153
A6, B2, B47, B53, IB2, T8, TP2	2, B9, B32, T20, TP2, TP13, TP38, TP45	А3, В47, В53, Т10, ТР2, ТР12, ТР13	1, B77	1, B77	T14, TP2, TP13, TP27 IB2, T11, TP2, TP13,	5, T14, TP2, TP13, TP27	11 2, 182, T11, TP2, TP13, TP27	5, T14, TP2, TP13, TP27	IB2, T11, TP2, TP27 IB3, T7, TP1, TP28	IB7, IP1, T6, TP33 IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33	IB8, IP3, T1, TP33 IB1, T4, TP1	IB2, T4, TP1	33, IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33	IB2, T7, TP2			IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 IB3, T4, TP1 IB8, IP3, T1, TP33	IB2, T7, TP2
88	8, 5.1, 6.1.	8, 5.1	2.3,	2.3, 5.1,	3, 6.1 3, 6.1	6.1, 3	6.1, 3	6.1	6.1	6.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	6.1		1.1D	1.9	6.1
=	_	-			_=	_	=	_	==	-=	==	=	=	=		=	===	=
UN2031	UN2032	UN2031	UN1660	UN1975	UN3273	UN3275		UN3276		UN3439	UN3219		UN2627	UN2307		UN0147	UN1661 UN2730 UN3458	UN1662
ω	80	ω	2.3	2.3	e :	6.1		6.1		6.1	5.1		5.1	6.1 Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden 1.1D	6.1 6.1 6.1	6.1 Forbidden
Nitric acid other than red fuming with not more than 20 percent nitric acid	+ Nitric acid, red fuming	Nitric acid other than red fuming, with more than 70 percent nitric acid.	Nitric oxide, compressed	Nitric oxide and dinitrogen tetroxide mixturesor Nitric oxide	G Nitriles, flammable, toxic, n.o.s.	G Nitriles, toxic, flammable, n.o.s.		G Nitriles, toxic, liquid, n.o.s		G Nitriles, toxic, solid, n.o.s	G Nitrites, inorganic, aqueous so-		G Nitrites, inorganic, n.o.s	3-Nitro-4-chlorobenzotrifluoride 6-Nitro-4-diazotoluene-3-sulfonic	Nitro isobutane triol trinitrate N-trio-N-methylglycolamide ni-	2-Nitro-2-methylpropanol nitrate Nitro usus	+ Nitroanilines (<i>o-; m-; p-;</i>) Nitroanisole, liquid	Nitrobenzene

§172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued

								(8)		(6)			(10)
Sym-	Hazardous materials descriptions and proper shipping	Hazard class or	Identi- fication	PG	Label	Special provisions		Packaging (§173.***)		Quantity limitations (see §§ 173.27 and	mitations '3.27 and	8	vessel stowage
200	names	Division	Numbers			(3 1.2: 102)	Excep- tions	Non- bulk	Bulk	Passenger aircraft/rail	Cargo air- craft only	Loca- tion	Other
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(2)	(9)	(7)	(8A)	(8B)	(8C)	(9A)	(96)	(10A)	(10B)
	Nitrobenzenesulfonic acid	8	UN2305	=	 8	B2, B4, IB8, IP2, IP4, T3. TP33	154	202	242	1 F	30 L	⋖	
	Nitrobenzol, see Nitrobenzene		000		ç			:			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	ç	
	S-Initroperizotriazor	01.1 6.1		_	6.1	IB2. T7. TP2	153	202	None 243	Forbidden 5 L	Lorbidden 60 L	2 ⋖	40
	Nitrobenzotrifluorides, solid	6.1		_	6.1	IB8, IP2, IF	153	212		Ŕ	100 kg	: ∢	40
	Nitrobromobenzenes, liquid	6.1		=	6.1		153	203			220 L	∢ .	
		6.1		= :		IB8, IP3, T1, TP33	153			100 kg	200 kg		
	Nitrocellulose, dry or wetted	1.1D	UN0340	=	1.1D		None	62	None	Forbidden	Forbidden	13	27E
	with less than 25 percent water (or alcohol), by mass.												
	Nitrocellulose, with not more	4.1	UN2557	=	4.1	44	151	212	None	1 kg	15 kg	۵	28, 36
	than 12.6 percent, by dry												
	mass mixture with or without												
	pigment.												
	Nitrocellulose membrane filters,	4.1	UN3270	=	4.1	43, A1	151	212	240	1 kg	15 kg	۵	
	with not more than 12.6% ni-												
	trogen, by dry mass.		0		,					:	:	,	
	Nitrocellulose, plasticized with	J.3C	UN0343	=	1.35 		None	29	None	Forbidden	Forbidden	2	
	ticizing substance, by mass.												
	Nitrocellulose, solution, flam-	က	UN2059	_	<u>د</u>	198, T11, TP1, TP8,	None	201	243	1-	30 F	ш	
	mable with not more than					TP27							
	12.6 percent nitrogen, by												
	mass, and not more than 55												
	percent nitrocellulose.												
				= :	 ლ	~	150		242		90 F		
				= :		198, B1, IB3, I2, IP1	091	203	242		- 550 L	∢ !	!
	Nitrocellulose, unmodified or	UL.I	UN0341	_	 U		None		None	Forbidden	Forbidden	<u>ت</u>	2/E
	plasticized With less than 18												
	y mass.												
	Nitrocellulose, wetted with not	1.30	1.3C UN0342	_	1.3C		None	62	None	Forbidden	Forbidden	10	
	less than 25 percent alcohol,												
	Dy Illaco.				_	-		_	-	_			

Nitrocellulose with alcohol with not less than 25 percent alcohol by mass, and with not more than 12.6 percent nitro-	4.1	4.1 UN2556	=	4.1	151	212	None	1 kg	15 kg	Ω	28, 36	
gen, by dry mass. Nitrocellulose with water with not less than 25 percent water by mass.	4.1	UN2555	=	4.1	151	212	None	15 kg	50 kg	Ш	28, 36	
Vitrochlorobenzene, see Chloronitrobenzenes etc.												
Vitrocresols, liquid Vitrocresols, solid	6.0	UN3434 UN2446 UN2842	===	6.1	IB3, T4, TP1 IB8, IP3, T1, TP33 R1 IB3 T2 TP1	153 153	203 213	241 240	60 L 100 kg	220 L 200 kg	444	
Vitroethyl nitrate Vitroethylene polymer	Forbidden	2	•			9		347	3	7	ς .	
Vitrogen, compressed	2.2	UN1066		2.2		306, 307	305	314, 315.	75 kg	150 kg	∢	
Nitrogen dioxide, see Dinitrogen tetroxide.												
Vitrogen fertilizer solution, see Fertilizer ammoniating solu-												
tion etc. Vitrogen peroxide, see Dintrogen tetroxide												
Nitrogen, refrigerated liquid	2.2	UN1977		2.2	345, 346, T75, TP5	320	316	318	50 kg	500 kg	٥	
cryogenic liquid. Nitrogen tetroxide and nitric oxide mixtures, see Nitric oxide and nitrogen tetroxide mixtures.												
Vitrogen tetroxide, see												
Vitrogen trichloride	Forbidden 2.2	UN2451		2.2,		None	302	None	75 kg	150 kg	۵	40
Vitrogen triiodide	Forbidden Forbidden 2.3	UN2421		2.3,	-	None	336	245	Forbidden	Forbidden	۵	40, 89, 90
Nitroglycerin, desensitized with not less than 40 percent non-volatile water insoluble	1.10	UN0143	=	8. 1.1D, 6.1.	125	None	62	None	Forbidden	Forbidden	13	21E
phlegmatizer, by mass. Nitroglycerin, liquid, not desen- sitized.	Forbidden											
Nitroglycerin mixture, desensitized, liquid, flammable, n.o.s. with not more than 30 percent nitroglycerin, by mass.	ю	UN3343		 m	129	None 214		None	Forbidden	Forbidden	۵	

§ 172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued

	(9)	Quantity limitations stowage		Bulk Passenger Cargo air- tion aircraft/rail craft only	(8C) (9A) (9B) (10A) (10B)	243 5 L 60 L E	None Forbidden 0.5 kg E	None Forbidden 5 L E	None Forbidden Forbidden 10 21E	None 5L 60 L B	None Forbidden Forbidden 10	None 1 kg 15 kg E 28, 36	243 Forbidden 2.5 L D 40, 66, 74,	00 for	None Forbidden 60 L A	× 1 200 + 21 30
ununea	(8)	Packaging	9	Non- bulk	(8B)	202	None	202	62	202		211	201		202	613
20		ш		Excep- tions	(8A)	None	None	None	None	150	None	None	None		150	151
§ 172.101 MAZAKDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—CONTINUED		Special provisions	(§ 172.102)		(2)	142	118	<u>8</u>		IB2, N34		23, A8, A19, A20, N41	A3, B10, N41, T10, TP2,	2		A1 IB8 IB3 T1 TB33 151 213
TAZAR		9	Codes		(9)	: :	4.1	 6	1.1D	3	1.10	4.1	80		e	11
2.101			PG		(5)	=	=	=	=	=	=	_	_		=	=
<u>-</u>		Identi-	fication Numbers		(4)	UN3357	UN3319	UN3064	UN0144	UN1204	UN0282	UN1336	UN1798		UN1261	4.1 UN2538
		Hazard	class or Division		(3)	ო	4.1	в	1.10	т	Forbidden 1.1D	4.1	Forbidden 8	Forbidden	က	4
		Hazardous materials descrip-	tions and proper shipping names		(2)	Nitroglycerin mixture, desenstitzed, liquid, n.o.s. with not more than 30% nitroglycerin,		than 10 percent nitroglycenn, by mass. Nitroglycenn, solution in alcohol, with more than 1 percent but not more than 5 percent nitroglycens.	glycenn. Nitroglycerin, solution in alcohol, with more than 1 percent but not more than 10 percent	lutior e tha	nitrogiycenn. Nitroguanidine nitrate Nitroguanidine or Picrite, dry or wetted with less than 20 per-	cent water, by mass. Nitroguanidine, wetted or Picrite, wetted with not less than 20 percent water, by	mass. 1-Nitrohydantoin Nitrohydrochloric acid	Nitromannite (dry)	Nitromethane	Nitrohydrochloric acid.
		Ġ.	pols		£											

28, 36	34		28, 36	40	40, 66, 74,	40, 66, 74,			4	2 \$	}						40			40
∀ Ш	∢ □	10	Ω	۵	۵	۵	∢			: 0	ב	∢ ∢	⋖				O			O
200 kg	220 L 50 kg	Forbidden	15 kg	Forbidden	30 L	50 kg	7 09	100 kg	Forbidden	D 0 0		60 L 100 kg	220 L				30 L			30 L
100 kg Forbidden	60 L 15 kg	Forbidden	1 kg	Forbidden	1-	15 kg	2 F	25 kg	Forbidden		I approjou	5 L 25 kg	7 09				Forbidden			Forbidden
240 None	242 241	None	None	314,	242	240	243	242	None	315.	315.	243 242	242				242			242
213	203 212	62	211	304	202	212	202	212	62	: 5	304 ::	202 212	203				206			206
153 None	150	None	None	None	154	154	153	153	None 306		 D	153	150				None			None 206 242
IB8, IP3, T1, TP33 162, A8, A19, A20, N41	B1, IB3, T2, TP1 A19, A20, IB6, IP2, N34,	5 5-	23, A8, A19, A20, N41	3, B14	A3, A6, A7, B2, IB2,	188, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33		IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33		CCGT 3GT 37T 3G	DO, 173, 1F3, 1F22	IB2, Т7, ТР2 IB8, IP2, IP4, Т3, ТР33	B1, IB3, T2, TP1				A7, B2, B6, N34, T10, TP2 TP7 TP13	î Î		A7, B2, B6, N34, T10, TP2, TP7, TP13
6.1	3	1.10	4.1	2.3, 8	8	8	6.1	6.1	1.1D	5.1.	5.1	6.1	3				8			8
≡ -	==	=	_		=	=	=	==	=			==	=				=			=
UN1663 UN3376	UN2608 UN1369	UN0146	UN1337	UN1069	UN2308	UN3456	UN1664	UN3446	UN0490	0.000	OINEEOI	UN1665 UN3447	UN1920				UN1799			UN1800
6.1 Forbidden 4.1	4.2	1.10	4.1	Forbidden 2.3	80	80	6.1	6.1	1.10	1 0	7:7	6.1	3				ω			ω
Nitrophenols (o-, m-, p-,)	by mass. Nitropropanes p-Nitrosodimethylaniline	Nitrostarch, dry or wetted with less than 20 percent water,	by mass. Nitrostarch, wetted with not less than 20 percent water, by	mass. Nitrosugars (dry) Nitrosyl chloride	Nitrosylsulfuric acid, liquid	Nitrosylsulphuric acid, solid	Nitrotoluenes, liquid	Nitrotoluenes, solid	Nitrotriazolone or NTO	direction of the state of the s	ivilious oxide, leiligelated liquid	Nitroxylenes, liquid	Nonanes	Non-tlammable gas, n.o.s., see Compressed gas, etc. or Liq-	uefied gas, etc. Nonliquefied gases, see Com-	pressed gases, etc. Nonliquefied hydrocarbon gas, see Hydrocarbon das mixture	compressed, n.o.s	Nordhausen acid, see Sulfuric	2,5-Norbornadiene, stabilized, see Britised, diene de constant de	diene, stabilized. Octadecyltrichlorosilane

241

§ 172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued

Hazardous materials descrip tions and proper shipping class or fication and proper shipping class or figure and gas R 1318. (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) Octadilene
Hazard Identi- class or fication Division Numbers (3) (4) (5) (3) (4) (5) Eorbidden 1.1D UN0266 11.1D UN0266 11.1D UN0266 11.1D UN0496
Hazard Identi- class or fication Division Numbers (3) (4) (5) (3) (4) (5) Eorbidden 1.1D UN0266 III 1.1D UN0266 III 1.1D UN0496 IIII 8 UN1801 IIII 8 UN1801 IIII 5.2 UN3101 IIII 5.2 UN3101 IIII 5.2 UN3102 III 5.2 UN3102 III 5.2 UN3102 III 5.2 UN3103 III 5.3 UN3102 III 5.4 UN3103 IIII 5.5 UN3103 IIII 5.5 UN3103 IIII 5.6 UN3103 IIII 5.7 UN3103 IIII 5.8 UN3103 IIII
Hazard dass or Division of Div
Haza class class class class (3) (3) (3) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4
Hazardous materials descriptions and proper shipping names (2) (2) Cotadiene

State Comparing participation Comparin	G	ŏ	5.2	5.2 UN3113	=	5.2		None	225	None	Forbidden	Forbidden	٥	2, 40, 52,
Ogganic percode type C, solid. 5.2 (MS114) II 5.2 Among and percode type C, solid. 5.2 (MS105) II 5.2 Among and percode type D, liquid. 5.2 (MS105) II 5.2 Among and percode type D, liquid. 5.2 (MS105) II 5.2 Among and percode type D, liquid. 5.2 (MS105) II 5.2 Among and percode type D, solid. 5.2 (MS105) II 5.2 Among and percode type D, solid. 5.2 (MS107) II 5.2 Among and percode type D, solid. 5.2 (MS107) II 5.2 Among and percode type D, solid. 5.2 (MS107) II 5.2 Among and percode type E, solid. 5.2 (MS107) II 5.2 Among and percode type E, solid. 5.2 (MS107) II 5.2 Among and percode type E, solid. 5.2 (MS107) II 5.2 Among and percode type E, solid. 5.2 (MS107) II 5.2 Among and percode type E, solid. 5.2 (MS107) II 5.2 Among and percode type E, solid. 5.2 (MS107) II 5.2 Among and percode type E, solid. 5.2 (MS107) II 5.2 Among and percode type E, solid. 5.2 (MS107) II 5.2 Among and percode type E, solid. 5.2 (MS107) II 5.2 Among and percode type E, solid. 5.2 (MS107) 1.2 (MS107) 1.2 (M	G	Organic peroxide type C, solid	5.2		=			152			5 kg	10 kg	۵	12, 40, 52,
Ogganic peroxide type D. liquid. 5.2 UN315 II 5.2 UN315 II 5.2 UN316 II 5.2 UN3176	G	Organic peroxide type C, solid,	5.2		=			None			Forbidden	Forbidden	۵	2, 40, 52,
Ogganic peroxide type D, Iguid, 52 UNS116 II 52 More 15 22 None C25 None Forbidden Forbidde	G	Organic peroxide type D, liquid	5.2		=	5.2		152			2 L	10 L	۵	12, 40, 52,
Organic percoxide type D, solid. 52 UNS106 11 5.2 152 None 152 None 50 mone 50 mone Forbidden	G	Organic peroxide type D, liquid,	5.2		=			None			Forbidden	Forbidden	۵	2, 40, 52,
Organic peroxide type D, solid. 5.2 UNS10F II 5.2	G	Organic peroxide type D, solid	5.2		=	5.2		152			5 kg	10 kg	۵	12, 40, 52,
Organic peroxide type E, liquid, becaused by E, liquid, becaused type E, solid. 5.2 UN3118 II 5.2 Rone 225 None 10 kg 25 kg Organic peroxide type E, solid. 5.2 UN3108 II 5.2 II 5.2 None 225 None Forbidden Forbidden Organic peroxide type E, solid. 5.2 UN3108 II 5.2 Rose Rose 225 None Forbidden Forbidden Organic peroxide type E, solid. 5.2 UN3109 II 5.2 Rose 15.2 None 225 None 225 None Forbidden <	G	Organic peroxide type D, solid,	5.2		=			None			Forbidden	Forbidden		2, 40, 52,
Organic peroxide type E, liquid, demonstrate controlled. 5.2 UN3118 II 5.2 None 225 None Forbidden Forbidden <t< td=""><td>G</td><td>Organic peroxide type E, liquid</td><td>5.2</td><td></td><td>=</td><td></td><td></td><td>152</td><td></td><td></td><td>10 L</td><td>25 L</td><td>۵</td><td>12, 40, 52,</td></t<>	G	Organic peroxide type E, liquid	5.2		=			152			10 L	25 L	۵	12, 40, 52,
Organic peroxide type E. solid. 5.2 UN3108 II 5.2 II 5.2 None 15.2 None 10.6 gas by participation of the peroxide type E. solid. 5.2 UN3108 II 5.2 III 5.2 None 22.5 None Forbidden Forbidden </td <td>G</td> <td>Organic peroxide type E, liquid,</td> <td>5.2</td> <td></td> <td>=</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>None</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>Forbidden</td> <td>Forbidden</td> <td>۵</td> <td>2, 40, 52,</td>	G	Organic peroxide type E, liquid,	5.2		=			None			Forbidden	Forbidden	۵	2, 40, 52,
Organic peroxide type E, solid. 5.2 UN3119 II 5.2 IPS IPS <t< td=""><td>G</td><td>Organic peroxide type E, solid</td><td>5.2</td><td></td><td>=</td><td></td><td></td><td>152</td><td></td><td></td><td>10 kg</td><td>25 kg</td><td>۵</td><td>12, 40, 52,</td></t<>	G	Organic peroxide type E, solid	5.2		=			152			10 kg	25 kg	۵	12, 40, 52,
Organic periodic by per F, liquid 5.2 UN3119 II 5.2 IPS IPS 15.2 IPS None 225 225 10 kg 25 kg Organic peroxide type F, liquid, temperature controlled. Organic peroxide type F, solid. 5.2 UN3110 II 5.2 TP33 152 225 225 10 kg 25 kg Organic peroxide type F, solid. Organic peroxide type F, solid. Organic peroxide type F, solid. Organic peroxide with compersate make with compersate make with compressed gas or Organic phosphate compound, mixed with compressed gas or Organic propriets of phosphate compound, mixed with compressed gas or Organic pigments, self-heating mixed with compressed gas. Organic polyments, self-heating mixed with compressed gas. Organic pigments, self-heating mixed with compressed gas. Organic pigments self-heating gas or Organic pigments, self-heating gas or Organic pigments gas or	G	Organic peroxide type E, solid,	5.2		=			None			Forbidden	Forbidden	۵	2, 40, 52,
Organic peroxide type F, solid. 5.2 UN3119 II 5.2 IP IP None 225 225 225 10 kg 25 kg Organic peroxide type F, solid. 5.2 UN3120 II 5.2 UN3120 II 5.2 TP33 None 225 225 10 kg 25 kg Organic peroxide type F, solid. 5.2 UN3120 II 5.2 TP33 None 225 225 10 kg 25 kg Organic peroxide type F, solid. 5.2 UN3120 II 5.2 TP33 None 225 225 10 kg 25 kg Organic peroxide type F, solid. 5.2 UN3120 II 5.2 TP33 None 225 225 10 kg 25 kg Phosphate ampound, mixed with compressed gas or Organic pigments, self-heating 4.2 UN3313 II 4.2 IB8, IP3, IP4, TB, TP3 None 212 221 6.1 100 kg Organic pigments, self-heating 6.1 UN3465 I 6.1 IBB, I	G	Organic peroxide type F, liquid	5.2		=		IP5	152		225	10 L	25 L	۵	32 12, 40, 52,
Organic peroxide type F, solid. 5.2 UN3110 II 5.2 TP93 152 TP3 162 162 162 162 162 162 162 <	G	Organic peroxide type F, liquid,	5.2		=	5.2	IP5	None		225	Forbidden	Forbidden	۵	2, 40, 52,
Organic peroxide type F, solid, temperature controlled. 5.2 UN3120 II 5.2 LTR93 None 225 225 Porbidden Forbidden	G	Organic peroxide type F, solid	5.2		=	5.2	TP33	152		225	10 kg	25 kg	۵	12, 40, 52,
Organic phosphate mixed with compressed gas or Organic phosphate compound, with compressed gas or Organic phosphate compound, with compressed gas or Organic phosphate compound, mixed with compressed gas or Organic phosphate compound, liq- light li	G	Organic peroxide type F, solid,	5.2		=		TP33	None		225	Forbidden	Forbidden	۵	2, 52, 53
priosphate compound, mixed with compressed gas or Organic pignents, self-heating mixed with compound, liq- 6.1 UN3280 1 6.1 5, T14, TP2, TP3 None 212 241 15 kg 50 kg 100 k		Organic phosphate, mixed with	2.3			2.3		None	334		Forbidden	Forbidden	۵	40
ganic phosphous compound. ganic phosphous compound. 1 4.2 IBB, IP2, IP4, T3, TP3 None 212 241 15 kg 50 kg Organic pigments, self-heating off parameters of program or self-heating off parameters of compound, liq- no.s. 6.1 UN3280 1 6.1 IBB, IP2, IP4, T3, TP3 None 212 241 15 kg 50 kg Organic parameters self-heating off compound, liq- no.s. 6.1 UN3280 1 6.1 IBB, IP2, IP4, TP2, TP3 None 213 242 1 30 L Organic arsenic compound, solid, no.s. 6.1 UN3465 1 6.1 IBB, IP2, IP4, TS, TP3 153 242 5 kg 100 kg No.s. 1 6.1 IBB, IP2, IP4, TS, TP3 153 242 5 kg 100 kg No.s. 1 6.1 IBB, IP2, IP4, TS, TP3 153 242 25 kg 100 kg No.s. 1 6.1 IBB, IP2, IP4, TS, TP3 153 242 25 kg 100 kg No.s. 1 6.1 144, TP2, TP13, TP3 1		phosphate compound, mixed with compressed gas or Or-												
Organic pigments, self-heating 4.2 UN3313 II 42 IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 None 212 241 15 kg 50 kg 100 kg Organoarsenic compound, liq- 6.1 UN3280 I 6.1 IB2, T14, TP2, TP43 None 201 242 25 kg 100		ganic phosphorus compound, mixed with compressed gas.												
Organocarsenic compound, liq- 6.1 UN3280 1 6.1 5.114, TP2, TP13 None 213 241 25 kg 100 kg 10d		Organic pigments, self-heating	4.2		= ;	4.2	IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33	None	212	241	15 kg	50 kg	0	
Organoarsenic compound, solid, 6.1 UN3465 I 6.1 IBS, T71, TP2, TP27 153 202 242 5 L 60 L 220 L II 6.1 IBS, T7, TP1, TP28 153 203 241 60 L 220 L 220 L II 6.1 IBS, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 153 211 242 5 kg 50 kg	G	Organoarsenic compound, liq-	6.1		= -	4.2 6.1	IB8, IP3, 11, IP33 5, T14, TP2, TP13, TP <i>2</i> 7	None	213 201	241	25 kg 1 L	100 kg 30 L	о m	
Organoarsenic compound, solid, 6.1 UN3465 I 6.1 IB7, IP1, T6, TP33 None 211 242 5 kg 50 kg 10.0 kg 10.5 II 6.1 IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 153 212 240 100 kg 200 kg Organochlorine pesticides liq- 3 UN2762 I 3, 6.1 T14, TP2, TP13, TP27 None 201 243 Forbidden 30 L noith flammable, toxic, flash noith less than 32 dictanges C					==	6.1	IB2, T11, TP2, TP27 IB3, T7, TP1, TP28	153	202	242 241	5 L 60 L		m «	
1 6.1 186, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 153 212 242 25 kg 100 kg 10	<u>o</u>	Organoarsenic compound, solid, n.o.s	6.1		-	6.1	IB7, IP1, T6, TP33	None		242	5 kg		В	
3 UN2762 I 3, 6.1 T14, TP2, TP13, TP27 None 201 243 Forbidden 30 L					= =	6.1	IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 IB8, IP3, T1, TP33	153	212 213	242 240	25 kg 100 kg		m ∢	
		Organochlorine pesticides liquid, flammable, toxic, flash point less than 23 degrees C.	ო		_	3, 6.1	T14, TP2, TP13, TP27	None	201	243	Forbidden		ш	40

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§ 172.101

(10) Vessel stowage Other

(10B)

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(10A) Loca-tion В ш \square 60 L 220 L 50 kg 100 kg 200 kg Forbidden 220 L 30 L 220 L 50 kg 100 kg 200 kg 30 L 5 L 60 L 1 L P09 30 L 90 L Forbidden Cargo air-craft only Quantity limitations (see §§ 173.27 and 175.75) (9B) 6) 25 kg 100 kg Forbidden Passenger aircraft/rail 25 kg 100 kg 1 L 1 L 5 L Forbidden 5 L 60 L 5 kg 60 L 5 kg Forbidden Forbidden (9A) 111 111 11 111 111 (8C) 243 243 244 243 241 242 242 242 240 242 242 241 242 242 240 244 244 243 242 244 ; ; 111 111 : Packaging (§ 173.***) : : ; : : : ; : : : : §172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued : : : Non-bulk (8B) 203 211 212 213 201 212 213 181 203 201 202 203 211 202 203 201 202 8 202 201 202 202 181 201 Excep-tions (8A) None 153 None . 153 153 None None None 153 ... 153 ... None 153 ... 153 ... None 150 153 153 153 IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 IB8, IP3, T1, TP33 T14, TP2, TP13, TP27 IB1, T7, TP2, TP7, TP36 IB2, T7, TP2, TP7, TP36 T13, TP2, TP7, TP36 IB2, T11, TP2, TP13, TP27 T14, TP2, TP13, TP27 IB2, T11, TP2, TP13, TP27 IB3, T7, TP2, TP28 T14, TP2, TP13, TP27 IB2, T11, TP2, TP13, TP27 B1, IB3, T7, TP2, TP28 IB7, IP1, T6, TP33 IB2, T11, TP2, TP27 IB3, T7, TP1, TP28 IB7, IP1, T6, TP33 B8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 IB8, IP3, T1, TP33 B11, T21, TP2, TP7, TP36 TP7, T13, TP2, TP7, TP36 IB1, IP2, T7, TP2, TP7, TP36 Special provisions (§ 172.102) B11, T21, TP2, 6 . 188 <u>1</u>88 6.1, 3 111 111 111 6.1, 3 6.1, 3 4.3, 3 3, 6.1 9 4.3 6.1 6.1 6.1 6.1 6.1 ≡-≡ ==-= = -= = = = -PG 2 Identi-fication Numbers UN2996 UN2995 **0033399** UN3282 UN3392 UN3394 UN3398 UN3467 UN2761 4 4.2 4.2 4.3 4.3 6.1 6.1 6.1 6.1 6.1 Hazard class or Division (3) Organochlorine pesticides, liq-uid, toxic, flammable, *flash* point not less than 23 de-grees C. Organometallic substance, liq-uid, pyrophoric. Organometallic substance, liq-uid, pyrophoric, water-reactive. Organometallic substance, liq-uid, water-reactive. Organometallic substance, liq-uid, water-reactive, flammable. ₽ pesticides compound, compound Hazardous materials descriptions and proper shipping names Organochlorine pesticides, uid, toxic. toxic, liquid, n.o.s. toxic, solid, n.o.s. (2) Organochlorine solid, toxic. Organometallic Organometallic G Sym-bols $\widehat{\Xi}$

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244

Pinalina	and	Hazardous	Materials	Safety	Admin	DOI
	uliu	HUZUIUUU	MIGITALS	Juicia	AMIIIII	$\nu \nu$

§ 172.101

					≡	4.3, 3	IB2, IP4, T7, TP2, TP7,	None	203	242	2 F	7 09	ш	40, 52
g	Organometallic	substance,	4.2	UN3391	_	4.2	T21, TP7, TP33, TP36	None	187	244	Forbidden	Forbidden	۵	
g	solid, pyrophoric. Organometallic solid, pyrophoric,	substance, water-reac-	4.2	UN3393	-	4.2, 4.3.	B11, T21, TP7, TP33, TP36	None	187	244	Forbidden	Forbidden	۵	25
U	tive. Organometallic solid, self-heating.	substance,	4.2	UN3400	=	4.2	IB6, T3, TP33, TP36	None	212	242	15 kg	50 kg	O	
G	Organometallic solid water-reactive	substance,	4.3	UN3395	=-	4 4 2 6: 	IB8, T1, TP33, TP36 N40, T9, TP7, TP33, TP36	None	213 211	242 242	25 kg Forbidden	100 kg 15 kg	ОШ	40, 52
g	Organometallic subs	substance, ctive, flam-	4.3	0N3396	==-	4.3 4.3,	IB4, T3, TP33, TP36 IB6, T1, TP33, TP36 N40, T9, TP7, TP33, TP36	151 151	212 213 211	242 241 242	15 kg 25 kg Forbidden	50 kg 100 kg 15 kg	шшш	40, 52 40, 52 40, 52
					=	4.3,	IB4, T3, TP33, TP36	151	212	242	15 kg	50 kg	ш	40, 52
					=	. 4.3, 1.	IB6, T1, TP33, TP36	151	213	241	25 kg	100 kg	ш	40, 52
	Organometallic subsolid, water-reactive,	substance, ctive, self-	4.3	UN3397	-	4.3, - 4.2, -	N40, T9, TP7, TP33, TP36	None	211	242	Forbidden	15 kg	ш	40, 52
	0				=	4.3,	IB4, T3, TP33, TP36	None	212	242	15 kg	50 kg	ш	40, 52
					=	4.3,	IB6, T1, TP33, TP36	None	213	241	25 kg	100 kg	ш	40, 52
G	Organometallic	substance,	4.2	UN3391	-	4.2	T21, TP7, TP33	None	187	244	Forbidden	Forbidden	۵	
G	solld, pyrophoric. Organometallic solid, pyrophoric,	substance, water-reac-	4.2	UN3393	-	4.2, 4.3.	B11, T21, TP7, TP33	None	187	244	Forbidden	Forbidden	۵	52.
G	Organometallic	substance,	4.2	UN3400	=	4.2	IB6, T3, TP33	None	212	242	15 kg	50 kg	O	
g	Organometallic s	substance,	4.3	UN3395	≡-	4 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	IB8, T1, TP33 N40, T9, TP7, TP33	None	203 211	242 242	25 kg Forbidden	100 kg Forbidden	ОШ	40, 52
g	Organometallic substance solid, water-reactive, flam	substance, ctive, flam-	4.3	0N3396	==-	4.3 4.1.	IB4, T3, TP33 IB6, T1, TP33 N40, T9, TP7, TP33	151 151	212 213 :: 211 ::	242 241 242	15 kg 25 kg Forbidden	50 kg 100 kg Forbidden	шшш	40, 52 40, 52 40, 52
	mable.				=	4.3,	IB4, T3, TP33	151	212	242	15 kg	50 kg	ш	40, 52
					=	4.3,	IB6, T1, TP33	151	213	241	25 kg	100 kg	ш	40, 52
	Organometallic subs solid, water-reactive, heating.	substance, ictive, self-	4.3	UN3397	-	4.3,	N40, T9, TP7, TP33	None	211	242	Forbidden	Forbidden	ш	40, 52

§172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued

			<u>-</u> 8	2.10	HAZAF	§172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS IABLE—Continued	SLE—Con	tinued					
								(8)		(6)		_	(10)
E S	Hazardous materials descrip-	Hazard	Identi-		q	Special provisions	1 4 8	Packaging		Quantity limitations	mitations 3 27 and	st S	stowage
bols	tions and proper shipping names	class or Division	fication Numbers	PG	Codes	(§172.102)		5		175.	75)	-	
							Excep- tions	Non- bulk	Bulk	Passenger aircraft/rail	Cargo air- craft only	tion	Other
Ē	(2)	(3)	(4)	(2)	(9)	(2)	(8A)	(8B)	(8C)	(A6)	(96)	(10A)	(10B)
				=	4.3,	IB4, T3, TP33	None	212	242	15 kg	50 kg	Ш	40, 52
				=	4.3, 4	IB6, T1, TP33	None	213	241	25 kg	100 kg	ш	40, 52
	Organophosphorus compound,	6.1	UN3279	_	6.1, 3	5, T14, TP2, TP13,	None	201	243	1 L	30 L	В	40
	OXIC, IIdilliadie, II.O.S			=	6.1, 3	1F2/ 1B2, T11, TP2, TP13, TP37	153	202	243	2 F	7 09	В	40
g	Organophosphorus compound,	6.1	UN3278	_	6.1	5, T14, TP2, TP13, TP27	None	201	243	1 L	30 L	В	
g	Organophosphorus compound,	6.1	UN3464	==-	6.1	IB2, T11, TP2, TP27 IB3, T7, TP1, TP28 IB7, IP1, T6, TP33	153 153 None	202 203 211	243 241 242	5 L 60 L 5 kg	60 L 220 L 50 kg	B & B	
	Organophosphorus pesticides, liquid, flammable, toxic, flash	e	UN2784	==-	6.1 6.1 3, 6.1	IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 IB8, IP3, T1, TP33 T14, TP2, TP13, TP27	153 153 None	212 213 201	242 240 243	25 kg 100 kg Forbidden	100 kg 200 kg 30 L	B ★ B	40
	point less than 23 degrees C.			=	3, 6.1	IB2, T11, TP2, TP13,	150	202	243	11	7 09	В	40
	Organophosphorus pesticides, liquid, toxic.	6.1	UN3018	_	6.1	1P2/ N76, T14, TP2, TP13, TP <i>27</i>	None	201	243	7	30 L	В	40
				=	6.1	IB2, N76, T11, TP2, TP13, TP27	153	202	243	2 F	7 09	В	40
	Organophosphorus pesticides.	6.1	UN3017	=-	6.1.3	IB3, N76, T7, TP2, TP28 N76, T14, TP2, TP13.	153	203	241	60 L	220 L 30 L	∢ @	4 4
	liquid, toxic, flammable, flash point not less than 23 de-					TP27							
	grado C.			=	6.1, 3	IB2, N76, T11, TP2,	153	202	243	2 F	7 09	В	40
				=	6.1, 3	B1, IB3, N76, T7, TP2,	153	203	242	7 09	220 L	⋖	40
	Organophosphorus pesticides,	6.1	6.1 UN2783	_	6.1	IB7, IP1, N77, T6, TP33	None	211	242	5 kg	50 kg	⋖	40
				=	6.1	IB8, IP2, IP4, N77, T3, TP33	153	212	242	25 kg	100 kg	⋖	40

40	40	40	. 6	€ 4	\$ 4		40	40	40	9 4		40	40	9 :	04 4	?		40			13, 56, 58,	106, 138	13, 34, 56, 58, 106, 138	13, 34, 56, 58, 106,	138 56, 58, 106,	138 56, 58, 106, 138
∠ B	⋖	∀ ⊞	۱ <	(⊲	<u> </u>		В	В	В	∀ ⊞		В	⋖	∢ •	∢ ⊲	(В	⋖	<	٥		m	В	٥	В
200 kg 30 L	7 09	220 L 50 kg	9 9	00 kg	30 L		7 09	30 L	7 09	220 L 30 L		7 09	220 L	50 kg	100 kg	9		50 kg	No limit	No limit	2.5 L	i	2	30 L	2.5 L	2 L
100 kg	2 F	60 L 5 kg	, r	23 kg	Forbidden		11	11	5 L	60 L		2 L	7 09	5 kg	25 kg	200		5 kg	No limit	No limit	Forbidden	,	1	2.5 L	Forbidden	1 -
240 243	243	241					243	243	243	241		243			242			242	241	240	244		243	242	243	242
213 201	202	203			201		202	201	202	203		202	203	211	212	:		211	203	213	201	0	 202	203	201	202
153 None	153	153		153			150	None	153	153		153			153			None	155	155	None		None	152	None	152
IB8, IP3, N77, T1, TP33 A3, N33, N34, T14, TP2, TP13, TP27	A3, IB2, N33, N34, T11, TP2 TP13 TP27	12, 11, 13, 11, 27, 11, 27, 11, 28 183, 17, 172, 1728 A5, 187, 191, 16, 17933		IBO, IFZ, IF4, IS, IF33			IB2, T11, TP2, TP13, TP27	T14, TP2, TP13, TP27	IB2, T11, TP2, TP13, TP27	IB3, T7, TP2, TP28 T14. TP2. TP13. TP27		IB2, T11, TP2, TP13, TP27	B1, IB3, T7, TP2, TP28	IB7, IP1, T6, TP33	IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33			A8, IB7, IP1, N33, N34, T6 TP33	IB3, T2, TP1	B54, IB8, IP2, T1, TP33	62, A6	2	62, IB1	62, IB2	62, 127, A2, A6	62, 127, A2, IB2
6.1	6.1	6.1			3, 6.1		3, 6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1.3		6.1, 3	6.1, 3		6.1	:		6.1	6	6	5.1, 8	,	5.1, 8	5.1, 8	5.1	5.1
= -	=	= -	=	= =	=	-	=	_	=	= -		=	=	-:	= =		-	_	=	=			=	=	_	=
UN2788		UN3146	!		UN2787			UN3020		UN3019				UN2786				UN2471	NA3082	NA3077	0N3098				UN3139	
6.1		6.1			ю			6.1		6.1				6.1				6.1	0	σ	5.1				5.1	
Organotin compounds, liquid,		Organotin compounds, solid.	n.o.s		Organotin pesticides, liquid,	less than 23 degrees C.		Organotin pesticides, liquid,	ionic.	Organotin pesticides, liquid,	ımmable, <i>flast</i> than 23 degree			Organotin pesticides, solid, toxic		Orthonitroaniline	ú	Osmium tetroxide	ō	δ	solld, n.o.s Oxidizing liquid, corrosive, n.o.s.				Oxidizing liquid, n.o.s	
																			DG	DG	g				Ø	

§ 172.101

§172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued

2.3 UN2190
UN3356 II 5.1
NA3356 III 9
UN1073 2.2,
UN1263 I 3
= 3
Ξ
000000 III 8
ε =
3
UN3470 II 8, 3
UN3470 II 8, 3
UN3469 I 3, 8
UN3469 I 3, 8
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§172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued

	(10)			air- tion Other	(10A) (10B)	den A	100 kg A	Y	den E 40			den D		100 kg A	ш							den 10		_
	(6)	Quantity limitations	175.75)	ger Cargo air- rail craft only	(9B)	den Forbidden	25 kg 100		den Forbidden			den Forbidden		25 kg 100	Total Control							den Forbidden		
-		Quan	996)	Passenger aircraft/rail	(96)	Forbidden			Forbidden			Forbidden			. п							Forbidden		
,		ص.	_	Bulk	(8C)	. 241			245	-		. 245	. 243	. 242	. o							. None		
	(8)	Packaging	3-73	Non bulk	(8B)	213		: : SO :	334			205		212								62		
				Excep- tions	(8A)	None	151		None			None		153								None		_
			(§ 172.102)		(2)	IB8, IP3	A1, IB8, IP3, T1, TP33	D1, 103, 12, 17	ဧ			_		IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33	118 NISE							120		
		-	Codes		(9)	4.2		9	2.3			4.2,		6.1	-	:						1.1D		
; ;			PG		(2)	=	= =	=				_	=	=	_	=						=		
"		Identi-	fication Numbers		(4)	UN1379	4.1 UN2213		NA1967			UN1380	_	UN3155	IIN3344							1.1D UN0411		
		Hazard	class or Division		(3)	4.2			2.3			4.2		6.1	Forbidden	F								
		Hazardous materials descrip-	tions and proper shipping names		(2)	Paper, unsaturated oil treated incompletely dried (including	carbon paper). Paraformaldehyde	Paranitroaniline, solid, see	Parathion and compressed gas mixture	Paris green, solid, see Copper acetoarsenite.	PCB, see Polychlorinated biphenyls.	Pentaborane	Pentachloroethane	Pentachlorophenol	Pentaerytintie tetranitrate (dfy) Pentaerythrite tetranitrate mix-	ture, desensitized, solid,	n.o.s. or Pentaerythritol	sitized, solid, n.o.s. or PETN	mixture, desensitized, solid,	n.o.s., with more than 10 per-	percent PETN, by mass.	Pentaerythrite tetranitrate or	Pentaerythritol tetranitrate or	PELIN, With not less than /
		ý	bols		Ē				۵			+												

									26. 27				56, 58, 133	56, 58, 69,	56, 58	26, 58	;	99	99			40	40
10	!		∢	< <	∢ш і	ш	В	< □	υш	10			В	В	∢ ·	∢		<u> </u>	O			۵	٥
Forbidden			150 kg	220 L	30 L	7 09	7 09	220 L	30 L	Forbidden			5 L	30 L	25 kg	100 kg	į	2.5 L	30 L			Forbidden	Forbidden
Forbidden			75 kg	1 09 7 09	1 - 0	2 L	2 F	90 F		Forbidden			1 1	2.5 L	5 kg	25 kg	:	Forbidden	Forbidden			Forbidden	Forbidden
None			314,	242	243	242		242					242	241	242	240		243	243			244	314, 315.
62			304	203	203	202	202	203					202	202	212	213		507	202			227	302
None			306	150	150	150	150	150	154	None			152	152	152	152		None	None			None	None
121			T50	B1, IB3, T2, TP1	DI, IBS, 14, 171 T11, TP2	IB2, IP8, 14, TP1	IB2, T4, TP1, TP29	B1, B3, IB3, T2, TP1	B2. IB2. T7. TP2				IB2, T4, TP1	IB2, T4, TP1	IB6, IP2, T3, TP33	IB8, IP3, 11, 1P33		AZ, A3, N41, 110, IP1	IB2, N41, T7, TP2			2, B9, B14, B32, N34, T20, TP2, TP13, TP38, TP45	2, B9, B14
1			2.2	e c		 B	က	 ເກີດ	 	1.1D			5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1		5.1, 8	8, 5.1			6.1	2.3,
=	:			==	= =	=	=	= -		=			=	=	= ;	=		-	=			_	
1 1D UN0150			UN3220	UN2286	UN1265		UN1105	00111	UN2705				UN3211		UN1481			UN18/3	UN1802			UN1670	2.3 UN3083
110			2.2	е	ი ო	Forbidden	8	C	ာထ	1.10			5.1		5.1	Forbidden	i	r.c	80			6.1	2.3
Pentaervthrite tetranitrate	wetted not le ter, by te tetr tol tett tol tett ensitize	Pentaerythritol tetranitrate, see Pentaerythrite tetranitrate. etc.	Pentafluoroethane or Refrig- erant das B 125.	Pentamethylheptane	Pentanes	Pentanitroaniline (drv)	Pentanols	1 Donton (n omidon)	1-Ferreire (77-arriyerie)	Pentolite, dry or wetted with	less than 15 percent water, by mass.	Pepper spray, see Aerosols, etc. or Self-defense spray,	non-pressurized. Perchlorates, inorganic, aque-		Perchlorates, inorganic, n.o.s	Perchloric acid, with more than	72 percent acid by mass.	So percent but not more than	72 percent acid, by mass. Perchloric acid with not more	acid by m	rerchoroethylene, see Tetrachloroethylene.	Perchloromethyl mercaptan	Perchloryl fluoride

See §173.175 13, 52, 66, 75

133

56,

air quality monitoring equipment

13, 52, 66, 75 Permeation devices for calibrating

§ 172.101

(10) Vessel stowage (10A) Loca-tion **4** 0 220 L 5 L 30 L 100 kg 150 kg 25 kg 100 kg 150 kg 25 kg Cargo air-craft only 90 L Quantity limitations (see §§ 173.27 and 175.75) (9B) 6 Passenger aircraft/rail 5 kg 25 kg 2.5 L 25 kg Forbidden Forbidden (9A) i 314, 315. 314, 315. (8C) 242 242 242 242 240 242 240 241 Packaging (§ 173.***) : : 302, 304, 305. 302, 304, 305. : : : §172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued : Non-bulk (8B) 203 213 8 213 203 Excep-tions (8A) 306 150 150 . 152 . 152 152 152 306 IB2, T4, TP1, TP29 152 26, 353, A30, IB6, IP2, TP33 26, 353, A30, IB8, IP3, T1, TP34 A7, A20, IB6, IP2, N34, TT, TP33 T50 IB2, T4, TP1, TP8 B1, IB3, T2, TP1 353, IB2, T4, TP1 A7, A20, IB8, IP3, N34, T1, TP33 Special provisions (§ 172.102) 6 26, ÷ i Label Codes 9 5.1 2.1 2.1 5.1 5.1 5.1 5.1 5.1 က ≡ Ξ PG (2) Identi-fication Numbers 5.1 UN3216 UN3154 UN1266 UN3214 UN1482 UN1483 UN3153 4 2.1 က 5.1 5.1 5.1 2.1 Hazard class or Division Forbidden (3) Peroxyacetic acid, with more than 43 percent and with more than 6 percent hydrogen peroxide.

Persultates, inorganic, aqueous solution, n.o.s.. Permanganates, inorganic, aqueous solution, n.o.s. Permanganates, inorganic, n.o.s flam-Percussion caps, see Primers, cap type. Hazardous materials descriptions and proper shipping names Perfluoro(methyl vinyl ether) Perfluoro-2-butene, Octafluorobut-2-ene. Perfluoro(ethyl vinyl ether) Peroxides, inorganic, n.o.s. Perfumery products with mable solvents. (2) Sym-bols Ξ

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(10B)

Other

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133, 138

. '89' 99

56, 58, 138

252

56, 58		40	40	40 40	40	4 0 4 0	4 4									40		40		40	40	
: < m	ш	Ф	В	< @ (۷ د		:	:	: Ш		٧	ш	Ф	٧	ш	ша	۵	٧		: :	4 4
100 kg 30 L	1 09	30 L	7 09	220 L 30 L	J 09	220 L 50 kg	100 kg 200 kg			30 L	7 09	220 L	30 L	90 F	220 L	150 kg	30 L 60 L	30 L	220 L	100 kg	Forbidden 100 kg	60 L 220 L
25 kg Forbidden	11	1 L	5 L	60 L	9 L	60 L 5 kg	25 kg 100 kg			1 L	2 F	7 09	11	2 F	7 09	Forbidden	1 L 5 L	Forbidden	7 09	25 kg	Forbidden 25 kg	5 L 60 L
240	243	243	243	242	243	241 242	242 240			243	242	242	243	242	242	314,	243 242	243	242	242		
213	202	201	202	203			212 213			201	202	203	201	202	203	304	201	201	203	212	202 212 :: :	202 203
152 None	150	None	153	153 None	153	153 None	153			150	150	150	150	150	150	306	None	None	150	153	None	153
IB8, IP3, T1, TP33 B5, T14, TP2, TP13, TP27	IB2, T11, TP2, TP13,	T14, TP2, TP13, TP27	IB2, T11, TP2, TP13,	B1, IB3, T7, TP2 T14, TP2, TP13, TP27		B3, T7, TP2, IB7, T6,	IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33			144, 357, T11, TP1, TP8	144, 357, IB2, T4, TP1,	178 144, 357, B1, IB3, T2, TP4	144, T11, TP1, TP8	144, IB2, T7, TP1, TP8,	144, B1, IB3, T4, TP1, TP3,	T50	144, T11, TP1 144, IB2, T7, TP1, TP8,	TP28 343, T14, TP2, TP13	144, B1, IB3, T4, TP1,	IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33	B14, T7, TP3 B14, T7, TP3 B8, IP2, IP4, N78, T3,	
5.1 3, 6.1	3, 6.1	6.1, 3	6.1, 3	6.1, 3	6.1	6.1	6.1			3	3	3	3	3		2.1	ღ ღ	3, 6.1			6 6 6	= = 6.1
=-	=	_	=	= = :	=	= -	==			_	=	=	_	=	=		_=	_	=	==	==	==
UN3215 UN3021		UN2903		UN2902		UN2588				UN1267			UN1268			UN1075	NA1270	UN3494		UN2645	UN2312 UN1671	UN2821
5.1		6.1		6.1		6.1				က			ю			2.1	င	в		6.1	9 6 6	6.1
Persulfates, inorganic, n.o.s Pesticides, liquid, flammable, toxic, flash point less than 23 decrees C.		Pesticides, liquid, toxic, flam- mable, n.o.s. flash point not	less than 23 degrees C.	Pesticides, liquid, toxic, n.o.s		Pesticides, solid, toxic, n.o.s		PETN, see Pentaerythrite	PETN/TNT, see Pentolite, etc	Petrol, see Gasoline			Petroleum distillates, n.o.s. or	retioned in products, 11.0.5		Petroleum gases, liquefied or	Equality of the control of the contr	Petroleum sour crude oil, flam-	IIIable, toxic.	Phenacyl bromide	Phenol, molten	Phenol solutions

§ 172.101

§172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued

			_ ກ		ואלאון	§ 172.101 MAZARDOUS IMATERIALS TABLE—CONTINUED	5	minea					
								(8)		(6)		-	(10)
ě	Hazardous materials descrip-	Hazard	Identi-		ode	oucieixou leicodo	28	Packaging		Quantity limitations	mitations	str	stowage
bols	tions and proper shipping names	class or Division	fication Numbers	PG	Codes	(§ 172.102)				175.	75) and 75)	60	
							Excep- tions	Non bulk	Bulk	Passenger aircraft/rail	Cargo air- craft only	tion	Other
£	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(2)	(8A)	(8B)	(8C)	(A6)	(ae)	(10A)	(10B)
	Phenolsulfonic acid, liquid Phenoxyacetic acid derivative pesticide, liquid, flammable, toxic flash point less than 23	& r)	UN3346	=-	3, 6.1	B2, IB2, N41, T7, TP2 T14, TP2, TP13, TP27	154 None	202	242 243	1 L Forbidden	30 L	Om	41 40
	degrees C.			=	3, 6.1	IB2, T11, TP2, TP13,	150	202	243	1 L	7 09	В	40
	Phenoxyacetic acid derivative	6.1	UN3348	_	6.1	T14, TP2, TP13, TP27	None	201	243	1 L	30 L	В	40
	pesticide, ilquid, toxic.			==	6.1	IB2, T11, TP2, TP27 IB3, T7, TP2, TP28	153	202	243	5 L 60 L	60 L 220 L	а ∢	4 4
	Phenoxyacetic acid derivative pesticide, liquid, toxic, flammable, flash point not less	6.1	UN3347			T14, TP2, TP13, TP27	None		243] -	30 F		40
				=	6.1, 3	IB2, T11, TP2, TP13,	153	202	243	2 F	7 09	В	40
	Phenoxyacetic acid derivative	6.1	UN3345	≡-	6.1, 3	IP2/ IB3, T7, TP2, TP28 IB7, IP1, T6, TP33	153 None	203	241	60 L 5 kg	220 L 50 kg	44	9 4
	Phenyl chloroformate	6.1	UN2746	===	6.1	IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 IB8, IP3, T1, TP33 IB2, T7, TP2, TP13	153 153 153	212 213 202	242 240 243	25 kg 100 kg 1 L	100 kg 200 kg 30 L	444	40 40 12, 13, 21,
	Phenyl isocyanate	6.1	UN2487		6.1, 3	2, B9, B14, B32, B77, N33, N34, T20, TP2	None	227	244	Forbidden	Forbidden	Ω	25, 40, 100 40
	Phenyl mercaptan	6.1	6.1 UN2337		6.1, 3	2, B9, B14, B32, B77, T20, TP2, TP13, TP38,	None	227	244	Forbidden	Forbidden	۵	40, 52
	Phenyl phosphorus dichloride Phenyl phosphorus	∞ ∞	UN2798 UN2799	==	8 8	B2, B15, IB2, T7, TP2 B2, B15, IB2, T7, TP2	154	202	242 242	Forbidden	30 L 30 L	<u>а</u> а	40
	thiodichloride. Phenyl urea pesticides, liquid, toxic	6.1	UN3002		6.1	T14, TP2 TP27	None	201	243	11	30 L	В	40
	Phenylacetonitrile, liquid	6.1	6.1 UN2470	===	6.1	T7, TP2 T4, TP1 IB3, T4, TP1	None 2153	202 203 203	243 241	2 P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P	60 L 220 L 220 L	M < <	40 52 52

40		40				40	40		40					48				74		12, 40	40	40		12, 40, 53,	40, 44, 89, 100, 141
00					⋖ ⋖		۵⊲		۵	۷٠				⋖ ⋖				ш		ပ	O	۵		ш	O
30 L Forbidden		200 kg 60 L 100 kg	50 kg	100 kg 200 kg	100 kg 100 kg	30 L	Forbidden	200	Forbidden	7 09 F	100 kg			100 kg 100 kg				50 kg		50 kg	Forbidden	Forbidden		50 kg	50 kg
1 L Forbidden		100 kg 5 L 25 kg	S Kg	25 kg 100 kg	25 kg 25 kg	Forbidden	Forbidden	2	Forbidden	5 L	25 kg			25 kg 25 kg				15 kg		Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden		Forbidden	Forbidden
242 244			242	242 240	242 242	242	314		245	241	240		:	240 243			:	240		240	242	244		240	240
202 227	i	213 202 212		212 213 ::		506	192		192	203	213		:	213				212		212	202	227		212	212
154 None		153 153 153	None	153	153	None	None	2	None	154	154			154 None				None		None	None	None		154	None
B2, IB2, T7, TP2 2, B9, B14, B32, T20, TP2, TP13, TP38, TP45		IB8, IP3, T1, TP33 IB2, T7, TP2 IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33	IP1, T6,	IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 IB8, IP3, T1, TP33	IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33	A7, B6, N34, T10, TP2, TP7, TP13	1, B7, B46 A19 IB6 IP2 T3 TP33	5	-	A7, IB3, N34, T4, TP1	IB8, IP3, 11, IP33			IB8, IP3, T1, TP33 A1, A19, B1, B9, B26,	158, 173, 11, 1733			A20, IB4, N34, T3, TP33		B8, IB8, IP2, IP4, N41,	B2, B8, IB1, N41, N43,	2, B9, B14, B32, B77,	N34, I20, IP2, IP13, TP38, TP45	A7, IB8, IP2, IP4, N34,	A7, IB8, IP2, IP4, N34, T3, TP33
6.1		6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	 &	2.3, 8	!	2.3,		 			8				4.1		 &		6.1, 8		 &	 &
=-		===.	- :	==	==	=	=	=		= :	=			==				=		=	=	_		=	=
UN2577 UN1672		UN1673 UN2572 UN1674	0N2026		UN1894 UN1895	UN1804	UN1076		UN2199	UN1805	UN3453			UN2834 UN1338				UN1339		UN1939	UN2576	UN1810		UN2691	UN1806
6.1	Forbidden	6.0	6.1		6.1	∞	2.3	į	2.3	ω (x 0			8 1.1				4.1		80	80	6.1		80	ω
Phenylacetyl chloride	m-Phenylene	acel	Phenylmercuric compounds, n.o.s		Phenylmercuric hydroxide	Phenyltrichlorosilane	Phosgene	es.	Phosphine	Phosphoric acid solution	Phosphoric acid, solid	rnospnonc triethyleneimine, see Tris-(1- aziridiyl)phosphine oxide, so-	Phosphoric anhydride, see Phosphorus pentoxide.	Phosphorous acid	Phosphorus bromide, see Phos-	phorus tribromide.	Phosphorus chloride, see Phos-	Phosphorus heptasulfide, free from vellow or white phos-	phorus.	Phosphorus oxybromide	Phosphorus oxybromide, molten	Phosphorous oxychloride		Phosphorus pentabromide	Phosphorus pentachloride

§ 172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued

	12, 52 52	19, 21, 25, 87, 144.					95 95	95	92	19, 21. 25, 87, 144.	52	
	220 L A 220 L A 100 kg A 2.5 L B	200 kg E	Forbidden C				220 L A 200 kg A	5 kg B 220 L A	200 kg A	200 kg E	15 kg D	100 kg A 100 kg A
	60 L 60 L 25 kg 0.5 L	100 kg	Forbidden				100 L 100 kg	5 kg 100 L	100 kg	100 kg	Forbidden	25 kg 25 kg
	242 242 240	221	None				241	None 241	241	221	244	242 242
	203 203 213 201	221	213				202 212	165	204	221	211	212
	150 150 154	155	None				155	165 155	155	155	None	153
	B1, IB3, T2, TP1 B1, IB3, T2, TP1 IB8, IP3, T1, TP33 A10, T10, TP2	32, IB8, IP3, IP7					9, 81, 140, IB3, T4, TP1 9, 81,140, IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33	40, 149 IB2	IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33	32, IB8, IP3, IP7, T1, TP33	A7, A19, A20, B27, IB4, IP1, N6, N34, T9, TP7, TP33	IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 153 212 242 242 242
		6	4.2				 	: ::: ::::	6	6	4.3	6.1
	===-	≡	=			:	==	=	=	=	-	==
	UN1272 UN2368 UN2579 UN2401	UN3314	UN2006				UN2315 UN3432	UN3269 UN3151	UN3152	UN2211	UN2257	6.1 UN1677 6.1 UN1678
	п п ထ ထ	Ō	4.2			,	တ တ	ოთ	6	σ	4.3	6.1
Picryl chloride, see Trinitrochlorobenzene	Pine oil alpha-Pinene Piperazine Piperazine Piperdine Piperdine Piperdine Piperdine see	Trimethylacetyl chloride. Plastic molding compound in dough, sheet or extruded rope form evolving flammable vapor.	Plastic solvent, n.o.s., see Flammable liquids, n.o.s Plastics, nitrocellulose-based, self-heating, n.o.s	Poisonous gases, n.o.s., see Compressed or liquefied gases, flammable or toxic, n.o.s Polyalkylamines, n.o.s., see Amines, etc.	royamines, faminatare, coro- sive, n.o.s. see Amines, fam- mable, corrosive, n.o.s. Polyamines, liquid, corrosive, n.o.s. see Amines, liquid, cor- rosive n.o.s.	Polyamines, liquid, corrosive, flammable, n.o.s. see Amines, liquid, corrosive, flammable, n.o.s.	Polychlorinated biphenyls, liquid Polychlorinated biphenyls, solid	Polyester resin kit	Polyhalogenated biphenyls, solid termhenyls solid temhenyls solid	Polymeric beads expandable, evolving flammable vapor.	Potassium	Potassium arsenate

§172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued

	(10)	vessel stowage	Other	(10B)		52 56, 58	56, 58	56, 58, 133	56, 58, 69,	3	52	52	52	25		13	25 25	52
		ot s	Loca- tion	(10A)		ш∢	∢	В	В		B A	В	В	∢		ш	∢ ∢	ш∢
		mitations 3.27 and	Cargo air- craft only	(9B)		15 kg 25 kg	25 kg	5 L	30 L		100 kg 50 kg	30 L	7 09	220 L		50 kg	200 kg	50 kg 200 kg
	(6)	Quantity limitations (see §§ 173.27 and	Passenger aircraft/rail	(9A)		Forbidden 5 kg	5 kg	11	2.5 L		25 kg 5 kg	1 L	5 L	7 09		15 kg	100 kg 60 L	5 kg 100 kg
			Bulk	(8C)		242 242	242	241	241		242	243	243	241		241	240	242 240
tinued	(8)	Packaging (§173.***)	Non- bulk	(8B)		211	212	202	203		212	201	202	203		212	213	
3LE—Con		Pe (§	Excep- tions	(8A)		None	152	152	152		153 None	None	153	153		None	153	
§172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued		Special provisions	(3	(2)		A19, N40 IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33	A9, IB8, IP2, IP4, N34,	A2, IB2, T4, TP1	A2, IB2, T4, TP1		된 교	N/5, 16, 1P33 B69, B77, N74, N75, T44, TP3, TP43	114, 1F2, 1F13 B69, B77, IB2, N74, N75, T11, TP2, TP13, TB27	B69, B77, IB3, N74, N75, T7, TP2, TP13, TP29	3	A8, A19, A20, IB6, IP2,	IB8, IP3, T1, TP33	IB7, IP1, T6, TP33 IB8, IP3, T1, TP33
HAZAR		Label		(9)		4.3	5.1	5.1	5.1		6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1		4.2	6.1	
2.101		PG		(2)		-=	=	=	=		=-	-	=	≡		=	==	-=
\$17		Identi- fication	Numbers	(4)		UN1870 UN1484	UN1485	UN2427			UN1679 UN1680	UN3413				UN1929	UN1812 UN3422	UN2628 UN2655
		Hazard class or	Division	(3)		4.3	Forbidden 5.1	5.1			6.1	6.1				4.2	6.1	6.1
		Hazardous materials descriptions and proper shipping	names	(2)	Potassium bisulfite solution, see Bisulfites, aqueous solutions,	Potassium borohydride	Potassium carbonyl	Potassium chlorate, aqueous	solution.	Potassium chlorate mixed with mineral oil, see Explosive,	blasting, type C. Potassium cuprocyanide Potassium cyanide, solid	Potassium cyanide solution			Potassium dichloro isocyanurate or Potassium dichloro-s-triazinetrione, see Dichloroisocyanuric acid, dry oralts are	Potassium dithionite or Potas-	Potassium fluoride, solid Potassium fluoride solution	
		Sym-	200	£)														

				25, 40, 52	25, 40, 52	40, 52			52. 52.	52.		40, 52			29, 52.		56, 58	76 58	56, 58	56, 58, 138	13, 52, 66,	,3 58, 145	40, 52, 85			40, 52
			⋖	4	4	<				⋖			Δ	⋖		∢	∢			. 0		⋖	ш			ш
			50 kg	50 kg	30 L	7 09			50 kg 30 L	7 09		1	15 kg	100 kg	50 kg	100 kg	25 kg	25 kg	25 Kg	25 kg	15 kg	100 kg	15 kg			1 L
			15 kg	15 kg	11	5 L			15 kg 1 L	2 L		Forbidden	Forbidden	25 kg	15 kg	25 Kg	5 kg	7	o rc	5 Kg	Forbidden	25 kg	Forbidden			Forbidden
			240	240	243	241			240	241		244	244	242	240	240	240	242	242	240	None	240	None			244
			212	212	202	203		i	212 202	203		201	211	212		213	212	212	12	212	211	213	211	i		201
			154	154	154	154			154	154		None	None	153	154	152	152	150	152	152	None	152	None			None
			A7, IB8, IP2, IP4, N34,	IB8, IP2, IP4, N3, N34,	13, 1F33 IB2, N3, N34, T7, TP2	IB3, N3, N34, T4, TP1			IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 B2, IB2, T7, TP2	IB3, T4, TP1		A7, A19, A20, B27	A19, A20, B27, IB4, IP1, T9, TP7, TP33	_	=	A1, A29, IB8, IP3, I1, TP33, W1	B78, IB8, IP2, IP4, T3,	P4 T3	IB6 IP2 T3	IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33	A20, IB6, IP1, N34	A1, A29, IB8, IP3, T1,	A19, N40			A7, A19, B27, N34, N40, T9, TP3, TP7, TP31
			8	8, 6.1	8, 6.1	8, 6.1			 	8		4.3	4.3	6.1	ω,	 	5.1				5.1	5.1	4.3,			4.3
			=	=	=	Ξ			==	=		_	_	=	= :	=	=	=	=	: =	_	=	_			_
			UN2509	UN1811	UN3421				UN1813 UN1814			UN1420	UN3403	UN2864	UN2033	UN1486	UN1487	11N1488	UN1489	UN1490	UN1491	UN1492	UN2012			UN1422
			80	80	80				∞ ∞			4.3	4.3	6.1	ω .	5.7	5.1	r.		5.1	5.1	5.1	4.3			4.3
Potassium hydrate, see Potas-	Potassium hydrogen fluoride, see Potassium hydrogen diffuoride.	Potassium hydrogen fluoride so- lution, see Corrosive liquid,	Potassium hydrogen sulfate	Potassium hydrogendifluoride	Solid. Potassium hydrogendifluoride		Potassium hydrosulfite, see Potassium dithionite.	Potassium hydroxide, liquid, see	Potassium hydroxide, solid		Fotassium nypocnionte, solution, see Hypochlorite solutions etc	Potassium, metal alloys, liquid	Potassium, metal alloys, solid	Potassium metavanadate	Potassium monoxide	Potassium nitrate	Potassium nitrate and sodium	Potassium nitrite	Potassium perchlorate	Potassium permanganate	Potassium peroxide	Potassium persulfate	Potassium phosphide	Potassium selenate, see	Potassium selenite, see	Potassium sodium alloys, liquid

§172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued

			,					Ę		9			(0.7)
						•		(8)		(A)	,		(10) Vessel
Hazardous materials descrip- Hazard Identi- tions and proper shipping class or fication		Identi- fication		PG	Label	Special provisions	9,8 8,8	Packaging (§173.***)		Quantity li (see §§ 17	Quantity limitations (see §§ 173.27 and	S	stowage
Division		Number	ίδ		Saboo	(\$172.102)	Excep-	Non	Bulk	Passenger	Cargo air-	Loca- tion	Other
							2	Í		aircraft/rail	craft only		
(2) (3) (4)		4)		(2)	(9)	(2)	(8A)	(8B)	(8C)	(9A)	(ae)	(10A)	(10B)
Potassium sodium alloys, solid 4.3 UN3404			+	=	4.3	A19, B27, N34, N40, T9, TP7, TP33	None	211	244	Forbidden	15 kg	۵	52
Potassium sulfide, anhydrous or 4.2 UN1382 Potassium sulfide with fess than 30 percent water of crystalization.	4.2 UN1382	UN1382		=	4.2	A19, A20, B16, IB6, IP2, N34, T3, TP33	None	212	241	15 kg	50 kg	∢	52
Potassium sulfide, hydrated with 8 UN1847 not less than 30 percent water of crystallization.	8 UN1847	UN1847		=	: : 8	IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33	154	212	240	15 kg	50 kg	∢	25
Potassium superoxide 5.1 UN2466	5.1 UN2466	UN2466		_	5.1	A20, IB6, IP1	None	211	None	Forbidden	15 kg	В	13, 52, 66, 75
Powder cake, wetted or Powder 1.1C UN0433 paste, wetted with not less than 17 percent alcohol by mass.	1.1C UN0433	UN0433		=	1.10		None		None	Forbidden	Forbidden	10	
Powder cake, wetted or Powder 1.3C UN0159 paste, wetted with not less than 25 percent water, by mass. Powder paste, see Powder	1.3C UN0159	UN0159		=	1.3C		None	62	None	Forbidden	Forbidden	10	
Powder, smokeless				=	1.10		None	62	None	Forbidden	Forbidden		26E
1.3C				=	1.3C		None	62	None	Forbidden	Forbidden		26E
Powder, smokeless 1.4C UN0509	_	_			1.4C		None	62	None	Forbidden	75 kg	90	
Power device, explosive, see								:					
1.48				=	None		None	62	None	25 kg	100 kg	90	
1.18	_	_		=	1.18		:	62	None	Forbidden	Forbidden		
Primers, cap type 1.4B UN0378	_	_		=	1.4B		None	62	None	Forbidden	75 kg	90	
Primers, small arms, see Prim-								:	:				
ers, cap type.	- 00			=	(100 C	70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 7	2	
2.5	1.5G UN051	2020	n c	= =			None		None None	Forbidden	roinidaen 75 kg		
1.48	1.4S UN037	UN037	 o o	: =	None :		None	62		25 kg	100 kg		

															40	2			40	95. 102					26E	26E		
ш	ш ∢			05 05 05	03	02	80	80	03	02		80 80	88	80	05 B	1			ш	ш	В	⋖	2	10		۵	: ш	
30 L	60 L 220 L		100 kg	Forbidden 75 kg	Forbidden	75 kg	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	75 kg)	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	75 kg 150 kg				150 kg	7 09	7 09	1022	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	7 09	30 L
1	5 L 60 L		25 kg	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden		Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden				Forbidden	5 L	2 F	109	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	2 F	11
243	242		62	62	62	62	None	None	62	62		None	62	None	62	315.			314,	242	242	242				None		243
173	173 173		62	 62 	62	62	62	62	62	62		62	62	62	62 304	:			304	202		203						
150	150														None	2			306	150	150	150	None	None	None	None None		154
T11, TP1, TP8 150	149, IB2, T4, TP1, TP8 B1, IB3, T2, TP1																		19, T50	A6. IB2. T4. TP1, TP13		B1, IB3, T2, TP1	37	37			IB2, T7, TP1	IB2, T7, TP2
e	 		1.48	1.3G 1.4G :	1.2D	1.4D	1.2F	1.4F	1.2G	1.4G		# 1 +	1.2D ::	1.2F	1.4D ::	i			2.1	e	3	m	1.3C	1.10	1.10	 	3	8, 3
_	= =		= :	= =	=	=	=	=	=	=		==	= =	=	=					=	=	=	=	=	= =	=	=	=
3 UN1210			UN0345	UN0424 UN0425	UN0346	UN0347	UN0426	UN0427	UN0434	UN0435		UN0167	UN0169	UN0324	UN0344				UN1978	UN2402	UN1274		UN0495	UN0497	UN0498	UN0499	UN1275	UN3463
n			1.48	1.3G	1.2D	1.4D	1.2F	1.4F	1.2G	1.4G		#. F	1.2D	1.2F	1.40	i			2.1	က	ဇ		1.30	1.10	2.10	 		ω
Printing ink, flammable or Printing ink related material (including printing ink thinning or reducing compound), flammable	- : :	Projectiles, illuminating, see Ammunition, illuminating, etc.	Projectiles, inert with tracer	Projectiles, <i>inert, with tracer</i> Projectiles, <i>inert, with tracer</i>	Projectiles, with burster or ex-	Projectiles, with burster or ex-	pelling charge. Projectiles, with burster or ex-	pelling charge. Projectiles, with burster or ex-	pelling charge. Projectiles, with burster or ex-	pelling charge. Projectiles, with burster or ex-	pelling charge.	Projectiles, with bursting charge	Projectiles, with bursting charge	Projectiles, with bursting charge	Projectiles, with bursting charge Propadiene, stabilized		Propadiene mixed with methyl	lene and propadiene mix-	Propane see also Petroleum	gases, inquelled. Propanethiols	n-Propanol or Propyl alcohol,	normal.	Propellant, liquid	Propellant, liquid	Propellant, solid	Propellant solid	Propionaldehyde	Propionic acid with not less than 90% acid by mass.

§ 172.101

§172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued

								(8)		(6)	((10)
Svm-		Hazard	Identi-	(Label	Special provisions	14 S	Packaging (\$173.***)		Quantity limitations (see §§ 173.27 and	mitations	S	stowage
pols	tions and proper snipping names	class or Division	Numbers	2	Codes	(§ 172.102)				175.	75)	-	
							Excep- tions	Non- bulk	Bulk	Passenger aircraft/rail	Cargo air- craft only	tion	Other
(£)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(2)	(8A)	(8B)	(8C)	(9A)	(96)	(10A)	(10B)
	Propionic acid with not less than 10% and less than 90%	ω	UN1848	=	 	IB3, T4, TP1	154	203	241	5 L	7 09	∢	
	acid by mass. Propionic anhydride Propionitrile	დ ო ო	UN2496 UN2404 UN1815	===	9, 6.1 8	IB3, T4, TP1 IB2, T7, TP1, TP13 IB1, T7, TP1	154 None	203 202 202	241 243 243	5 L Forbidden 1 L	60 L 60 L 5 L	∀ Ш ₪	40
	n-Propyl acetate	ო	UN1276	=		IB2, T4, TP1	150	202	242	2 F	7 09	Ф	
	n-Propyl chloroformate	6.1	UN2364 UN2740	=-	6.1, 3, 8.	B1, IB3, T2, TP1 2, B9, B14, B32, B77, N34, T20, TP2, TP13.	150 None	203	242 244	60 L Forbidden	220 L Forbidden	∀ B	21, 40, 100
	Propyl chloride see 1-					TP38, TP44							
	ropropane. formatesyl isocyanate	6.1	UN1281 UN2482	=-	3 6.1, 3	IB2, T4, TP1 1, B9, B14, B30, T20,	150	202 226	242 244	5 L Forbidden	60 L Forbidden	в О	40
	Propyl mercaptan, see					112, 1113, 1136, 114							
	Proparetniois. n-Propyl nitrate	က	UN1865	=	 	189	150	202	None	2 F	7 09	۵	44, 89, 90,
	PropylaminePropylene see also Petroleum	2.1	UN1277 UN1077	= ;	3, 8	A7, IB2, N34, T7, TP1 19, T50	150	202 304	243 314,	1 L Forbidden	5 L 150 kg	шш	9 4
	gases, liquefied.	6.1	UN2611	=	6.1.3	IB2, T7, TP2, TP13	153	202	315. 243	2 F	- 1 09 - 1	<	12, 40, 48
	Propylene oxide	က	UN1280	-	e .	A3, N34, T11, TP2, TP7	None		243	7 ;	30 L	ш.	40
	Propylene tetramer	ო დ	UN2250 UN2258	==	 8 9	B1, IB3, I2, IP1 A3, A6, IB2, N34, T7,	150	203	242 243	90 L	220 L 30 L	∢ ∢	40
	Propyleneimine, stabilized	က	UN1921	_	3, 6.1	TP2 A3, N34, T14, TP2, TP43	None	201	243	1 L	30 L	В	40
	Propyltrichlorosilane	∞	UN1816	=	8, 3	A7, B2, B6, N34, T10, TP2, TP7, TP13	None	206	243	Forbidden	30 L	O	40
	Prussic acid, see Hydrogen cy-												
	Pyrethoid pesticide, liquid, flammable, toxic, flash point less than 23 degrees C.	е	UN3350		3, 6.1	T14, TP2, TP13, TP27	None	201	243	Forbidden	30 L	Ф	40

Pinalina	and	Hazardous	Materials	Safety	Admin	DOI
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§ 172.101

				=	3, 6.1	IB2, T11, TP2, TP13,	150	202	243	11	7 09	В	40
	Pyrethroid pesticide, liquid toxic	6.1	6.1 UN3352	-=:	6.1	T14, TP2, TP13, TP27 IB2, T11, TP2, TP27	None	201	243	1L 5L	30 L 60L	<u>ш</u> ш «	04 4
	Pyrethroid pesticide, liquid, toxic, flammable, flash point	6.1	UN3351	= -	6.1, 3	153, 17, 182, 1828 T14, TP2, TP13, TP27	None		243	90L 1 L	30 L	€ Ø	40
	not less than 23 degrees C.			=	6.1, 3	IB2, T11, TP2, TP13,	153	202	243	2 F	7 09	В	40
	Pyrethroid pesticide, solid, toxic	6.1	UN3349	≡-	6.1, 3	IB3, T7, TP2, TP28 IB7, IP1, T6, TP33	, _	203	241	60 L 5 kg	220 L 50 kg	ш«	40 4
				= =		IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33	153	212	242	25 kg		⋖ <	4 6
	Pyridine	ස	UN1282	==	 	IBO, IFO, 11, 1F30 IB2, T4, TP2		202	242	100 kg		.	21, 100
Ø	Pyrophoric liquid, inorganic,	Forbidden 4.2	UN3194	_	4.2		None	181	244	Forbidden	Forbidden	۵	78
g	n.o.s. Pyrophoric liquids, organic,	4.2	UN2845	-	4.2	B11, T22, TP2, TP7	None	181	244	Forbidden	Forbidden	۵	78
G	Pyrophoric metals, n.o.s., or	4.2	UN1383	-	4.2	B11, T21, TP7, TP33	None	187	242	Forbidden	Forbidden	۵	
G	Pyrophoric solid, inorganic,	4.2	UN3200	_	4.2	T21, TP7, TP33	None	187	242	Forbidden	Forbidden	۵	
g	n.o.s Pyrophoric solids, organic,	4.2	UN2846	_	4.2		None	187	242	Forbidden	Forbidden	۵	
	n.o.s Pyrosulfuryl chloride Pyroxylin solution or solvent.	∞	UN1817	=	 &	B2, IB2, T8, TP2	154	202	242	1 L	30 L	O	40
	see Nitrocellulose.	ď	11N1922	=	α c	IB2 T7 TP1	150	202	243	-	<u>-</u>	α	40.52
	Quebrachitol pentanitrate	Forbidden		:	, [î Î						1	
	Quicklime, see Calcium oxide Quinoline	6.1	UN2656	=	6.1	IB3, T4, TP1	153	203	241	T 09	220 L	⋖	12
	, z, nethar							:	:				
	R 12B1, see							:					
	R 13, see							i					
	Chlorotrifluoromethane. R 13B1, see												
	Bromotrifluoromethane.												
	R , 21, see												
	Dichlorofluoromethane.												
	Chlorodifluoromethane.								:				
_	R 114, see Dichlorotetrafluoroethane.												
	R 115, see Chloropentafluoroethane.												

129

95,

129

95,

§ 172.101

Other

(10B)

(10) Vessel stowage (10A) Loca-tion Cargo air-craft only Quantity limitations (see §§ 173.27 and 175.75) (8B) 6 Passenger aircraft/rail (9A) 421, l 422, 428. (8C) 427 427 Packaging (§ 173.***) 421, 422. §172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued 422, 428. 422, 424. : Non bulk (8B) 8 427 427 421, 422, 428. A56, T5, TP4, W7 421, 422, 428. 422, 428 422, 424 Excep-tions 422, 426 421, 422 (8A) A56, T5, TP4, W7 Special provisions (§172.102) 6 Label Codes Empty None None None 9 PG (2) Identi-fication Numbers UN2909 7 UN2908 UN2911 UN2910 UN2912 UN3321 4 7 Hazard class or Division (3) R Chlorotrifluoromethane and trifluoromethane and trifluoromethane and package-articles manufactured from natural uranium or natural thorium. Radioactive material, low specific activity (LSA-I) non fissile or fissile-excepted.

Radioactive material, low specific activity (LSA-II) non fissile or fissile-excepted. Chlorotrifluoroethane.

R 152a, see Difluoroethane

R 500, see Dichlorodifluoromethane and difluorethane, etc. Radioactive material, excepted package-limited quantity of material. package-empty packaging. Radioactive material, excepted package-instruments or arti-Radioactive material, excepted Hazardous materials descriptions and proper shipping names R 116, see Hexafluoroethane R 124, se R 502, s Chlorodifluoromethane a chloropentafluoroethane m ture, efc. 124, Chlorotetrafluoroethane. (2) 133a, Sym-bols Ξ

264

95, 129	95	95, 105	95, 105	95, 105, 131	95, 130	98	95, 105	95, 105	95, 105	95, 105	95, 105	95, 132	95, 132						
⋖	⋖	∢	∢	∢	∢	∢	∢	⋖	∢	⋖	⋖	∢	⋖	⋖					
														Forbidden					
														Forbidden					_
427	427			417	415, 418,	415, 476.	417,	417	416	417	416	420, 427.	417,	420. 240					_
427	427			417	415,		417,	417	416	417	416	420, 427.	417,	213					_
421, 422, 428.	421, 422, 428.			453	None		453	453		453		423	453	151					_
A56, T5, TP4, W7 421, 422,	A56	A56, 139	A56, 139	A56, W7, W8	A56, W7, W8	A56, W7, W8	A56, W7, W8	A56	A56	A56	A56								_
7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	2	7, 8	7, 8	4.2					_
														=					_
7 UN3322	UN2913	UN2919	UN3331	UN3327	UN2915	UN3332	UN3333	UN3329	UN2917	UN3328	UN2916	UN2978	UN2977	4.2 UN1856					
7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	4.2					_
Radioactive material, low specific activity (LSA-III) non fissile excepted	Radioactive material, surface contaminated objects (SCO-I or SCO-II) non fissile or	fissile-excepted. Radioactive material, transported under special arrangement, non fissile or fissile ex-	ceptea. Radioactive material, trans- ported under special arrange-	Radioactive material, Type A package, fissile non-special form	Radioactive material, Type A packed non-special form,	Radioactive material, Type A package, special form non	Radioactive material, Type A	Radioactive material, Type B(M)	package, inssile. Radioactive material, Type B(M) package non fissile or fissile-	excepted. Radioactive material, Type B(U)	package, itssile. Radioactive material, Type B(U) package <i>non fissile or fissile-</i>	Radioactive material, uranium hexafluoride non fissile or fissila-expented	Radioactive material, uranium	Rags, oily	Railway torpedo, see Signals, railway track explosive	RC 318, see	Sciandol Ocyclobutarie: and RDX	cyclotetramethylenetetranitramine, wetted or desensitized see RDX and HMX mixtures,	wetted or desensitized.

§ 172.101

§172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued

§ 172. IUT DAZARDOUS IMATERIALS TABLE—COMMINGO	(01) (8)	Packaging Quantity limitations	(\$175.) (see 93.175.7 and 175.75)	Exceptions bulk Bulk Passenger Cargo air tions bulk aircraft/rail craft only	(7) (8A) (8C) (9A) (9B) (10A) (10B)	None 62 None Forbidden Forbidden 10																A14 306 304 None 1 kg 15 kg B 40				T50 306 304 314, 75 kg 150 kg A	T50 306 304 314, 75 kg 150 kg A	315.	T50 306 304 314, 75 kg 150 kg A	
AE I			Codes		(9)	1.10								2.1				2.2				2,7	o o			2.2	2.2		2.2	
7.			- PG		(5)									-				-				:				-				
_ ග		Identi-	fication Numbers		(4)	1.1D UN0391								2.1 UN2037				UN2037				2.2 UN2037				UN3337	UN3338		UN3339	
		Hazard	class or Division		(3)	1.10								2.1				2.2				2.2				2.2	2.2		2.2	0
		Hazardous materials descrip-	tions and proper shipping names		(2)	RDX and HMX mixtures, wetted with not less than 15 percent	water by mass or RDX and HMX mixtures desensitized	with not less than 10 percent	phiegmatizer by mass. RDX and Octoben mixtures.	wetted or desensitized see	RDX and HMX mixtures,	Metred Of deservantsed etc. RDX, see Cyclotrimethylene	trinitramine, etc.	Receptacles, small, containing	gas <i>or</i> gas cartridges <i>(tlam-</i> mable) without release de-	vice, not refillable and not ex-	ceeding 1 L capacity.	Receptacles, small, containing	gas or gas cartridges(non- flammable) without release	device, not refillable and not	exceeding 1 L capacity.	Receptacles, small, containing	gas or gas carmuges (oxr- dizing) without release de-	vice, not refillable and not ex-	Hed phosphorus, see Phos-	Refrigerant gas R 404A	Refrigerant gas R 407A)	Refrigerant gas R 407B	
		8	bols		(1)							_		_								_			_		_			_

Refrigerant gases, n.o.s	2.2	UN1078		2.2	150	306	304	314,	75 kg	150 kg	⋖	
Refrigerant gases, n.o.s. or Dis-	2.1	NA1954		2.1	150	306	304	314,	Forbidden	150 kg	۵	40
Persant gases, n.o.s Refrigerating machines, containing flammable, non-toxic,	2.1	UN3358		2.1		306, 307	306	306	Forbidden	Forbidden	۵	40
liquefied gas. Refrigerating machines, containing non-flammable, nontaining toxic gases, or ammonia solution.	2.2	UN2857		2.2	A53	306, 307	306	306, 307.	450 kg	450 kg	∢	
floris (ONZB/Z). Regulated medical waste, n.o.s. or Clinical waste, unspecified, n.o.s. or (BIO) Medical waste, n.o.s., or Biomedical waste,	6.2	UN3291	=	6.2	41, A13	134	197	197	No limit	No limit	ш	40
n.o.s. or Medical waste, n.o.s Release devices, explosive Resin solution, flammable	1.48	UN0173 UN1866	==	1.4S	B52, T11, TP1, TP8,	None	62 201	62 243	25 kg 1 L	100 kg 30 L	05 E	
			=	 	149, B52, IB2, T4, TP1, TP8	150	173	242	2 F	7 09	В	
Resorcinol	6.1	UN2876	==	6.1	B1, B52, IB3, T2, TP1 IB8, IP3, T1, TP33	150	173	242	60 L 100 kg	220 L 200 kg	∢ ∢	
hand or rifle, etc. Rifle powder, see Powder,												
Rivets, explosive	1.48	UN0174	=	1.48		None	62	62	25 kg	100 kg	90	
rars, riquid, <i>etc.</i> Rocket motors	1.30		==	1.30	109	None	62	62	Forbidden	220 kg Forbidden	03	
Rocket motors, liquid fueled	1.2C 1.2J		==:	1.2C	109	None	62	62 None	Forbidden	Forbidden	03	23E
Rocket motors, liquid fueled Rocket motors with hypergolic	는 - 당 당.	UN0396 UN0250	==	1.3J 1.3L	109	None	62	None	Forbidden	Forbidden	08	23E 8E, 14E,
inquids with or without an ex- pelling charge. Rocket motors with hypergolic	1.2L	UN0322	=	1.2L	109	None	62	None	Forbidden	Forbidden	80	13E 8E, 14E,
liquids with or without an ex- pelling charge.												15E
Rockets, line-throwing	1.2G	UN0238	==	1.2G		None	62	None	Forbidden	Forbidden	07	
Rockets, line-throwing	1.4G	UN0453	=	1.4G ::		None	62	None	Forbidden	75 kg	90	
Rockets, liquid fueled with bursting charge.	1.1	1000397	=	1.13		None	62	None	Forbidden	Forbidden	94	23E
Rockets, liquid fueled with	1.2J	0N0398	=	1.2J		None	62	None	Forbidden	Forbidden	90	23E
Pockets, with bursting charge Rockets, with bursting charge	#17	1.1F UN0180 1.1E UN0181	==	1.1F 1.1E 1.1E		None	62	None 62	Forbidden	Forbidden	08	

§172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued

			מ	2	מאלאו ו	3 17 Z. 10 1 11AZANDOOS IVIATENIALS TABLE		Collinada					
								(8)		(6)		-	(10)
Ę,	Hazardous materials descrip-	Hazard	Identi-		9	Supplied Sup	4.8	Packaging		Quantity limitations	mitations 3 27 and	Sţ.	vessei stowage
bols	tions and proper shipping names	class or Division	fication Numbers	<u>ი</u>	Codes	(§ 172.102)				175.	75)	000	
							Excep- tions	Non- bulk	Bulk	Passenger aircraft/rail	Cargo air- craft only	tion tion	Other
Ξ	(2)	(3)	(4)	(2)	(9)	(2)	(8A)	(8B)	(8C)	(9A)	(9B)	(10A)	(10B)
	Rockets, with bursting charge	1.2E	UN0182	=	1.2E		None	62	62	Forbidden	Forbidden	03	
	Rockets, with bursting charge	1.2F		=	1.2F		None	62	None	Forbidden	Forbidden	80	
	Rockets, with expelling charge	1.2C		=	1.2C		None	62		Forbidden	Forbidden	03	
	Rockets, with expelling charge	J.3C		= :	1.3C		None	62	62	Forbidden	Forbidden	03	
	Rockets, with expelling charge	1.40		= :	1.40		None			Forbidden	75 kg	02	
	Hockets, with inert head	 	UN0183	_	: : :		None	62		Forbidden	Forbidden		1
	Rosin oil			=	_	IB2 T4 TP1	150	202	242	- CO		o a	, ,
)		=	_	B1. IB3. T2. TP1	150	203		7 09) 4	
	Rubber solution	ო	UN1287	=	_	149, IB2, T4, TP1, TP8	150	202		2 F L			
				=	_	B1, IB3, T2, TP1	150	203	242	7 09		<	
	Rubber scrap or shoddy, pow-	4.1	4.1 UN1345	=	4.1	IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33	151	212	240	15 kg	50 kg	⋖	
	ceeding 840 microns and rub-												
	ber contend exceeding 45%.					!				:			
	Rubidium	6.4	UN1423	_	4.3 	22, A7, A19, IB4, IP1, N34, N40, N45	None	211	242	Forbidden	15 kg	۵	25
	Rubidium hydroxide	80	UN2678	=		IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33	154	212	240	15 kg	50 kg	⋖	29, 52.
	Rubidium hydroxide solution	∞	UN2677	= =	ω α	B2, IB2, T7, TP2 IB3 T4 TP1	154	202	242	- 5	30 L	∢ ⊲	29, 52.
	Safety fuse, see Fuse, safety)	2	:	5
U	Samples, explosive, other than		UN0190	=		113	ž	62	None	Forbidden	Forbidden 14	41	
	initiating explosives.												
	Seed cake, containing vege-	4.2	UN1386	=	None	IB8, IP3, IP7, N7	None	213	241	Forbidden	Forbidden	<	13
	table oil solvent extractions												
	and expelled seeds, with not												
	and when the amount of												
	moisture is higher than 11												
	percent, with not more than												
	combined.												
_	Seed cake with more than 1.5 percent oil and not more than	4.2	4.2 UN1386	=	None	IB8, IP3, IP7, N7	None	213	241	Forbidden	Forbidden	ш	13
	11 percent moisture.				_		_	_	_	_	_	_	

13			40	40													
∢	ш∢ш	m ∢ m	m e e o	ш		⋖	O	00	00	υo	00	O	O	O	O	υυ	00
Forbidden	50 kg 25 kg 30 L	60 L 220 L 50 kg	100 kg 200 kg 100 kg Forbidden	2.5 L		No limit	5 L	60 L 5 L	90 L 5 L	90 L 5 L	90 L 5 L	7 09	5 L	7 09	50 kg	100 kg 50 kg	100 kg 50 kg
Forbidden	5 kg Forbidden 1 L	5 L 60 L 5 kg	25 kg 100 kg 25 kg Forbidden	0.5 L		No limit	1 L	5 L 1 L	5 L 1 L	5 L	5 L 1 L	5 L	1 L	2 F	15 kg	25 kg 15 kg	25 kg 15 kg
241	242 242 243	243 241 242	242 240 242 None	243		None	243	241 243	241 242	241 242	241 243	241	243	241	242	242 242	242 241
213	211 211 201	202 203 211	212 213 302	201	i	203	202	203 202	203 202	203 202	203 202	203	202	203	212	213 212	213
None	None	153 153 None	153 153 None	None		155	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None
IB8, IP3, IP7, N7	IB7, IP1, T6, TP33 IB7, IP1, N34, T6, TP33 T14, TP2, TP27	IB2, T11, TP2, TP27 IB3, T7, TP1, TP28 IB7, IP1, T6, TP33	IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 IB8, IP3, T1, TP33 IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33	A3, A6, A7, N34, T10, TP2, TP13		A37	IB2	IB2	1B2	1B2 1B2	1B2 1B2	IB2	IB2	IB2	IB5, IP2, T3, TP33	IB8, IP3, T1, TP33 IB5, IP2, T3, TP33	IB8, IP3, T1, TP33 IB6, IP2, T3, TP33
None	6.1	6.1	6.1 6.1 2.3, 8	8, 6.1		6	4.2, 8	4.2, 8 4.2, 8	4.2, 8 4.2	4 4 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	4 2 4 4 5 2 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4	4.2,	. 4.2, 1.0, 1.1	. ,5,4	4.2, 8	4.2, 8 4.2, 8	4 4 2 2 8 .:
Ξ		= = -	===	_		≡	=	==	==	==	==	=	=	≡	=	==	==
UN2217	UN2630 UN1905 UN3440	UN3283	UN2657 UN2194	UN2879		NA3334	UN3188	UN3185	UN3186	UN3183	UN3187		UN3184		UN3192	UN3126	UN3190
4.2	6.1	6.1	6.1	Forbidden 8		6	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2		4.2		4.2	4.2	4.2
Seed cake with not more than 1.5 percent oil and not more	man 11 percent moisture. Selenates or Selenites Selenic acid	Selenium compound, solid,		Selenium nitrideSelenium oxychloride	Self-defense spray, aerosol, see	ŭ	- ŭ	: %	: %	: %	: %	ganic, n.o.s	Š	GB =	Self-heating solid, corrosive, in-	: 🖔	
-	യ യ	Q				۲ د +	ე დ	Ō	g	g	g		G		G	G	Ø

§ 172.101

§ 172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued

	(10)	vessel stowage		Other	(10B)								52, 53 2, 52, 53	52, 53 2, 52, 53	52, 53 2, 52, 53	52, 53 2, 52, 53	52, 53 2, 52, 53	52, 53 2, 52, 53	52, 53 2, 52, 53	52, 53
		8	-	tion	(10A)	00	O	O	O	O	O		۵۵	۵۵	۵۵	۵۵	۵۵	۵۵	۵۵	٥
		mitations	3.27 and 75)	Cargo air- craft only	(96)	100 kg 50 kg	100 kg Forbidden	50 kg	100 kg	50 kg	100 kg		Forbidden	10 L Forbidden	10 L Forbidden	25 L Forbidden	25 L Forbidden	Forbidden Forbidden	10 kg Forbidden	10 kg
	(6)	Quantity limitations	(see 88 17 175.	Passenger aircraft/rail	(9A)	25 kg 15 kg	25 kg Forbidden	15 kg	25 kg	15 kg	25 kg		Forbidden	5 L Forbidden	5 L Forbidden	10 L Forbidden	10 L Forbidden	Forbidden Forbidden	5 kg Forbidden	5 kg
				Bulk	(8C)	241	241 214	242	242	242	242	:	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None
tinued	(8)	Packaging	.6/-	Non- bulk	(8B)	213	213	212	213	212	213	:	224	224	224	224	224 224	224 224	224 224	224
3LE—Con		Ps	8)	Excep- tions	(8A)	None	None	None	None	None	None		None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None
§172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued		Cocciono	(§ 172.102)		(2)	IB8, IP3, T1, TP33 IB6, IP2, T3, TP33	IB8, IP3, T1, TP33	IB5, IP2, T3, TP33	IB8, IP3, T1, TP33	IB5, IP2, T3, TP33	IB8, IP3, T1, TP33		53 53					53		
HAZAR		9	Codes		(9)	4 2	4 4 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	4.2,	. 2, -	4.2,	4.2,		4.1	1.4	1.4	1.1.4	1.4	1.4	1.14	4.1
2.101			PG		(2)	==	= ;	=	=	=	=		==	==	==	==	==	==	==	=
\$17		Identi-	fication Numbers		(4)	UN3088	UN3127	UN3191		UN3128			UN3221 UN3231	UN3223 UN3233	UN3225 UN3235	UN3227 UN3237	UN3229 UN3239	UN3222 UN3232	UN3224 UN3234	UN3226
		Hazard	class or Division		(3)	4.2	4.2	4.2		4.2			4 4 L. L.	4. 4. 1. 1.	4.4 1.1	4.4 1.1	4.4 1.1	4.4 1.1	4.4 1.1	4.1
		Hazardous materials descrip-	tions and proper shipping names		(2)	Self-heating solid, organic,	Self-heating solid, oxidizing,	Self-heating solid, toxic, inor-	galle, 11.0.s	Self-heating solid, toxic, or-	galle, 1.0.8.	Self-propelled vehicle, see En-	Self-reactive liquid type B	perature controlled. Self-reactive liquid type C Self-reactive liquid type C, tem-	perature controlled. Self-reactive liquid type D Self-reactive liquid type D, tem-	perature controlled. Self-reactive liquid type E Self-reactive liquid type E, tem-	perature controlled. Self-reactive liquid type F Self-reactive liquid type F, tem-	perature controlled. Self-reactive solid type B Self-reactive solid type B, tem-	perature controlled. Self-reactive solid type C Self-reactive solid type C, tem-	perature controlled. Self-reactive solid type D
		e e	bols		Ξ	g	Ø	g		g			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	o o	<u> </u>	o o	o o	g

2, 52, 53	52, 53 2, 52, 53	52, 53 2, 52, 53							40, 57, 104	74 40	40		40, 52	
٥	۵۵	۵۵	B B ₹	06 05 07		07 05 07 06	07	000	02 E	∢ ∪	۵	4	⋖	4
Forbidden	25 kg Forbidden	25 kg Forbidden	30 L 60 L 220 L	75 kg 100 kg Forbidden 75 kg	75 kg 100 kg	Forbidden 100 kg Forbidden 75 kg	Forthidden	Forbidden 75 kg Forbidden Forbidden	100 kg Forbidden	100 kg 30 L	Forbidden	100 kg	100 kg	25 kg
Forbidden	10 kg Forbidden	10 kg Forbidden	1 L 5 L 60 L	Forbidden 25 kg Forbidden	Forbidden 25 kg	Forbidden 25 kg Forbidden Forbidden	Toda Godon	Forbidden Forbidden Forbidden	25 kg Forbidden	25 kg Forbidden	Forbidden	25 kg	25 kg	5 kg
None	None	None	243 242 242	None None None	None None	None None None	:. acc	None None None	None	240	None	242	242	242
224	224 224	224 224	201 202 203	62 S		62 8 62 62 62 63 65 65 65 65 65 65 65 65 65 65 65 65 65		8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	302	213 202	302	212	212	212
None	None	None	None 150	None None None		None None None None	au ON	None None None None None None None None	None	None	None	153	153	152
			T11, TP1, TP8, TP27 IB2, T4, TP1, TP8 B1, IB3, T2, TP1							A1, IB8, IP3, T1, TP33 A3, A6, B2, B6, T10, TP2. TP7. TP13	2	IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33	IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33	IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33
4.1	4 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	4.1 1.1 	ღღღ	1.4G ::	1.4G 1.4S	1.1G 1.4S 1.3G	<u>.</u>		1.4S 2.1	8	2.3, 8	6.1	6.1	5.1
=	==	==	-==	====		== ; ;		===		≡=		=	=	=
UN3236	UN3228 UN3238	UN3230 UN3240	UN1288	UN0191 UN0373 UN0194 UN0195	UN0505 UN0506	UN0192 UN0193 UN0492 UN0493	NO196	UN0197 UN0313 UN0487	UN2203	UN1346 UN1818	UN1859	UN1683	UN1684	UN1493
4.1	4. 4. L. L.	4.4	С	1.4G 1.4S 1.1G	1.4G	1.1G 1.4S 1.3G 1.4G	1	2.1.1.1.3 2.3.0 3.3.0	1.48	8	2.3 Forbidden	6.1 Forbidden	Forbidden 6.1	Forbidden 5.1
Self-reactive solid type D, tem-	perature controlled. Self-reactive solid type E Self-reactive solid type E, tem-	perature controlled. Self-reactive solid type F	Shale oil	shaped, <i>etc.</i> Signal devices, hand Signal devices, hand Signal states, ship Signals, distress, ship	Signals, distress, ship	Signals, railway track, explosive	Signals, ship distress, water-activated, see Contrivances, water-activated, etc.	Signals, smoke	Signals, smoke	rachloride. Silicon powder, amorphous Silicon tetrachloride	Silicon tetrafluorideSilver acetylide (dry)	Silver arsenite Silver azide (dry)	Silver chlorite (dry)	Silver fulminate (dry) Forbidden Silver nitrate 5.1

§172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued

			<u>-</u> 8	2.101	HAZAH	S 172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—CONTINUED		nunea					
								(8)		(6)		_	(10)
ģ	Hazardous materials descrip-	Hazard	Identi-		ode	. sacisivora leicoro	28	Packaging		Quantity limitations	mitations	st.	vessei stowage
bols	tions and proper shipping names	class or Division	fication Numbers	D D	Codes	(§ 172.102)		2		175.	75) and	- 600	
							Excep- tions	Non bulk	Bulk	Passenger aircraft/rail	Cargo air- craft only	tion tion	Other
Ξ	(2)	(3)	(4)	(2)	(9)	(2)	(8A)	(8B)	(8C)	(9A)	(ae)	(10A)	(10B)
	Silver picrate (dry)Silver picrate, wetted with not less than 30 percent water,	Forbidden 4.1	UN1347		4.1	23	None	211	None	Forbidden	Forbidden	۵	28, 36
	<i>by mass.</i> Sludge, acid	80	UN1906	=		A3, A7, B2, IB2, N34,	None	202	242	Forbidden	30 L	O	4
	<u>ن</u>	4.1	NA3178	_	4.1	16, 172, 1720	None	171	None	Forbidden	7.3 kg	4	
	Soda lime with more than 4 per-	8	UN1907	Ξ	8	IB8, IP3, T1, TP33	154	213	240	25 kg	100 kg	4	52.
	Sodium	4.3	UN1428	_	4.3	A7, A8, A19, A20, B9, B48, B68, IB4, IP1, N34,	None	211	244	Forbidden	15 kg	۵	25
∢	Sodium aluminate, solid Sodium aluminate, solution	∞ ∞	UN2812 UN1819	===	ω ω ο	T9, TP7, TP33, TP46 IB8, IP3, T1, TP3 B2, IB2, T7, TP2	154	202	240	25 kg 1 L	100 kg 30 L	444	52.
	Sodium aluminum hydride	4.3	UN2835	=	4.3		151		242	Forbidden	50 kg	ζШ	25.
	Sodium ammonium vanadate Sodium arsanilate	6.0	UN2863 UN2473 UN1685	====	6.1.	183, 182, 184, T3, T833 188, 183, T1, T833 188, 182, 184, T3, T833	153	212 213 213 213 213 213 213 213 213 213	242 240	25 kg 100 kg 25 kg	100 kg 200 kg 100 kg	444	
	tions.	- 5			5 6		2 0			, 6	20 00	(<	
	Sodium arsenite, solid	6.1	UN2027 UN1687	===	0.00	1B3, 14, 1P2 1B8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 1B8, IP2, IP4	153	212 212 :::	242 242	25 kg 25 kg	100 kg	4 4 4	36, 52, 91
	Sodium bifuoride, see Sodium hydrogendifluoride. Sodium bisuffite, solution, see												
	Disclintes, addedus solutions, n.o.s Sodium borohydride and sodium hydroxide solution, with	4.3	UN1426 UN3320	-=	8	N40 B2, IB2, N34, T7, TP2	None	211	242	Forbidden 1 L	15 kg 30 L	ш «	52 52
	not more than 12 percent sodium borohydride and not more than 40 percent sodium hydroxide by mass.	_											

Pipeline and	a Hazardous	Materials	Satety	Admin., DOI

§	1	7	2.	1	0	1

			=	8	B3,	154	203	241	2 F	7 09	<	52
Sodium bromate	5.1		= :	5.1	P2,	152	212		5 kg	25 kg	۷,	56, 58
Sodium cacodylate	5.1	UN3378	= =	5.1	IB8, IP2, IP4, 13, IP33 IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33	152	212	242	25 kg	100 kg 25 kg	∢ ∢	52 13, 48, 75
/hydrate.			=						L		: 4	
Sodium chlorate	5.1	UN1495	≡=	5.1	IB8, IP3, 11, IP33 A9, IB8, IP2, IP4, N34,	152	213 212	240 240	25 Kg 5 Kg	100 kg 25 kg	∢ ∢	13, 48, 75 56, 58
Sodium chlorate, aqueous solu-	5.1	UN2428	=	5.1	T3, TP33 A2, IB2, T4, TP1	152	202	241	11	5 L	ш	56, 58, 133
UOTI.			=	5.1	A2, IB2, T4, TP1	152	203	241	2.5 L	30 L	В	56, 58, 69,
Sodium chlorate mixed with di- nitrotoluene, see Explosive plasting type C												3
Sodium chlorite	5.1	UN1496	=	5.1	A9, IB8, IP2, IP4, N34,	None	212	242	5 kg	25 kg	<	56, 58
Sodium chloroacetate	6.1	UN2659	=		IB8, IP3, T1, TP33	153	213	240	100 kg	200 kg	⋖	
Sodium cuprocyanide, solid Sodium cuprocyanide, solution	6.1 6.1	UN2316 UN2317		6.1	IB7, IP1, T6, TP33 T14, TP2, TP13	None	211	242 243	5 kg	50 kg 30 L	∝ മ	52 40, 52
Sodium cyanide, solid	6.1	UN1689	-	6.1	B69, B77, IB7, N74,	None		242	5 kg	50 kg	В	
Sodium cyanide solution	6.1	UN3414	-	6.1	N73, 16, 1F33 B69, B77, N74, N75, T14, TP2, TP13	None	201	243	11	30 L	В	25
			=	6.1	B69, B77, IB2, N74, N75, T11, TP2, TP13, TP13,	153	202	243	2 F	7 09	В	25
			≡	6.1	1727 B69, B77, 1B3, N74, N75, T7, TP2, TP13, TP28	153	203	241	7 09	220 L	∢	52
Sodium dichloroisocyanurate or Sodium dichloro-s-							i					
triazinetrione, see Dichloroisocyanuric acid etc.												
Sodium dinitro-o-cresolate, dry	1.3C	UN0234	=	1.3C		None	62	None	Forbidden	Forbidden	10	2E
percent water, by mass. Sodium dinitro-o-cresolate,	4.1	0N3369	_	1.4	162. A8. A19. N41, N84	None	211	None	0.5 kg	0.5 kg	Ш	38
with by n))		
Sodium dinitro-o-cresolate, wetted with not less than 15	4.1	UN1348	-	4.1, 6.1.	23, A8, A19, A20, N41	None	211	None	1 kg	15 kg	ш	28, 36
percent water, by mass. Sodium dithionite or Sodium hy-	4.2	UN1384	=	4.2	A19, A20, IB6, IP2, T3,	None	212	241	15 kg	50 kg	ш	13
Sodium fluoride, solid	6.1		≡ :	6.1	IB8, IP3, T1, TP33	153	213		100 kg	200 kg	∢ •	52
Sodium fluoroscetate	9 6	UN3415	= -			None		241	60 L	220 L 50 kg	∢ ш	
Sodium fluorosilicate	6.1		=	6.1			213	240	100 kg	200 kg	J ⋖	52

§172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued

			<u>-</u>	2	HAZALI	8 172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—COHUMBE		naniii					
								(8)		(6)		>	(10)
ğ	Hazardous materials descrip-	Hazard	Identi-		9	oncieixona leiceaco	۵۶	Packaging		Quantity limitations	nitations	stc	vessei stowage
bols	tions and proper shipping names	class or Division	fication Numbers	P D	Codes	(§ 172.102)				175.7	75) and	600	
							Excep- tions	Non- bulk	Bulk	Passenger aircraft/rail	Cargo air- craft only	tion	Other
£	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(2)	(8A)	(8B)	(8C)	(A6)	(9B)	(10A)	(10B)
	Sodium hydrate, see Sodium												
	Sodium hydride	6.4 8	UN1427 UN2439	-=	8	A19, N40 IB8, IP2, IP4, N3, N34,	None	211	242 240	Forbidden 15 kg	15 kg 50 kg	ш∢	52 12, 25, 40,
	Sodium hydrosulfide, with less than 25 percent water of crys-	4.2	UN2318	=	4.2	T3, TP33 A7, A19, A20, IB6, IP2, T3, TP33	None	212	241	15 kg	50 kg	⋖	52. 52.
	Sodium hydrosulfide with not less than 25 percent water of	ω	UN2949	=	 &	A7, IB8, IP2, IP4, T7, TP2	154	212	240	15 kg	50 kg	∢	25
	crystallization. Sodium hydrosulfite, see Sodium dithionite.												
	Sodium hydroxide, solid Sodium hydroxide solution	∞ ∞	UN1823 UN1824	===	ω ω ω	IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 B2, IB2, N34, T7, TP2 IB3, N34, T4, TP1	154 154 154	212 202 203	240 242 241	15 kg 1 L 5 L	50 kg 30 L 60 L	444	52 52 52
	Sodium hypochlorite, solution, see Hypochlorite solutions etc. Sodium metal, liquid alloy, see Alkali metal alloys, liquid,												
	Sodium methylate	4.2	UN1431	=	4.2, 8	A7, A19, IB5, IP2, T3,	None	212	242	15 kg	50 kg	В	
	Sodium methylate solutions <i>in alcohol.</i>	က	UN1289	=	3, 8	IB2, T7, TP1, TP8	150	202	243	7	2 F	В	
	Sodium monoxideSodium nitrate	5.1	UN1825 UN1498	===	3, 8 5.1	B1, IB3, T4, TP1 IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 A1, A29, IB8, IP3, T1,	150 154	203 212 213	242 240	5 L 15 kg 25 kg	60 L 50 kg 100 kg	444	52.
	Sodium nitrate and potassium nitrate mixtures.	5.1	UN1499	=	5.1	A1, A29, IB8, IP3, T1, TP33, W1	152	213	240	25 kg	100 kg	⋖	
	Sodium nitrite	5.1	UN1500	=	5.1,	A1, A29, IB8, IP3, T1,	152	213	240	25 kg	100 kg	4	56, 58
	Sodium pentachlorophenate	6.1	UN2567 UN3377 UN1502 UN1503	====	5.1 5.1		153 152 152 152	212 213 212 212	242 240 242	25 kg 25 kg 5 kg 5 kg	100 kg 100 kg 25 kg 25 kg	4440	13, 48, 75 56, 58 56, 58, 138

	Sodium peroxide	5.1	5.1 UN1504	_	5.1	A20, IB5, IP1, N34 None	None	211	None	Forbidden	15 kg	В	13, 52, 66,
	Sodium peroxoborate, anhy-	5.1	UN3247	=	5.1	IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33	152	212	240	5 kg	25 kg	⋖	13, 25
0, 0,	Sodium persulfateSodium phosphide	5.1	UN1505 UN1432	≡ -	5 4	A1, IB8, IP3, T1, TP33 A19, N40	152 None	213	240 None	25 kg Forbidden	100 kg 15 kg	∢ Ш	58, 145 40, 52, 85
	Sodium picramate, dry or	1.3C	UN0235	=	6.1. 1.3C		None	29	None	Forbidden	Forbidden	10	9E
	wetted with less than 20 per- cent water, by mass. Sodium picramate, wetted with	4.1	UN1349	_	1.1	23, A8, A19, N41	None	211	None	Forbidden	15 kg	ш	28, 36
	not less than 20 percent water by mass.												
-,	Sodium picryl peroxide	Forbidden							:				
-,	Sodium potassium alloys, see Potassium sodium alloys.												
-,	Sodium selenate, see Selenates												
	Sodium sulfide with less than	4.2	UN1385	=	4.2	A19, A20, IB6, IP2, N34, T3, TP33	None	212	241	15 kg	50 kg	<	52
	so percent water of crystallization.												
3,	Sodium sulfide, hydrated with not less than 30 percent	∞	UN1849	=	 8	IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33	154	212	240	15 kg	50 kg	⋖	52.
	water. Sodium superoxide	5.1	UN2547	_	5.1	A20, IB6, IP1, N34	None	211	None	Forbidden	15 kg	ш	13, 52, 66,
<u></u>	Sodium tetranitrideSolids containing corrosive liq-	Forbidden 8	UN3244	=	. 8	49, IB5, T3, TP33	154	212	240	15 kg	50 kg	В	5 4
	uid, n.o.s Solids containing flammable liq-	4.1	UN3175	=	4.1	47, IB6, IP2, T3, TP33	151	212	240	15 kg	50 kg	В	
g	uld, II.0.s Solids containing toxic liquid,	6.1	UN3243	=	6.1	48, IB2, T2, TP33	153	212	240	25 kg	100 kg	В	40
	n.o.s Sounding devices, explosive	1.2F	UN0204	=	1.2F		None	62	62	Forbidden	Forbidden	80	
	Sounding devices, explosive	1.4	UN0296	= :			None	62	62	Forbidden	Forbidden	80	
	Sounding devices, explosive Sounding devices, explosive	1.1D	UN0374 UN0375	==	1.1D		None	 62 83	62	Forbidden	Forbidden	07	
-,	Spirits of salt, see Hydrochloric												
-, 0	Squibs, see Igniters etc	a	1 IN14 827	=	٥	COT 7T CGI CG	15.1		040	-	- 08	(
, 0)	Stannic chloride pentahydrate	ο Φ	UN2440	=	ο ∞	IB8, IP3, T1, TP33	154	213	240	25 kg	100 kg	> <	
0)	Stannic phosphide	4.3	UN1433	_	4.3,	A19, N40	None	211	242	Forbidden	15 kg	ш	40, 52, 85
	Steel swarf, see Ferrous metal				<u>:</u>								
	borings, <i>erc.</i> Stibine	2.3	UN2676		2.3,	-	None	304	None	Forbidden	Forbidden	۵	40

§172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued

			20	2	I AZAL	8 17 Z. 10 1 TAZARDOUS INIA IERIALS TABLE—COTIUTIAGO		nanin					
								(8)		(6)			(10)
Š	Hazardous materials descrip-	Hazard	Identi-		-	or in the state of	ď	Packaging		Quantity limitations	mitations	> ±s	vessel stowage
bols	tions and proper shipping names	class or Division	fication Numbers	P D	Codes	(§ 172.102)	2)			175.	75)	200	
							Excep- tions	Non- bulk	Bulk	Passenger aircraft/rail	Cargo air- craft only	tion	Other
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8A)	(8B)	(8C)	(9A)	(9B)	(10A)	(10B)
	Storage batteries, wet, see Bat-												
	Strontium arsenite	6	11N1691	_	9	IB8 IP2 IP4 T3 TP33	153	212	242	25 kg	100 kg	٥	
	Strontium chlorate	5.1	UN1506	=	5.1	A1, A9, IB8, IP2, IP4,	152	212	242	5 kg	25 kg	< ∢	56, 58
	Strontium nitrate	5.1	UN1507	=	5.1	N34, 13, 1P33 A1, A29, IB8, IP3, T1, TP33	152	213	240	25 kg	100 kg	<	
	Strontium perchlorate	5.1	UN1508	=	5.1	IB6, IP2, T3, TP33	152	212	242	5 kg	25 kg	<	56, 58
		5.1	UN1509	=	5.1	IB6, IP2, T3, TP33	152	212	242	5 kg	25 kg	∢	13, 52, 66,
	Strontium phosphide	4.3	UN2013	_	4.3,	A19, N40	None	211	None	Forbidden	15 kg	ш	40, 52, 85
	Strychnine or Strychnine salts	6.1	UN1692	_	6.1	IB7, IP1, T6, TP33	None	211	242	5 kg	50 kg	⋖	40
	Styphnic acid, see Trinitroresorcinol etc.												
(e :		= :		B1, IB3, T2, TP1	150	203	242	1 09 L	220 L	<	l I
IJ	Substances, explosive, n.o.s	1.1	UN0357	=	1.1L		None	95	None	Forbidden	Forbidden		8E, 14E, 15E, 17E,
Ø	Substances, explosive, n.o.s	1.2L	UN0358	=	1.2L		None	62	None	Forbidden	Forbidden		8E, 14E,
G	Substances, explosive, n.o.s	1.3L	UN0359	=	1.3L		None	62	None	Forbidden	Forbidden		8E, 14E, 15E, 17E.
G		1.1A	_	=	1.1A	111	None	62	None	Forbidden	Forbidden	12	
o (1.10		= :	1.10		None	62	None	Forbidden	Forbidden	9	
o		1.15		= :	1.10		None		None	Forbidden	Forbidden	9 9	
5 (2.5		= =			None		None	Forbidden	Forbidden	89 6	
5 C	Substances, explosive, n.o.s	2.3G	UN0477	= =	: S S S		None None		None	Forbidden	Forbidden	2 8	
G		1.4C	_	=			None		None	Forbidden	75 kg		
U		1.4D	_	=	1.4D		None	62	None	Forbidden	75 kg		
U		1.48		=	1.48		None	62	None	25 kg	75 kg		
G		1.4G		=	1.4G		None		None	Forbidden	75 kg	80	
<u>ن</u>	Substances, explosive, very in-	1.5D	UN0482	=	1.5D		None	62	None	Forbidden	Forbidden	9	
	//, n.o.s.					_		_	_	_	_	_	

40	40	40	40	40		40	40	9 6	₽	77	19, 74		40		40			61	74	40, 52 40 40			14, 40
В	В	В	В	ВЪ		ш	4 4	∢ <	ζ	∢ <	∢ ∢		O		۵		⋖	O	O	⊃ ∢			O
30 L	7 09	30 L	7 09	220 L 30 L		7 09	220 L 50 kg	100 kg	90 VQ	100 kg	100 kg		2.5 L		Forbidden		150 kg	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden			2.5 L
Forbidden	1 L	1 L	5 L	60 L 1 L		2 F	60 L 5 kg	25 kg	<u> </u>	25 kg	25 kg		Forbidden		Forbidden		75 kg	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden			Forbidden
243	243	243	243	241 243		243	242 242	242	4	240	240	:	243		314,	5	314,			245 244			243
201	202	201	202	203 201		202	203 211	212		213	None		201		304		304	213	213	302 227			201
None	150	None	153	153 None		153	153 None	153	2	154	None		None		None		306	None	None	None			None
T14, TP2, TP13, TP27	IB2, T11, TP2, TP13,	T14, TP2, TP13, TP27	IB2, T11, TP2, TP13,	183, T7, TP2, TP28 T14, TP2, TP13, TP27		IB2, T11, TP2, TP13, TP27	B1, IB3, T7, TP2, TP28 IB7, IP1, T6, TP33	IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33	00 -1 , 1 - , 0 -1 , 001	IB8, IP3, T1, TP33	30, IB8, IP3, T1, TP33		5, A3, A7, A10, B10, B77, N34, T20, TP2		3, B14, T50, TP19			30, IB3, T1, TP3	30, IB1, T1, TP3	2, B9, B14, B32, B49, B77, N34, T20, TP4, TP13, TP25, TP26,	TP38, TP45		A3, A7, N34, T20, TP2, TP13
3, 6.1	3, 6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1		6.1, 3	6.1, 3	6.1	: -	ω σ	4.1		 8		2.3, 8		2.2	6	4.1	8, 6.1 8, 6.1			8
	=	_	=	=-		=	=-	==	=	==	==		_					=	=	<u> </u>			
3 UN2780		UN3014		UN3013			UN2779			UN2967	UN1350		UN1828		UN1079		UN1080	NA2448	UN2448	UN2418			UN1831
е		6.1		6.1			6.1		Forbidden	800	4.1	Forbidden	80		2.3		2.2	6	4.1	2. 8. 38			ω
Substituted nitrophenol pesticides, liquid, flammable, toxic, flash point less than 23	0.000	Substituted nitrophenol pes-	roides, ilquid, toxic.	Substituted nitrophenol pes- ticides liquid toxic fam-	flash point not degrees C.		Substituted nitrophenol pes- ticides solid toxic		Sucrose octanitrate (drv)	Sulfamic acid	Sulfur Sulfur Sulfur	Sulfur and chlorate, loose mix-	Sulfur chlorides	Sulfur dichloride, see Sulfur	Sulfur dioxide	Sulfur dioxide solution, see Sul-	rurous acid. Sulfur hexafluoride	Sulfur, molten	Sulfur, molten	Sulfur tetrafluoride	Sufficetted hydrogen see Hv.	drogen sulfide.	Sulfuric acid, fuming with less than 30 percent free sulfur tri-oxide.

§ 172.101

§172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued

)	,									
								(8)		(6)		-	(10)
Svm-	I	Hazard	Identi-		Label	Special provisions	P. 9.	Packaging (\$173,***)		Quantity limitations (see \$\$ 173.27 and	mitations 3.27 and	s is	stowage
pols	tions and proper snipping names	class or Division	Tication	2	Codes	(§172.102)				175.	75)	600	
							Excep- tions	Non- bulk	Bulk	Passenger aircraft/rail	Cargo air- craft only	tion	Other
£	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7)	(8A)	(8B)	(8C)	(A6)	(ae)	(10A)	(10B)
	Sulfuric acid, fuming with 30	ω	UN1831	_	8, 6.1	2, B9, B14, B32, B74, B77, B84, N34, T20,	None	227	244	Forbidden	Forbidden	O	14, 40
	Sulfuric acid, spent	80	UN1832	=	 &	A3, A7, B2, B83, B84,	None	202	242	Forbidden	30 L	O	14
	Sulfuric acid with more than 51	8	UN1830	=	 &	A3, A7, B3, B83, B84,	154	202	242	1	30 L	O	41
	percent acta. Sulfuric acid with not more than 51% acid.	ω	UN2796	=	 	162, N34, 18, 1F2 A3, A7, B2, B15, 1B2, N6, N34, T8, TP2	154	202	242	11	30 L	В	
	Sulfuric and hydrofluoric acid mixtures, see Hydrofluoric and sulfuric acid mixtures.												
	Sulfuric anhydride, see Sulfur												
+	ರ ರ	6.1	UN1833 UN1834	=-	6.1, 8	B3, IB2, T7, TP2 1, B6, B9, B10, B14, B30, B77, N34, T22.	154 None	202 226	242	1 L Forbidden	30 L Forbidden	ВО	40
	Sulfuryl fluoride	2.3	UN2191		2.3	TP2, TP13, TP38, TP44	None	304	314,	Forbidden	Forbidden	۵	40
	Tars, liquid including road oils and cutback bitumens.	ဇ	UN1999	=	: :	149, B13, IB2, T3, TP3, TP29	150	202	242	2 F	7 09	В	
	Tear gas candles	6.1	UN1700	==	6.1,	B1, B13, IB3, T1, TP3	150 None	203 340	242 None	60 L Forbidden	220 L 50 kg	Φ Δ	40
۵	Tear gas cartridges, see Ammunition, tear-producing, etc. Tear gas devices with more than 3 parant tear as	6.1	NA1693	_	6.1		None	340	None	Forbidden	Forbidden	٥	40
	stances, by mass.			=	6.1		None	340	None	Forbidden	Forbidden	۵	40
	Tear gas devices, with not more than 2 percent tear gas substances, by mass, see												
	Aerosols, <i>etc.</i> <i>Tear gas grenades, see</i> Tear gas candles.												

40	40 40 40	40	40	40	40	52.	40		25	52	52		40, 66	
	5 L D Forbidden D	25 kg D 50 kg B	100 kg B 200 kg A Forbidden D 220 L A 220 L A	220 L A 60 L A 220 L A	100 kg D 220 L A	60 L A 150 kg A	150 kg E 150 kg A	220 L A 60 L B 220 L A 100 kg A	60 L B 60 L B 50 kg A	30 L A	60 L A	30 L D	Forbidden D	
Forbidden	Forbidden Forbidden	Forbidden 5 kg	25 kg 100 kg Forbidden 60 L 60 L	60 L 5 L 60 L	25 kg 60 L	5 L 75 kg	Forbidden 75 kg	60 L 5 L 60 L 25 kg	5 L 5 L 15 kg	1	5 L	Forbidden	Forbidden	
	None 242	242 242	242 240 None 242		242	ά છ	None None	242 242 242 240	242 242 240	242	241	5	None	
201	202 211	212 211	212 213 302 203 203	203 202 203	212	203 304	304	203 202 203 213	202 202 213	202	203	201	62 227	
None	None	None	153 153 None 150	153 153 153	153	154 306	306	150 None 150	150 150	154	154	None	None	
	1B2 T6, TP33	IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 IB7, IP1, T6, TP33	IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 IB8, IP3, T1, TP33 B1, IB3, T4, TP1, TP29 B1, IB3, T2, TP1	4,7,4	IB2, T7, TP2 B1, IB3, T2, TP1	IB3, T4, TP1 T50		B1, IB3, T2, TP1 IB2, T4, TP1 B1, IB3, T2, TP1 IB8, IP3, T1, TP33	182, T4, TP1 182, T4, TP1 82, 188, IP2, IP4, T3,	1P33 B2, IB2, T7, TP2	B2, IB3, T7, TP2	A7, T14, TP2	2, B32, T20, TP2, TP13, TP38 TP44	
6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1 6.1 3 3	6.1	3	2.2	2.2		 	 &	8	 8	1.1D 6.1,	:
=	= -	=-	== ==		= =	≡ ;		====	===	=	=	_	= -	
UN1693	UN3448	UN3284	UN2195 UN2319 UN2541	UN2504 UN1702 UN1897	UN1704 UN1292	UN2320 UN3159	UN1081 UN1982	UN2498 UN2056 UN2943 UN2698	UN2410 UN2412 UN3423	UN1835		UN2749	UN0207 UN1510	
6.1	6.1	6.1	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Forbidden 6.1 6.1 6.1	Forbid	2 8 Si	2.2	м м м യ	ოოდ	8	Forbidden	8 200	1.1D 6.1	Forbidden Forbidden
G Tear gas substances, liquid, n.o.s	G Tear gas substance, solid,	G Tellurium compound, solid,	Tellurum hexafluoride	Tetraazido benzene quinone Tetrabromoethane	Tetraethyl dithiopyrophosphate Tetraethyl silicate	Tetraethylenepentamine	rigerant gas R 134a. Tetrafluoroethylene, stabilized Tetrafluoromethane or Refrig-	erant gas H 14. 12.3.6-Tetahydrobenzaldehyde Tetrahydrofuran Tetrahydrofurfurylamine	of maleic anhydride. 1,2,3,6-Tetrahydropyridine Tetrahydrothiophene	Ide, solid. Tetramethylammonium hydroxide solution.	Tetramethylene diperoxide	Tetramethylsilane	Tetranitro ulgiverini Tetranitromethane Tetranitromethane	2.3.4, 6-Tetranitrophenol

§ 172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued

			- 0	. IO	I AZAR	§ 172.101 FIAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—CONUMBE		nanııı					
								(8)		(6)			(10)
Š	Î	Hazard	Identi-		9		ď	Packaging		Quantity limitations	mitations	st	vessel stowage
bols	tions and proper shipping names	class or Division	fication Numbers	PG	Codes	(§ 172.102)		9		175.	3.27 and 75)	-600	
							Excep- tions	Non bulk	Bulk	Passenger aircraft/rail	Cargo air- craft only	tion	Other
£	(2)	(3)	(4)	(2)	(9)	(2)	(8A)	(8B)	(8C)	(9A)	(9B)	(10A)	(10B)
	2,3,4,6-	Forbidden											
	Tetranitrophenylnitramine.	1 1 1 1											
	2,3,5,6-Tetranitroso-1,4-	Forbidden											
	dinitrobenzene.												
	2,3,5,6-Tetranitroso	Forbidden						:	:				
	Tetrapropylorthotitanate	m	UN2413	=	m	B1, IB3, T4, TP1	150	203	242	109	220 [4	
	Tetrazene, see Guanyl)		:	:			: :)		:	
	nitrosaminoguanyltetrazene.												
	Tetrazine (dry)	Forbidden			_			-	:				
	Tetrazol-1-acetic acid	1.4C	_	=			None	62	None	Forbidden	75 kg	60	
	1H-Tetrazole	1.10	UN0504	-	1.10		None	62	None	Forbidden	Forbidden	В	1E, 5E
	olyl azide (dry)	Forbidden											
	Trinitronhondmothylaitromina												
۷	۲	4.2	11N1857	=	4.2		151	213	240	Forbidden	Forbidden	٥	
ξ ≥		i i		•	 1: 1:		<u>:</u>	5				ζ	
:	Thallium chlorate	5.1	UN2573	=	5.1,	IB6, IP2, T3, TP33	152	212	242	5 kg	25 kg	∢	56, 58
	Thallium compounds, n.o.s	6.1	UN1707	==	5 1.0	IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 IB6 IP2 T3 TP33	153	212	242	25 kg	100 kg	۷ ۵	
		;		:		5.		:))	3		
	4-Thiapentanal	6.1	UN2785	= =		IB3, T4, TP1	153	203	241	90 L	220 L	۵ ۵	25, 49
	Thiocarbamate posticide liquid	n m		_		T14 TD2 TD13 TD27			242	D C	30 -		QV
	flammable, toxic, flash point	•	2/2/2	-	- 5 5	7, 6, 6, 7,		:	:		3		P
	less than 23 degrees C.			=	0	100 H		0		,			Ç
	Thiocarbamate pesticide liquid	6	11N3005	_	6, 6.1 9.1 9.1	IBZ, 111, 1P13, 1P2/ T14 TP2 TP13	None None	202	243	==	30 E	ם מ	94 4
	toxic, flammable, flash point			•) :	? : : :)	: - - -	:)		3		?
	not less than 23 degrees C.			=		214 TD2 TD42	0	C	040	u	-		Ş
				-	o.'.	102, 111, 1F2, 1F13, TP27				0 1	90 L	۵	9
	Thiocarbamate pesticide, liquid,	6.1	900ENU	≣-	6.1, 3	IB3, T7, TP2, TP28 T14, TP2, TP13	153 None	203	242 243	60 L	220 L 30 L	B >	4 4
	toxic.	_				_							

40	40 4	40		40	40 40, 52	40					74	
В	∢ ∢	∢∢	∢ ∢	∢0	ВΩ	O	۵ ۵	m∢	∀ Ш	٥٥	ОШ	
7 09	220 L 50 kg	100 kg 200 kg	30 L	60 L Forbidden	60 L Forbidden	30 L	50 kg 100 kg	60 L 220 L	100 kg 50 kg	Forbidden 50 kg	100 kg 50 kg	
2 F	60 L 5 kg	25 kg 100 kg	5 L	5 L Forbidden	5 L Forbidden	Forbidden	15 kg 25 kg	9 P	25 kg 15 kg	Forbidden 15 kg	25 kg 15 kg	
243	241 242	242	243 242	243 243	242 244	242	241	242	241	242 241	241 240	
202	203	212	202	202	202 227	202	212	202	213 212	211 212	213 212	
153	153 None	153	153	153 None	150 None	None	None	150	None	None	None	
IB2, T11, TP2, TP13,	IB3, T7, TP2, TP28 IB7, IP1, T6, TP33	IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 IB8, IP3, T1, TP33	IB2, T7, TP2 A7, B2, IB2, N34, T7,	1P2 1B2, T7, TP2 B6, B10, N34, T10, TP2,	15 13 182, T4, TP1 2, B9, B14, B32, N33, N34, T20, TP2, TP13,	1738, 1745 A3, A7, B2, B8, B25,	186, 182, 13, 183 188, 183, 11, 1833 188, 183, 11, 1833	IB2, T4, TP1, TP8 B1, IB3, T2, TP1	IB8, IP3, T1, TP33 A19, A20, IB4, N34, T3,	A19, A20, IB6, IP2, N5,	N34, 13, 1P33 IB8, IP3, T1, TP33 A19, A20, IB6, IP2, N34, T3, TP33	
6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	 8	4 4 2 2 	e e	4.2 	4 4 2 2 	4.2 4.1	
=	=-	= =	==	=-	=-	=	==	= =	==	-=	≡=	
	UN2771		UN2966 UN1940	UN2936 UN1836	UN2414 UN2474	UN1837	UN3341	UN1293	UN3174 UN1871	UN2546	UN1352	
	6.1		6.1	6.1	6.1	80	4.2	e : : :	4.2	4.2	4.1	
	Thiocarbamate pesticides, solid,	Thiocarbonylchloride, see	Inlophosgene. Thioglycol	Thiolactic acidThionyl chloride	ThiopheneThiophosgene	Thiophosphoryl chloride	Thiourea dioxideThi chloride fuming see	Inclures, medicinal	compressed. Tranium disulphide Tranium hydride	Titanium powder, dry	Titanium powder, wetted with not less than 25 percent	water (a visible excess of water must be present) (a) mechanically produced, particle size less than 53 microns; (b) chemically produced, particle size less than 840 microns.

§172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued

			,										
								(8)		(6)	_		(10)
Ġ,		Hazard	Identi-		lada	Special provisions	a d	Packaging		Quantity limitations	mitations	S	stowage
bols	tions and proper shipping names	class or Division	fication Numbers	P D	Codes	(§ 172.102)				175.	75)	-	
							Excep- tions	Non- bulk	Bulk	Passenger aircraft/rail	Cargo air- craft only	tion	Other
£	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(2)	(8A)	(8B)	(8C)	(9A)	(9B)	(10A)	(10B)
	Titanium sponge granules or Ti-	4.1	UN2878	=	4.1	A1, IB8, IP3, T1, TP33	None	213	240	25 kg	100 kg	۵	74
+	Ė	6.1	UN1838	_	6.1, 8	2, B7, B9, B14, B32, B77, T20, TP2, TP13,	None	227	244	Forbidden	Forbidden	٥	40
	Titanium trichloride mixtures	80	UN2869	=	8	TP38, TP45 A7, IB8, IP2, IP4, N34, T3, TP33	154	212	240	15 kg	50 kg	⋖	40
				=		A7, IB8, IP3, N34, T1,	154	213	240	25 kg	100 kg	⋖	40
	Titanium trichloride, pyrophoric	4.2	UN2441	_	4.2, 8	N 38 5	None	181	244	Forbidden	Forbidden	۵	40
	tures, pyrophonic. TNT mixed with aluminum, see Tritonal.												
	TNT, see Trinitrotoluene, etc Toluene	က	UN1294	=	9	IB2, T4, TP1	150	202	242	5 L	T 09	В	
+		6.1	UN2078	=	6.1	IB2, T7, TP2, TP13	153	202	243	5 L	7 09	۵	25, 40
	or Aryl sulfonic acid etc.							:					
+	Toluidines, liquid	6.1	UN1708	= =	6.1	IB2, T7, TP2	153	202	243	5 L 25 kg	60 L 100 kg	∢ ∢	
	2,4-Toluylenediamine, solid or	6.1		=	6.1		153	213	240	100 kg	200 kg	∶∢	
	2,4-Toluylenediamine solution or 2,4-Toluenediamine solu-	6.1	UN3418	=	6.1	IB3, T4, TP1	153	203	241	7 09	220 L	∢	
	tion. Torpedoes, liquid fueled, with inert head.	1.3J	UN0450	=	1.3J			29	None	Forbidden	Forbidden	40	23E
	Torpedoes, liquid fueled, with or without bursting charge.	1.13	UN0449	=	1.1J			62	None	Forbidden	Forbidden	94	23E
	Torpedoes with bursting charge	1.1		=	1.1E			62	62		Forbidden	03	
	Torpedoes with bursting charge	# !		= :	1.1			62	None		Forbidden		
	Torpedoes with bursting charge	1.1D	UN0451	=	1.10	_			62	Forbidden	Forbidden	03	

40, 125	40, 125	40, 125	40, 125	04	04	40
۵	Ω	Ω	Ω	Ω	۵	۵
Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden
Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden
244	244	244	244	244	244	244
226	227	226	227	226	227	226
None	None	None	None	None	None	None
1, B9, B14, B30, B72, T22, TP2, TP13, TP27, TP38, TP44	2, B9, B14, B32, B74, T20, TP2, TP13, TP27, TP38, TP45	1, B9, B14, B30, B72, T22, TP2, TP13, TP27, TP38, TP44	2, B9, B14, B32, B74, T20, TP2, TP13, TP27, TP38, TP45	1, B9, B14, B30, T22, TP2, TP13, TP27, TP38, TP44	2, B9, B14, B32, T20, TP2, TP13, TP27, TP38, TP46	1, B9, B14, B30, T22, TP2, TP13, TP27, TP38, TP44
6.1, 8,	6.1, 8,	6.1, 3, 8.	6.1, 3, 8.	6.1	6.1	6.1, 3
_	_	_	_	_	-	_
6.1 UN3492	UN3493	UN3488	UN3489	UN3381	UN3382	UN3383
6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.	6.1
G Toxic by inhalation liquid, corrosve, flammable, n.o.s. with an inhalation toxicity lower than or equal to 200 ml/m3 and saturated vapor concentration greater than or equal to 500 LC50.	G Toxic by inhalation liquid, corrosve, flammable, n.o.s. with an inhalation toxicity lower than or equal to 1000 ml/m3 and saturated vapor concentration greater than or equal to 10 LC50.	G Toxic by inhalation liquid, flammable, corrosve, n.o.s. with an inhalation toxicity lower than or equal to 200 ml/m3 and saturated vapor concentration greater than or equal to 500 LC50.	G Toxic by inhalation liquid, flammable, corrosve, n.o.s. with an inhalation toxicity lower than or equal to 1000 milm3 and saturated vapor concentration greater than or equal to 10 LC50.	G Toxic by inhalation liquid, n.o.s. with an inhalation toxicity lower than or equal to 200 ml m3 and saturated vapor concentration greater than or equal to 500 LC50.	G Toxic by inhalation liquid, n.o.s. with an inhalation toxicity lower than or equal to 1000mlm3 and saturated vapor concentration greater than or equal to 10 LC50.	G Toxic by inhalation liquid, flammable incos, with an inhalation loxicity lower than or equal to 200 ml/m3 and saturated vapor concentration greater than or equal to 500 LC50.

§172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued

	(10)	stowage	į	Other	(10B)	40	04	04	21, 28, 40, 49	21, 28, 40, 49
	<u> ج</u>	stor	650	tion	(10A)	۵	۵	Ω	Ω	
•		mitations	75)	Cargo air- craft only	(96)	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden
	(6)	Quantity limitations	175.	Passenger aircraft/rail	(9A)	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden
				Bulk	(8C)	244	244	244	244	244
5	(8)	Packaging	5	Non bulk	(8B)	227	526	227	525	227
		Ä.	2	Excep- tions	(8A)	None	None 226	None	None	None 227
		Sucisivora leiceos	(§ 172.102)		(7)	2, B9, B14, B32, T20, TP2, TP13, TP27, TP38, TP45	1, В9, В14, В30, T22, ТР2, ТР13, ТР38, ТР44	2, В9, В14, В32, Т20, ТР2, ТР13, ТР38, ТР44	1, B9, B14, B30, B72, T22, TP2, TP13, TP27, TP38, TP44	2, B9, B14, B32, B74, T20, TP2, TP13, TP27, TP38, TP45
		a	Codes		(9)	6.1, 3	6.1,	6.1,	6.1, 4.3, 3.	6.1, 4.3, 3.
; i			D D		(2)	_	_	_	_	_
,		Identi-	fication Numbers		(4)	UN3384	UN3385	UN3386	UN3490	UN3491
		Hazard	class or Division		(3)	6.	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1
		Hazardous materials descrip-	tions and proper shipping names		(2)	Toxic by inhalation liquid, flammable, n.o.s. with an inhalation toxicity tower than or equal to 1000 ml/m3 and saturated vapor concentration greater than or equal to 10 LCSO.	Toxic by inhalation liquid, water-reactive, n.o.s. with an inhalation toxicity lower than or equal to 200 ml/m3 and saturated vapor concentration greater than or equal to 500 LC50.	Toxic by inhalation liquid, water-reactive, n.o.s. with an inhala- tion toxicity lower than or equal to 1000 ml/m3 and saturated vapor concentration greater than or equal to 10 LCSO.	Toxic by inhalation liquid, water-readitive, flammable, n.o.s. with an inhalation toxicity lower than or equal to 200 ml/m3 and saturated vapor concentration greater than or equal to 500 LC50.	Toxic by inhalation liquid, water-reactive, flammable, n.o.s. with an inhalation toxicity lower than or equal to 1000 milina and saturated vapor concentration greater than or equal to 10 LC50.
		Ę,	pols		Ē	Ø	O	Ø	Ø	Ø

04	04	04	04					40	40	40	04 4	40		40
Ω	Ω	۵	۵	∢			∢ ⊲		<u>а</u> а	М	<u>а</u> а	∢ ∪	O	ш
Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	2.5 L	30 L	30 L	90 L	2.5 L	30 L 30 L	90 F	30 L 60 L	220 L 2.5 L	5 L	11
Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden	0.5 L	11	7	2 L	0.5 L	77	2 F	1 L 5 L	60 L Forbidden	11	Forbidden
244	244	244	244	243	243	243	243	243	243	243	243 243	241	243	201 243
			57	- 5			5 5 :		5 5	-5		5 5	-5	
226	227	226	227	201	202		202	201	202	202	201	203	202	
None 226	None	None	None	None	153	None	153	None	153 None	153	None	153 None	153	A4 None
T22,	T20,	T22, TP38, TP44	, T20, TP38, TP45	FP27	FP27	FP27	FP27	IP27	FP27	TP13,	TP27 TP13,	TP28 A4	IB2	¥
1, B9, B14, B30, T22, 22, TP13, TP38, TP44	, B32, P38, -	1, B9, B14, B30, T22, '2, TP13, TP27, TP38, TP44	B9, B14, B32, T20, TP13, TP27, TP38, TP45	T14, TP2, TP13, TP27	IB2, T11, TP2, TP27	T14, TP2, TP13, TP27	IB2, T11, TP2, TP27 IB3 T7 TP1 TP28	T14, TP2, TP13, TP27	IB2, T11, TP2, TP27 T14, TP2, TP13, TP27	TP2, T	1727 T14, TP2, TP13, TP27 IB2, T11, TP2, TP13,	B3, T7, TP1, TP28 A4		
9, B14, P13, T	9, B14, P13, T	9, B14,	9, B14,	TP2, T	Ę	TP2, T	Ę,Ę	7, -/, TP2, T	T11,	IB2, T11, TP2,	TP2, T	3, 17,		
1, B9, B14, B30, T22, TP2, TP13, TP38, TP44	2, B9, B14, B32, T20, TP2, TP13, TP38, TP44	1, B9, B14, B30, T22, TP2, TP13, TP27, TP38,	2, B9, B14, B32, T20, TP2, TP13, TP27, TP38, TP45	T4,	IB2	4	B2	± .,	IB2 T14,	IB2,	T14, .	Θ		
		6.1, 8	6.1, 8	6.1, 8	6.1, 8	:	6.1	: œ	6.1, 8	6.1, 3	::	6.1,		. +
5.1	6.1,	6.1	6.1	1.6.1	1.9	1.6.1	6 6		6.1	1.9	6.1	= - 6.1	6.1,	6.1,
										_			_	
13387	UN3388	UN3389	UN3390	UN3289		UN3287		UN2927	UN2929		UN2810	UN3122		UN3123
6.1 UN3387		6.1 UN			_		_							6.1 UN
ώ	6.1	, io	6.1	6.1		6.1		6.1	6.1		6.1	6.1		, G
oxi- nhala- n or satu- ration	oxi- nhala- n or and ration to 10	Sorro- lation ual to rrated	Sorro- lation ual to rrated	inor-		S		yanic,	or-			. S		ctive,
xic by inhalation liquid, oxidizing, n.o.s. with an inhala- tion toxicity tower than or equal to 200 ml/m3 and satu- rated vapor concentration graden than or equal to 500 200.	xic by inhalation liquid, oxi- dizing, n.o.s. with an inhala- tion toxicity lower than or equal to 1000 milm3 and saturated vapor concentration greater than or equal to 10	sive, most with an inhalation liquid, corrosive, mos. with an inhalation toxicity lower than or equal to 200 milm3 and saturated vapor concentration greater han or equal to 500 LCs.	sive, n.o.s. with an inhalation liquid, corrosive, n.o.s. with an inhalation toxicity lower than or equal to 1000 ml/m3 and saturated vapor concentration greater wapor agent to 10 1050	sive,		ic, n.o.		ve, or	ids, flammable, or-		ic, n.o.	g, n.o		water-reactive,
alation S. with I low I ml/m or or	alation S. with 1000 1000 1000 1000	ation I with a r than and entrat	ation I with a r than a anc	COPTC	. !	organi		corrosi	flam	. !	organi	xidizir		
y inhe n.o.s toxicity to 200 vapo r thar	y inhe n.o.s toxicity to 1 ted ve	inhal. 10.S. V lowe ml/m3 conc	inhal. inhal. inhal. inhal. ino.s. inhal. in	iquid,		uid, in		uids, c	quids,		quids,	uids, c		liquids
Toxic by inhalation liquid, oxidizing, n.o.s. with an inhalation bxicity lower than or equal to 200 mlm3 and saturated vapor concentration greater than or equal to 500 LC50.	Toxic by inhalation liquid, oxidizing, n.o.s. with an inhalation toxicity lower than or equal to 1000 mi/m3 and saturated vapor concentration greater than or equal to 10	Toxic by inhalation liquid, corrosive, n.c.s. with an inhalation toxicity lower than or equal to 200 milm3 and saturated vapor concentration greater when or equal to 500 LCSO.	Toxic by inhalation liquid, corresive, n.c.s. with an inhalation toxicity lower than or equal to 1000 milm3 and saturated vapor concentration greater than or equal to 10.1050	Toxic liquid, corrosive, inor-		Toxic liquid, inorganic, n.o.s		Toxic liquids, corrosive, organic,	Toxic liquids,		Toxic, liquids, organic, n.o.s	Toxic liquids, oxidizing, n.o.s.		Toxic liquids, n.o.s
5	<u>۲</u>	<u>5</u>	5	D T	-	<u>ت</u>	:	. <u>D</u>		-			-	<u> </u>

§ 172.101

Other

(10) Vessel stowage (10A) Loca-tion O Ω 50 kg 50 kg 100 kg 200 kg 25 kg 50 kg 15 kg 50 kg 60 L 220 L 50 kg 50 kg 100 kg 200 kg 15 kg 50 kg 15 kg 25 kg 50 kg 15 kg 50 kg 30 L Cargo air-craft only Quantity limitations (see §§ 173.27 and 175.75) 6) Passenger aircraft/rail 15 kg 5 kg 25 kg 100 kg 1 kg 15 kg 1 kg 5 kg 25 kg 100 kg 1 kg 15 kg 15 kg (9A) 111 1111 1111 (8C) 242 242 2422 2422 2422 2422 2422 2422 242 242 242 242 240 242 242 243 243 1 1 1 1 1 : : : : : Packaging (§ 173.***) :::: : : : §172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued Non-bulk 212 211 211 202 203 211 8 202 201 Excep-tions (8A) None . 153 None 153 ... 153 ... None None None 153 ... None None 153 153 153 141, IB2 141, IB3 141, IB7, IP1, T6, TP33 IP2, T3, TP33 IB7, T6, TP33 IP4, T3, TP33 IP3, T1, TP33 IB7, T6, TP33 T3, TP33 T6, TP33 IB7, T6, TP33 IP4, T3, TP33 IP3, T1, TP33 T6, TP33 141, IB8, IP2, IP4, T3 TP33 IB6, IP2, T3, TP33 A5, T6, TP33 IP2, T3, TP33 IP2, T3, TP33 B7, T6, TP33 IP4, T3, TP33 Special provisions (§ 172.102) IP2, IB6, 6 IP2, IB8, IP2, IB6, IP2, IB8, 88 <u>188</u> <u>B</u>8 6.1 ... 6.1 ... 6.1, ... 5.1. 6.1, 5.1. 6.1, 4.2. 6.1, 111 ÷ 4.3. 6.1, 8 9 6.1, 6.1, 6.1, 6.1 6.1 6.1 6.1 = = -PG 2 Identi-fication Numbers UN3290 UN2930 UN3125 UN3172 UN3462 UN3288 UN2928 **ON3086** UN2811 UN3124 4 6.1 6.1 6.1 6.1 6.1 6.1 6.1 6.1 Hazard class or Division (3) living Toxins, extracted from living sources, solid, n.o.s.. Toxic solid, corrosive, inorganic water-reactive Hazardous materials descriptions and proper shipping names Toxic solids, self-heating, n.o.s flammable, Toxic solids, organic, n.o.s. oxins, extracted from sources, liquid, n.o.s.. Toxic solids, corrosive, Toxic solids, oxidizing, inorganic, (2) solids, ganic, n.o.s. Toxic solid, Q $\widehat{\Xi}$

	13 40 40	4 4 4 40	40	40	04 4 0 04 4	40	92			80	40	25. 40	40	13	21, 28, 40, 49, 100
A 05 07 06	4 4 B	ш шш	B >	В	444		ב	∢	В	В	۵	∢ ∢			Ω
200 kg 100 kg Forbidden 75 kg	220 L 60 L 30 L	1 09 30 L	220 L 30 L	7 09	220 L 50 kg 100 kg	200 kg 60 L		50 kg	30 L	90 L	Forbidden	220 L 60 L	220 L	220 L 25 kg	Forbidden
100 kg 25 kg Forbidden Forbidden	60 L 5 L Forbidden	1 L 1 L 5 L	60 L 1 L	2 F	60 L 5 kg 25 kg	100 kg 5 L		15 kg	11	5 L	Forbidden	60 L 5 L	90 L	60 L 5 kg	Forbidden
None None None	241 242 243	243 243	241	243	242 242 242	240 243		240	242	241	244	241	241	241 240	244
213 62 62	203 203 201	202 201	203	202	203 211	202	: : - : - :	212	202	203	227	203	203	203 212	201
153 None None	153 None	150 None	153 None	153	153 None	153 153		154	154	154	None	153	153	153	None
141, IB8, IP3, T1 TP33	1B3 B1, IB3, T4, TP1 T14, TP2, TP13, TP27	IB2, T11, TP2, TP13, TP27 TP27 T14, TP2, TP13, TP27 IB2, T11, TP2, TP13,	182, T7, TP2, TP28 T14, TP2, TP13, TP27	IB2, T11, TP2, TP13, TP27	1B3, T7, TP2, TP28 1B7, IP1, T6, TP33 1B8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33	IB8, IP3, T1, TP33 IB2, T7, TP2	25, 17, 180	A7, IB8, IP2, IP4, N34,	13, 1P33 A3, A6, A7, B2, 1B2, N34 T7 TP2	A3, A6, A7, IB3, N34, T4 TP1	2, B9, B14, B32, N34, T20, TP2, TP38, TP45	IB3, T4, TP1 IB2, T7, TP2	IB3, N36, T4, TP1	IB3, N36, 14, TP1 IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33	N34, T14, TP2, TP7, TP13
6.1 1.4S 1.3G	6.1 3, 8 3, 6.1	3, 6.1 6.1 6.1	6.1, 3	6.1, 3	6.1, 3	6.1	4	8	8	8	8, 6.1	6.1		5.1	4.3, 3, 8.
====	≡≡-	= -=	≣ -	=	≡-=	≣=-	-	=	=	≡	=	≡=	= :	≡ =	_
NA0337 UN0212 UN0306	UN2609 UN2610 UN2764	UN2998	UN2997		UN2763	UN2542	0105234	UN1839	UN2564		UN2442	UN2321 UN2322	UN2831	UN1710 UN2468	UN1295
1.4S 1.3G 1.4G Forbidden	6. 1. 8. 8.	6.1	6.1		6.1	6.1	,	80	80		80	6.1	6.1	5.1	Forbidden 4.3
Toy Caps	Trially borate Trially borate Trially amine Triazine pesticides, liquid, flammable, loxic, flash point less	urari 23 degrees C. Triazine pesticides, liquid, toxic	Triazine pesticides, liquid, toxic, flammable, flash point not less than 23 derrees C		Triazine pesticides, solid, toxic	Tributylamine	Trichloro-s-triazinetrione dry, with more than 39 percent virtle chlorine cap.	ocyanuric acid, itic acid	Trichloroacetic acid, solution		Trichloroacetyl chloride	Trichlorobenzenes, liquid	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	Trichloroethylene	Irichloromethyl perchlorate Trichlorosilane

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§ 172.101

Other

(10B)

4 73 4

46,

4 4

(10) Vessel stowage (10A) Loca-tion \triangle \triangle \triangle ш Ω 220 L 60 L 220 L Forbidden 220 L 5 L 30 L 2.5 L 150 kg 220 L 60 L 60 L 220 L 500 kg 150 kg 150 kg 90 L Forbidden Forbidden Forbidden Cargo air-craft only Quantity limitations (see §§ 173.27 and 175.75) (9B) 6) 60 L 5 L 60 L Forbidden Passenger aircraft/rail 60 L 1 L 1 L 0.5 L 75 kg 50 kg 60 L 5 L 5 L 60 L 0.5 L Forbidden Forbidden Forbidden Forbidden (9A) 1111 314, 314, 314, 314, 314, 316, 316, 315. 314, 315. 243 BM (8C) 242 243 242 243 244 Packaging (§ 173.***) :::: : : :::: §172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued : : : : : : : : : None Non-bulk 203 202 201 201 203 202 203 202 203 227 8 202 304 304 304 304 227 304 201 Excep-tions (8A) 150 150 154 None . 150 150 150 None None 153 306 306 306 150 306 153 153 A3, IB2, N33, N34, T7, TP2 B1, IB3, T2, TP1 IB2, T7, TP2 B2, IB2, T7, TP2 A3, A6, A7, B4, N3, I N34, N36, T10, TP2 2, B7, B9, B14, T50, I TP21 3, B14, T50 B1, IB3, T4, TP1 IB2, T4, TP1 B1, IB3, T2, TP1 2, B9, B14, B32, T20, TP4, TP13, TP36, TP45 IB2, T7, TP1 2, B3, B9, B14, B32, N34, T20, TP2, TP13, TP38, TP45 N87, T50 IB3 IB2, T7, TP2 TP5 T50 T11, TP1 Special provisions (§ 172.102) . '2/1 6 . .. 2.3, 8 1 3 3 6.1, 3 6.1, 8, 3. 9 2.3, 2.2, 2.2 . ω 6.1 2.2 2.1 6.1 2.1 ကက်ထထ က် ი ი === == = = PG 2 Identi-fication Numbers UN2942 UN2948 UN2323 UN1296 UN2259 UN2699 UN2324 UN2616 UN2416 UN2329 UN1082 UN3136 NA9269 UN2438 UN2574 UN3057 UN2035 UN1083 UN1297 UN1984 4 6.1 ကကထထ 2.3 2.3 2.2 2.2 ကက ဗ ဗ 2.1 3 2.1 6.1 6.1 6.1 Forbidden Hazard class or Division Forbidden (3) Trimethylamine, aqueous solutions with not more than 50 percent trimethylamine by mass. bilized. Trifluoromethane *or* Refrigerant gas R 23. Trifluoromethane, refrigerated more staliquid. 1,1,1-Trifluoroethane or Refrig-Hazardous materials descriptions and proper shipping names than 3 percent ortho isomer. Trimethylamine, anhydrous Tricresyl phosphate with 2-Trifluoromethylaniline ...
3-Trifluoromethylaniline ...
Triformoxime trinitrate
Triisobutylene
Triisopropyl borate Trifluorochloroethylene, Trifluoroacetyl chloride erant gas, R 143a. 8 Trimethoxysilane ۵ Sym-bols $\widehat{\Xi}$

40, 41	40					5E				36			28	5E	36		78		36		
B <		∢	В	∢		10			9 9	2 ш		10	ш	10	ш		ш	10	ш	Ç	0
2 L 60 L	220 L 5 L	7 09	220 L	7 09		Forbidden			Forbidden	0.5 kg		Forbidden	0.5 kg	Forbidden	0.5 kg		0.5 kg	Forbidden	0.5 kg		Forbidden
1 L 5 L	00 L 1 L	5 L	7 09	2 L		Forbidden			Forbidden	0.5 kg		Forbidden	0.5 kg	Forbidden	0.5 kg		0.5 kg	Forbidden	0.5 kg		Forbidden
243	242 243	241	241	241		None			None	None		None	None	None	None		None	None	None		None
	203	203	203	203		62			62	211		62	211	62	211		211	62	211		79
150	150 None	154	153	154		None			None	None		None	None	None	None		None	None	None		None 62 None
B1, IB2, T7, TP1 B1, IB3, T7, TP1	B1, IB3, T2, TP1 A3, A7, B77, N34, T10, TP2 TP7 TP13	IB3, T4, TP1	IB3, T4, TP2, TP13	IB3, T4, TP1						162, A8, A19, N41, N84			23, A2, A8, A19, N41		162, A8, A19, N41, N84		23, A2, A8, A19, N41		162, A8, A19, N41, N84		
: : & & % (5)	 8 	80	6.1	8		1.1D			1.15	1.4		1.1D	4.1	1.10	1.4		4.1	1.1D	4.1	=	ם.ר ב:
==	≡=	=	=	=		=			==	-		=	-	==	_		-	=	_	=	Ξ
	UN2325 UN1298	UN2326	UN2328	UN2327		UN0216			UN0153	UN3367		UN0214	UN1354	UN0386 UN0215	UN3368		UN1355	UN0155	UN3365	1000	1.1D UN0387
	m m	8 Forbidden	6.1	80	Forbidden	1.1D Forbidden Forbidden	Forbidden	Forbidden Forbidden	1.1	4 1.1		1.10	4.1	1.10	1.4		4.1	1.10	4.1	Forbidden Forbidden	
	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene Trimethylchlorosilane	Trimethylcyclohexylamine Trimethylene glycol	Trimethylhexamethylene	Trimethylhexamethylenediamin-	es. Trimethylol nitromethane trinitrate	Trinito-n-cresol 2.4.6-Trinito-1,3-chiazobenzene 2.4.6-Trinito-1,3,5-triazido ben-	zene (dry). Trinitroacetic acid	Trinitroacetonitrile Trinitroamine cobalt	Trinitroaniline or Picramide	Trinitrobenzene, wetted, with	not less than 10% water, by	Trinitrobenzene, dry or wetted with less than 30 percent	water, by mass. Trinitrobenzene, wetted with not less than 30 percent water,	by mass. Trinitrobenzenesulfonic acid Trinitrobenzoic acid, dry or wetted with less than 30 per-	cent water, by mass. Trinitrobenzoic acid, wetted with	not less than 10% water by mass.	Trinitrobenzoic acid, wetted with not less than 30 percent	water, by mass. Trinitrochlorobenzene or Picryl	Trinitrochlorobenzene (picryl chloride)	less than 10% water by mass. Trinitroethanol	l'rinitrofluorenone

§172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued

			•										
								(8)		(6)	_		(10)
Š	Hazardous materials descrip-	Hazard	Identi-		1000	Succioixora leisado	<u>a</u> %	Packaging		Quantity limitations	mitations	sl	vessei stowage
bols	tions and proper shipping names	class or Division	fication Numbers	PG	Codes	(§ 172.102)	2			175.	75)	-600	
							Excep- tions	Non- bulk	Bulk	Passenger aircraft/rail	Cargo air- craft only	tion	Other
£	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(2)	(8A)	(8B)	(8C)	(9A)	(BB)	(10A)	(10B)
	Trinitromethane	Forbidden						:					
	1,3,5-Trinitronaphthalene	Forbidden						:					
	Trinitronaphthalene	1.10	UN0217	=	1.1D		None	62	None	Forbidden	Forbidden	10	
		1.10	UN0218	=	1.10		None	62	None	Forbidden	Forbidden	10	
	Trinitrophenol (picric acid), wetted with not less than 10	4.1	UN3364	_	4.1	162, A8, A19, N41, N84	None	211	None	0.5 kg	0.5 kg	ш	36
					-								
	Trinitrophenol or Picric acid, dry	1.1D	UN0154	=	1.1D		None	62	None	Forbidden	Forbidden	10	9E
	or wetted with less than 30												
	percent water, by mass.												;
	Irinitrophenol, wetted or Picric	4.1	UN1344		4.1	23, A8, A19, N41	None	211	None	1 kg	15 kg	ш	28, 36
	acid, wetted, with not less												
	than 30 percent water by												
	2,4,6-Trinitrophenyl guanidine	Forbidden											
	O 4 & Trinitrophony nitromino	TO COLO											
	2,4,6-11IIIIIOphlenyi milaniine	Loipiddeil											
	2,4,6-Trinitrophenyl trimethylol	Forbidden						:	:				
	(day)												
	Trinitrophenylmethylnitramine or	1.1D	UN0208	=	1.1D		None	62	None	Forbidden	Forbidden	10	
	Tetryl.			:	:								
	Trinitroresorcinol or Styphnic	1.10	UN0219	=	1.10		None	62	None	Forbidden	Forbidden	10	9E
	acid, dry or wetted with less												
	than 20 percent water, or												
	mixture of alcohol and water,												
	by mass.												
	Trinitroresorcinol, wetted or	1.10	UN0394	=	1.10		None	62	None	Forbidden	Forbidden	10	9E
	Styphnic acid, wetted with not												
	less than 20 percent water, or												
	mixture of alcohol and water												
	by mass.												
	2,4,6-Trinitroso-3-methyl	Forbidden						:					
	nitraminoanisole.												
	Trinitrotetramine cobalt nitrate Forbidden	Forbidden	_			_		:	:				

None
II 1.1D
1.10
162, A8, A19, N41, N84
4.1 23, A2, A8, A19, N41
3,8 B1, IB3, T4, TP1
3 B1, IB3, T2, 6.1 B2, T7,
III 6.1 IB3, T4, TP1
1.1D
3 B1, IB3, T2, TP1
3 5.1, 8 A1, A
11, 1P33 11, 1P33 119
162, A8, A19, N41, N84
1 4.1 23, 39, A8, A19, N41

Forbidden

Vinyl nitrate polymer

§ 172.101

(10) Vessel stowage Other

(10B)

8

4 4 4 4

(10A) Loca-tion C > B B∀ОШ 100 kg 100 kg No limit 30 L 50 kg 100 kg 200 kg 30 L 60 L 150 kg 60 L 150 kg 60 L 30 L 150 kg 60 L 150 kg 200 kg 2.5 L ij Quantity limitations (see §§ 173.27 and 175.75) 09 (a6) ဍ 6) 5 kg 25 kg 100 kg Forbidden 25 kg 25 kg Forbidden 5 L 1 L Forbidden 100 kg 5 L Forbidden 5 L Forbidden 5 L Forbidden Passenger aircraft/rail 5 L <u>iii</u> Forbidden (9A) ŝ 1111 (8C) 242 242 242 242 242 242 240 242 220 220 Packaging (§ 173.***) : : : : : : 1111 : 1 1 1 : : : : §172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued Non-bulk (8B) 212 212 202 202 213 8 201 220 202 304 202 304 202 201 304 Excep-tions (8A) None None 153 ... 153 ... 153 ... None 306 ... 150 153 154 153 220 150 154 150 306 150 306 220 A3, A6, A7, B2, IB2, N34, T7, TP2 IB7, P1, T6, TP33 IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 IB8, IP3, T1, TP33 A3, A6, A7, B2, B16, IB3, IP3, T1, TP3 IB8, IP3, T1, TP3 TP1 TP1 TP2 TP2 N86 TP1 된 Special provisions (§ 172.102) IB2, T4, T 21, B44, N86, T IB2, T4, 1 N86, ⁻ IB2, T7, T A3, T11, T IB2, T4, B44, 4 IB2, 6 88 88 111 6.1, 3 9 က 6.1 ω 1. 3. 2.1 6.1 6.1 8 . 1. 6 . 1. 9 ω 1. œ က ω ≡ ≡= PG 2 Identi-fication Numbers UN2475 UN2931 UN3166 UN1301 UN1085 UN2589 UN1302 UN1860 UN2838 UN1086 UN1304 UN1087 UN2443 UN2862 UN2444 UN2502 UN3285 UN3166 UN2058 4 က æ æ 6.1 œ 6.1 6 2.1 2.1 2.1 6.1 2.1 Hazard class or Division (3) Vanadium pentoxide, *non-fused* ₫ pow-cell, Hazardous materials descriptions and proper shipping names sulfate, flammable gas pr /I chloroacetate/I ethyl ether, stabilized/I fluoride, stabilized Vanadium compound, n.o.s butyrate, stabilized chloride, stabilized . Vanadium oxytrichloride Vanadium tetrachloride Vanadium trichloride (5) Vanadyl sulfate . Vehicle, flamma Valeryl chloride Vinyl Vinyl Vinyl Sym-bols $\widehat{\Xi}$

292

Vinylidene chloride, stabilized Vinylpyridines, stabilized	6.1		-=	3 6.1, 3, 8.	T12, TP2, TP7 IB1, T7, TP2, TP13	150	201	243	11	30 L 30 L	шш	40 21, 40, 52.
/inytrothenes, stabilized	ლ e [°]	ကက်	 		B1, IB3, T2, TP1 A3, A7, B6, N34, T10, TP2 TP7 TP13	150 None	203	242 243	60 L	220 L 5 L	ВЪ	40
Narheads, rocket with burster 1.4D UN0370 II 1.4D	UN0370 II 1.4D	1.4D	1.4D		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	None	62	62	Forbidden	75 kg	05	
burster 1.4F UN0371 II 1.4F	UN0371		1.4F			None	62	None	Forbidden	Forbidden	80	
bursting 1.1D UN0286 II 1.1D	UN0286 II 1.1D	1.10	1.1D			None	62	62	Forbidden	Forbidden	03	
bursting 1.2D UN0287 II 1.2D	UN0287		1.2D			None	62	62	Forbidden	Forbidden	03	
bursting 1.1F UN0369 II 1.1F	UN0369		1.1F			None	62	None	Forbidden	Forbidden	80	
charge. Narheads, torpedo with burst-	UN0221 II 1.1D	1.10	1.1D			None	62	62	Forbidden	Forbidden	03	
nig charge. 4.3 UN3129 I 4.3, 8	UN3129 I 4.3,	1 4.3, 8	4.3, 8		T14, TP2, TP7	None	201	243	Forbidden	1 L	۵	
= = 4.3, 8	4. 4. 6. 9.	4. 4. 6. 9.	4.3, 8 8, 8		IB1, T11, TP2 IB2, T7, TP1	None	202	243	1 L 5 L	5 L 60 L		82
6.4	UN3148		 		T9, TP2, TP7	None	201	244	Forbidden	- 4		9 6
	= = -				182, 17, 1F2 182, 17, TP1	None	203	242	5 L	60 L	шС	-
	=		6.1.		<u> </u>				-	- 12		85
= 4	4	4	6.1.		IB2	None			5 L	7 09	Ш	82
corrosive, 4.3 UN3131 I 4.3,8 IE	0.003131 1.3,8 1	_	_	ш	B4, IP1, N40, T9, TP7,	None	211	242	Forbidden	15 kg	۵	
	= 4.3, = 4.3,	4. 4. 6. 6.	4.3, 8 8, 8		IB6, IP2, T3, TP33 IB8, IP4, T1, TP33	151	212 213	242	15 kg 25 kg	50 kg 100 kg	шш	85 85
Water-reactive solid, flammable, 4.3 UN3132 I 4.3, n.o.s	UN3132 4	- 4.3, 4.1.	4.3, 4.1.		IB4, N40	None	211	242	Forbidden	15 kg		
II 4.3,	4.3,	H 4.3,	4.3,		IB4, T3, TP33	151	212	242	15 kg	50 kg	ш	
III 4.3,	4.	4.	. % . 		IB6, T1, TP33	151	213	241	25 kg	100 kg	ш	
Water-reactive solid, n.o.s 4.3 UN2813 4.3 IB4,	UN2813 4.3	4 4 4 ε ε ε 		IB4,	z	None	211	242	Forbidden 15 kg	15 kg		40
	UN3133		. 4. 4. 6. 6. 6.		IB8, IP4, T1, TP33		213	241	25 kg Forbidden	100 kg Forbidden	шш	3 4 4
=			5.1.			None	214	214	Forbidden	Forbidden	ш	40
Water-reactive solid, self-heat- 4.3 UN3135 1 4.3. ing, n.o.s	_	5.1. 4.3, 4.2.	5.1. 4.3, 4.2.		N40	None	211	242	Forbidden	15 kg	ш	

Forbidden

p-Xylyl diazide

§ 172.101

Other

(10B)

(10) Vessel stowage (10A) Loca-tion Ω 60 L 220 L Forbidden 50 kg 100 kg 150 kg 500 kg 50 kg 100 kg 15 kg 50 kg 100 kg 60 L 220 L 100 kg 60 L 60 L 100 kg 200 kg Cargo air-craft only Quantity limitations (see §§ 173.27 and 175.75) (9B) 6) 5 L 60 L Forbidden 5 L 60 L 25 kg 5 L 5 L 5 L 25 kg Forbidden Passenger aircraft/rail 25 kg 15 kg 25 kg 75 kg 50 kg 15 kg 25 kg 25 kg 15 kg Forbidden (9A) 241 241 None None 111 242 ... 242 ... 243 ... 243 ... 242 ... None (8C) 242 241 242 242 240 242 242 240 241 1 1 1 111111 Packaging (§ 173.***) : : : : §172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued : : : : 212 ... 213 ... 302 ... None Non-bulk (8B) 202 203 213 202 203 212 202 202 212 340 212 213 212 213 216 8 307 Excep-tions (8A) None . None . 306, 30 150 153 153 153 153 None . None None None None 155 151 150 150 151 B1, B3, T2, TP1
B1, B3, T2, TP1
B8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP3
B8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP2
B8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP3
A3, A6, A7, IB2, N33, T7, TP2, TP13
A3, A6, A7, IB2, N33, T3, TP3
A3, A6, A7, IB2, N33, T3, TP3 , T4, TP1, TP8 1, IB3, T2, TP1 IP2, T3, TP33 IP3, T1, TP33 T75, TP5 IB5, IP2, T3, TP33 IB8, IP4, T1, TP33 IB8, IP2, IP3, T1, TP33 A8, IB4, IP1, N40 IB5, IP2, T3, TP33 IB8, IP4, T1, TP33 Special provisions (§ 172.102) 6 Մ2, 1 В1, հ 186, I 156, 1111 11111 4.3, 4.4, 4.2, 4.3, 4.3, 6.1, 6.1, 6.1, 9 ωω4 : : : 4 4 9 9 5 5 5 5 5 6.1 6 === == Ξ ≡ PG 2 Identi-fication Numbers UN2261 UN3430 UN1711 UN3452 UN1701 UN2036 UN2591 UN3134 UN2590 UN1306 UN1387 UN3342 UN1307 UN3417 4 6 4.2 4.2 2.2 က 4.3 6.1 Hazard class or Division (3) Wheel chair, electric, see Battery powered equipment.

White acid, see Hydrofluoric acid.

White asbestos (chrysotile, actinolite, actinolite, anthonywite, acid. Xenon, compressed
Xenon, refrigerated liquid (cryogenic liquids).
Xylenes toxic, Hazardous materials descriptions and proper shipping names tremolite). Wood preservatives, liquid solid, Xylenols, solid
Xylenols, liquid
Xylidines, liquid
Xylidines, solid
Xylyl bromide, liquid Xylyl bromide, solid (S Wool waste, wet Water-reactive Xanthates n.o.s.. ≥ ک Sym-bols $\widehat{\Xi}$

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4

4 4

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Discoling		Hazardous	Madada	Cartation	A almaim	D C T
rineline	ana	Hazaraous	Materials	SOIPIV	Admin	13031

			56, 58	56, 58		52 49			56, 58, 138 13, 52, 66,		52, 53	52, 53	52, 53						
<u>в</u> В А	kg ►	:	- A	۵ ک		4 4	< : ₪ :		Α Δ Α	Ш		kg A	kg	kg A	:	:		g A	
25 kg 100 kg	100 kg		100 kg	25 kg	100 kg	50 kg 200 kg	200 kg		25 kg 25 kg 25 kg	15 kg	15 kg	50 kg	100 kg	100 kg				100 kg	100 kg
5 kg 25 kg	25 kg		25 kg	5 kg	25 kg	5 kg 100 kg	100 kg		5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	Forbidden	Forbidden	15 kg	25 kg	25 kg				25 kg	25 kg
242 242	241		240	242	240	242	240		240 242 242	None	242	242	242	240				240	240
212 212	213		213	212	213	211 204	213		212 212 212	211	211	212	213	213				213	213
None	151		152	152	None	None	153		152 152 152	None	None	None	None	151				151	None
IB8, IP4, T3, TP33 IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33	A1, A19, IB8, IP4, T1, TP33	}	A1, A29, IB8, IP3, T1,	A9, IB8, IP2, IP4, N34,	IB8, IP3, T1, TP33	IB7, IP1, T6, TP33 IB8, IP3, T1, TP33	IB8, IP3, T1, TP33		188, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33 186, IP2, T3, TP33 186, IP2, T3, TP33	A19, N40	A19, IB4, IP1, N40	A19, IB7, IP2, T3, TP33	IB8, IP4, T1, TP33	A1, IB6, T1, TP33				A1	A1, A19
5.1	4.3		5.1	5.1	 	6.1	6.1		5.1	4.3,	4.3, 4.3,	4.3, 4.5	4.3, 4.	4.1				4.1	4.2
==	≡		=	=	==	-=	≡		===	_	-	=	=	=				=	≡
UN1512 UN1712	UN1435		UN2469	UN1513	UN2331	UN1713 UN1931	UN2855		UN1514 UN1515 UN1516	UN1714	UN1436			UN2714				UN2858	UN2009
6.1	4.3		5.1	5.1	∞ α	6.1	6.1			4.3	4.3			4.1				4.1	4.2
Zinc ammonium nitrite	or Zinc arsenate and zinc arsenite mixtures. Zinc ashes	Zinc bisulfite solution, see Bisulfites, aqueous solutions,	n.o.s Zinc bromate	Zinc chlorate	Zinc chloride, anhydrous	Znc cyanide Zinc hydro-	sulfte. Zinc ethyl, see Diethylzinc Zinc fluorosilicate	dithionite. Zinc muriate solution, see Zinc	cnloride, solution. Zinc nitrate	Zinc phosphide	Zinc powder or Zinc dust			Zinc resinate	Zinc selenate, see Selenates or Selenites.	selenate	Zinc silicofluoride, see Zinc fluorosilicate.	coiled wire	ished metal sheets, strip (thinner than 254 microns but not thinner than 18 microns). Zirconium, finished sheets,

§ 172.101

§172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE—Continued

(10)	vessel stowage		Other	(10B)			2E	28, 36				74				
	stow		tion	(10A)	 	:	10	۵	Ξ.		: 	ш		: : @ O		: 4
	mitations 3.27 and	75)	Cargo air- craft only	(BB)	50 kg	100 kg	Forbidden	15 kg		50 kg				Forbidden		100 kg
(6)	Quantity limitations (see \$\$ 173.27 and	175.	Passenger aircraft/rail	(9A)	15 kg	25 kg	Forbidden	1 kg	Forbidden	15 kg	25 kg	15 kg		Forbidden	5 L 60 L	25 kg
			Bulk	(8C)	240	240	None	None	242	241	241	241		240	242 242	240
(8)	Packaging	- - -	Non bulk	(8B)	212	213	62	211	211	212	213	212		213	202	213
	P, S	2	Excep- tions	(8A)	None	152	None	None	None	None	None	None		None	None	154
	Special provisions	(§ 172.102)		(2)	A19, A20, IB4, N34, T3,	A1, A29, IB8, IP3, T1, TP33	3	23, N41	T21, TP7, TP33	A19, A20, IB6, IP2, N5, N34, T3, TP33	IB8, IP3, T1, TP33	A19, A20, IB6, IP2, N34, T3, TP33		IB8, IP3, N34, T1, TP33	1B2 B1, 1B2	IB8, IP3, T1, TP33
	ade	Codes		(9)	4.1	5.1	1.3C	4.1	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.1		3	: : :: ::	 &
	(P D		(5)	=	=	=	_	-	=	=	=		= -	= =	=
	Identi-	fication		(4)	UN1437	UN2728	UN0236	UN1517	UN2008			UN1358		UN1932 UN1308		UN2503
	Hazard	class or Division		(3)	4.1	5.1	1.3C	4.1	4.2			4.1		4.2		80
	Hazardous materials descrip-	tions and proper shipping		(2)	Zirconium hydride	Zirconium nitrate	Zirconium picramate, dry or wetted with less than 20 per-	Zirconium picramate, wetted with not less than 20 percent water, by mass.	Zirconium powder, dry			Zirconium powder, wetted with not less than 25 percent water (a visible excess of	water must be present) (a) mechanically produced, par- ticle size less than 53 mi- crons; (b) chemically pro- duced, particle size less than	Zirconium scrap	-	Zirconium tetrachloride
	Ę,	bols		(1)												

APPENDIX A TO § 172.101—LIST OF HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES AND REPORTABLE QUANTITIES

- 1. This appendix lists materials and their corresponding reportable quantities (RQ's) that are listed or designated as "hazardous substances" under section 101(14) of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, 42 U.S.C. 9601(14) (CERCLA; 42 U.S.C. 9601 et seq). This listing fulfills the requirement of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. 9656(a), that all "hazardous substances," as defined in 42 U.S.C. 9601(14), be listed and regulated as hazardous materials under 49 U.S.C. 5101-5127. That definition includes substances listed under sections 311(b)(2)(A) and 307(a) of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, 33 U.S.C. 1321(b)(2)(A) and 1317(a), section 3001 of the Solid Waste Disposal Act, 42 U.S.C. 6921, and section 112 of the Clean Air Act, 42 U.S.C. 7412. In addition, this list contains materials that the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency has determined to be hazardous substances in accordance with section 102 of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. 9602. It should be noted that 42 U.S.C. 9656(b) provides that common and contract carriers may be held liable under laws other than CERCLA for the release of a hazardous substance as defined in that Act, during transportation that commenced before the effective date of the listing and regulating of that substance as a hazardous material under 49 U.S.C. 5101-5127.
- 2. This appendix is divided into two TABLES which are entitled "TABLE 1—HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES OTHER THAN RADIONUCLIDES" and "TABLE 2—RADIONUCLIDES." A material listed in this appendix is regulated as a hazardous material and a hazardous substance under this subchapter if it meets the definition of a hazardous substance in §171.8 of this subchapter.
- 3. The procedure for selecting a proper shipping name for a hazardous substance is set forth in §172.101(c).
- 4. Column 1 of TABLE 1, entitled "Hazardous substance", contains the names of those elements and compounds that are hazardous substances. Following the listing of elements and compounds is a listing of waste streams. These waste streams appear on the list in numerical sequence and are referenced by the appropriate "D", "F", or "K" numbers. Column 2 of TABLE 1, entitled "Reportable quantity (RQ)", contains the report-

- able quantity (RQ), in pounds and kilograms, for each hazardous substance listed in Column 1 of TABLE 1.
- 5. A series of notes is used throughout TABLE 1 and TABLE 2 to provide additional information concerning certain hazardous substances. These notes are explained at the end of each TABLE.
- 6. TABLE 2 lists radionuclides that are hazardous substances and their corresponding RQ's. The RQ's in table 2 for radionuclides are expressed in units of curies and terabecquerels, whereas those in table 1 are expressed in units of pounds and kilograms. If a material is listed in both table 1 and table 2, the lower RQ shall apply. Radionuclides are listed in alphabetical order. The RQ's for radionuclides are given in the radiological unit of measure of curie, abbreviated "Ci", followed, in parentheses, by an equivalent unit measured in terabecquerels, abbreviated "TBq".
- 7. For mixtures of radionuclides, the following requirements shall be used in determining if a package contains an RQ of a hazardous substance: (i) if the identity and quantity (in curies or terabecquerels) of each radionuclide in a mixture or solution is known, the ratio between the quantity per package (in curies or terabecquerels) and the RQ for the radionuclide must be determined for each radionuclide. A package contains an RQ of a hazardous substance when the sum of the ratios for the radionuclides in the mixture or solution is equal to or greater than one; (ii) if the identity of each radionuclide in a mixture or solution is known but the quantity per package (in curies terabecquerels) of one or more of the radionuclides is unknown, an RQ of a hazardous substance is present in a package when the total quantity (in curies or terabecquerels) of the mixture or solution is equal to or greater than the lowest RQ of any individual radionuclide in the mixture or solution; and (iii) if the identity of one or more radionuclides in a mixture or solution is unknown (or if the identity of a radionuclide by itself is unknown), an RQ of a hazardous substance is present when the total quantity (in curies or terabecquerels) in a package is equal to or greater than either one curie or the lowest RQ of any known individual radionuclide in the mixture or solution, whichever is lower.

TABLE 1 TO APPENDIX A—HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES OTHER THAN RADIONUCLIDES

Hazardous substance	Reportable quantity (RQ) pounds (kilograms)
A2213	5000 (2270)
Acenaphthene	100 (45.4)
Acenaphthylene	5000 (2270)
Acetaldehyde	1000 (454)
Acetaldehyde, chloro-	1000 (454)

Hazardous substance	Reportable quantity (Re pounds (kilograms
Acetaldehyde, trichloro	5000 (22
cetamide	100 (45
cetamide, N-(aminothioxomethyl)-	1000 (4
cetamide, N-(4-ethoxyphenyl)-	
cetamide, N-9H-fluoren-2-yl- cetamide, 2-fluoro-	1 (0.45
cetic acid	
cetic acid, (2,4-dichlorophenoxy)-, salts & esters	100 (45
cetic acid, ethyl ester	5000 (22)
cetic acid, fluoro-, sodium salt	
cetic acid, lead(2+) salt	
cetic acid, thallium(1+) salt	100 (45
cetic acid, (2,4,5-trichlorophenoxy)	1000 (4
cetic anhydride	
cetone	5000 (22
cetone cyanohydrin	10 (4.
cetonitrile	
cetophenone	
Acetylaminofluorene	1 (0.4
eetyl bromideetyl chloride	
Acetyl-2-thiourea	5000 (22 1000 (4
rolein	1 (0.4
rylamide	
crylic acid	
crýlonitrile	
dipic aciddipic acid	
dicarb	1 (0.4
dicarb sulfone	100 (45
drin	
lyl alcohol	
llyl chloride	1000 (4
luminum phosphide	,
luminum sulfate	
-Aminobiphenyl	1 (0.4
-(Aminomethyl)-3-isoxazolol -Aminopyridine	1000 (4 1000 (4
mitrole	
mmonia	100 (45
mmonium acetate	
mmonium benzoate	
mmonium bicarbonate	5000 (22
mmonium bichromate	10 (4.
mmonium bifluoride	100 (45
mmonium bisulfite	5000 (22
mmonium carbamate	5000 (22
mmonium carbonate	
mmonium chloride	5000 (22
mmonium chromate	10 (4.
mmonium citrate, dibasic	
mmonium dichromate @	,
mmonium fluoride	5000 (22
mmonium hydroxide	
mmonium oxalate	5000 (22
mmonium picrate	10 (4.
nmonium silicofluoride	
nmonium sulfamate	5000 (22
nmonium sulfide	100 (45
nmonium sulfite	5000 (22
mmonium tartrate	5000 (22
mmonium thiocyanate	5000 (22
mmonium vanadate	1000 (4
myl acetate	5000 (22
iso-Amyl acetate.	
sec-Amyl acetate.	
tert-Amyl acetate.	
niline	5000 (22)
-Anisidine	100 (45

TABLE 1 TO APPENDIX A—HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES OTHER THAN RADIONUCLIDES—Continued

Hazardous substance	Reporta quantity (pound (kilograr
Antimony ¢	
Antimony pentachloride	
Antimony potassium tartrate	
Antimony tribromide	
Antimony trichloride	
Antimony trifluoride	
Antimony trioxide	
Aroclor 1016	
Aroclor 1010	
rocior 1232	
Vrocior 1242	
Aroclor 1248	
Aroclor 1254	
Aroclor 1260	
Aroclors	
Arsenic ¢	
Arsenic acid H ₃ AsO ₄	1 (0
Arsenic disulfide	
Arsenic oxide As ₂ O ₃	
Arsenic oxide As ₂ O ₅	1 (0
Arsenic pentoxide	
Arsenic trichloride	
Arsenic trioxide	. (-
Arsenic trisulfide	
Arsine, diethyl-	
Arsinic acid, dimethyl	
Arsonous dichloride, phenyl	
Asbestos ¢¢	
Auramine	
Azasemie Aziridine	
Aziridine, 2-methyl-	
\text{\text{xirino}[2',3'\delta,4]pyrrolo[1,2-a]indole-4,7-dione,	
hexahydro-8a-methoxy-5-methyl-, [1aS-(1aalpha,8beta,8aalpha, 8balpha)]- Barban	10 (
hexahydro-8a-methoxy-5-methyl-, [1aS-(1aalpha,8beta,8aalpha, 8balpha)]- Sarban	10 (10 (10 (10 (
hexahydro-8a-methoxy-5-methyl-, [1aS-(1aalpha,8beta,8aalpha, 8balpha)]- barban Barium cyanide Bendiocarb Bendiocarb phenol	10 (10 (10 (100 (1000)
hexahydro-8a-methoxy-5-methyi-, [1aS-(1aalpha,8beta,8aalpha, 8balpha)]- 3arban 3arium cyanide 3endiocarb 6endiocarb phenol 3endiocarb phenol	10 (10 (10 (100 (1000 10 (
hexahydro-8a-methoxy-5-methyl-, [1aS-(1aalpha,8beta,8aalpha, 8balpha)]- Sarban Sarban Sarium cyanide Sendiocarb Sendiocarb phenol Senomyl Senzi[]aceanthrylene, 1,2-dihydro-3-methyl-	10 (10 (10 (100 (1000 1000 10 (
hexahydro-8a-methoxy-5-methyi-, [1aS-(1aalpha,8beta,8aalpha, 8balpha)]- 3arban 3arium cyanide 3endiocarb 6endiocarb phenol 3endiocarb phenol	10 (10 (10 (100 (1000) 10 (100 (100 (
hexahydro-8a-methoxy-5-methyl-, [1aS-(1aalpha,8beta,8aalpha, 8balpha)]- sarban Sarium cyanide Sendiocarb Sendiocarb phenol Senomyl Senzi]jaceanthrylene, 1,2-dihydro-3-methyl- Senzic]olacridine	10 (10 (10 (100 (1000 10 (100 (5000 (
hexahydro-8a-methoxy-5-methyl-, [1aS-(1aalpha,8beta,8aalpha, 8balpha)]- sarban Sarium cyanide Sendiocarb Sendiocarb phenol Senomyl Senz[j]aceanthrylene, 1,2-dihydro-3-methyl- Senz[]clacidine Senzal chloride	10 (10 (100 (1000 (1000 (1000 (1000 (5000 (5000 (
hexahydro-8a-methoxy-5-methyl-, [1aS-(1aalpha,8beta,8aalpha, 8balpha)]- aarban Barium cyanide Bendiocarb Bendiocarb bendiocarb Bendiologarb phenol Benzi]jaceanthrylene, 1,2-dihydro-3-methyl- Benzi]jaceanthrylene, 1,2-dihydro-3-methyl- Benzi] Benzi] Benzi chloride Benzal chloride Benzal chloride Benzanide, 3,5-dichloro-N-(1,1-dimethyl-2-propynyl)- Benzi anthracene 2-Benzanthracene	10 (10 (10 (100 (1000 (1000 (100 (5000 (5000 (10 (10 (
hexahydro-8a-methoxy-5-methyl-, [1aS-(1aalpha,8beta,8aalpha, 8balpha)]- Sarban Sarban Sarban Sarium cyanide Sendiocarb Sendiocarb phenol Senomyl Senz[j]aceanthrylene, 1,2-dihydro-3-methyl- Senz[c]acridine Senzal chloride Senzal chloride Senzal chloride Senzamide, 3,5-dichloro-N-(1,1-dimethyl-2-propynyl)- Senz[a]anthracene 2-Benzanthracene Senzanthracene, 7,12-dimethyl-	10 (10 (10 (100 (1000) 10 (100 (5000) (5000) (10 (10 (10 (10 (10 (10 (10 (10
hexahydro-8a-methoxy-5-methyl-, [1aS-(1aalpha,8beta,8aalpha, 8balpha)]- Sarban Sarban Sarban Sarban Sendiocarb Sendiocarb phenol Senomyl Senz[j]aceanthrylene, 1,2-dihydro-3-methyl- Senz[c]acridine Senzanide, 3,5-dichloro-N-(1,1-dimethyl-2-propynyl)- Senz[a]anthracene ,2-Benzanthracene ,2-Benzanthracene Senz[a]anthracene, 7,12-dimethyl- Senzenamine	10 (100 (100 (100 (1000 (100 (100 (5000 (5000 (10 (10 (5000 (10 (5000 (10 (5000 (
hexahydro-8a-methoxy-5-methyl-, [1aS-(1aalpha,8beta,8aalpha, 8balpha)]- 3arban	10 (10 (10 (10 (10 (10 (10 (10 (10 (10 (
hexahydro-8a-methoxy-5-methyl-, [1aS-(1aalpha,8beta,8aalpha, 8balpha)]- Barban Barban Bardin cyanide Bendiocarb phenol Bendiocarb phenol Benz[j]aceanthrylene, 1,2-dihydro-3-methyl- Benz[c]acridine Benzal chloride Benzamide, 3,5-dichloro-N-(1,1-dimethyl-2-propynyl)- Benz[a]anthracene Benz[a]anthracene Benz[a]anthracene, 7,12-dimethyl-Benzenamine, 4,4'-carbonimidoylbis (N,N dimethyl-Benzenamine, 4-chloro-	10 (1 100) 10 (1 100) 10 (1 100) 10 (1 100) 10 (1 100) 10 (1 100) 10 (1 100) 10 (1 100) 10 (1 100) 10 (1 100) 10 (1 100) 10 (1 100) 10 (1 100) 10 (1 100)
hexahydro-8a-methoxy-5-methyl-, [1aS-(1aalpha,8beta,8aalpha, 8balpha)]- Barban Barban Bendiocarb Bendiocarb phenol Benomyl Benz[]]acceanthrylene, 1,2-dihydro-3-methyl- Benz[]]acceanthrylene, 1,2-dihydro-3-methyl- Benz[]acridine Benzanide, 3,5-dichloro-N-(1,1-dimethyl-2-propynyl)- Benz[a]anthracene 2,2-Benzanthracene 2,2-Benzanthracene, 7,12-dimethyl- Benzenamine, 4,4'-carbonimidoylbis (N,N dimethyl- Benzenamine, 4,4'-carbonimidoylbis (N,N dimethyl- Benzenamine, 4-chloro-2-methyl-, hydrochloride	10 (10 (10 (1000) 10 (1000) 10 (1000) 5000 (5000) 10 (1000) 1000 1000 1000
hexahydro-8a-methoxy-5-methyl-, [1aS-(1aalpha,8beta,8aalpha, 8balpha)]- 3arban	10 (10 (10 (10 (10 (10 (10 (10 (10 (10 (
hexahydro-8a-methoxy-5-methyl-, [1aS-(1aalpha,8beta,8aalpha, 8balpha)]- Barban Barban Bardin cyanide Bendiocarb phenol Bendiocarb phenol Benz[j]aceanthrylene, 1,2-dihydro-3-methyl- Benz[c]acridine Benzal chloride Benzamide, 3,5-dichloro-N-(1,1-dimethyl-2-propynyl)- Benz[a]anthracene Benz[a]anthracene Benz[a]anthracene, 7,12-dimethyl- Benzenamine, 4-derbonimidoylbis (N,N dimethyl- Benzenamine, 4-chloro-2-methyl-, hydrochloride Benzenamine, 4-chloro-2-methyl-, hydrochloride Benzenamine, N,N-dimethyl-4-(phenylazo)- Benzenamine, 2-methyl-	10 (10 (1000) 1000 (1000) 10 (1000) 10 (1000) 10 (1000) 10 (1000) 1000 (1000) 1000 (1000)
hexahydro-8a-methoxy-5-methyl-, [1aS-(1aalpha,8beta,8aalpha, 8balpha)]- Barban Barban Bendiocarb Bendiocarb phenol Benomyl Benz[]]aceanthrylene, 1,2-dihydro-3-methyl- Benz[]]acidine Benzanide, 3,5-dichloro-N-(1,1-dimethyl-2-propynyl)- Benz[a]anthracene 2,2-Benzanthracene 2,2-Benzanthracene, 7,12-dimethyl- Benz[a]anthracene, 7,12-dimethyl- Benzenamine, 4,4'-carbonimidoylbis (N,N dimethyl- Benzenamine, 4-chloro- Benzenamine, 4-chloro- Benzenamine, 4-chloro-2-methyl-, hydrochloride Benzenamine, N,N-dimethyl-4-(phenylazo)- Benzenamine, 2-methyl- Benzenamine, 2-methyl-	10 (10 (10 (1000) 10 (1000) 10 (1000) 5000 (5000) 10 (1000) 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000
hexahydro-8a-methoxy-5-methyl-, [1aS-(1aalpha,8beta,8aalpha, 8balpha)]- 3arban	10 (100 (100 (100 (100 (100 (100 (100 (
hexahydro-8a-methoxy-5-methyl-, [1aS-(1aalpha,8beta,8aalpha, 8balpha)]- Barban Barban Bardin cyanide Bendiocarb phenol Bendiocarb phenol Benz[j]aceanthrylene, 1,2-dihydro-3-methyl- Benz[c]acridine Benzal chloride Benzal chloride Benzamide, 3,5-dichloro-N-(1,1-dimethyl-2-propynyl)- Benz[a]anthracene Benz[a]anthracene Benz[a]anthracene, 7,12-dimethyl- Benzenamine Benzenamine, 4,4'-carbonimidoylbis (N,N dimethyl- Benzenamine, 4-chloro-2-methyl-, hydrochloride Benzenamine, 4-chloro-2-methyl-, hydrochloride Benzenamine, 4-methyl- Benzenamine, 4-methyl- Benzenamine, 4,4'-methyl-benzensie, 2-methyl- Benzenamine, 4,4'-methyl-benzensie, 2-methyl- Benzenamine, 4,4'-methyl-benzensie, 2-methyl- Benzenamine, 2-methy	10 (1000) 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 100
hexahydro-8a-methoxy-5-methyl-, [1aS-(1aalpha,8beta,8aalpha, 8balpha)]- Barban Barban Bendiocarb Bendiocarb phenol Benomyl Benz[]]aceanthrylene, 1,2-dihydro-3-methyl- Benz[]]aceanthrylene, 1,2-dihydro-3-methyl- Benz[aclaridine Benzanide, 3,5-dichloro-N-(1,1-dimethyl-2-propynyl)- Benz[alanthracene 2-Benzanthracene 2-Benzanthracene, 7,12-dimethyl- Benzenamine, 4,4'-carbonimidoylbis (N,N dimethyl- Benzenamine, 4-chloro- Benzenamine, 4-chloro- Benzenamine, 4-chloro-2-methyl-, hydrochloride Benzenamine, 2-methyl- Benzenamine, 4-methyl- Benzenamine, 4-methyl- Benzenamine, 4,4'rmethylenebis[2-chloro- Benzenamine, 4,2-methyl-, hydrochloride Benzenamine, 2-methyl-, hydrochloride Benzenamine, 2-methyl-, hydrochloride	10 (10 (10 (1000) 10 (1000) 10 (1000) 5000 (5000) (10 (10 (1000) 1000) 100 (1000) 100 (1000) 100 (1000) 100 (1000)
hexahydro-8a-methoxy-5-methyl-, [1aS-(1aalpha,8beta,8aalpha, 8balpha)]- aarban Barium cyanide Bendiocarb Bendiocarb Bendiocarb Bendiocarb Benzomyl Benz[jaceanthrylene, 1,2-dihydro-3-methyl- Benz[al chloride Benzal chloride Benzal chloride Benzal anthracene 2-Benzalnthracene 2-Benzalnthracene 3-Benzalnthracene 3-Benzenamine, 4-4'-carbonimidoylbis (N,N dimethyl- Benzenamine, 4-chloro- Benzenamine, 4-chloro- Benzenamine, 4-chloro- Benzenamine, 2-methyl- Benzenamine, 2-methyl- Benzenamine, 4-methyl- Benzenamine, 4-methyl- Benzenamine, 2-methyl- Benzenamine, 2-methyl-5-nitro- Benzenamine, 2-methyl-5-nitro-	10 (10 (1000) 10 (1000) 10 (1000) 10 (1000) 5000 (5000) 10 (1000) 1000 1000 (1000) 1000 (1000) 1000 (1000) 1000 (1000) 1000 (1000) 1000 (1000) 1000 (1000)
hexahydro-8a-methoxy-5-methyl-, [1aS-(1aalpha,8beta,8aalpha, 8balpha)]- Barban Barban Bendiocarb phenol Bendiocarb phenol Benomyl Benz[j]aceanthrylene, 1,2-dihydro-3-methyl- Benz[c]acridine Benzal chloride Benzamide, 3,5-dichloro-N-(1,1-dimethyl-2-propynyl)- Benz[a]anthracene Benz[a]anthracene Benz[a]anthracene, 7,12-dimethyl- Benzenamine Benzenamine, 4,4'-carbonimidoylbis (N,N dimethyl- Benzenamine, 4-chloro-2-methyl-, hydrochloride Benzenamine, 4-chloro-2-methyl-4-(phenylazo)- Benzenamine, 4-methyl- Benzenamine, 4,4'-methyl-benzenamine, 4,4'-methyl-benzenamine, 4,4'-methyl-benzenamine, 4,4'-methyl-benzenamine, 2-methyl- Benzenamine, 2-methyl- Benzenamine, 2-methyl- Benzenamine, 2-methyl- Benzenamine, 2-methyl-, hydrochloride Benzenamine, 2-methyl-, hydrochloride Benzenamine, 2-methyl-, hydrochloride Benzenamine, 2-methyl-, 5-nitro- Benzenamine, 4-nitro- Benzenamine, 4-nitro-	10 (1 100
hexahydro-8a-methoxy-5-methyl-, [1aS-(1aalpha,8beta,8aalpha, 8balpha)]- aarban Barium cyanide Bendiocarb Bendiocarb Bendiocarb Bendiocarb Benzomyl Benz[jaceanthrylene, 1,2-dihydro-3-methyl- Benz[al chloride Benzal chloride Benzal chloride Benzal anthracene 2-Benzalnthracene 2-Benzalnthracene 3-Benzalnthracene 3-Benzenamine, 4-4'-carbonimidoylbis (N,N dimethyl- Benzenamine, 4-chloro- Benzenamine, 4-chloro- Benzenamine, 4-chloro- Benzenamine, 2-methyl- Benzenamine, 2-methyl- Benzenamine, 4-methyl- Benzenamine, 4-methyl- Benzenamine, 2-methyl- Benzenamine, 2-methyl-5-nitro- Benzenamine, 2-methyl-5-nitro-	10 (10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1
hexahydro-8a-methoxy-5-methyl-, [1aS-(1aalpha,8beta,8aalpha, 8balpha)]- Barban Barban Bendiocarb Bendiocarb phenol Benomyl Benz[j]aceanthrylene, 1,2-dihydro-3-methyl- Benz[c]acridine Benzal chloride Benzamide, 3,5-dichloro-N-(1,1-dimethyl-2-propynyl)- Benz[a]anthracene Benzanthracene Benzanthracene, 7,12-dimethyl- Benzenamine, 4,4'-carbonimidoylbis (N,N dimethyl- Benzenamine, 4-chloro- Benzenamine, 4-chloro- Benzenamine, 4-chloro-2-methyl-, hydrochloride Benzenamine, 2-methyl- Benzenamine, 4-methyl- Benzenamine, 4-methyl- Benzenamine, 4-methyl- Benzenamine, 4-methyl- Benzenamine, 2-methyl-, hydrochloride Benzenamine, 2-methyl-, hydrochloride Benzenamine, 2-methyl-, hydrochloride Benzenamine, 2-methyl-, hydrochloride Benzenamine, 2-methyl5-nitro- Benzenamine, 2-methyl-5-nitro- Benzenamine, 2-methyl-5-nitro- Benzenamine, 4-nitro- Benzenamine, 4-nitro- Benzenamine, 4-nitro- Benzenamine, 4-nitro- Benzenaedetic acid, 4-chloro-α-(4-chlorophenyl)-α-hydroxy-, ethyl ester	10 (1 10 (1))))))))))
hexahydro-8a-methoxy-5-methyl-, [1aS-(1aalpha,8beta,8aalpha, 8balpha)]- darban darban darium cyanide dendiocarb phenol dendiocarb phenol denomyl denz[j]aceanthrylene, 1,2-dihydro-3-methyl- denz[c]acridine denzal chloride denzamide, 3,5-dichloro-N-(1,1-dimethyl-2-propynyl)- denz[a]anthracene denz[a]anthracene denz[a]anthracene, 7,12-dimethyl- denzenamine denzenamine, 4,4'-carbonimidoylbis (N,N dimethyl- denzenamine, 4-chloro-2-methyl-, hydrochloride denzenamine, N,N-dimethyl-4-(phenylazo)- denzenamine, 2-methyl- denzenamine, 4,4'-methylenebis[2-chloro- denzenamine, 4,4'-methylenebis[2-chloro- denzenamine, 2-methyl-, hydrochloride denzeneacetic acid, 4-chloro-α-(4-chlorophenyl)-α-hydroxy-, ethyl ester denzeneacetic acid, 4-(bloro-α-(4-chlorophenyl)-α-hydroxy-, ethyl ester denzeneacetic acid, 4-[bloro-α-(4-chlorophenyl)-α-hydroxy-, ethyl ester	10 (1000 1000 1000 (1000
hexahydro-8a-methoxy-5-methyl-, [1aS-(1aalpha,8beta,8aalpha, 8balpha)]- abroban Barium cyanide Bendiocarb Bendiocarb Bendiocarb Bendiocarb Bendiocarb Benz[]jaceanthrylene, 1,2-dihydro-3-methyl- Benz[]jaceanthrylene, 1,2-dihydro-3-methyl- Benz[alpaceanthrylene, 1,2-dihydro-3-methyl- Benz[alpaceanthrylene, 1,2-dihydro-3-methyl- Benzal chloride Benzamide, 3,5-dichloro-N-(1,1-dimethyl-2-propynyl)- Benzamide, 3,5-dichloro-N-(1,1-dimethyl-2-propynyl)- Benzenamide, 2,5-Benzanthracene Benz[a]anthracene, 7,12-dimethyl- Benzenamine, 4,4'-carbonimidoylbis (N,N dimethyl- Benzenamine, 4-chloro-2-methyl-, hydrochloride Benzenamine, 4-chloro-2-methyl-, hydrochloride Benzenamine, 2-methyl- Benzenamine, 4,4'-methylenebis[2-chloro- Benzenamine, 4,4'-methylenebis[2-chloro- Benzenamine, 2-methyl-, hydrochloride Benzenamine, 2-methyl-, hydrochloride Benzenamine, 2-methyl-, hydrochloride Benzenamine, 2-methyl-5-nitro- Benzene Benzenamine, 4-nitro- Benzeneacetic acid, 4-chloro-α-(4-chlorophenyl)-α-hydroxy-, ethyl ester	10 (10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1
hexahydro-8a-methoxy-5-methyl-, [1aS-(1aalpha,8beta,8aalpha, 8balpha)]- Barban Barban Bendiocarb Bendiocarb phenol Benomyl Benz[j]aceanthrylene, 1,2-dihydro-3-methyl- Benz[c]acridine Benzanide, 3,5-dichloro-N-(1,1-dimethyl-2-propynyl)- Benz[alanthracene Benzanthracene Benzanthracene Benz[alanthracene, 7,12-dimethyl- Benzenamine Benzenamine, 4,4'-carbonimidoylbis (N,N dimethyl- Benzenamine, 4-chloro-2-methyl-, hydrochloride Benzenamine, 4-methyl- Benzenamine, 2-methyl- Benzenamine, 4-methyl- Benzenamine, 4-methyl- Benzenamine, 4-methyl- Benzenamine, 2-methyl-, hydrochloride Benzenamine, all hy	10 (100 (100 (100 (100 (100 (100 (100 (
hexahydro-8a-methoxy-5-methyl-, [1aS-(1aalpha,8beta,8aalpha, 8balpha)]- Barban Barban Bendiocarb Bendiocarb phenol Benomyl Benz[j]aceanthrylene, 1,2-dihydro-3-methyl- Benz[c]acridine Benzal chloride Benzanthracene Benzanthracene Benzanthracene, 7,12-dimethyl-2-propynyl)- Benz[a]anthracene, 7,12-dimethyl- Benzenamine Benzenamine, 4-chloro-2-methyl-, hydrochloride Benzenamine, 4-chloro-2-methyl-, hydrochloride Benzenamine, 4-methyl- Benzenamine, 4-methyl- Benzenamine, 4-methyl- Benzenamine, 2-methyl-, hydrochloride Benzenamine, 2-methyl-, hydrochloride Benzenamine, 2-methyl- Benzenamine, 2-methyl- Benzenamine, 2-methyl-, hydrochloride Benzene, (horo-methyl)-, hydrocy-, ethyl ester Benzene, (chloromethyl)-, Benzenedicarboxylic acid, bis(2-ethylhexyl) ester	10 (10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1
hexahydro-8a-methoxy-5-methyl-, [1aS-(1aalpha,8beta,8aalpha, 8balpha)]- darban darium cyanide dendiocarb dendiocarb dendiocarb dendiocarb dendiocarb denomyl denz[j]aceanthrylene, 1,2-dihydro-3-methyl- denz[c]acridine denzal chloride denzal chloride denzamide, 3,5-dichloro-N-(1,1-dimethyl-2-propynyl)- denz[a]anthracene ,2-Benzanthracene denz[a]anthracene, 7,12-dimethyl- denzenamine, 4,4'-carbonimidoylbis (N,N dimethyl- denzenamine, 4-chloro- denzenamine, 4-chloro- denzenamine, 4-chloro- denzenamine, 2-methyl- denzenamine, 2-methyl-b-nitro- denzenamine, 2-methyl-b-nitro- denzene denzeneamine, 4-nitro denzene denzene, chloro- denzenediamine, ar-methyl- ,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, bis(2-ethylhexyl) ester ,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, bis(2-ethylhexyl) ester ,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, bis(2-ethylhexyl) ester	10 (1 100) 100 (1 100)
hexahydro-8a-methoxy-5-methyl-, [1aS-(1aalpha,8beta,8aalpha, 8balpha)]- Barban Barban Bendiocarb Bendiocarb phenol Benomyl Benz[j]aceanthrylene, 1,2-dihydro-3-methyl- Benz[c]acridine Benzal chloride Benzanthracene Benzanthracene Benzanthracene, 7,12-dimethyl-2-propynyl)- Benz[a]anthracene, 7,12-dimethyl- Benzenamine Benzenamine, 4-chloro-2-methyl-, hydrochloride Benzenamine, 4-chloro-2-methyl-, hydrochloride Benzenamine, 4-methyl- Benzenamine, 4-methyl- Benzenamine, 4-methyl- Benzenamine, 2-methyl-, hydrochloride Benzenamine, 2-methyl-, hydrochloride Benzenamine, 2-methyl- Benzenamine, 2-methyl- Benzenamine, 2-methyl-, hydrochloride Benzene, (horo-methyl)-, hydrocy-, ethyl ester Benzene, (chloromethyl)-, Benzenedicarboxylic acid, bis(2-ethylhexyl) ester	10 (1 100

Internation 1.3-dichloro- 100	Hazardous substance	Reportab quantity (F pounds (kilogram
Internation 1.4-dichloro-	Benzene, 1,2-dichloro	100 (4
Incarene, 1,1-(2,2-dichioroethylidene) bis(4-chloro-ienzene, (al-iotromethyl) 5000 (a incarene, 1,3-diisocyanatomethyl-ienzene, 1,3-diisocyanatomethyl-ienzene, 1,3-diisocyanatomethyl-ienzene, la-diisocyanatomethyl-ienzene, la-diisocyanatomethyl-ienzene, la-diisocyanatomethyl-ienzene, la-diisocyanatomethyl-ienzene, la-diisocyanatomethyl-ienzene, lexacholro-ienzene, hexacholro-ienzene, hexacholro-ienzene, hexacholro-ienzene, hexacholro-ienzene, hexacholro-ienzene, hexacholro-ienzene, la-diisocyanatomethyl-ienzene, l-methyl-2-d-dinitro-ienzene, l-methyl-2-d-dinitro-ienzene, l-methyl-3-dinitro-ienzene, l-methyl		100 (4
International Content		100 (4
Internation 1,3-discocyanatomethyl- 100		1 (0.4
100 2-Benzendiol.4-[1-hydroxy-2-(methylamino) ethyl]- 5000 (2-Benzenediol.4-[1-hydroxy-2-(methylamino) ethyl]- 5000 (2-Benzenediol.4-[1-hydroxy-2-(methylamino) ethyl]- 5000 (2-Benzenediol.4-[1-hydroxy-2-(methylamino) ethyl]- 5000 (2-Benzenediol.4-[1-hydroxy-2-(methyl-1-3-dintro- 1000 (2-Benzene, hexachloro- 1000 (2-Benzene, hexachloro- 1000 (2-Benzene, hexachloro- 1000 (2-Benzene, hexachloro- 1000 (2-Benzene, ethyl-1-3-dintro- 1000 (2-Benzene, 1-methyl-1-3-dintro- 1000 (2-Benzene, 1-methyl-1-3-dintro- 1000 (2-Benzene, 1-methylethyl)- 5000 (3-Benzene, 1-methylethyl)- 5000 (3-Benzene, 1-methylethyl)- 5000 (3-Benzene, 1-methylethyl)- 5000 (3-Benzene, 1-methylethyl-1- 5000 (3-Benzene, 1-methyl-1- 5000 (3-Benzene, 1-methylethyl-1- 5000 (3-Benzene, 1-methyl-1- 5000 (3-Benzene, 1-methylethyl-1- 5000 (3-Benzene, 1-methylethyl-1- 5000 (3-Benzene, 1-methyl-1- 5000 (3-Benzene, 1		
3-Benzenediol		
2-Benzenediol.4- 1-hydroxy.2-(methylamino) ethyl)-		
International Content 100		
International Content Inte		
Internation		
Internation		
Jenzene 1-methyl-2,4-dinitro		
Internation 2-methyl-1-3-dinitro-		
Internative		
Internation		
Internation		1000 (4
International Control Contro		10 (4
International cacid chloride 100 (100 (4
International Content Inte		100 (4
Internation 1,2,4,5-tetrachloro- 100	enzenesulfonyl chloride	100 (4
Internation 100	Senzene, 1, 2, 4, 5-tetrachloro-	5000 (22
Internate 1,1"-(2,2,2-trichloroethylidene) bis(4-methoxy-lenzene, 1,1"-(2,2,2-trichloroethylidene) bis(4-methoxy-lenzene, (trichloromethyl) 10 (lenzene, (trichloromethyl) 10 (lenzene, (trichloromethyl) 10 (lenzene, 1,3,5-trinitro-lenzidine 10 (lenzidine 10		100 (4
Inception 1,1*(2,2,2-trichloroethylidene) bis[4-methoxy-lenzene, (trichloromethyl)- Inception I		1 (0.4
Internation 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	Benzene, 1, 1'-(2, 2, 2-trichloroethylidene) bis[4-methoxy	1 (0.4
1	Benzene, (trichloromethyl)-	10 (4
Internation	Benzene, 1,3,5-trinitro-	10 (4
3-Benzodioxole, 5-(1-propenyl)-1 100 (Benzidine	1 (0.4
3-Benzodioxole, 5-(2-propenyl)- 100 (3-Benzodioxole, 5-propyl- 100 (3-Benzodioxole, 5-propyl- 100 (3-Benzodioxol-4-ol, 2,2-dimethyl- 1000 (3-Benzodioxol-4-ol, 2,2-dimethyl- 1000 (3-Benzodioxol-4-ol, 2,2-dimethyl- 100 (3-Benzodioxol-4-ol, 2,2-dimethyl- 100 (3-Benzoluranthene 100 (3-Benzoluranthene 100 (3-Benzoluranthene 100 (3-Benzolurand), 2,3-dihydro-2,2-dimethyl- 100 (3-Benzolurand), 2,3-dihydro-2,3-(3-oxo-1-phenylbutyl)-, & salts 100 (3-Benzolurand), 2,3-dihydro-2,3-dihydr	Benzo[a]anthracene	10 (4
3-Benzodioxole, 5-propy -		100 (4
3-Benzodioxol-4-ol, 2,2-dimethyl- 1000 10		100 (4
3-Benzodioxol-4-ol, 2,2-dimethyl-, methyl carbamate 100 (10 (4
1 (0 5000 (2		1000 (4
Senzo(k)fluoranthene		100 (4
-Benzofuranol, 2,3-dihydro-2,2-dimethylBenzofuranol, 2,3-dihydro-2,2-dimethyl-, methylcarbamate -Benzofuranol, 2,3-dihydro-2,3-dihydro-1,3a,8-trimethylpyrrolo [2,3-b]ninol-5-yl -Benzofuranol, 2,3-dihydro-2-yl -Bonzofuranol, 2,3-dihydro-2,3-dihydro-1,3a,8-trimethylpyrrolo [2,3-b]ninol-5-yl -Benzofuranol, 2,3-dihydro-2,3-dihydro-1,3a,8-trimethylpyrrolo [2,3-b]ninol-5-yl -Benzofuranol, 2,3-dihydro-2,3-dihydro-1,3a,8-trimethylpyrrolo [2,3-b]ninol-5-yl -Benzofuranol, 2,3-dihydro-2,3-dihydro-1,3a,8-trimethylpyrrolo [2,3-b]ninol-5-yl -Benzofuranol, 2,3-dihydro-3,3-dihydro-3,4-diamine, 3,3-dihydro-3,4-diamine, 3,3-dihydro-3,4-diamine, 3,3-dihydro-3,4-diamine, 3,3-dimethyl-3,4-diamine,		1 (0.4
-Benzofuranol, 2,3-dihýdro-2,2-dimethýl-, methylcarbamate lenzoic acid clacid, 2-hydroxy-, compd. with (3aS-cis)-1,2,3,3a,8,8a-hexahydro-1,3a,8-trimethylpyrrolo [2,3-b]indol-5-yl methylcarbamate ester (1:1) methylcarbamate ester (1:1) lenzolitrile lenzo[ghi]pentphene lenzo[ghi]perylene lenzolghi]perylene lenzoquinone lenzoquinone lenzoquinone lenzoyl chloride lenzoyl chloride lenzoyl chloride lenzoll chioride lenzyllium fluoride leryllium fluoride leryllium powder ¢ lopha-BHC letta-BHC log-lipha-gh-4,4'-diamine, 3,3'-dichloro- l,1'-Biphenyl]-4,4'-diamine, 3,3'-dimethoxy- l,1'-Biphenyl]-4,4'-diamine,		5000 (22
Senzoic acid Senzoic acid Senzoic acid, 2-hydroxy-, compd. with (3aS-cis)-1,2,3,3a,8,8a-hexahydro-1,3a,8-trimethylpyrrolo [2,3-b]indol-5-yl methylcarbamate ester (1:1) 100 (10 (4
Benzoic acid, 2-hydroxy-, compd. with (3aS-cis)-1,2,3,3a,8,8a-hexahydro-1,3a,8-trimethylpyrrolo [2,3-b]indol-5-yl methylcarbamate ester (1:1)		
methylcarbamate ester (1:1) 100 (Senzonitrile 5000 (2 benzo[sti]pentaphene 5000 (2 benzo[ghi]perylene 5000 (2 H-1-Benzopyran-2-one, 4-hydroxy-3-(3-oxo-1-phenylbutyl)-, & salts 100 (benzoqla/pyrene 1 (0 .4-Benzopyrene 1 (0 Benzoquinone 10 (benzoyl chloride 100 (benzoyl chloride 1000 benzylichloride 100 (beryllium chloride 10 (beryllium fluoride 1 (beryllium pweder ø 10 (<td></td> <td>5000 (22</td>		5000 (22
Senzolitrile 5000 (2		100 (4
Denzo[rst]pentaphene		
Senzo[phi]perylene		
H-1-Benzopyran-2-one, 4-hydroxy-3-(3-oxo-1-phenylbutyl)-, & salts 100 (A-Benzoquipne 1 (0 (A-Benzoquinone 10 (Benzoquinone 10 (Benzoquinone 10 (Benzoyl chloride 100 (Beryllium # (Beryllium of (Beryllium of (Beryllium of (Beryllium nitoride 1 (0 (Beryllium nitrate 1 (0 (Beryllium powder # (Bery		
Senzo[a]pyrene		
1 (0 Benzoquinone		
Denzoquinone		
Senzotrichloride		
Serzeya Chloride 1000		10 (4
Senzyl chloride		1000 (4
Beryllium q 10 (beryllium chloride 1 (0 beryllium fluoride 1 (0 beryllium nitrate 1 (0 beryllium powder g 10 (loha BHC 10 (eta-BHC 1 (0 eta-BHC 1 (0 amma-BHC 1 (0 ,2'-Bioxirane 10 (biphenyl 100 (1,1'-Biphenyl-4,4'-diamine 1 (0 1,1'-Biphenyl-4,4'-diamine,3,3'-dichloro- 1 (0 1,1'-Biphenyl-4,4'-diamine,3,3'-dimethoxy- 10 (1,1'-Biphenyl-4,4'-diamine,3,3'-dimethoxy- 100 (1,1'-Biphenyl-4,4'-diamine,3,3'-dimethoxy- 10 (100 (4
Deryllium chloride		10 (4
keryllium fluoride 1 (0 keryllium nitrate 1 (0 keryllium powder e 10 (lpha-BHC 10 (eeta-BHC 1 (0 amma-BHC 1 (0 _2'-Bioxirane 10 (liphenyl 10 (1,1'-Biphenyl]-4,4'-diamine 1 (0 1,1'-Biphenyl]-4,4'-diamine,3,3'-dichloro- 1 (0 1,1'-Biphenyl]-4,4'-diamine,3,3'-dimethoxy- 100 (1,1'-Biphenyl]-4,4'-diamine,3,3'-dimethoxy- 10 (1 (0.4
Beryllium nitrate		1 (0.4
Beryllium powder ¢ 10 (Ipha-BHC 10 (eta-BHC 10 (elta-BHC 1 (0 amma-BHC 1 (0 2'-Bioxirane 10 (biphenyl 100 (1,1'-Biphenyl]-4,4'-diamine 1 (0 1,1'-Biphenyl]-4,4'-diamine,3,3'-dichloro- 1 (0 1,1'-Biphenyl]-4,4'-diamine,3,3'-dimethoxy- 100 (1,1'-Biphenyl]-4,4'-diamine,3,3'-dimethoxy- 100 (1,1'-Biphenyl]-4,4'-diamine,3,3'-dimethoxy- 100 (1,1'-Biphenyl]-4,4'-diamine,3,3'-dimethoxy- 10 (1,1'-Biphenyl]-4,4'-diamine,3,3'-dimethoxy- 100 (1,1'-Biphenyl]-4,4'-diamine,3,3'-dimethoxy- 10 (1 (0.4
[pĥa_BHĈ 10 (10 (4
eta-BHC 1 (0 etla-BHC 1 (0 amma-BHC 1 (0 ,2'-Bioxirane 10 (iphenyl 100 (1,1'-Biphenyl]-4,4'-diamine 1 (0 1,1'-Biphenyl]-4,4'-diamine,3,3'-dichloro- 1 (0 1,1'-Biphenyl]-4,4'-diamine,3,3'-dimethoxy- 100 (1,1'-Biphenyl]-4,4'-diamine,3,3'-dimethoxy- 100 (is(2-chloroethoxy) methane 1000 is(2-chloroethyl) ether 10 (10 (4
ella-BHC 1 (0 amma-BHC 1 (0 2'-Bioxirane 10 (liphenyl 100 (1,1'-Biphenyl]-4,4'-diamine 1 (0 1,1'-Biphenyl]-4,4'-diamine,3,3'-dichloro- 1 (0 1,1'-Biphenyl]-4,4'-diamine,3,3'-dimethoxy- 100 (1,1'-Biphenyl]-4,4'-diamine,3,3'-dimethoxy- 10 (is(2-chloroethoxy) methane 1000 is(2-chloroethyl) ether 10 (1 (0.4
amma-BHC 1 (0 2/-Bioxirane 10 (iphenyl 100 (.1'-Biphenyl]-4,4'-diamine 1 (0 .1'-Biphenyl]-4,4'-diamine,3,3'-dichloro- 1 (0 .1'-Biphenyl]-4,4'-diamine,3,3'-dimethoxy- 100 (.1'-Biphenyl]-4,4'-diamine,3,3'-dimethoxy- 10 (is(2-chloroethoxy) methane 1000 is(2-chloroethyl) ether 10 (elta-BHC	1 (0.4
iphenyl 100 (,1'-Biphenyl]-4,4'-diamine 1 (0 ,1'-Biphenyl]-4,4'-diamine,3,3'-dichloro- 1 (0 ,1'-Biphenyl]-4,4'-diamine,3,3'-dimethoxy- 100 (,1'-Biphenyl]-4,4'-diamine,3,3'-dimethyl- 10 (sig2-chloroethoxy) methane 1000 sig2-chloroethyl) ether 10 (amma-BHC	1 (0.4
,1'-Biphenyl]-4,4'-diamine 1 (0 ,1'-Biphenyl]-4,4'-diamine,3,3'-dichloro- 1 (0 ,1'-Biphenyl]-4,4'-diamine,3,3'-dimethoxy- 100 (,1'-Biphenyl]-4,4'-diamine,3,3'-dimethyl- 10 (is(2-chloroethoxy) methane 1000 is(2-chloroethyl) ether 10 (10 (4
1.1'-Biphenyl]-4,4'-diamine,3,3'-dichloro- 1 (0 1,1'-Biphenyl]-4,4'-diamine,3,3'-dimethoxy- 100 (1,1'-Biphenyl]-4,4'-diamine,3,3'-dimethyl- 10 (is(2-chloroethoxy) methane 1000 is(2-chloroethyl) ether 10 (100 (4
1,1'-Biphenyl]-4,4'-diamine,3,3'-dimethoxy- 100 (1,1'-Biphenyl]-4,4'-diamine,3,3'-dimethyl- 10 (sic(2-chloroethoxy) methane 1000 sic(2-chloroethyl) ether 10 (I,1'-Biphenyl]-4,4'-diamine	1 (0.4
1,1'-Biphenyl]-4,4'-diamine,3,3'-dimethyl- 10 (bis(2-chloroethoxy) methane 1000 bis(2-chloroethyl) ether 10 (1,1'-Biphenyl]-4,4'-diamine,3,3'-dichloro	1 (0.4
bis(2-chloroethoxy) methane 1000 bis(2-chloroethyl) ether 10 (1,1'-Biphenyl]-4,4'-diamine,3,3'-dimethoxy-	100 (4
Bis(2-chloroethyl) ether	1,1'-Biphenyl]-4,4'-diamine,3,3'-dimethyl	10 (4
	Bis(2-chloroethoxy) methane	1000 (4
is(chloromethyl) ether 10 (10 (4
, ,,	Sis(chloromethyl) ether	10 (4 100 (4

TABLE 1 TO APPENDIX A—HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES OTHER THAN RADIONUCLIDES—Continued

Hazardous substance	Reportable quantity (RC pounds (kilograms
Bromoacetone	1000 (45
romoform	100 (45
romomethane	
Bromophenyl phenyl ether	
rucine	
3-Butadiene	
Butanamine, N-butyl-N-nitroso-	
Butanol	5000 (227
Butanone	
Butanone, 3,3-dimethyl-1(methylthio)-, O [(methylamino) carbonyl] oxime	
Butanone peroxide	
Butenal	
Butene, 1,4-dichloro-	
Butenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 7-[[2,3-dihydroxy-2-(1-methoxyethyl)-3-methyl-1-oxobutoxy] methyl]-2,3,5,7a-	
tetrahydro-1H-pyrrolizin-1-yl ester, [1S-[1alpha(Z), 7(2S*,3R*),7aalpha]]	10 (4.5
utyl acetate	5000 (227
iso-Butyl acetate. sec-Butyl acetate. tert-Butyl acetate.	
Butyl alcohol	5000 (227
utylamine	1000 (45
iso-Butylamine. sec-Butylamine. tert-Butylamine.	(100
utyl benzyl phthalate	100 (45
Butyl phthalate	
utyric acid	5000 (227
iso-Butyric acid.	
acodylic acid	1 (0.45
admium ¢	10 (4.5
admium acetate	
admium bromide	10 (4.5
admium chloride	
alcium arsenate	
alcium arsenite	
alcium carbide	
alcium chromate	
alcium cyanamide	
alcium cyanide Ca(CN) ₂	
alcium dodecylbenzenesulfonate	1000 (45 10 (4.5
aptan	
arbamic acid, 1H-benzimidazol-2-yl, methyl ester	
arbamic acid, [1-[(butylamino)carbonyl]-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl]-, methyl ester	10 (4.5
arbamic acid, (3-chlorophenyl)-, 4-chloro-2-butynyl ester	
arbamic acid, [(dibutylamino)-thio]methyl-, 2,3-dihydro-2,2-dimethyl-7-benzofuranyl ester	
arbamic acid, dimethyl-,1-[(dimethyl-amino)carbonyl]-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-3-yl ester	
arbamic acid, dimethyl-, 3-methyl-1-(1-methylethyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl ester	
arbamic acid, ethyl ester	
arbamic acid, methyl-, 3-methylphenyl ester	1000 (45
arbamic acid, methylnitroso-, ethyl ester	
arbamic acid, [1,2-phenylenebis(iminocarbonothioyl)] bis-, dimethyl ester	
arbamic acid, phenyl-, 1-methylethyl ester	
arbamic chloride, dimethyl-	
arbamodithioic acid, 1,2-ethanediylbis-, salts & esters	
arbamothioic acid, bis(1-methylethyl)-, S-(2,3-dichloro-2-propenyl) ester	
arbamothioic acid, bis(1-methylethyl)-, S-(2,3,3-trichloro-2-propenyl) ester	
ırbamothioic acid, dipropyl-, S-(phenylmethyl) esterrbaryl	5000 (227 100 (45
arbendazim	100 (43
arbofuran	10 (4.5
arbofuran phenol	
arbon disulfide	
arbonic acid, dithallium(1+) salt	100 (45
arbonic dichloride	
arbonic difluoride	
arbonochloridic acid, methyl ester	1000 (45
arbon oxyfluoride	
arbon tetrachloride	10 (4.5

Hazardous substance	Reportab quantity (F pounds (kilogram
Carbonyl sulfide	100 (4
Carbosulfan	1000 (4
Catechol	100 (4
Chloral	5000 (22
hloramben	100 (4
Chlorambucil	10 (4
Chlordane	
Chlordane, alpha & gamma isomers	1 (0.4 1 (0.4
CHLORDANE (TECHNICAL MIXTURE AND METABOLITES)	1 (0.4
Chlorine	10 (4
Chlornaphazine	100 (4
Chloroacetaldehyde	1000 (4
Chloroacetic acid	100 (4
-Chloroacetophenone	100 (4
-Chloroaniline	1000 (4
Chlorobenzene	100 (4
Chlorobenzilate	10 (4
-Chloro-m-cresol	5000 (2:
Chlorodibromomethane	100 (4
-Chloro-2,3-epoxypropane	100 (4
Chloroethane	100 (4
2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	1000 (4
Chloroform	10 (4
Chloromethane	100 (4 10 (4
peta-Chloronaphthalene	5000 (2
2-Chloronaphthalene	5000 (22
-Chlorophenol	100 (4
-Chlorophenol	100 (4
-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether	5000 (2)
-(o-Chlorophenyl)thiourea	100 (4
Chloroprene	100 (4
3-Chloropropionitrile	1000 (
Chlorosulfonic acid	1000 (
I-Chloro-o-toluidine, hydrochloride	100 (4
Chlorpyrifos	1 (0.
Chromic acetate	1000 (
Chromic acid	10 (4
Chromic acid H ₂ CrO ₄ , calcium salt	10 (4
Chromic sulfate	1000 (4 5000 (2
Chromium ¢	1000 (2
Chrysene	1000 (4
Cobaltous bromide	1000 (4
Cobaltous formate	1000 (
Cobaltous sulfamate	1000 (
Coke Oven Emissions	1 (0.
Copper ¢	5000 (2
Copper chloride @	10 (4
Copper cyanide Cu(CN)	10 (4
Coumaphos	10 (4
Creosote	1 (0.4
Cresol (cresylic acid)	
n-Cresol	100 (4
-Cresol	100 (4
-Cresol	
Cresols (isomers and mixture)	100 (4
resylic acid (isomers and mixture)rotonaldehyde	100 (4
	100 (4
Cumene	5000 (2: 10 (4
Durric acetate	100 (4
Cupric acetate	1 (0.
Cupric chloride	10.4
Cupric chitrate	100 (4
Cupric oxalate	100 (4
Cupric sulfate	100 (4
Cupric sulfate, ammoniated	100 (4
, , ,	100 (4

TABLE 1 TO APPENDIX A—HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES OTHER THAN RADIONUCLIDES—Continued

Hazardous substance	Reporta quantity (pound (kilograr
Cyanides (soluble salts and complexes) not otherwise specified	
Cyanogen	
Cyanogen bromide (CN)Br	
Syanogen chloride (CN)Cl	
Cyclohexane	
Syclohexane, 1,2,3,4,5,6-hexachloro-, $(1\alpha, 2\alpha, 3\beta-, 4\alpha, 5\alpha, 6\beta)$	
Cyclohexanone	
-Cyclohexyl-4,6-dinitrophenol	100 (
,3-Cyclopentadiene, 1,2,3,4,5,5-hexachloro-	
yclophosphamide	
,4-D Acid	100 (
,4-D Ester	
,4-D, salts and esters	
aunomycin	
DDD	,
,4′-DDD	
DDE (72-55-9)	
.4′-DDE	
97-DDE	
,4'-DDT	
DEHP	
Diallate	'
Diazinon	
Diazomethane	
Dibenz[a,h]anthracene	1 (0
,2:5,6-Dibenzanthracene	
bibenzo[a,h]anthracene	
ibenzofuran	
Dibenzo[a,i]pyrene	
,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	
Dibromoethane	
Dibutyl phthalate Di-n-butyl phthalate	
Dicamba	
Dicklobenil	
Dichlone	
jichlorobenzene	,
2-Dichlorobenzene	
,3-Dichlorobenzene	
,4-Dichlorobenzene	
n-Dichlorobenzene	100 (
-Dichlorobenzene	100 (
-Dichlorobenzene	100 (
,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	
Dichlorobromomethane	
,4-Dichloro-2-butene	
Dichlorodifluoromethane	
,1-Dichloroethane	
,2-Dichloroethylogo	
,1-Dichloroethylene	
ichloroethyl ether	
pichloroisopropyl ether	
pichloromethane	
Dichloromethoxyethane	
ichloromethyl ether	
4-Dichlorophenol	100 (
,6-Dichlorophenol	100 (
ichlorophenylarsine	
ichloropropane	
1,1-Dichloropropane.	
1,3-Dichloropropane.	
,2-Dichloropropane	
Dichloropropane-Dichloropropene (mixture)	
Dichloropropene	100 (
2,3-Dichloropropene.	100 /
,3-Dichloropropene	100 (- 5000 (2

TABLE 1 TO APPENDIX A—HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES OTHER THAN RADIONUCLIDES—Continued

Hazardous substance	Reportable quantity (RC pounds (kilograms)
Dichlorvos	10 (4.5
icofol	10 (4.5
ieldrin	
,2:3,4-Diepoxybutane	
iethanolamine	100 (45.
iethylamine	
,N-Diethylaniline	
iethylarsine	1 (0.45
iethylene glycol, dicarbamate	5000 (227
.4-Diethyleneoxide	100 (45.
iethylhexyl phthalate	
,N'-Diethylhydrazine	10 (4.5
,O-Diethyl S-methyl dithiophosphate	5000 (227
iethyl-p-nitrophenyl phosphate	100 (45.
iethyl phthalate	1000 (45
,O-Diethyl O-pyrazinyl phosphorothioate	100 (45.
iethylstilbestrol	1 (0.45
iethyl sulfate	
ihydrosafrole	
iisopropylfluorophosphate (DFP)	
4:5,8-Dimethanonaphthalene, 1,2,3,4,10,10-hexachloro-1,4,4a,5,8,8a-hexahydro-, (1alpha, 4alpha, 4abeta, 5alpha, 8alpha, 8abeta)-	
4:5,8-Dimethanonaphthalene, 1,2,3,4,10,10-hexachloro-1,4,4a,5,8,8a-hexahydro-, (1alpha, 4alpha, 4abeta, 5beta, 8beta, 8abeta)-1 (0.454). 7:3,6-Dimethanonaphth[2,3-b]oxirene,3,4,5,6,9,9-hexachloro-1a,2,2a,3,6,6a,7,7a-octahydro-, (1aalpha, 2beta,	1 (0.40
, 2aalpha, 3beta, 6beta, 6aalpha, 7beta, 7aalpha)- ,7:3,6-Dirnethanonaphth[2, 3-bjoxirene,3,4,5,6,9,9-hexachloro-1a,2,2a,3,6,6a,7,7a-octahydro-, (1aalpha, 2beta,	1 (0.45
2abeta, 3alpha, 6alpha, 6abeta, 7beta, 7aalpha)-, & metabolites	1 (0.45 10 (4.5
3'-Dimethoxybenzidine	
imethylamine	1000 (45
imethyl aminoazobenzene	
Dimethylaminoazobenzene	
,N-Dimethylaniline	
.12-Dimethylbenz[a]anthracene	1 (0.45
,3'-Dimethylbenzidine	
lpha,alpha-Dimethylbenzylhydroperoxide	
imethylcarbamoyl chloride	1 (0.45
imethylformamide	
1-Dimethylhydrazine	
,2-Dimethylhydrazine	1 (0.45
imethylhydrazine, unsymmetrical @	10 (4.5
pha,alpha-Dimethylphenethylaminepha,alpha-Dimethylphenethylamine	5000 (227
4-Dimethylphenol	100 (45.
methyl phthalate	5000 (227
imethyl sulfate	
metilan	
initrobenzene (mixed)	100 (45.
m-Dinitrobenzene. o-Dinitrobenzene.	100 (43.
p-Dinitrobenzene.	10 /4 5
6-Dinitro-o-cresol, and salts	
initrogen tetroxide @	
initrophenol	10 (4.5
2,6-Dinitrophenol.	10 /4 5
4-Dinitrophenol	10 (4.5
nitrotoluene	10 (4.5
3,4-Dinitrotoluene.	
4-Dinitrotoluene	10 (4.5 100 (45
noseb	1000 (45
i-n-octyl phthalate	5000 (227
4-Dioxane	100 (45.
2-Diphenylhydrazine	10 (4.5
iphosphoramide, octamethyl-	100 (45.
iphosphoric acid, tetraethyl ester	10 (4.5
ipropylamine	5000 (227
	10 (4.5
i-n-propylnitrosamine	

TABLE 1 TO APPENDIX A—HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES OTHER THAN RADIONUCLIDES—Continued

Hazardous substance	Reportate quantity (I pounds (kilogram
isulfoton	,
ithiobiuret	
,3-Dithiolane-2-carboxaldehyde, 2,4-dimethyl-, O-[(methylamino)-carbonyl]oxime	
iuron	
odecylbenzenesulfonic acid	
ndosulfan	
lpha-Endosulfan	
eta-Endosulfaneta-Endosulfan	
ndosulfan sulfate	
ndothall	
ndrin	,
ndrin aldehyde	
ndrin, & metabolites	
pichlorohydrin	
pinephrine	
2-Epoxybutane	
thanal	
thanamine, N,N-diethyl-	
thanamine, N-ethyl-N-nitroso	1 (0.
2-Ethanediamine, N,N-dimethyl-N'-2-pyridinyl-N'-(2-thienylmethyl)	
thane, 1,2-dibromo	1 (0.
thane, 1,1-dichloro	
thane, 1,2-dichloro	
thanedinitrile	
thane, hexachloro-	
thane, 1,1'-[methylenebis(oxy)]bis[2-chloro-	1000 (
thane, 1,1'-oxybis	100 (4
thane, 1,1'-oxybis[2-chloro	
thane, pentachloro-	10 (4
thane, 1,1,1,2-tetrachloro-	100 (4
thane, 1,1,2,2-tetrachloro-	100 (4
thanethioamidethanethioamide	
thane, 1,1,1-trichloro-	1000 (
thane, 1,1,2-trichloro-	
thanimidothioic acid, 2-(dimethylamino)-N-hydroxy-2-oxo-, methyl ester	
thanimidothioic acid, 2-(dimethylamino)-N-[[(methylamino) carbonyl]oxy]-2-oxo-, methyl ester	
thanimidothioic acid, N-[[(methylamino) carbonyl]oxy]-, methyl ester	
thanimidothioic acid, N,N'[thiobis[(methylimino)carbonyloxy]] bis-, dimethyl ester	
thanol, 2-ethoxy-	
thanol, 2,2'-(nitrosoimino)bis-	
thanol, 2,2'-oxybis-, dicarbamate	
thanone, 1-phenyl-	
thene, chloro-	
thene, (2-chloroethoxy)-	
thene, 1,1-dichloro-	
thene, 1,2-dichloro-(E)	
thene, tetrachloro-	
thene, trichloro-	
thion	
thyl acetate	
thyl acrylatethyl acrylate	
thylbenzene	
thyl carbamate	
thyl chloride	
thyl cyanide	
thylenebisdithiocarbamic acid, salts & esters	
hylenediamine	
hylenediamine-tetraacetic acid (EDTA)	
hylene dibromide	1 (0.
hylene dichloride	100 (4
hylene glycol	
hylene glycol monoethyl ether	
hylene oxide	
thylenethiourea	
thyleniminethyl ether	
INVI ETNET	
	1000 (
thylidene dichloride	
thylidene dichloride thyl methacrylate thyl methanesulfonate	1000 (

Hazardous substance	Reportable quantity (R0 pounds (kilograms
emphur	1000 (45
erric ammonium citrate	1000 (45
erric ammonium oxalate	1000 (45
erric chloride	1000 (45
erric fluoride	100 (45
erric nitrate	1000 (48
erric sulfate	1000 (4
errous ammonium sulfate	1000 (45
rrous chloride	100 (45
prous sulfate	1000 (45
uorantinene	100 (45
DOTINE	5000 (22) 10 (4.5
uoroacetamide	100 (45
uoroacetic acid, sodium salt	10 (4.5
ormaldehyde	100 (45
rmetanate hydrochloride	100 (45
rmic acid	5000 (227
rmparanate	100 (45
Iminic acid, mercury(2+)salt	10 (4.
maric acid	5000 (22
ran	100 (45
Furancarboxyaldehyde	5000 (22
5-Furandione	5000 (22)
ıran, tetrahydro	1000 (4
ırfural	5000 (22)
ırfuran	100 (45
ucopyranose, 2-deoxy-2-(3-methyl-3-nitrosoureido)-, D-	1 (0.4
Glucose, 2-deoxy-2-[[(methylnitrosoamino)-carbonyl]amino]-	1 (0.4
ycidylaldehyde	10 (4.
uanidine, N-methyl-N'-nitro-N-nitroso-	10 (4.
uthion	1 (0.4
eptachlor	1 (0.4
eptachlor epoxideexachlorobenzene	1 (0.4 10 (4.
exachlorobutadiene	1 (0.4
exachlorocyclopentadiene	10 (4.
exachloroethane	100 (45
exachlorophene	100 (45
exachloropropene	1000 (4
exaethyl tetraphosphate	100 (45
examethylene-1,6-diisocyanate	100 (45
examethylphosphoramide	1 (0.4
exane	5000 (22)
exone	5000 (22)
ydrazine	1 (0.4
ydrazinecarbothioamide	100 (45
ydrazine, 1,2-diethyl	10 (4.
ydrazine, 1,1-dimethyl-	10 (4.
/drazine, 1,2-dimethyl-	1 (0.4
/drazine, 1,2-diphenyl	10 (4.
/drazine, methyl-	10 (4.
/drochloric acid	5000 (22)
ydrocyanic acid	10 (4.
rdrofluoric acid	100 (45
rdrogen chloride	5000 (22
drogen cyanide drogen fluoride drogen fluoride drogen fluoride drogen fluoride drogen fluoride drogen drogen fluoride drogen f	10 (4. 100 (45
drogen phosphidedrogen sulfide H2S	100 (45 100 (45
rdrogerr sulfide n23	100 (43
rdroquinone	100 (45
Imidazolidinethione	100 (43
deno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	100 (45
domethane	100 (45
3-Isobenzofurandione	5000 (22)
obutyl alcohol	5000 (22)
odrin	1 (0.45
olan	100 (45
	5000 (22)

TABLE 1 TO APPENDIX A—HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES OTHER THAN RADIONUCLIDES—Continued

Hazardous substance	Reportati quantity (F pounds (kilogram
soprene	100 (4
opropanolamine dodecylbenzenesulfonate	1000 (
Isopropylphenyl N-methylcarbamate	10 (4
osafrole	100 (4
(2H)-Isoxazolone, 5-(aminomethyl)epone	1000 (
asiocarpine	
ead ¢	10 (4
ead acetate	10 (4
ead arsenate	
ead, bis(acetato-O)tetrahydroxytri-	,
ead chloride	
ead fluoborate	
ead fluorideead iodide	10 (4 10 (4
ead notice	10 (4
ead phosphate	
ead stearate	
ead subacetate	
ead sulfate	
ead sulfide	,
ead thiocyanate	10 (4
indane	1 (0.
indane (all isomers)	
ithium chromate	10 (4
Maleic acid	100 (4 5000 (2
faleic anhydride	5000 (2
faleic hydrazide	5000 (2
falononitrile	1000 (
Manganese, bis(dimethylcarbamodithioato-S,S')-	10 (4
Anganese dimethyldithiocarbamate	10 (4
MDI	5000 (2
MEK	
felphalan	1 (0.
Mercaptodimethur	10 (4 1 (0.
Percuric nitrate	10 (4
lercuric sulfate	
fercuric thiocyanate	
lercurous nitrate	10 (4
lercury	1 (0.
Mercury, (acetato-O)phenyl-	100 (4
lercury fulminate	10 (4
Methacrylonitrile	1000 (
lethanamine, N-methyl- lethanamine, N-methyl-N-nitroso-	
lethane, bromo-	1000 (
lethane, chloro-	1000 (4
lethane, chloromethoxy-	10 (4
lethane, dibromo-	1000 (
lethane, dichloro-	1000 (
lethane, dichlorodifluoro-	5000 (2
lethane, iodo-	
lethane, isocyanato-	10 (4
lethane, oxybis(chloro- lethanesulfenyl chloride, trichloro-	10 (4 100 (4
ethanesulfonic acid, ethyl ester	1 (0.
ethane, tetrachloro-	10.
ethane, tetranitro-	10 (4
lethanethiol	100 (4
lethane, tribromo-	100 (4
lethane, trichloro-	
lethane, trichlorofluoro-	5000 (2
lethanimidamide, N,N-dimethyl-N'-[3-[[(methylamino) carbonyl] oxy]	
henyl]-, monohydrochloride	
lethanimidamide, N,N-dimethyl-N'-[2-methyl-4-[[(methylamino)carbonyl] oxy]phenyl]-	
9-Methano-2,4,3-benzodioxathiepin,6,7,8,9,10,10-hexachloro-1,5,5a,6,9,9a-hexahydro-, 3-oxide	1 (0.
	1 (0.

Hazardous substance	Reportal quantity (I pounds (kilogran
Methanol	5000 (2
Methapyrilene	5000 (2 1 (0.
1,3,4-Metheno-2H-cyclobuta[cd]pentalen-2-one, 1,1a,3,3a,4,5,5,5a,5b,6-decachlorooctahydro	10.
Methonyl	100 (4
Methoxychlor	1 (0.
Methyl alcohol	5000 (2
Methylamine @	100 (4
P-Methyl aziridine	1 (0.
Methyl bromide	1000 (
-Methylbutadiene	100 (4
Nethyl chloride	100 (4
Methyl chlorocarbonate	1000 (
Aethyl chloroform	1000 (
Methyl chloroformate @	1000 (
Methyl chloromethyl ether @	10 (4
I-Methylcholanthrene	10 (4
,4'-Methylenebis(2-chloroaniline)	1000 (
Methylene chloride	1000 (
I,4'-Methylenedianiline	1000 (
Nethylene diphenyl diisocyanate	5000 (2
Methyl ethyl ketone	5000 (2
Methyl ethyl ketone peroxide	10 (4
Methyl hydrazine	10 (4
Methyl iodide	100 (4
Methyl isobutyl ketone	5000 (2
Methyl isocyanate	10 (4
P-Methyllactonitrile	10 (4
Methyl mercaptan	100 (4
Methyl methacrylate	1000 (
Methyl parathion	100 (
I-Methyl-2-pentanone	5000 (2
Methyl tert-butyl ether	1000
Methylthiouracil	10 (
Metolcarb	1000 (
Mevinphos	10 (4 1000 (
Mitomycin C	1000 (
MNG	10 (4
Monoethylamine	100 (4
Monomethylamine	100 (4
Valed	10 (4
5,12-Naphthacenedione, 8-acetyl-10-[(3-amino-2,3,6-trideoxy-alpha-L-lyxo-hexopyranosyl)oxy]-7,8,9,10-tetrahydro-6,8,11-trihydroxy-1-methoxy-, (8S-cis)-	10 (4
1-Naphthalenamine	100 (4
-Naphthalenamine	10 (4
Vaphthalene	100 (4 100 (4
Naphthalene, 2-chloro-	5000 (2
,4-Naphthalenedione	5000 (2
2,7-Naphthalenedisulfonic acid, 3,3'-[(3,3'-dimethyl-(1,1'-biphenyl)-4,4'-diyl)-bis(azo)]bis(5-amino-4-hydroxy)-	
tetrasodium salt	10 (
-Naphthalenol, methylcarbamate	100 (4
Aphthenic acid	100 (4 5000 (2
,4-Naphthoquinone	100 (2
ipria-Naphthylamine	100 (
Ipha-Naphthylthiourea	100 (
lickel ¢	100 (
lickel ammonium sulfate	100 (
lickel carbonyl Ni(CO)4, (T-4)-	10 (4
lickel chloride	100 (
lickel cyanide Ni(CN) ₂	10 (
lickel hydroxide	10 (
Nickel nitrate	100 (4
Nickel sulfate	100 (4
licotine, & salts	100 (4
Vitric acid	1000 (

TABLE 1 TO APPENDIX A—HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES OTHER THAN RADIONUCLIDES—Continued

Hazardous substance	Reportab quantity (F pounds (kilogram
tric oxide	
Nitroaniline	
trobenzene	
Nitrobiphenyl	
trogen dioxide	
rogen oxide NO	
rogen oxide NO ₂	
troglycerine	
rophenol (mixed)m-Nitrophenol.	,
Nitrophenol	
Nitrophenol	
Nitrophenol	
Nitrophenol	
Nitropropane	
Nitrosodi-n-butylamine	
Nitrosodiethanolamine	
Nitrosodiethylamine	
Nitrosodimethylamine	
Nitrosodiphenylamine	
Nitroso-N-ethylurea	
Nitroso-N-methylurea	
Nitroso-N-methylurethane	
Nitrosomethylvinylamine	
Nitrosomorpholine	
Nitrosopiperidine	
Nitrosopyrrolidine	
rotoluene	1000 (4
m-Nitrotoluene. o-Nitrotoluene. p-Nitrotoluene.	
Nitro-o-toluidine	100 (4
tamethylpyrophosphoramide	
mium oxide OsO ₄ , (T-4)-	
mium tetroxide	
Dxabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2,3-dicarboxylic acid	
amyl	
-Oxathiolane, 2,2-dioxide	
-1,3,2-Oxazaphosphorin-2-amine, N,N-bis(2-chloroethyl) tetrahydro-, 2-oxide	
irane	
iranecarboxyaldehyde	
irane, (chloromethyl)-	
raformaldehyde	
raldehyde	
rathion	
Bs	,
NB	
ntachlorobenzene	
ntachloroethane	
ntachloronitrobenzene	
ntachlorophenol	
-Pentadiene	
rchloroethylene	
rchloromethyl mercaptan @	
enacetin	
enanthrene	
enol	
enol, 2-chloro-	
enol, 4-chloro-3-methyl	5000 (2
enol, 2-cyclohexyl-4,6-dinitro-	100 (4
enol, 2,4-dichloro-	
enol, 2,6-dichloro-	100 (4
enol, 4,4'-(1,2-diethyl-1,2-ethenediyl)bis-, (E)	1 (0.4
enol, 2,4-dimethyl-	100 (4
enol, 4-(dimethylamino)-3,5-dimethyl-, methylcarbamate (ester)	
enol, (3,5-dimethyl-4-(methylthio)-, methylcarbamate	
enol, 2,4-dinitro-	
enol, methyl-	
enol, 2-methyl-4,6-dinitro-, & salts	10 (4

TABLE 1 TO APPENDIX A—HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES OTHER THAN RADIONUCLIDES—Continued

Hazardous substance	Reportabl quantity (R pounds (kilograms
Phenol, 2-(1-methylethoxy)-, methylcarbamate	100 (45
Phenol, 3-(1-methylethyl)-, methyl carbamate	10 (4.
Phenol, 3-methyl-5-(1-methylethyl)-, methyl carbamate	1000 (4
Phenol, 2-(1-methylpropyl)-4,6-dinitro-	1000 (4
Phenol, 4-nitro-	100 (45
Phenol, pentachloro	10 (4.
Phenol, 2,3,4,6-tetrachloro- Phenol, 2,4,5-trichloro-	10 (4. 10 (4.
Phenol, 2,4,6-trichloro-	10 (4.
Phenol, 2,4,6-trinitro-, ammonium salt	10 (4.
-Phenylalanine, 4-[bis(2-chloroethyl)amino]-	1 (0.4
-Phenylenediamine	5000 (22
Phenyl mercaptan ®	100 (4
Phenylmercury acetate	100 (4
Phenylthiourea	100 (4
Phorate Phorate	10 (4.
Phosqene	10 (4.
Phosphine	100 (4
Phosphoric acid	5000 (22
Phosphoric acid, diethyl 4-nitrophenyl ester	100 (4
Phosphoric acid, lead(2+) salt (2:3)	10 (4.
Phosphorodithioic acid, O,O-diethyl S-[2-(ethylthio)ethyl] ester	1 (0.4
Phosphorodithioic acid, O,O-diethyl S-[(ethylthio)methyl] ester	10 (4.
Phosphorodithioic acid, O,O-diethyl S-methyl ester	5000 (22
Phosphorodithioic acid, O,O-dimethyl S-[2-(methylamino)-2-oxoethyl] ester	10 (4.
Phosphorofluoridic acid, bis(1-methylethyl) ester	100 (4
Phosphorothioic acid, O,O-diethyl O-(4-nitrophenyl) ester	10 (4.
Phosphorothioic acid, O,O-diethyl O-pyrazinyl ester	100 (4
Phosphorothioic acid, O-[4-[(dimethylamino) sulfonyl]phenyl] O,O-dimethyl ester	1000 (4
Phosphorothioic acid, O,O-dimethyl O-(4-nitrophenyl) ester	100 (4
Phosphorus	1 (0.4
Phosphorus oxychloride	1000 (4
Phosphorus pentasulfide	100 (4
hosphorus sulfide	100 (4
Phosphorus trichloride	1000 (4
Phthalic anhydride	5000 (22
Physostigmine	100 (4
Physostigmine salicylate	100 (45 5000 (22
Piperidine, 1-nitroso-	10 (4.
Plumbane, tetraethyl-	10 (4.
POLYCHLORINATED BIPHENYLS	1 (0.4
Potassium arsenate	1 (0.4
Potassium arsenite	1 (0.4
Potassium bichromate	10 (4.
Otassium chromate	10 (4
Potassium cyanide K(CN)	10 (4
Otassium hydroxide	1000 (4
Potassium permanganate	100 (4
Potassium silver cyanide	1 (0.4
Promecarb	1000 (4
Pronamide	5000 (22
Propanal, 2-methyl-2-(methyl-sulfonyl)-, O-[(methylamino)carbonyl] oxime	100 (4
Propanal, 2-methyl-2-(methylthio)-, O-[(methylamino)carbonyl] oxime	1 (0.4
-Propanamine	5000 (22
-Propanamine, N-propyl	5000 (22
-Propanamine, N-nitroso-N-propyl	10 (4
Propane, 1,2-dibromo-3-chloro-	1 (0.4
ropane, 1,2-dichloro-	1000 (4
ropanedinitrile	1000 (4
ropanenitrile	10 (4
ropanenitrile, 3-chloro-	1000 (4
Propanenitrile, 2-hydroxy-2-methyl-	10 (4
Propane, 2-nitro-	10 (4
Propane, 2,2'-oxybis[2-chloro-	1000 (4
,3-Propane sultone	10 (4.
,2,3-Propanetriol, trinitrate	10 (4.
Propanoic acid, 2-(2,4,5-trichlorophenoxy)- -Propanol, 2,3-dibromo-, phosphate (3:1)	100 (4
	10 (4.

TABLE 1 TO APPENDIX A—HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES OTHER THAN RADIONUCLIDES—Continued

Hazardous substance	Reportable quantity (Re pounds (kilograms
-Propanone	5000 (22
-Propanone, 1-bromo	1000 (4
ropargite	10 (4.
ropargyl alcohol	1000 (4
Propenal	1 (0.4
-Propenamide	5000 (22)
-Propene, 1,3-dichloro-	100 (45
-Propene, 1,1,2,3,3,3-hexachloro-	1000 (4
-Propenenitrile	100 (45
-Propenenitrile, 2-methyl -Propenoic acid	1000 (4 5000 (22
-Propenoic acid, ethyl ester	1000 (4
-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, ethyl ester	1000 (4
-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester	1000 (4
-Propen-1-ol	100 (45
Propham	1000 (4
eta-Propiolactone	10 (4.
ropionaldehyde	1000 (4
Propionic acid	5000 (22
ropionic anhydride	5000 (22
Propoxur (Baygon)	100 (45
-Propylamine	5000 (22
Propyléne dichloride	1000 (4
Propylene oxide	100 (45
,2-Propylenimine	1 (0.4
?-Propyn-1-ol	1000 (4
Prosulfocarb	5000 (22
Pyrene	5000 (22
Pyrethrins	1 (0.4
,6-Pyridazinedione, 1,2-dihydro-	5000 (22
-Pyridinamine	1000 (4
Pyridine	1000 (4
Pyridine, 2-methyl-	5000 (22
Pyridine, 3-(1-methyl-2-pyrrolidinyl)-, (S)-, & salts	100 (45
,4-(1H,3H)-Pyrimidinedione, 5-[bis(2-chloroethyl)amino]-	10 (4.
(1H)-Pyrimidinone, 2,3-dihydro-6-methyl-2-thioxo-	10 (4.
Pyrrolidine, 1-nitroso-	1 (0.4
Pyrrolo[2,3-b] indol-5-ol,1,2,3,3a,8,8a-hexahydro-1,3a,8-trimethyl-, methylcarbamate (ester), (3aS-cis)	100 (45
QuinolineQuinone	5000 (22 10 (4.
Quintobenzene	100 (45
RADIONUCLIDES	See Tabl
Reserpine	5000 (22
Resorcinol	5000 (22
afrole	100 (45
Selenious acid	10 (4.
Selenious acid, dithallium (1+) salt	1000 (4
Selenium ¢	100 (45
Selenium dioxide	10 (4.
Selenium oxide	10 (4.
Selenium sulfide SeS2	10 (4.
Selenourea	1000 (4
-Serine, diazoacetate (ester)	1 (0.4
Silver ¢	1000 (4
Silver cyanide Ag(CN)	1 (0.4
ilver nitrate	1 (0.4
ilvex (2,4,5-TP)	100 (45
odium	10 (4.
odium arsenate	1 (0.4
odium arsenite	1 (0.4
odium azide	1000 (4
odium bichromate	10 (4.
Sodium bifluoride	100 (45
Sodium bisulfite	5000 (22
Sodium chromate	10 (4.
Sodium cyanide Na(CN)	10 (4.
Sodium dodecylbenzenesulfonate	1000 (4
Sodium fluoride Sodium hydrosulfide	1000 (4 5000 (22

TABLE 1 TO APPENDIX A—HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES OTHER THAN RADIONUCLIDES—Continued

Hazardous substance	Reportab quantity (F pounds (kilogram
Sodium hypochlorite	100 (4
Sodium methylate	1000 (
odium nitrite	100 (4
odium phosphate, dibasic	5000 (2:
odium phosphate, tribasic	5000 (2
odium selenite	100 (4
reptozotocin	1 (0.
rrontium chromate	10 (4
rychnidin-10-one, & salts	
rychnidin-10-one, 2,3-dimethoxy-	100 (4
rychnine, & salts	10 (4
yrene	1000 (
tyrene oxide	100 (4
ulfur chlorides @	1000 (
ulfuric acid	
ulfuric acid, dimethyl ester	
ulfuric acid, dithallium (1+) salt	100 (4
ulfur monochloride	1000 (- 100 (4
Jlfur phosphide4,5-T	100 (4
4,5-T acid	1000 (
4,5-1 adia	
4,5-T esters	1000 (2
4,5-T salts	1000 (
CDD	1 (0.
DE	1 (0.
2.4.5-Tetrachlorobenzene	5000 (2
3,7,8-Tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	1 (0.
1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	
1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	100 (4
etrachloroethylene	100 (4
3.4.6-Tetrachlorophenol	
etraethyl pyrophosphate	10 (4
etraethyl lead	
etraethyldithiopyrophosphate	
etrahydrofuran	
etranitromethane	10 (4
etraphosphoric acid, hexaethyl ester	100 (4
hallic oxide	100 (4
hallium ¢	1000 (
hallium (I) acetate	100 (4
hallium (I) carbonate	100 (4
nallium chloride TICI	100 (4
hallium (I) nitrate	100 (4
nallium oxide Tl ₂ O ₃	100 (4
hallium (I) selenite	1000 (
hallium (I) sulfate	100 (4
nioacetamide	10 (4
niodicarb	
niodiphosphoric acid, tetraethyl ester	100 (4
niofanox	100 (4
nioimidodicarbonic diamide [(H ₂ N)C(S)] ₂ NH	
niomethanol	100 (4
nioperoxydicarbonic diamide [(H ₂ N)C(S)] ₂ S ₂ , tetramethyl	
niophanate-methyl	
niophenol	
iiosemicarbazideiiourea	100 (4 10 (4
niourea	
niourea, (2-critorophenyl)	100 (4 100 (4
niourea, r-naprinalenyi	100 (4
niram	
rpate	100 (4
tanium tetrachloride	1000 (4
pluene	
oluenediamine	1000 (4
4-Toluene diamine	
d-rouerie diamine	
4-Toluene diisocyanate	100 (4
T TOIGOTO GIOCOYGITATO	100 (4

TABLE 1 TO APPENDIX A—HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES OTHER THAN RADIONUCLIDES—Continued

Hazardous substance	Reportable quantity (RQ) pounds (kilograms)
p-Toluidine	100 (45.4
p-Toluidine hydrochloride	
Toxaphene	1 (0.454
2,4,5-TP acid	100 (45.4
2,4,5-TP esters	
riallate	
H-1,2,4-Triazol-3-amine	
richlorfon	
,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	
,1,1-Trichloroethane	
richloroethylene	
richloromethanesulfenyl chloride	
richloromonofluoromethane	
richlorophenol	
2,3,4-Trichlorophenol. 2,3,5-Trichlorophenol.	
2,3,6-Trichlorophenol.	
3,4,5-Trichlorophenol.	
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	10 (4.54
,4,6-Trichlorophenol	
Friethanolamine dodecylbenzenesulfonate	1000 (454
riethylamine	
Frifluralin	
rimethylamine	
P.2,4-Trimethylpentane	1000 (454
,3,5-Trinitrobenzene	
,3,5-Trioxane, 2,4,6-trimethyl-	
ris(2,3-dibromopropyl) phosphate	
Trypan blue	
0002 Unlisted Hazardous Wastes Characteristic of Corrosivity	
D003 Unlisted Hazardous Wastes Characteristic of Reactivity	
0004–D043 Unlisted Hazardous Wastes Characteristic of Toxicity:	
Arsenic (D004)	1 (0.454
Barium (D005)	
Benzene (D018)	
Cadmium (D006)	10 (4.54
Carbon tetrachloride (D019)	10 (4.54
Chlordane (D020)	
Chlorobenzene (D021)	
Chloroform (D022)	
Chromium (D007)	
o-Cresol (D023)	
m-Cresol (D024)p-Cresol (D025)	
Cresol (D026)	
2,4-D (D016)	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene (D027)	
1,2-Dichloroethane (D028)	
1,1-Dichloroethylene (D029)	
2,4-Dinitrotoluene (D030)	
Endrin (D012)	
Heptachlor (and epoxide) (D031)	
Hexachlorobenzene (D032)	
Hexachlorobutadiene (D033)	1 (0.45
Hexachloroethane (D034)	
Lead (D008)	
Lindane (D013)	
Methoxychlor (D014)	
Methyl ethyl ketone (D035)	
Nitrobenzene (D036)	
Pentachlorophenol (D037)	
Pyridine (D038)	
Selenium (D010)	
Silver (D011)	
Tetrachloroethylene (D039)	
Toxaphene (D015)	
Trichloroethylene (D040)	

TABLE 1 TO APPENDIX A—HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES OTHER THAN RADIONUCLIDES—Continued

Hazardous substance	Reportab quantity (F pounds (kilogram
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol (D041)	10 (4
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol (D042)	
2,4,5-TP (D017)	100 (4
Vinyl chloride (D043)	1 (0.4
racil mustard	
Jranyl acetate	
Iranyl nitrate	
Jrea, N-ethyl-N-nitroso-	
Jrea, N-methyl-N-nitroso-	
anadic acid. ammonium salt	1000 (4
'anadium oxide V ₂ O ₅	
'anadium pentoxide	
/anadyl sulfate	
'inyl acetate	
/inyl acetate monomer	
/inylamine, N-methyl-N-nitroso-	10 (4
/inyl bromide	100 (4
/in/l chloride	
/in/lidene chloride	
Varfarin, & salts	100 (4
(ylene	
n-Xylene	
Xylene	1000 (4
-Xylene	
Vylene (mixed)	
(ylenes (isomers and mixture)(ylenol	100 (4 1000 (4
'ohimban-16-carboxylic acid,11,17-dimethoxy-18-[(3,4,5-trimethoxybenzoyl) ixy]-, methyl ester (3beta,16beta,17alpha,18beta, 20alpha)	5000 (22
Zinc ¢	1000 (4
Zinc acetate	(
inc ammonium chloride	1000 (4
zinc, bis(dimethylcarbamodithioato-S,S')-	
inc borate	
Zinc bromide	(
Zinc carbonate	1000 (4
Zinc chloride	
Zinc cyanide Zn(CN) ₂ Zinc fluoride	
Zinc formate	
Zinc hydrosulfite	
Zinc nitrate	1000 (-
inc phenolsulfonate	5000 (22
Zinc phosphide Zn ₃ P ₂	100 (4
Zinc silicofluoride	
Zinc sulfate	1000 (4
Ziram	
Circonium nitrate	
irconium potassium fluoride	1000 (4
irconium sulfate	5000 (22
irconium tetrachloride	5000 (22
001	10 (4
(a) Tetrachloroethylene	
(b) Trichloroethylene	
(c) Methylene chloride	
(d) 1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1000 (4
(e) Carbon tetrachloride	
(f) Chlorinated fluorocarbons	
002	10 (4
(a) Tetrachloroethylene	100 (4
(b) Methylene chloride	
(c) Trichloroethylene	100 (4
(d) 1,1,1-Trichloroethane	
(e) Chlorobenzene	
(f) 1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane	5000 (22
(g) o-Dichlorobenzene	
(h) Trichlorofluoromothano	
(h) Trichlorofluoromethane (i) 1,1,2-Trichloroethane	

TABLE 1 TO APPENDIX A—HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES OTHER THAN RADIONUCLIDES—Continued

	Hazardous substance	Reportat quantity (F pounds (kilogram
	(a) Xylene	1000 (
	(b) Acetone	5000 (2
	(c) Ethyl acetate	5000 (2
	(d) Ethylbenzene	1000 (
	(e) Ethyl ether	100 (4
	(f) Methyl isobutyl ketone	5000 (2
	(g) n-Butyl alcohol	5000 (2
	(h) Cyclohexanone	5000 (2
	(i) Methanol	5000 (2
4	(),————————————————————————————————————	100 (4
	(a) Cresols/Cresylic acid	100 (4
	(b) Nitrobenzene	1000 (
5	(0) 144/000/12010	100 (4
_	(a) Toluene	1000 (
	(b) Methyl ethyl ketone	5000 (2
	(c) Carbon disulfide	100 (2
	(d) Isobutanol	5000 (2
_	(e) Pyridine	1000 (
		10 (4
		10 (4
		10 (4
		10 (4
		10 (4
		10 (4
		10 (4
		10 (4
		1 (0.
		1 (0.
		1 (0.
		1 (0.
4		1 (0.
		1 (0.
6		1 (0.
7		1 (0.
		1 (0.
2		1 (0.
4		1 (0.
5		1 (0.
7		1 (0.
8		1 (0.
9		1 (0.
1.		1 (0.
2		10 (4
		10 (4
		10 (4
		10 (4
		10 (4
		10 (4
		10 (4
		10 (4
		10 (4
		10 (4
		10 (4
		5000 (2
		10 (4
		1 (0.
		10 (4
		1 (0.
		1 (0.
0		1 (0.
		10.
		1 (0.
		5000 (2
		5000 (2
		10 (4
		1000 (
		10 (4
		1 (0.
		1 (0.

TABLE 1 TO APPENDIX A—HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES OTHER THAN RADIONUCLIDES—Continued

	Hazardous substance	Reportab quantity (F pounds (kilogram
031		1 (0.4
		10 (4
		10 (4 10 (4
		1 (0.4
		1 (0.4
		1 (0.4
		10 (4
_		10 (4 10 (4
		1 (0.4
		10 (4
		10 (4
		10 (4 10 (4
		10 (4
		10 (4
		10 (4
		10 (4
		10 (4 10 (4
		10 (4
		1 (0.4
		10 (4
		10 (4
		10 (4 10 (4
		10 (4
		10 (4
		1 (0.4
		10 (4 100 (4
		1 (0.4
		10 (4
		10 (4
		100 (4
		10 (4 10 (4
		10 (4
		5000 (2
		5000 (2
		100 (4
		100 (4 1 (0.4
		1 (0.4
		10 (4
		10 (4
		1 (0.4 1 (0.4
		100.4
		10 (4
		10 (4
		1 (0.4
		10 (4 10 (4
		10 (4
		10 (4
		10 (4
		10 (4
		10 (4 10 (4
		10 (4
		10 (4
		1 (0.4
		1 (0.4
		10 (4 10 (4
		10 (4
		10 (4
		100 (4

TABLE 1 TO APPENDIX A—HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES OTHER THAN RADIONUCLIDES—Continued

	Hazardous substance	Reportable quantity (RQ) pounds (kilograms)
K132		1000 (454)
		1 (0.454)
		1 (0.454)
		1 (0.454)
K143		1 (0.454)
K144		1 (0.454)
K145		1 (0.454)
		1 (0.454)
K148		1 (0.454)
K149		10 (4.54)
K150		10 (4.54)
K151		10 (4.54)
K156		10 (4.54)
K157		10 (4.54)
K158		10 (4.54)
K159		10 (4.54)
K161		1 (0.454)
K169		10 (4.54)
K170		1 (0.454)
K171		1 (0.454)
K172		1 (0.454)
K174		1 (0.454)
K175		1 (0.454)
K176		1 (0.454)
K177		5000 (2270)
K178		1000 (454)
K181		1 (0.454)

LIST OF HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES AND REPORTABLE QUANTITIES

TABLE 2 TO APPENDIX A—RADIONUCLIDES

(1)—Radionuclide	(2)— Atomic Num- ber	(3)—Reportable Quantity (RQ) Ci (TBq)
Actinium-224	89	100 (3.7)
Actinium-225	89	1 (.037)
Actinium-226	89	10 (.37)
Actinium-227	89	0.001 (.000037)
Actinium-228	89	10 (.37)
Aluminum-26	13	10 (.37)
Americium-237	95	1000 (37)
Americium-238	95	100 (3.7)
Americium-239	95	100 (3.7)
Americium-240	95	10 (.37)
Americium-241	95	0.01 (.00037)
Americium-242	95	100 (3.7)
Americium-242m	95	0.01 (.00037)
Americium-243	95	0.01 (.00037)
Americium-244	95	10 (.37)
Americium-244m	95	1000 (37)
Americium-245	95	1000 (37)
Americium-246	95	1000 (37)
Americium-246m	95	1000 (37)
Antimony-115	51	1000 (37)
Antimony-116	51	1000 (37)
Antimony-116m	51	100 (3.7)
Antimony-117	51	1000 (37)

TABLE 2 TO APPENDIX A—RADIONUCLIDES— Continued

Reportable ntity (RQ)	(1)—Radionuclide	(2)— Atomic Num- ber	(3)—Reportable Quantity (RQ) Ci (TBq)
i (TBq)	Antimony-118m	51	10 (.37)
	Antimony-119	51	1000 (37)
100 (3.7)	Antimony-120 (16 min)	51	1000 (37)
1 (.037)	Antimony-120 (5.76 day)	51	10 (.37)
10 (.37)	Antimony-122	51	10 (.37)
1 (.000037)	Antimony-124	51	10 (.37)
10 (.37)	Antimony-124m	51	1000 (37)
10 (.37)	Antimony-125	51	10 (.37)
1000 (37)	Antimony-126	51	10 (.37)
100 (3.7)	Antimony-126m	51	1000 (37)
100 (3.7)	Antimony-127	51	10 (.37)
10 (.37)	Antimony-128 (10.4 min)	51	1000 (37)
01 (.00037)	Antimony-128 (9.01 hr)	51	10 (.37)
100 (3.7)	Antimony-129	51	100 (3.7)
01 (.00037)	Antimony-130	51	100 (3.7)
01 (.00037)	Antimony-131	51	1000 (37)
10 (.37)	Argon-39	18	1000 (37)
1000 (37)	Argon-41	18	10 (.37)
1000 (37)	Arsenic-69	33	1000 (37)
1000 (37)	Arsenic-70	33	100 (3.7)
1000 (37)	Arsenic-71	33	100 (3.7)
1000 (37)	Arsenic-72	33	10 (.37)
1000 (37)	Arsenic-73	33	100 (3.7)
100 (3.7)	Arsenic-74	33	10 (.37)
1000 (37)	Arsenic-76	33	100 (3.7)

[¢] The RQ for these hazardous substances is limited to those pieces of the metal having a diameter smaller than 100 micrometers (0.004 inches).

¢ The RQ for asbestos is limited to friable forms only.

[®] Indicates that the name was added by PHMSA because (1) the name is a synonym for a specific hazardous substance and (2) the name appears in the Hazardous Materials Table as a proper shipping name.

*To provide consistency with EPA regulations, two entries with different CAS numbers are provided. Refer to the EPA Table 302.4—List of Hazardous Substances and Reportable Quantities for an explanation of the two entries.

Table 2 to Appendix A—Radionuclides—Continued

Table 2 to Appendix A—Radionuclides—Continued

Arsenic Albert	Continued			Continued		
Assenic-78 33 100 (3.7) Cerlum-137 58 1000 (3.7) Astatine-207 85 1000 (3.7) Cerlum-137 58 1000 (3.7) Astatine-211 85 100 (3.7) Cerlum-139 58 100 (3.7) Astatine-211 85 100 (3.7) Cerlum-139 58 100 (3.7) Astatine-211 85 100 (3.7) Cerlum-144 58 100 (3.7) Astatine-213 55 100 (3.7) Cerlum-144 58 100 (3.7) Astatine-213 55 100 (3.7) Cerlum-144 58 100 (3.7) Cerlum-143 58 100 (3.7) Cerlum-133 56 100 (3.7) Cerlum-142 55 100 (3.7) Cerlum-135 55 100 (3.7) Cerlum-135 55 100 (3.7) Cerlum-135 55 100 (3.7) Cerlum-135 55 100 (3.7) Cerlum-136 55 100 (3.7) Cerlum-144 55 100 (3.7) Cerlum-142 55 100 (3.7) Cerlum-142 55 100 (3.7) Cerlum-142 55 100 (3.7) Cerlum-142 55 100 (3.7) Cerlum-134 55 100 (3.7) Cerlum-142 55 100 (3.7) Cerlum-134 55 100 (3.7) Cerlum-142 55 100 (3.7) Cerlum-134 55 100 (3.7) Cerlum-142 57 100 (3.7) Cerlum-135 55 100 (3.7) Cerlum-136 57 100 (3.7) Cerlum-136 57 100 (3.7) Cerlum-136 57 100 (3.7) Cerlum-136 57 100 (3.7) Cerlum-137 55 100 (3.7) Cerlum-137 55 100 (3.7) Cerlum-138 50 55 100 (3.7) Cerlum-138 55 100 (3.7) Cerlum-137 55 55 100 (3.7) Cerlum-137 55 55 100 (3.7) Cerlum-138 55 100 (3.7) Cerlum-137 55 55 100 (3.7) Cerlum-138 55 100 (3.7) Cerlum-139 55 100 (3.7) Cerlum-138 55 100 (3.7) Cerlum-139 55 100	(1)—Radionuclide	Atomic Num-	Quantity (RQ)	(1)—Radionuclide	Atomic Num-	Quantity (RQ)
Astaline-207	Arsenic-77	33	1000 (37)	Cerium-135	58	10 (.37)
Astatine-211 85 100 (37) Cerlum-139 58 100 (37) Semun-128 56 100 (37) Cerlum-141 58 10 (37) Barium-128 56 10 (37) Cerlum-144 58 100 (37) Barium-131 56 10 (37) Cerlum-144 58 100 (37) Barium-131m 56 100 (37) Cerlum-125 55 1000 (37) Barium-133m 56 100 (37) Ceslum-127 55 1000 (37) Ceslum-128 55 100 (37) Ceslum-132 55 100 (37) Ceslum-132 55 100 (37) Ceslum-132 55 100 (37) Ceslum-132 55 100 (37) Ceslum-134 55 100 (37) Ceslum-132 55 100 (37) Ceslum-134	Arsenic-78			Cerium-137	58	1000 (37)
Bartum-126						
Barlum-128						
Barlum-131						
Barlum-131m						
Barlum-133						
Barium-135m	Barium-133	56			55	
Barium-139	Barium-133m					100 (3.7)
Barlum-140						
Barium-141						
Berkellum-245 97 100 (3.7) Cesium-135 55 10 (3.7) Berkellum-244 97 0.01 (00037) Cesium-136 55 100 (3.7) Berkellum-249 97 0.01 (00037) Cesium-136 55 10 (3.7) Berkellum-250 97 100 (3.7) Cesium-138 55 10 (03.7) Beryllium-10 4 1 (0.37) Choine-36 1 7 1 00 (3.7) Beryllium-7 4 1 (0.37) Choine-38 1 7 100 (3.7) Bismuth-200 83 100 (3.7) Chornium-48 24 100 (3.7) Bismuth-201 83 100 (3.7) Chornium-48 24 100 (3.7) Bismuth-202 83 100 (3.7) Chornium-48 24 1000 (3.7) Bismuth-205 83 10 (3.7) Coball-56 27 10 (3.7) Bismuth-205 83 10 (3.7) Coball-56 27 10 (3.7) Bismuth-210 83 10 (3.7) Coball-88 27 10 (3.7)						
Berkelum-247 97 10 (37) Cesium-135m 55 100 (37) Berkelum-247 97 0.01 (0.0037) Cesium-136 55 10 (37) Berkelum-249 97 1 (0.037) Cesium-137 55 1 (0.037) Berkellum-250 97 10 (3.7) Cesium-138 55 10 (3.7) Beryllium-7 4 1 (0.037) Chlorine-38 17 1 (0.037) Bismuth-200 83 100 (3.7) Chlorine-39 1 7 100 (3.7) Bismuth-201 83 100 (3.7) Chlorine-39 1 7 100 (3.7) Bismuth-202 83 100 (3.7) Chlorine-39 1 7 100 (3.7) Bismuth-203 83 10 (3.7) Chornium-48 24 1000 (37) Bismuth-205 83 10 (3.7) Chole-56 2 7 10 (3.7) Bismuth-207 83 10 (3.7) Cobalt-55 2 7 10 (3.7) Bismuth-210 83 10 (3.7) Cobalt-67 2 7 10 (3.7)						1000 (37)
Berkellum-247 97 0.01 (.00037) Cesium-136 55 1 (0.37) Berkellum-259 97 1 (0.37) Cesium-137 55 1 (0.37) Berkellum-250 97 1 (0.37) Cesium-138 55 1 (0.37) Beryllium-7 4 1 (0.37) Chorne-36 17 1 (0.37) Beryllium-7 4 1 (0.37) Chorne-38 17 1 (0.37) Bismuth-200 83 1 (0.37) Chornium-48 24 1 (00.37) Bismuth-201 83 1 (0.037) Chornium-49 24 1 (00.37) Bismuth-203 83 1 (0.37) Chornium-49 24 1 (00.37) Bismuth-203 83 1 (0.37) Chornium-49 24 1 (00.37) Bismuth-206 83 1 (0.37) Chosti-56 27 1 (0.37) Bismuth-207 83 1 (0.37) Cobalt-56 27 1 (0.37) Bismuth-210 83 0 (0.37) Cobalt-58m 27 1 (0.37)	Berkelium-245			Cesium-135		
Berkellum-250 97 1 (,037) Cesium-137 55 1 (,037) Beryllium-10 4 1 (,037) Chlorine-36 17 10 (,37) Beryllium-7 4 10 (,37) Chlorine-38 17 10 (,37) Bismuth-201 83 100 (,37) Chlorine-39 17 100 (,37) Bismuth-201 83 100 (,37) Chromium-48 24 100 (,37) Bismuth-202 83 100 (,37) Chromium-49 24 1000 (,37) Bismuth-203 83 10 (,37) Chromium-49 24 1000 (,37) Bismuth-205 83 10 (,37) Chromium-49 24 1000 (,37) Bismuth-206 83 10 (,37) Coball-55 27 10 (,37) Bismuth-207 83 10 (,37) Coball-56 27 10 (,37) Bismuth-210m 83 10 (,37) Coball-57 27 10 (,37) Bismuth-213 83 100 (,37) Coball-58 27 10 (,37)						
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Bismuth-200				Chlorine-36	17	
Bismuth-201 83 100 (3.7) Chromium-48 24 100 (3.7) Bismuth-202 83 1000 (37) Chromium-51 24 1000 (37) Bismuth-203 83 10 (37) Chromium-55 27 10 (37) Bismuth-206 83 10 (37) Cobalt-55 27 10 (37) Bismuth-207 83 10 (37) Cobalt-57 27 100 (3.7) Bismuth-210 83 10 (37) Cobalt-58m 27 100 (3.7) Bismuth-210 83 10 (37) Cobalt-58m 27 100 (3.7) Bismuth-212 83 10 (0.37) Cobalt-60m 27 100 (37) Bismuth-213 83 100 (3.7) Cobalt-60m 27 1000 (37) Bismuth-214 83 100 (3.7) Cobalt-60m 27 1000 (37) Bromine-74 35 100 (3.7) Cobalt-60m 27 1000 (37) Bromine-74 35 100 (3.7) Cobalt-60m 27 1000 (37) <th< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<>						
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Bismuth-206 83 10 (37) Cobalt-55 27 10 (37) Bismuth-207 83 10 (37) Cobalt-56 27 10 (37) Bismuth-207 83 10 (37) Cobalt-58 27 100 (37) Bismuth-210m 83 10 (37) Cobalt-58m 27 100 (37) Bismuth-210m 83 10 (37) Cobalt-60 27 100 (37) Bismuth-213 83 100 (37) Cobalt-60 27 100 (37) Bismuth-214 83 100 (37) Cobalt-61 27 1000 (37) Bromine-74 35 100 (37) Cobalt-62m 27 1000 (37) Bromine-74m 35 100 (37) Cobalt-62m 27 1000 (37) Bromine-76 35 100 (37) Copper-61 29 100 (3.7) Bromine-76 35 10 (37) Copper-64 29 100 (3.7) Bromine-80 35 100 (37) Curium-244 29 100 (37) Bromine-81						
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Bromine-82 35 10 (.37) Curium-241 96 10 (.37) Bromine-83 35 1000 (37) Curium-242 96 1 (.037) Bromine-84 35 1000 (37) Curium-243 96 0.01 (.00037) Cadmium-104 48 1000 (37) Curium-244 96 0.01 (.00037) Cadmium-107 48 1000 (37) Curium-245 96 0.01 (.00037) Cadmium-113 48 10,037) Curium-246 96 0.01 (.00037) Cadmium-113 48 0.1 (.0037) Curium-247 96 0.01 (.00037) Cadmium-113m 48 10 (.0037) Curium-248 96 0.01 (.00037) Cadmium-115m 48 100 (.37) Dysprosium-155 66 1000 (.37) Cadmium-117m 48 10 (.37) Dysprosium-155 66 100 (.37) Calcium-41 20 10 (.37) Dysprosium-167 66 100 (.37) Calcium-47 20 10 (.37) Dysprosium-166 66						
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Carbon-14						

Table 2 to Appendix A—Radionuclides— Continued

Table 2 to Appendix A—Radionuclides—Continued

Continued			Continued			
(1)—Radionuclide	(2)— Atomic Num- ber	(3)—Reportable Quantity (RQ) Ci (TBq)	(1)—Radionuclide	(2)— Atomic Num- ber	(3)—Reportable Quantity (RQ) Ci (TBq)	
Europium-148	63	10 (.37)	Holmium-161	67	1000 (37)	
Europium-149	63	100 (3.7)	Holmium-162	67	1000 (37)	
Europium-150 (12.6 hr)	63	1000 (37)	Holmium-162m	67	1000 (37)	
Europium-150 (34.2 yr)	63	10 (.37)	Holmium-164	67	1000 (37)	
Europium-152	63	10 (.37)	Holmium-164m	67	1000 (37)	
Europium-152m	63	100 (3.7)	Holmium-166	67	100 (3.7)	
Europium-154 Europium-155	63 63	10 (.37) 10 (.37)	Holmium-166m Holmium-167	67 67	1 (.037) 100 (3.7)	
Europium-156	63	10 (.37)	Hydrogen-3	1	100 (3.7)	
Europium-157	63	10 (.37)	Indium-109	49	100 (3.7)	
Europium-158	63	1000 (37)	Indium-110 (4.9 hr)	49	10 (.37)	
Fermium-252	100	10 (.37)	Indium-110 (69.1 min)	49	100 (3.7)	
Fermium-253	100	10 (.37)	Indium-111	49	100 (3.7)	
Fermium-254	100	100 (3.7)	Indium-112	49 49	1000 (37)	
Fermium-255 Fermium-257	100	100 (3.7) 1 (.037)	Indium-113mIndium-114m	49 49	1000 (37) 10 (.37)	
Fluorine-18	9	1000 (37)	Indium-115	49	0.1 (.0037)	
Francium-222	87	100 (3.7)	Indium-115m	49	100 (3.7)	
Francium-223	87	100 (3.7)	Indium-116m	49	100 (3.7)	
Gadolinium-145	64	100 (3.7)	Indium-117	49	1000 (37)	
Gadolinium-146	64	10 (.37)	Indium-117m	49	100 (3.7)	
Gadolinium-147	64	10 (.37)	Indium-119m	49	1000 (37)	
Gadolinium-148Gadolinium-149	64 64	0.001 (.000037) 100 (3.7)	lodine-120lodine-120m	53 53	10 (.37) 100 (3.7)	
Gadolinium-151	64	100 (3.7)	lodine-121	53	100 (3.7)	
Gadolinium-152	64	0.001 (.000037)	lodine-123	53	10 (.37)	
Gadolinium-153	64	10 (.37)	lodine-124	53	0.1 (.0037)	
Gadolinium-159	64	1000 (37)	lodine-125	53	0.01 (.00037)	
Gallium-65	31	1000 (37)	lodine-126	53	0.01 (.00037)	
Gallium-66	31	10 (.37)	lodine-128	53	1000 (37)	
Gallium-67Gallium-68	31 31	100 (3.7)	lodine-129lodine-130	53	0.001 (.000037)	
Gallium-68Gallium-70	31	1000 (37) 1000 (37)	lodine-130lodine-131	53 53	1 (.037) 0.01 (.00037)	
Gallium-72	31	10 (.37)	lodine-132	53	10 (.37)	
Gallium-73	31	100 (3.7)	lodine-132m	53	10 (.37)	
Germanium-66	32	100 (3.7)	lodine-133	53	0.1 (.0037)	
Germanium-67	32	1000 (37)	lodine-134	53	100 (3.7)	
Germanium-68	32	10 (.37)	lodine-135Iridium-182	53	10 (.37)	
Germanium-69Germanium-71	32 32	10 (.37) 1000 (37)	Iridium-182Iridium-184	77 77	1000 (37) 100 (3.7)	
Germanium-75	32	1000 (37)	Iridium-185	77	100 (3.7)	
Germanium-77	32	10 (.37)	Iridium-186	77	10 (.37)	
Germanium-78	32	1000 (37)	Iridium-187	77	100 (3.7)	
Gold-193	79	100 (3.7)	Iridium-188	77	10 (.37)	
Gold-194	79	10 (.37)	Iridium-189	77	100 (3.7)	
Gold-195	79 79	100 (3.7)	Iridium-190	77 77	10 (.37)	
Gold-198Gold-198m	79	100 (3.7) 10 (.37)	Iridium-190mIridium-192	77	1000 (37) 10 (.37)	
Gold-199	79	100 (3.7)	Iridium-192m	77	100 (3.7)	
Gold-200	79	1000 (37)	Iridium-194	77	100 (3.7)	
Gold-200m	79	10 (.37)	Iridium-194m	77	10 (.37)	
Gold-201	79	1000 (37)	Iridium-195	77	1000 (37)	
Hafnium-170	72	100 (3.7)	Iridium-195m	77	100 (3.7)	
Hafnium-172 Hafnium-173	72 72	1 (.037) 100 (3.7)	Iron-52 Iron-55	26 26	100 (3.7) 100 (3.7)	
Hafnium-175	72	100 (3.7)	Iron-59	26	10 (37)	
Hafnium-177m	72	1000 (37)	Iron-60	26	0.1 (.0037)	
Hafnium-178m	72	0.1 (.0037)	Krypton-74	36	10 (.37)	
Hafnium-179m	72	100 (3.7)	Krypton-76	36	10 (.37)	
Hafnium-180m	72	100 (3.7)	Krypton-77	36	10 (.37)	
Hafnium-181	72	10 (.37)	Krypton-79	36	100 (3.7)	
Hafnium-182 Hafnium-182m	72 72	0.1 (.0037) 100 (3.7)	Krypton-81Krypton-83m	36 36	1000 (37) 1000 (37)	
Hafnium-183	72	100 (3.7)	Krypton-85	36	1000 (37)	
Hafnium-184	72	100 (3.7)	Krypton-85m	36	100 (3.7)	
Holmium-155	67	1000 (37)	Krypton-87	36	10 (.37)	
Holmium-157	67	1000 (37)	Krypton-88	36	10 (.37)	
Holmium-159	67	1000 (37)	Lanthanum-131	57	1000 (37)	

TABLE 2 TO APPENDIX A—RADIONUCLIDES—Continued

TABLE 2 TO APPENDIX A—RADIONUCLIDES—Continued

Continued		Continued			
(1)—Radionuclide	(2)— Atomic Num- ber	(3)—Reportable Quantity (RQ) Ci (TBq)	(1)—Radionuclide	(2)— Atomic Num- ber	(3)—Reportable Quantity (RQ) Ci (TBq)
Lanthanum-132	57	100 (3.7)	Neptunium-233	93	1000 (37)
Lanthanum-135	57	1000 (37)	Neptunium-234	93	10 (.37)
Lanthanum-137	57	10 (.37)	Neptunium-235	93	1000 (37)
Lanthanum-138	57	1 (.037)	Neptunium-236 (1.2 E 5 yr)	93	0.1 (.0037)
Lanthanum-140	57	10 (.37)	Neptunium-236 (22.5 hr)	93	100 (3.7)
Lanthanum-141	57	1000 (37)	Neptunium-237	93	0.01 (.00037)
Lanthanum-142	57	100 (3.7)	Neptunium-238	93	10 (.37)
Lanthanum-143	57	1000 (37)	Neptunium-239	93	100 (3.7)
Lead-195m	82	1000 (37)	Neptunium-240	93	100 (3.7)
Lead-198 Lead-199	82 82	100 (3.7) 100 (3.7)	Nickel-56 Nickel-57	28 28	10 (.37) 10 (.37)
Lead-200	82	100 (3.7)	Nickel-59	28	100 (3.7)
Lead-201	82	100 (3.7)	Nickel-63	28	100 (3.7)
Lead-202	82	1 (.037)	Nickel-65	28	100 (3.7)
Lead-202m	82	10 (.37)	Nickel-66	28	10 (37)
Lead-203	82	100 (3.7)	Niobium-88	41	100 (3.7)
Lead-205	82	100 (3.7)	Niobium-89 (122 min)	41	100 (3.7)
Lead-209	82	1000 (37)	Niobium-89 (66 min)	41	100 (3.7)
Lead-210	82	0.01 (.00037)	Niobium-90	41	10 (.37)
Lead-211	82	100 (3.7)	Niobium-93m	41	100 (3.7)
Lead-212	82	10 (.37)	Niobium-94	41	10 (.37)
Lead-214	82	100 (3.7)	Niobium-95	41	10 (.37)
Lutetium-169	71	10 (.37)	Niobium-95m	41	100 (3.7)
Lutetium-170	71	10 (.37)	Niobium-96	41	10 (.37)
Lutetium-171	71 71	10 (.37)	Niobium-97	41 41	100 (3.7)
Lutetium-172 Lutetium-173	71	10 (.37) 100 (3.7)	Niobium-98 Osmium-180	76	1000 (37) 1000 (37)
Lutetium-174	71	10 (3.7)	Osmium-181	76	100 (3.7)
Lutetium-174m	71	10 (.37)	Osmium-182	76	100 (3.7)
Lutetium-176	71	1 (.037)	Osmium-185	76	10 (.37)
Lutetium-176m	71	1000 (37)	Osmium-189m	76	1000 (37)
Lutetium-177	71	100 (3.7)	Osmium-191	76	100 (3.7)
Lutetium-177m	71	10 (.37)	Osmium-191m	76	1000 (37)
Lutetium-178	71	1000 (37)	Osmium-193	76	100 (3.7)
Lutetium-178m	71	1000 (37)	Osmium-194	76	1 (.037)
Lutetium-179	71	1000 (37)	Palladium-100	46	100 (3.7)
Magnesium-28	12	10 (.37)	Palladium-101	46	100 (3.7)
Manganese-51	25	1000 (37)	Palladium-103	46	100 (3.7)
Manganese-52	25	10 (.37)	Palladium-107	46	100 (3.7)
Manganese-52m Manganese-53	25 25	1000 (37) 1000 (37)	Palladium-109 Phosphorus-32	46 15	1000 (37) 0.1 (.0037)
Manganese-54	25	10 (37)	Phosphorus-33	15	1 (.037)
Manganese-56	25	100 (3.7)	Platinum-186	78	100 (3.7)
Mendelevium-257	101	100 (3.7)	Platinum-188	78	100 (3.7)
Mendelevium-258	101	1 (.037)	Platinum-189	78	100 (3.7)
Mercury-193	80	100 (3.7)	Platinum-191	78	100 (3.7)
Mercury-193m	80	10 (.37)	Platinum-193	78	1000 (37)
Mercury-194	80	0.1 (.0037)	Platinum-193m	78	100 (3.7)
Mercury-195	80	100 (3.7)	Platinum-195m	78	100 (3.7)
Mercury-195m	80	100 (3.7)	Platinum-197	78	1000 (37)
Mercury-197	80	1000 (37)	Platinum-197m	78	1000 (37)
Mercury 197m	80	1000 (37)	Platinum-199	78	1000 (37)
Mercury-199m Mercury-203	80 80	1000 (37)	Platinum-200	78 94	100 (3.7) 1000 (37)
Mercury-203 Molybdenum-101	42	10 (.37) 1000 (37)	Plutonium-235	94	1000 (37)
Molybdenum-90	42	100 (3.7)	Plutonium-236	94	0.1 (.0037)
Molybdenum-93	42	100 (3.7)	Plutonium-237	94	1000 (37)
Molybdenum-93m	42	10 (.37)	Plutonium-238	94	0.01 (.00037)
Molybdenum-99	42	100 (3.7)	Plutonium-239	94	0.01 (.00037)
Neodymium-136	60	1000 (37)	Plutonium-240	94	0.01 (.00037)
Neodymium-138	60	1000 (37)	Plutonium-241	94	1 (.037)
Neodymium-139	60	1000 (37)	Plutonium-242	94	0.01 (.00037)
Neodymium-139m	60	100 (3.7)	Plutonium-243	94	1000 (37)
Neodymium-141	60	1000 (37)	Plutonium-244	94	0.01 (.00037)
	60	10 (.37)	Plutonium-245	94	100 (3.7)
Neodymium-147					
Neodymium-149	60	100 (3.7)	Polonium-203	84	100 (3.7)
	60 60 93	100 (3.7) 1000 (37) 1000 (37)	Polonium-203 Polonium-205 Polonium-207	84 84 84	100 (3.7) 100 (3.7) 10 (.37)

TABLE 2 TO APPENDIX A—RADIONUCLIDES—Continued

TABLE 2 TO APPENDIX A—RADIONUCLIDES—Continued

Polonium-210 Potassium-40 Potassium-42 Potassium-43 Potassium-44 Potassium-45 Praseodymium-136 Praseodymium-138m Praseodymium-138m Praseodymium-142 Praseodymium-142 Praseodymium-144 Praseodymium-147 Praseodymium-147 Praseodymium-147 Praseodymium-147 Promethium-141 Promethium-141 Promethium-141 Promethium-143	(2)— Atomic Number 84 19 19 19 19 59 59 59 59 59 59 59 59 59 59 61 61	(3)—Reportable Quantity (RQ) Ci (TBq) 0.01 (.00037) 1 (.037) 100 (3.7) 100 (3.7) 1000 (37) 1000 (37) 1000 (37) 1000 (37) 1000 (3.7) 1000 (3.7) 1000 (3.7) 1000 (3.7) 1000 (3.7) 1000 (3.7) 1000 (3.7) 1000 (3.7) 1000 (3.7)	Rubidium-81 Rubidium-81m Rubidium-82m Rubidium-82m Rubidium-84 Rubidium-86 Rubidium-87 Rubidium-87 Rubidium-87 Rubidium-89 Ruthenium-103 Ruthenium-105 Ruthenium-106 Ruthenium-94 Ruthenium-94 Ruthenium-94	(2)— Atomic Num- ber 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 44 44 44 44	(3)—Reportable Quantity (RQ) Ci (TBq) 100 (3.7) 1000 (37) 10 (.37) 10 (.37) 10 (.37) 10 (.37) 10 (.37) 10 (.37) 1000 (37) 1000 (37) 1000 (37) 1000 (3.7) 1 (.37) 1 (.37) 1 (.37) 1 (.37) 1 (.37) 1 (.37) 1 (.37) 1 (.37) 1 (.37) 1 (.37) 1 (.37)
Potassium-40 Potassium-42 Potassium-43 Potassium-44 Potassium-45 Praseodymium-136 Praseodymium-137 Praseodymium-138m Praseodymium-142 Praseodymium-142 Praseodymium-142 Praseodymium-144 Praseodymium-144 Praseodymium-144 Praseodymium-144 Praseodymium-147 Promethium-141 Promethium-141	19 19 19 19 19 59 59 59 59 59 59 59 59 59	1 (.037) 100 (3.7) 100 (3.7) 10 (37) 100 (3.7) 1000 (37) 1000 (37) 1000 (37) 1000 (37) 1000 (37) 1000 (37) 1000 (37) 1000 (37) 1000 (37)	Rubidium-81m Rubidium-82m Rubidium-83 Rubidium-84 Rubidium-86 Rubidium-87 Rubidium-89 Ruthenium-103 Ruthenium-105 Ruthenium-106 Ruthenium-94 Ruthenium-94 Ruthenium-94	37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 44 44 44	1000 (37) 10 (37) 10 (37) 10 (37) 10 (37) 10 (37) 1000 (37) 1000 (37) 10 (37) 10 (37) 1 (037)
Potassium-40 Potassium-42 Potassium-43 Potassium-43 Potassium-44 Potassium-45 Praseodymium-136 Praseodymium-137 Praseodymium-138m Praseodymium-142 Praseodymium-142 Praseodymium-144 Praseodymium-144 Praseodymium-144 Praseodymium-144 Praseodymium-147 Promethium-141 Promethium-141	19 19 19 19 59 59 59 59 59 59 59 59 59	1 (.037) 100 (3.7) 100 (3.7) 10 (37) 100 (3.7) 1000 (37) 1000 (37) 1000 (37) 1000 (37) 1000 (37) 1000 (37) 1000 (37) 1000 (37) 1000 (37)	Rubidium-81 m Rubidium-82 m Rubidium-83 Rubidium-84 Rubidium-86 Rubidium-87 Rubidium-88 Rubidium-89 Ruthenium-103 Ruthenium-105 Ruthenium-106 Ruthenium-94 Ruthenium-94 Ruthenium-94	37 37 37 37 37 37 37 44 44 44	1000 (37) 10 (37) 10 (37) 10 (37) 10 (37) 10 (37) 1000 (37) 1000 (37) 10 (37) 10 (37) 1 (037)
Potassium-42 Potassium-43 Potassium-44 Potassium-44 Potassium-45 Praseodymium-136 Praseodymium-137 Praseodymium-139 Praseodymium-142 Praseodymium-142 Praseodymium-143 Praseodymium-144 Praseodymium-144 Praseodymium-144 Praseodymium-147 Promethium-141 Promethium-141	19 19 19 59 59 59 59 59 59 59 59	100 (3.7) 10 (3.7) 100 (3.7) 1000 (3.7) 1000 (37) 1000 (37) 1000 (37) 1000 (37) 1000 (37) 1000 (37) 100 (37) 1000 (37) 1000 (37)	Rubidium-82m Rubidium-83 Rubidium-84 Rubidium-86 Rubidium-87 Rubidium-89 Ruthenium-103 Ruthenium-105 Ruthenium-106 Ruthenium-94 Ruthenium-94 Ruthenium-94	37 37 37 37 37 37 44 44 44	10 (.37) 10 (.37) 10 (.37) 10 (.37) 10 (.37) 1000 (37) 1000 (37) 10 (.37) 10 (.37)
Potassium-44 Potassium-45 Praseodymium-136 Praseodymium-137 Praseodymium-138m Praseodymium-139 Praseodymium-142 Praseodymium-142 Praseodymium-144 Praseodymium-144 Praseodymium-144 Praseodymium-147 Promethium-141 Promethium-141	19 19 59 59 59 59 59 59 59 59 59	100 (3.7) 1000 (37) 1000 (37) 1000 (37) 1000 (37) 100 (3.7) 1000 (3.7) 1000 (37) 10 (3.37) 1000 (37) 1000 (37)	Rubidium-84 Rubidium-86 Rubidium-87 Rubidium-88 Rubidium-89 Ruthenium-103 Ruthenium-105 Ruthenium-106 Ruthenium-94 Ruthenium-94 Ruthenium-97	37 37 37 37 37 44 44 44	10 (.37) 10 (.37) 10 (.37) 1000 (37) 1000 (37) 10 (.37) 100 (3.7) 1 (.037)
Potassium-45 Praseodymium-136 Praseodymium-137 Praseodymium-138m Praseodymium-139 Praseodymium-142 Praseodymium-142 Praseodymium-144 Praseodymium-144 Praseodymium-144 Praseodymium-144 Praseodymium-147 Promethium-141 Promethium-141	19 59 59 59 59 59 59 59 59 59 61	1000 (37) 1000 (37) 1000 (37) 100 (3.7) 1000 (3.7) 1000 (3.7) 1000 (3.7) 10 (3.37) 1000 (3.7) 1000 (3.7)	Rubidium-86 Rubidium-87 Rubidium-88 Rubidium-89 Ruthenium-103 Ruthenium-105 Ruthenium-106 Ruthenium-94 Ruthenium-94 Ruthenium-97	37 37 37 37 44 44 44	10 (.37) 10 (.37) 1000 (37) 1000 (37) 10 (.37) 100 (3.7) 1 (.037)
Praseodymium-136 Praseodymium-137 Praseodymium-138m Praseodymium-139 Praseodymium-142 Praseodymium-142m Praseodymium-144 Praseodymium-144 Praseodymium-145 Praseodymium-147 Promethium-141 Promethium-141	59 59 59 59 59 59 59 59 59 61	1000 (37) 1000 (37) 100 (37) 100 (37) 100 (37) 100 (37) 100 (37) 100 (37) 1000 (37)	Rubidium-87 Rubidium-88 Rubidium-89 Ruthenium-103 Ruthenium-105 Ruthenium-106 Ruthenium-94 Ruthenium-97	37 37 37 44 44 44	10 (.37) 1000 (37) 1000 (37) 10 (.37) 100 (3.7) 1 (.037)
Praseodymium-137 Praseodymium-138m Praseodymium-139 Praseodymium-142 Praseodymium-142m Praseodymium-144 Praseodymium-144 Praseodymium-145 Praseodymium-147 Promethium-141 Promethium-141	59 59 59 59 59 59 59 59 59	1000 (37) 100 (3.7) 1000 (37) 100 (3.7) 1000 (3.7) 1000 (37) 1000 (37) 1000 (37)	Rubidium-88 Rubidium-89 Ruthenium-103 Ruthenium-105 Ruthenium-106 Ruthenium-94 Ruthenium-97	37 37 44 44 44 44	1000 (37) 1000 (37) 10 (.37) 100 (3.7) 1 (.037)
Praseodymium-138m Praseodymium-139 Praseodymium-142 Praseodymium-142m Praseodymium-143 Praseodymium-144 Praseodymium-145 Praseodymium-147 Promethium-141 Promethium-141	59 59 59 59 59 59 59 59 61	100 (3.7) 1000 (37) 100 (3.7) 100 (37) 10 (37) 1000 (37) 1000 (37)	Rubidium-89 Ruthenium-103 Ruthenium-105 Ruthenium-106 Ruthenium-94 Ruthenium-97	37 44 44 44 44	1000 (37) 10 (.37) 100 (3.7) 1 (.037)
Praseodymium-139 Praseodymium-142 Praseodymium-142m Praseodymium-143 Praseodymium-144 Praseodymium-145 Praseodymium-147 Promethium-141 Promethium-143	59 59 59 59 59 59 59 59	1000 (37) 100 (3.7) 1000 (37) 10 (.37) 1000 (37) 1000 (37)	Ruthenium-103 Ruthenium-105 Ruthenium-106 Ruthenium-94 Ruthenium-97	44 44 44 44	10 (.37) 100 (3.7) 1 (.037)
Praseodymium-142 Praseodymium-142m Praseodymium-143 Praseodymium-144 Praseodymium-145 Praseodymium-147 Promethium-141 Promethium-143	59 59 59 59 59 59	100 (3.7) 1000 (37) 10 (.37) 1000 (37) 1000 (37)	Ruthenium-105 Ruthenium-106 Ruthenium-94 Ruthenium-97	44 44 44	100 (3.7) 1 (.037)
Praseodymium-142m Praseodymium-143 Praseodymium-144 Praseodymium-145 Praseodymium-147 Promethium-141 Promethium-143	59 59 59 59 61	1000 (37) 10 (.37) 1000 (37) 1000 (37)	Ruthenium-94Ruthenium-97	44	1 (.037)
Praseodymium-144 Praseodymium-145 Praseodymium-147 Promethium-141 Promethium-143	59 59 59 61	1000 (37) 1000 (37)	Ruthenium-97		1000 (37)
Praseodymium-145Praseodymium-147Promethium-141Promethium-143	59 59 61	1000 (37)		11	
Praseodymium-147Promethium-141Promethium-143	59 61				100 (3.7)
Promethium-141Promethium-143	61	1000 (37)	Samarium-141	62	1000 (37)
Promethium-143			Samarium-141m	62	1000 (37)
		1000 (37)	Samarium-142Samarium-145	62	1000 (37)
	61	100 (3.7) 10 (.37)	Samarium-145Samarium-146	62 62	100 (3.7) 0.01 (.00037)
Promethium-145	61	100 (3.7)	Samarium-147	62	0.01 (.00037)
Promethium-146	61	10 (.37)	Samarium-151	62	10 (.37)
Promethium-147	61	10 (.37)	Samarium-153	62	100 (3.7)
Promethium-148	61	10 (.37)	Samarium-155	62	1000 (37)
Promethium-148m	61	10 (.37)	Samarium-156	62	100 (3.7)
Promethium-149	61	100 (3.7)	Scandium-43	21	1000 (37)
Promethium-150	61	100 (3.7)	Scandium-44	21	100 (3.7)
Promethium-151	61	100 (3.7)	Scandium-44m	21	10 (.37)
Protactinium-227	91 91	100 (3.7)	Scandium-46	21	10 (.37)
Protactinium-228	91	10 (.37) 10 (.37)	Scandium-47Scandium-48	21 21	100 (3.7) 10 (.37)
Protactinium-231	91	0.01 (.00037)	Scandium-49	21	1000 (37)
Protactinium-232	91	10 (.37)	Selenium-70	34	1000 (37)
Protactinium-233	91	100 (3.7)	Selenium-73	34	10 (.37)
Protactinium-234	91	10 (.37)	Selenium-73m	34	100 (3.7)
RADIONUCLIDES \$†		1 (.037)	Selenium-75	34	10 (.37)
Radium-223	88	1 (.037)	Selenium-79	34	10 (.37)
Radium-224	88	10 (.37)	Selenium-81	34	1000 (37)
Radium-225	88	1 (.037)	Selenium-81m	34	1000 (37)
Radium-226 **	88	0.1 (.0037)	Selenium-83	34	1000 (37)
Radium-227Radium-228	88 88	1000 (37) 0.1 (.0037)	Silicon-31 Silicon-32	14 14	1000 (37) 1 (.037)
Radon-220	86	0.1 (.0037)	Silver-102	47	100 (3.7)
Radon-222	86	0.1 (.0037)	Silver-103	47	1000 (3.7)
Rhenium-177	75	1000 (37)	Silver-104	47	1000 (37)
Rhenium-178	75	1000 (37)	Silver-104m	47	1000 (37)
Rhenium-181	75	100 (3.7)	Silver-105	47	10 (.37)
Rhenium-182 (12.7 hr)	75	10 (.37)	Silver-106	47	1000 (37)
Rhenium-182 (64.0 hr)	75	10 (.37)	Silver-106m	47	10 (.37)
Rhenium-184	75	10 (.37)	Silver-108m	47	10 (.37)
Rhenium-184mRhenium-186	75 75	10 (.37)	Silver-110mSilver-111	47	10 (.37)
Rhenium-186Rhenium-186m	75	100 (3.7) 10 (.37)	Silver-111Silver-112	47 47	10 (.37) 100 (3.7)
Rhenium-187	75	1000 (37)	Silver-115	47	100 (3.7)
Rhenium-188	75	1000 (37)	Sodium-22	11	10 (.37)
Rhenium-188m	75	1000 (37)	Sodium-24	11	10 (.37)
Rhenium-189	75	1000 (37)	Strontium-80	38	100 (3.7)
Rhodium-100	45	10 (.37)	Strontium-81	38	1000 (37)
Rhodium-101	45	10 (.37)	Strontium-83	38	100 (3.7)
Rhodium-101m	45	100 (3.7)	Strontium-85	38	10 (.37)
Rhodium-102	45	10 (.37)	Strontium-85m	38	1000 (37)
Rhodium-102m	45	10 (.37)	Strontium-87m	38	100 (3.7)
Rhodium-103mRhodium-105	45 45	1000 (37)	Strontium-89	38 38	10 (.37)
Rhodium-106m	45 45	100 (3.7) 10 (.37)	Strontium-90	38	0.1 (.0037) 10 (.37)
Rhodium-107	45	1000 (37)	Strontium-92	38	100 (3.7)
Rhodium-99	45	10 (.37)	Sulfur-35	16	1 (.037)
Rhodium-99m	45	100 (3.7)	Tantalum-172	73	100 (3.7)
Rubidium-79	37	1000 (37)	Tantalum-173	73	100 (3.7)

49 CFR Ch. I (10-1-11 Edition)

TABLE 2 TO APPENDIX A—RADIONUCLIDES—Continued

Table 2 to Appendix A—Radionuclides—Continued

(1)—Radionuclide	(2)— Atomic Num- ber	(3)—Reportable Quantity (RQ) Ci (TBq)	(1)—Radionuclide	(2)— Atomic Num- ber	(3)—Reportable Quantity (RQ) Ci (TBq)
Tantalum-174	73	100 (2.7)	Thorium (Irradiated)	90	***
		100 (3.7)	Thorium (Irradiated)		**
Tantalum-175	73	100 (3.7)	Thorium (Natural)	90	
Tantalum-176	73	10 (.37)	Thorium-226	90	100 (3.7)
Tantalum-177	73	1000 (37)	Thorium-227	90	1 (.037)
Tantalum-178	73	1000 (37)	Thorium-228	90	0.01 (.00037)
Tantalum-179	73	1000 (37)	Thorium-229	90	0.001 (.000037)
Tantalum-180	73	100 (3.7)	Thorium-230	90	0.01 (.00037)
Tantalum-180m	73	1000 (37)	Thorium-231	90	100 (3.7)
Tantalum-182	73	10 (.37)	Thorium-232 **	90	0.001 (.000037)
Tantalum-182m	73	1000 (37)	Thorium-234	90	100 (3.7)
Tantalum-183	73	100 (3.7)	Thulium-162	69	1000 (37)
Tantalum-184	73	10 (.37)	Thulium-166	69	10 (.37)
Tantalum-185	73	1000 (37)	Thulium-167	69	100 (3.7)
Tantalum-186	73	1000 (37)	Thulium-170	69	10 (.37)
Technetium-101	43	1000 (37)	Thulium-171	69	100 (3.7)
Technetium-104	43	1000 (37)	Thulium-172	69	100 (3.7)
Technetium-93	43	100 (3.7)	Thulium-173	69	100 (3.7)
Technetium-93m	43	100 (3.7)	Thulium-175	69	100 (3.7)
Technetium-94	43	1000 (37)	Tin-110	50	100 (37)
	43		Tin-111	50	1000 (3.7)
Technetium-94m		100 (3.7)			
Technetium-96	43	10 (.37)	Tin-113	50	10 (.37)
Technetium-96m	43	1000 (37)	Tin-117m	50	100 (3.7)
Technetium-97	43	100 (3.7)	Tin-119m	50	10 (.37)
Technetium-97m	43	100 (3.7)	Tin-121	50	1000 (37)
Technetium-98	43	10 (.37)	Tin-121m	50	10 (.37)
Technetium-99	43	10 (.37)	Tin-123	50	10 (.37)
Technetium-99m	43	100 (3.7)	Tin-123m	50	1000 (37)
Tellurium-116	52	1000 (37)	Tin-125	50	10 (.37)
Tellurium-121	52	10 (.37)	Tin-126	50	1 (.037)
Tellurium-121m	52	10 (.37)	Tin-127	50	100 (3.7)
Tellurium-123	52	10 (.37)	Tin-128	50	1000 (3.7)
	52			22	
Tellurium-123m		10 (.37)	Titanium-44		1 (.037)
Tellurium-125m	52	10 (.37)	Titanium-45	22	1000 (37)
Tellurium-127	52	1000 (37)	Tungsten-176	74	1000 (37)
Tellurium-127m	52	10 (.37)	Tungsten-177	74	100 (3.7)
Tellurium-129	52	1000 (37)	Tungsten-178	74	100 (3.7)
Tellurium-129m	52	10 (.37)	Tungsten-179	74	1000 (37)
Tellurium-131	52	1000 (37)	Tungsten-181	74	100 (3.7)
Tellurium-131m	52	10 (.37)	Tungsten-185	74	10 (.37)
Tellurium-132	52	10 (.37)	Tungsten-187	74	100 (3.7)
Tellurium-133	52	1000 (37)	Tungsten-188	74	10 (.37)
Tellurium-133m	52	1000 (37)	Uranium (Depleted)	92	***
Tellurium-134	52	1000 (37)	Uranium (Irradiated)	92	***
Terbium-147	65	100 (3.7)	Uranium (Natural)	92	**
Terbium-149	65	100 (3.7)	Uranium Enriched 20% or great-	02	
	65	100 (3.7)		92	***
	65	10 (3.7)	er Uranium Enriched less than	32	
	65			92	***
Terbium 154		100 (3.7)	20%		4 / 007
Terbium-154	65	10 (.37)	Uranium-230	92	1 (.037)
Terbium-155	65	100 (3.7)	Uranium-231	92	1000 (37)
Terbium-156	65	10 (.37)	Uranium-232	92	0.01 (.00037)
Terbium-156m (24.4 hr)	65	1000 (37)	Uranium-233	92	0.1 (.0037)
Terbium-156m (5.0 hr)	65	1000 (37)	Uranium-234 **	92	0.1 (.0037)
Terbium-157	65	100 (3.7)	Uranium-235 ^^	92	0.1 (.0037)
Terbium-158	65	10 (.37)	Uranium-236	92	0.1 (.0037)
Terbium-160	65	10 (.37)	Uranium-237	92	100 (3.7)
Terbium-161	65	100 (3.7)	Uranium-238 **	92	0.1 (.0037)
Thallium-194	81	1000 (37)	Uranium-239	92	1000 (37)
Thallium-194m	81	100 (3.7)	Uranium-240	92	1000 (37)
Thallium-195	81	100 (3.7)		23	1000 (37)
Thallium-197	81	100 (3.7)		23	
		100 (3.7)			10 (.37)
Thallium-198	81	10 (.37)	Vanadium-49	23	1000 (37)
Thallium-198m	81	100 (3.7)	Xenon-120	54	100 (3.7)
Thallium-199	81	100 (3.7)	Xenon-121	54	10 (.37)
Thallium-200	81	10 (.37)	Xenon-122	54	100 (3.7)
Thallium-201	81	1000 (37)	Xenon-123	54	10 (.37)
Thallium-202	81	10 (.37)	Xenon-125	54	100 (3.7)
Thallium-204	81	10 (.37)	Xenon-127	54	100 (3.7)
		- (- /			(- ')

TABLE 2 TO APPENDIX A-RADIONUCLIDES-Continued

(1)—Radionuclide	(2)— Atomic Num- ber	(3)—Reportable Quantity (RQ) Ci (TBq)
Xenon-129m	54	1000 (37)
Xenon-131m	54	1000 (37)
Xenon-133	54	1000 (37)
Xenon-133m	54	1000 (37)
Xenon-135	54	100 (3.7)
Xenon-135m	54	10 (.37)
Xenon-138	54	10 (.37)
Ytterbium-162	70	1000 (37)
Ytterbium-166	70	10 (.37)
Ytterbium-167	70	1000 (37)
Ytterbium-169	70	10 (.37)
Ytterbium-175	70	100 (3.7)
Ytterbium-177	70	1000 (37)
Ytterbium-178	70	1000 (37)
Yttrium-86	39	10 (.37)
Yttrium-86m	39	1000 (37)
Yttrium-87	39	10 (.37)
Yttrium-88	39	10 (.37)
Yttrium-90	39	10 (.37)
Yttrium-90m	39	100 (3.7)
Yttrium-91	39	10 (.37)
Yttrium-91m	39	1000 (37)
Yttrium-92	39	100 (3.7)
Yttrium-93	39	100 (3.7)
Yttrium-94	39	1000 (37)
Yttrium-95	39	1000 (37)
Zinc-62	30	100 (3.7)
Zinc-63	30	1000 (37)
Zinc-65	30	10 (.37)
Zinc-69	30	1000 (37)
Zinc-69m	30	100 (3.7)
Zinc-71m	30	100 (3.7)
Zinc-72	30	100 (3.7)
Zirconium-86	40	100 (3.7)
Zirconium-88	40	10 (.37)
Zirconium-89	40	100 (3.7)
Zirconium-93	40	1 (.037)
Zirconium-95	40	10 (.37)
Zirconium-97	40	10 (.37)

\$The RQs for all radionuclides apply to chemical compounds containing the radionuclides and elemental forms regardless of the diameter of pieces of solid material.

†The RQ of one curie applies to all radionuclides not otherwise listed. Whenever the RQs in TABLE 1—HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES OTHER THAN RADIONUCLIDES and this table conflict, the lowest RQ shall apply. For example, uranyl acetate and uranyl nitrate have RQs shown in TABLE 1 of 100 pounds, equivalent to about one-tenth the RQ level for uranium-238 in this table.

**The method to determine the RQs for mixtures or solutions of radionuclides can be found in paragraph 7 of the note

**The method to determine the RQs for mixtures or solutions of radionuclides can be found in paragraph 7 of the note preceding TABLE 1 of this appendix. RQs for the following four common radionuclide mixtures are provided: radium-226 in secular equilibrium with its daughters (0.053 curie); natural uranium (0.1 curie); natural uranium in secular equilibrium with its daughters (0.052 curie); and natural thorium in secular equilibrium with its daughters (0.011 curie).

***Indicates that the name was added by PHMSA because it appears in the list of radionuclides in 49 CFR 173.435. The reportable quantity (RQ), if not specifically listed elsewhere in this appendix, shall be determined in accordance with the procedures in paragraph 7 of this appendix.

cedures in paragraph 7 of this appendix.

APPENDIX B TO §172.101—LIST OF MARINE POLLUTANTS

1. See §171.4 of this subchapter for applicability to marine pollutants. This appendix lists potential marine pollutants as defined in §171.8 of this subchapter.

- 2. Marine pollutants listed in this appendix are not necessarily listed by name in the §172.101 Table. If a marine pollutant not listed by name or by synonym in the §172.101 Table meets the definition of any hazard Class 1 through 8, then you must determine the class and division of the material in accordance with §173.2a of this subchapter. You must also select the most appropriate hazardous material description and proper shipping name. If a marine pollutant not listed by name or by synonym in the §172.101 Table does not meet the definition of any Class 1 through 8, then you must offer it for transportation under the most appropriate of the following two Class 9 entries: "Environhazardous substances. mentally liquid. n.o.s.," UN3082, or "Environmentally hazardous substances, solid, n.o.s." UN3077
- 3. This appendix contains two columns. The first column, entitled "S.M.P." (for severe marine pollutants), identifies whether a material is a severe marine pollutant. If the letters "PP" appear in this column for a material, the material is a severe marine pollutant, otherwise it is not. The second column, entitled "Marine Pollutant", lists the marine pollutants
- 4. If a material is not listed in this appendix and meets the criteria for a marine pollutant as provided in Chapter 2.9 of the IMDG Code, (incorporated by reference; see §171.7 of this subchapter), the material may be transported as a marine pollutant in accordance with the applicable requirements of this subchapter.
- 5. If a material or a solution meeting the definition of a marine pollutant in §171.8 of this subchapter does not meet the criteria for a marine pollutant as provided in section 2.9.3.3 and 2.9.3.4 of the IMDG Code, (incorporated by reference; see §171.7 of this subchapter), it may be excepted from the requirements of this subchapter as a marine pollutant if that exception is approved by the Associate Administrator.

LIST OF MARINE POLLUTANTS

S.M.P. (1)	Marine pollutant (2)
	Acetone cyanohydrin, stabilized Acetylene tetrabromide Acetylene tetrachloride Acraldehyde, inhibited Acrolein, inhibited Acrolein, stabilized
PP	Acrylic aldehyde, inhibited Alcohol C-12 - C-16 poly(1-6) ethoxylate Alcohol C-6 - C-17 (secondary)poly(3-6) ethoxylate Aldicarb Aldrin
PP	Alkyl (c12-c14) dimethylamine Alkyl (c7-c9) nitrates Alkybenzenesulphonates, branched and straight chain (excluding C11-C13 straight chain or branched chain homologues) Allyl bromide ortho-Aminoanisole

49 CFR Ch. I (10-1-11 Edition)

LIST OF MARINE POLLUTANTS—Continued

LIST OF MARINE POLLUTANTS—Continued

S.M.P. (1)	Marine pollutant (2)	S.M.P. (1)	Marine pollutant (2)
	Aminocarb		Chloropicrin
	Ammonium dinitro-o-cresolate		alpha-Chloropropylene
	n-Amylbenzene		Chlorotoluenes (meta-;para-)
	Azinphos-ethyl	PP	Chlorpyriphos
	Azinphos-methyl	PP	Chlorthiophos
	Barium cyanide		Cocculus
	Bendiocarb		Coconitrile
	Benomyl		Copper acetoarsenite
	Benquinox		Copper arsenite
	Benzyl chlorocarbonate	PP PP	Copper chloride
	Benzyl chloroformate Binapacryl	PP PP	Copper cyanide
	N,N-Bis (2-hydroxyethyl) oleamide (LOA)	PP	Copper metal powder
	Brodifacoum	PP	Copper sulphate, anhydrous, hydrates
	Bromine cyanide	FF	Coumachlor
	Bromoacetone	PP	Coumaphos
	Bromoallylene	PP	Cresyl diphenyl phosphate
	Bromobenzene		Crotonaldehyde, stabilized
	ortho-Bromobenzyl cyanide		Crotonic aldehyde, stabilized
	Bromocyane		Crotoxyphos
	Bromoform		Cupric arsenite
)	Bromophos-ethyl	PP	Cupric chloride
	3-Bromopropene	PP	Cupric cyanide
	Bromoxynil	PP	Cupric sulfate
	Butanedione		Cupriethylenediamine solution
	2-Butenal, stabilized	PP	Cuprous chloride
	Butyl benzyl phthalate		Cyanide mixtures
	N-tert-butyl-N-cyclopropyl-6-methylthio-1,3,5-triazine-		Cyanide solutions
	2,4-diamine		Cyanides, inorganic, n.o.s.
	2,4-Di-tert-butylphenol		Cyanogen bromide
>	2, 6-Di-tert-Butylphenol		Cyanogen chloride, inhibited
	para-tertiary-butyltoluene		Cyanogen chloride, stabilized
•	Cadmium compounds		Cyanophos
	Cadmium sulphide	PP	1,5,9-Cyclododecatriene
	Calcium arsenate	PP	Cyhexatin
	Calcium arsenate and calcium arsenite, mixtures,	PP	Cymenes (o-;m-;p-)
	solid	PP	Cypermethrin
	Calcium cyanide		Decyl acrylate
>	Camphechlor	PP	DDŤ
	Carbaryl		Decycloxytetrahydrothiophene dioxide
	Carbendazim		DEF
	Carbofuran		Desmedipham
	Carbon tetrabromide		Di-allate Di-allate
	Carbon tetrachloride		Di-n-Butyl phthalate
>	Carbophenothion	PP	Dialifos
	Cartap hydrochloride		4,4'-Diaminodiphenylmethane
)	Chlordane	PP	Diazinon
	Chlorfenvinphos		1,3-Dibromobenzene
>	Chlorinated paraffins (C-10 - C-13)	PP	Dichlofenthion
>	Chlorinated paraffins (C14-C17), with more than 1%		Dichloroanilines
	shorter chain length		1,3-Dichlorobenzene
	Chlorine		1,4-Dichlorobenzene
	Chlorine cyanide, inhibited		Dichlorobenzene (meta-; para-)
	Chlormephos		2,2-Dichlorodiethyl ether
	Chloroacetone, stabilized		Dichlorodimethyl ether, symmetrical
	1-Chloro-2,3-Epoxypropane		Di-(2-chloroethyl) ether
	2-Chloro-6-nitrotoluene		1,1-Dichloroethylene, inhibited
	4-Chloro-2-nitrotoluene		1,6-Dichlorohexane
	Chloro-ortho-nitrotoluene		Dichlorophenyltrichlorosilane
	2-Chloro-5-trifluoromethylnitrobenzene	PP	Dichlorvos
	para-Chlorobenzyl chloride, liquid or solid	PP	Diclofop-methyl
	Chlorodinitrobenzenes, liquid or solid		Dicrotophos
	1-Chloroheptane	PP	Dieldrin
	1-Chlorohexane		Diisopropylbenzenes
	Chloronitroanilines		Diisopropylnaphthalenes, mixed isomers
	Chloronitrotoluenes, liquid	PP	Dimethoate
	Chloronitrotoluenes, solid	PP	N,N-Dimethyldodecylamine
	1-Chlorooctane		Dimethylhydrazine, symmetrical
	Chlorophenolates, liquid		Dimethylhydrazine, unsymmetrical
	Chlorophenolates, liquid		
P	Chlorophenolates, solid Chlorophenyltrichlorosilane		Dinitro-o-cresol, solid Dinitro-o-cresol, solution

LIST OF MARINE POLLUTANTS—Continued

LIST OF MARINE POLLUTANTS—Continued

S.M.P. (1)	Marine pollutant (2)	S.M.P. (1)	Marine pollutant (2)
	Dinitrochlorobenzenes, liquid or solid	PP	Hexachlorobutadiene
	Dinitrophenol, dry or wetted with less than 15 per	PP	1,3-Hexachlorobutadiene
	cent water, by mass		Hexaethyl tetraphosphate liquid
	Dinitrophenol solutions		Hexaethyl tetraphosphate, solid
	Dinitrophenol, wetted with not less than 15 per cent		normal-Hexyl chloride
	water, by mass		n-Hexylbenzene
	Dinitrophenolates alkali metals, dry or wetted with		Hydrocyanic acid, anhydrous, stabilized, containing
	less than 15 per cent water, by mass		less than 3% water
	Dinitrophenolates, wetted with not less than 15 per		Hydrocyanic acid, anhydrous, stabilized, containing
	cent water, by mass		less than 3% water and absorbed in a porous inert
	Dinobuton		material
	Dinoseb		Hydrocyanic acid, aqueous solutions not more than 20% hydrocyanic acid
	Dinoseb acetate Dioxacarb		Hydrogen cyanide solution in alcohol, with not more
	Dioxathion		than 45% hydrogen cyanide
	Dipentene		Hydrogen cyanide, stabilized with less than 3%
	Diphacinone		water
	Diphenyl		Hydrogen cyanide, stabilized with less than 3%
PP	Diphenylamine chloroarsine		water and absorbed in a porous inert material
PP	Diphenylchloroarsine, solid or liquid		Hydroxydimethylbenzenes, liquid or solid
	Disulfoton		loxynil
	1,4-Di-tert-butylbenzene		Isobenzan
	DNOC		Isobutyl butyrate
	DNOC (pesticide)		Isobutylbenzene
	Dodecyl diphenyl oxide disulphonate		Isodecyl acrylate
PP	Dodecyl hydroxypropyl sulfide		Isodecyl diphenyl phosphate
	1-Dodecylamine		Isofenphos
PP	Dodecylphenol		Isooctyl nitrate
	Drazoxolon		Isoprocarb
-	Edifenphos		Isotetramethylbenzene
PP	Endosulfan	PP	Isoxathion
PP	Endrin		Lead acetate
	Epibromohydrin Epichlorohydrin		Lead arsenates Lead arsenites
PP	EPN		Lead compounds, soluble, n.o.s.
PP	Esfenvalerate		Lead cyanide
PP	Ethion		Lead nitrate
	Ethoprophos		Lead perchlorate, solid or solution
	Ethyl fluid		Lead tetraethyl
	Ethyl mercaptan		Lead tetramethyl
	2-Ethylhexyl nitrate	PP	Lindane
	2-Ethyl-3-propylacrolein		Linuron
	Ethyl tetraphosphate		London Purple
	Ethyldichloroarsine		Magnesium arsenate
	Ethylene dibromide and methyl bromide mixtures,		Malathion
	liquid		Mancozeb (ISO)
	2-Ethylhexaldehyde		Maneb
PP	Fenamiphos		Maneb preparations with not less than 60% maneb
PP PP	Fenbutatin oxide Fenchlorazole-ethyl		Maneb preparation, stabilized against self-heating Maneb stabilized <i>or</i> Maneb preparations, stabilized
PP	Fenitrothion		against self-heating
PP	Fenoxapro-ethyl		Manganese ethylene-1,2-bis dithiocarbamate
PP	Fenoxaprop-P-ethyl		Manganese ethylene-1,2-bis-dithiocarbamate, sta-
PP	Fenpropathrin		bilized against self-heating
	Fensulfothion		Mecarbam
PP	Fenthion		Mephosfolan
PP	Fentin acetate		Mercaptodimethur
PP	Fentin hydroxide	PP	Mercuric acetate
	Ferric arsenate	PP	Mercuric ammonium chloride
	Ferric arsenite	PP	Mercuric arsenate
	Ferrous arsenate	PP	Mercuric benzoate
PP	Fonofos	PP	Mercuric bisulphate
	Formetanate	PP	Mercuric bromide
PP	Furathiocarb (ISO)	PP	Mercuric chloride
PP	gamma-BHC	PP	Mercuric cyanide
	Gasoline, leaded	PP	Mercuric gluconate
PP	Heptachlor		Mercuric iodide
	Heptenophos	PP	Mercuric nitrate
	n-Heptaldehyde	PP	Mercuric oleate
	n-Heptylbenzene	PP	Mercuric oxide
	normal-Heptyl chloride	PP	Mercuric oxycyanide, desensitized

49 CFR Ch. I (10-1-11 Edition)

LIST OF MARINE POLLUTANTS—Continued

LIST OF MARINE POLLUTANTS—Continued

S.M.P. (1)	Marine pollutant (2)	S.M.P. (1)	Marine pollutant (2)
PP	Mercuric potassium cyanide	PP	Organotin compounds, solid, n.o.s.
PP	Mercuric Sulphate	PP	Organotin pesticides, liquid, flammable, toxic, n.o.s.,
PP	Mercuric thiocyanate		flash point less than 23deg C
PP PP	Mercurol Mercurous acetate	PP PP	Organotin pesticides, liquid, toxic, flammable, n.o.s. Organotin pesticides, liquid, toxic, n.o.s.
PP	Mercurous bisulphate	PP	Organotin pesticides, solid, toxic, n.o.s.
PP	Mercurous bromide	• • •	Orthoarsenic acid
PP	Mercurous chloride	PP	Osmium tetroxide
PP	Mercurous nitrate		Oxamyl
PP PP	Mercurous salicylate		Oxydisulfoton Paraoxon
PP	Mercurous sulphate Mercury acetates	PP	Parathion
PP	Mercury ammonium chloride	PP	Parathion-methyl
PP	Mercury based pesticide, liquid, flammable, toxic	PP	PCBs.
PP	Mercury based pesticides, liquid, toxic, flammable		Pentachloroethane
PP PP	Mercury based pesticides, liquid, toxic Mercury based pesticides, solid, toxic	PP	Pentachlorophenol Pentalin
PP	Mercury benzoate		n-Pentylbenzene
PP	Mercury bichloride		Perchloroethylene
PP	Mercury bisulphates		Perchloromethylmercaptan
PP	Mercury bromides		Petrol, leaded
PP	Mercury compounds, liquid, n.o.s.	PP	Phenarsazine chloride
PP PP	Mercury compounds, solid, n.o.s. Mercury cyanide	PP	d-Phenothrin Phenthoate
PP	Mercury gluconate	FF	1-Phenylbutane
PP	Mercury (I) (mercurous) compounds (pesticides)		2-Phenylbutane
PP	Mercury (II) (mercuric) compounds (pesticides)		Phenylcyclohexane
	Mercury iodide	PP	Phenylmercuric acetate
PP PP	Mercury nucleate	PP PP	Phenylmercuric compounds, n.o.s.
PP PP	Mercury oleate Mercury oxide	PP PP	Phenylmercuric hydroxide Phenylmercuric nitrate
PP	Mercury oxycyanide, desensitized	PP	Phorate
PP	Mercury potassium cyanide	PP	Phosalone
PP	Mercury potassium iodide		Phosmet
PP	Mercury salicylate	PP	Phosphamidon
PP PP	Mercury sulfates Mercury thiocyanate	PP PP	Phosphorus, white, molten Phosphorus, white <i>or</i> yellow dry <i>or</i> under water <i>or</i> in
FF	Metam-sodium	FF	solution
	Methamidophos	PP	Phosphorus white, or yellow, molten
	Methanethiol	PP	Phosphorus, yellow, molten
	Methidathion		Pindone (and salts of)
	Methomyl	PP	Pirimicarb
	ortho-Methoxyaniline Methyl bromide and ethylene dibromide mixtures, liq-	PP	Pirimiphos-ethyl Polychlorinated biphenyls
	uid	PP	Polyhalogenated biphenyls, liquid <i>or</i> Terphenyls liq-
	Methyl mercaptan		uid
	3-Methylacroleine, stabilized	PP	Polyhalogenated biphenyls, solid or Terphenyls,
	Methylchlorobenzenes		solid
	Methylnitrophenols 3-Methylpyradine	PP	Potassium cuprocyanide Potassium cyanide, solid
	Methyltrithion		Potassium cyanide, solution
	Methylvinylbenzenes, inhibited	PP	Potassium cyanocuprate (I)
PP	Mevinphos	PP	Potassium cyanomercurate
	Mexacarbate	PP	Potassium mercuric iodide
	Mirex		Promecarb
	Monocrotophos Motor fuel anti-knock mixtures		Propachlor Propaphos
	Motor fuel anti-knock mixtures or compounds		Propenal, inhibited
	Nabam		Propoxur
	Naled		Prothoate
PP	Nickel carbonyl		Prussic acid, anhydrous, stabilized
PP PP	Nickel cyanide		Prussic acid, anhydrous, stabilized, absorbed in a
PP	Nickel tetracarbonyl 3-Nitro-4-chlorobenzotrifluoride	PP	porous inert material Pyrazophos
	Nitrobenzene	• • •	Quinalphos
	Nitrobenzotrifluorides, liquid or solid	PP	Quizalofop
	Nonylphenol	PP	Quizalofop-p-ethyl
	normal-Octaldehyde		Rotenone
PP	Oleylamine Organotin compounds, liquid, n.o.s.	PP	Salithion Silafluofen
PP PP	Organotin compounds, liquid, n.o.s. Organotin compounds (pesticides)	F F	Silver arsenite
	. Organisan compounds (positiones)		. S Groomic

LIST OF MARINE POLLUTANTS—Continued

S.M.P. (1)	Marine pollutant (2)
PP PP PP	Silver cyanide Silver orthoarsenite Sodium copper cyanide, solid Sodium copper cyanide solution Sodium cuprocyanide, solid Sodium cuprocyanide, solid Sodium cyanide, solid Sodium cyanide, solid Sodium cyanide, solid Sodium cyanide, solid
PP	than 15 per cent water, by mass Sodium dinitro-ortho-cresolate, wetted with not less than 15 per cent water, by mass Sodium pentachlorophenate Strychnine or Strychnine salts
PP	Sulfotep Sulprophos Tallow nitrile Temephos
PP	TEPP Terbufos Tetrabromoethane Tetrabromomethane
PP	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane Tetrachloroethylene Tetrachloromethane Tetraethyl dithiopyrophosphate Tetraethyl lead, liquid Tetramethrin Tetramethyllead
	Thallium chlorate Thallium compounds, n.o.s. Thallium compounds (pesticides) Thallium nitrate Thallium sulfate Thallous chlorate
PP	Thiocarbonyl tetrachloride Triaryl phosphates, isopropylated Triaryl phosphates, n.o.s. Triazophos
PP	Tribromomethane Tributyltin compounds
PP	Trichlorfon 1,2,3—Trichlorobenzene Trichlorobenzenes, liquid
	Trichlorobutene Trichloromethane sulphuryl chloride Trichloromethyl sulphochloride Trichloromethyl sulphochloride Trichloronat
PP	Tricresyl phosphate (less than 1% ortho-isomer) Tricresyl phosphate, not less than 1% ortho-isomer
PP	but not more than 3% orthoisomer Tricresyl phosphate with more than 3 per cent ortho isomer Triethylbenzene Triisopropylated phenyl phosphates
PP	Trimethylene dichloride Triphenylphosphate Triphenyl phosphate/tert-butylated triphenyl phosphates mixtures containing 5% to 10%
PP	triphenyl phosphates Triphenyl phosphates Triphenyl phosphates containing 10% to 48% triphenyl phosphates
PP	Triphenyltin compounds Tritolyl phosphate (less than 1% ortho-isomer)
PP	Tritolyl phosphate (not less than 1% ortho-isomer) Trixylenyl phosphate Vinylidene chloride, stabilized
PP	Warfarin (and salts of) White phosphorus, dry

LIST OF MARINE POLLUTANTS—Continued

S.M.P. (1)	Marine pollutant (2)
PP	White phosphorus, wet White spirit, low (15-20%) aromatic
PP	Yellow phosphorus, dry
PP	Yellow phosphorus, wet
	Zinc bromide
	Zinc cyanide

[Amdt. 172–173, 55 FR 52474, Dec. 21, 1990]

EDITORIAL NOTE: For FEDERAL REGISTER citations affecting §172.101, see the List of CFR Sections Affected which appears in the Finding Aids section of the printed volume and at www.fdsys.gov.

§172.102 Special provisions.

- (a) General. When column 7 of the §172.101 table refers to a special provision for a hazardous material, the meaning and requirements of that provision are as set forth in this section. When a special provision specifies packaging or packaging requirements—
- (1) The special provision is in addition to the standard requirements for all packagings prescribed in §173.24 of this subchapter and any other applicable packaging requirements in subparts A and B of part 173 of this subchapter; and
- (2) To the extent a special provision imposes limitations or additional requirements on the packaging provisions set forth in column 8 of the §172.101 table, packagings must conform to the requirements of the special provision.
- (b) Description of codes for special provisions. Special provisions contain packaging provisions, prohibitions, exceptions from requirements for particular quantities or forms of materials and requirements or prohibitions applicable to specific modes of transportation, as follows:
- (1) A code consisting only of numbers (for example, "11") is multi-modal in application and may apply to bulk and non-bulk packagings.
- (2) A code containing the letter "A" refers to a special provision which applies only to transportation by aircraft.

- (3) A code containing the letter "B" refers to a special provision that applies only to bulk packaging requirements. Unless otherwise provided in this subchapter, these special provisions do not apply to UN, IM Specification portable tanks or IBCs.
- (4) A code containing the letters "IB" or "IP" refers to a special provision that applies only to transportation in IBCs.
- (5) A code containing the letter "N" refers to a special provision which applies only to non-bulk packaging requirements.
- (6) A code containing the letter "R" refers to a special provision which applies only to transportation by rail.
- (7) A code containing the letter "T" refers to a special provision which applies only to transportation in UN or IM Specification portable tanks.
- (8) A code containing the letters "TP" refers to a portable tank special provision for UN or IM Specification portable tanks that is in addition to those provided by the portable tank instructions or the requirements in part 178 of this subchapter.
- (9) A code containing the letter "W" refers to a special provision that applies only to transportation by water.
- (c) Tables of special provisions. The following tables list, and set forth the requirements of, the special provisions referred to in column 7 of the §172.101 table.
- (1) Numeric provisions. These provisions are multi-modal and apply to bulk and non-bulk packagings:

Code/Special Provisions

- 1 This material is poisonous by inhalation (see §171.8 of this subchapter) in Hazard Zone A (see §173.116(a) or §173.133(a) of this subchapter), and must be described as an inhalation hazard under the provisions of this subchapter.
- 2 This material is poisonous by inhalation (see §171.8 of this subchapter) in Hazard Zone B (see §173.116(a) or §173.133(a) of this subchapter), and must be described as an inhalation hazard under the provisions of this subchapter.
- 3 This material is poisonous by inhalation (see §171.8 of this subchapter) in Hazard Zone C (see §173.116(a) of this subchapter), and must be described as an inhalation hazard under the provisions of this subchapter.
- I This material is poisonous by inhalation (see §171.8 of this subchapter) in Hazard

- Zone D (see §173.116(a) of this subchapter), and must be described as an inhalation hazard under the provisions of this subchapter.
- 5 If this material meets the definition for a material poisonous by inhalation (see §171.8 of this subchapter), a shipping name must be selected which identifies the inhalation hazard, in Division 2.3 or Division 6.1, as appropriate.
- 6 This material is poisonous-by-inhalation and must be described as an inhalation hazard under the provisions of this subchapter.
- 8 A hazardous substance that is not a hazardous waste may be shipped under the shipping description "Other regulated substances, liquid or solid, n.o.s.", as appropriate. In addition, for solid materials, special provision B54 applies.
- 9 Packaging for certain PCBs for disposal and storage is prescribed by EPA in 40 CFR 761.60 and 761.65.
- 11 The hazardous material must be packaged as either a liquid or a solid, as appropriate, depending on its physical form at 55 °C (131 °F) at atmospheric pressure.
- 12 In concentrations greater than 40 percent, this material has strong oxidizing properties and is capable of starting fires in contact with combustible materials. If appropriate, a package containing this material must conform to the additional labeling requirements of §172.402 of this subchapter.
- 13 The words "Inhalation Hazard" shall be entered on each shipping paper in association with the shipping description, shall be marked on each non-bulk package in association with the proper shipping name and identification number, and shall be marked on two opposing sides of each bulk package. Size of marking on bulk package must conform to §172.302(b) of this subchapter. The requirements of §§172.203(m) and 172.505 of this subchapter do not apply.
- 14 Motor fuel antiknock mixtures are:
 - a. Mixtures of one or more organic lead mixtures (such as tetraethyl lead, triethylmethyl lead, diethyldimethyl lead, ethyltrimethyl lead, and tetramethyl lead) with one or more halogen compounds (such as ethylene dibromide and ethylene dichloride), hydrocarbon solvents or other equally efficient stabilizers; or
 - b. tetraethyl lead.
- 15 This entry applies to "Chemical kits" and "First aid kits" containing one or more compatible items of hazardous materials in boxes, cases, etc. that, for example, are used for medical, analytical, diagnostic, testing, or repair purposes. Kits that are carried on board transport vehicles for first aid or operating purposes are not subject to the requirements of this subchapter.

- 16 This description applies to smokeless powder and other solid propellants that are used as powder for small arms and have been classed as Division 1.3 and 4.1 in accordance with \$173.56 of this subchapter.
- 18 This description is authorized only for fire extinguishers listed in §173.309(b) of this subchapter meeting the following conditions:
 - a. Each fire extinguisher may only have extinguishing contents that are nonflammable, non-poisonous, non-corrosive and commercially free from corroding components.
 - b. Each fire extinguisher must be charged with a nonflammable, non-poisonous, dry gas that has a dew-point at or below minus 46.7 °C (minus 52 °F) at 101 kPa (1 atmosphere) and is free of corroding components, to not more than the service pressure of the cylinder.
 - c. A fire extinguisher may not contain more than 30% carbon dioxide by volume or any other corrosive extinguishing agent.
 - d. Each fire extinguisher must be protected externally by suitable corrosion-resisting coating.
- 19 For domestic transportation only, the identification number "UN1075" may be used in place of the identification number specified in column (4) of the §172.101 table. The identification number used must be consistent on package markings, shipping papers and emergency response information.
- 21 This material must be stabilized by appropriate means (e.g., addition of chemical inhibitor, purging to remove oxygen) to prevent dangerous polymerization (see §173.21(f) of this subchapter).
- 22 If the hazardous material is in dispersion in organic liquid, the organic liquid must have a flash point above 50 °C (122 °F).
- 23 This material may be transported under the provisions of Division 4.1 only if it is so packed that the percentage of diluent will not fall below that stated in the shipping description at any time during transport. Quantities of not more than 500 g per package with not less than 10 percent water by mass may also be classed in Division 4.1, provided a negative test result is obtained when tested in accordance with test series 6(c) of the UN Manual of Tests and Criteria (IBR, see §171.7 of this subchapter).
- 24 Alcoholic beverages containing more than 70 percent alcohol by volume must be transported as materials in Packing Group II. Alcoholic beverages containing more than 24 percent but not more than 70 percent alcohol by volume must be transported as materials in Packing Group III.
- 26 This entry does not include ammonium permanganate, the transport of which is prohibited except when approved by the Associate Administrator.

- 28 The dihydrated sodium salt of dichloroisocyanuric acid is not subject to the requirements of this subchapter.
- 29 For transportation by motor vehicle, rail car or vessel, production runs (exceptions for prototypes can be found in §173.185(e)) of not more than 100 lithium cells or batteries are excepted from the testing requirements of §173.185(a)(1) if—
- a. For a lithium metal cell or battery, the lithium content is not more than 1.0 g per cell and the aggregate lithium content is not more than 2.0 g per battery, and, for a lithium-ion cell or battery, the equivalent lithium content is not more than 1.5 g per cell and the aggregate equivalent lithium content is not more than 8 g per battery;
- b. The cells and batteries are transported in an outer packaging that is a metal, plastic or plywood drum or metal, plastic or wooden box that meets the criteria for Packing Group I packagings; and
- c. Each cell and battery is individually packed in an inner packaging inside an outer packaging and is surrounded by cushioning material that is non-combustible, and nonconductive.
- 30 Sulfur is not subject to the requirements of this subchapter if transported in a non-bulk packaging or if formed to a specific shape (for example, prills, granules, pellets, pastilles, or flakes). A bulk packaging containing sulfur is not subject to the placarding requirements of subpart F of this part, if it is marked with the appropriate identification number as required by subpart D of this part. Molten sulfur must be marked as required by §172.325 of this subchapter.
- 31 Materials which have undergone sufficient heat treatment to render them non-hazardous are not subject to the requirements of this subchapter.
- 32 Polymeric beads and molding compounds may be made from polystyrene, poly(methyl methacrylate) or other polymeric material.
- 33 Ammonium nitrites and mixtures of an inorganic nitrite with an ammonium salt are prohibited.
- 34 The commercial grade of calcium nitrate fertilizer, when consisting mainly of a double salt (calcium nitrate and ammonium nitrate) containing not more than 10 percent ammonium nitrate and at least 12 percent water of crystallization, is not subject to the requirements of this subchapter.
- 35 Antimony sulphides and oxides which do not contain more than 0.5 percent of arsenic calculated on the total mass do not meet the definition of Division 6.1
- 37 Unless it can be demonstrated by testing that the sensitivity of the substance in its frozen state is no greater than in its liquid state, the substance must remain liquid during normal transport conditions. It

must not freeze at temperatures above -15 °C (5 °F)

- 38 If this material shows a violent effect in laboratory tests involving heating under confinement, the labeling requirements of Special Provision 53 apply, and the material must be packaged in accordance with packing method OP6 in §173.225 of this subchapter. If the SADT of the technically pure substance is higher than 75 °C, the technically pure substance and formulations derived from it are not self-reactive materials and, if not meeting any other hazard class, are not subject to the requirements of this subchapter.
- 39 This substance may be carried under provisions other than those of Class 1 only if it is so packed that the percentage of water will not fall below that stated at any time during transport. When phlegmatized with water and inorganic inert material, the content of urea nitrate must not exceed 75 percent by mass and the mixture should not be capable of being detonated by test 1(a)(i) or test 1(a)(ii) in the UN Manual of Tests and Criteria (IBR, see §171.7 of this subchapter).
- 40 Polyester resin kits consist of two components: A base material (Class 3, Packing Group II or III) and an activator (organic peroxide), each separately packed in an inner packaging. The organic peroxide must be type D, E, or F, not requiring temperature control. The components may be placed in the same outer packaging provided they will not interact dangerously in the event of leakage. The Packing Group assigned will be II or III, according to the classification criteria for Class 3, applied to the base material. Additionally, unless otherwise excepted in this subchapter, polyester resin kits must be packaged in specification combination packagings based on the performance level of the base material contained within the kit.
- 41 This material at the Packing Group II hazard criteria level may be transported in Large Packagings.
- 43 The membrane filters, including paper separators and coating or backing materials, that are present in transport, must not be able to propagate a detonation as tested by one of the tests described in the UN Manual of Tests and Criteria, Part I, Test series 1(a) (IBR, see §171.7 of this subchapter). On the basis of the results of suitable burning rate tests, and taking into account the standard tests in the UN Manual of Tests and Criteria, Part III, subsection 33.2.1 (IBR, see §171.7 of this subchapter), nitrocellulose membrane filters in the form in which they are to be transported that do not meet the criteria for a Division 4.1 material are not subject to the requirements of this subchapter. Packagings must be so constructed that explosion is not possible by reason of increased

internal pressure. Nitrocellulose membrane filters covered by this entry, each with a mass not exceeding 0.5 g, are not subject to the requirements of this subchapter when contained individually in an article or a sealed packet.

- 44 The formulation must be prepared so that it remains homogenous and does not separate during transport. Formulations with low nitrocellulose contents and neither showing dangerous properties when tested for their ability to detonate, deflagrate or explode when heated under defined confinement by the appropriate test methods and criteria in the UN Manual of Tests and Criteria (IBR, see §171.7 of this subchapter), nor classed as a Division 4.1 (flammable solid) when tested in accordance with the procedures specified in §173.124 of this subchapter (chips, if necessary, crushed and sieved to a particle size of less than 1.25 mm), are not subject to the requirements of this subchapter.
- 45 Temperature should be maintained between 18 °C (64.4 °F) and 40 °C (104 °F). Tanks containing solidified methacrylic acid must not be reheated during transport.
- 46 This material must be packed in accordance with packing method OP6 (see §173.225 of this subchapter). During transport, it must be protected from direct sunshine and stored (or kept) in a cool and well-ventilated place, away from all sources of heat.
- 47 Mixtures of solids that are not subject to this subchapter and flammable liquids may be transported under this entry without first applying the classification criteria of Division 4.1, provided there is no free liquid visible at the time the material is loaded or at the time the packaging or transport unit is closed. Except when the liquids are fully absorbed in solid material contained in sealed bags, each packaging must correspond to a design type that has passed a leakproofness test at the Packing Group II level. Small inner packagings consisting of sealed packets and articles containing less than 10 mL of a Class 3 liquid in Packing Group II or III absorbed onto a solid material are not subject to this subchapter provided there is no free liquid in the packet
- 48 Mixtures of solids which are not subject to this subchapter and toxic liquids may be transported under this entry without first applying the classification criteria of Division 6.1, provided there is no free liquid visible at the time the material is loaded or at the time the packaging or transport unit is closed. Each packaging must correspond to a design type that has passed a leakproofness test at the Packing Group II level. This entry may not be used for solids containing a Packing Group I liquid.

- 49 Mixtures of solids which are not subject to this subchapter and corrosive liquids may be transported under this entry without first applying the classification criteria of Class 8, provided there is no free liquid visible at the time the material is loaded or at the time the packaging or transport unit is closed. Each packaging must correspond to a design type that has passed a leakproofness test at the Packing Group II level.
- 50 Cases, cartridge, empty with primer which are made of metallic or plastic casings and meeting the classification criteria of Division 1.4 are not regulated for domestic transportation.
- 51 This description applies to items previously described as "Toy propellant devices, Class C" and includes reloadable kits. Model rocket motors containing 30 grams or less propellant are classed as Division 1.4S and items containing more than 30 grams of propellant but not more than 62.5 grams of propellant are classed as Division 1.4C.
- 52 This entry may only be used for substances that do not exhibit explosive properties of Class 1 (explosive) when tested in accordance with Test Series 1 and 2 of Class 1 (explosive) in the UN Manual of Tests and Criteria, Part I (incorporated by reference; see §171.7 of this subchapter).
- 53 Packages of these materials must bear the subsidiary risk label, "EXPLOSIVE", and the subsidiary hazard class/division must be entered in parentheses immediately following the primary hazard class in the shipping description, unless otherwise provided in this subchapter or through an approval issued by the Associate Administrator, or the competent authority of the country of origin. A copy of the approval shall accompany the shipping papers.
- 54 Maneb or maneb preparations not meeting the definition of Division 4.3 or any other hazard class are not subject to the requirements of this subchapter when transported by motor vehicle, rail car, or aircraft.
- 55 This device must be approved in accordance with §173.56 of this subchapter by the Associate Administrator.
- 56 A means to interrupt and prevent detonation of the detonator from initiating the detonating cord must be installed between each electric detonator and the detonating cord ends of the jet perforating guns before the charged jet perforating guns are offered for transportation.
- 57 Maneb or Maneb preparations stabilized against self-heating need not be classified in Division 4.2 when it can be demonstrated by testing that a volume of 1 m³ of substance does not self-ignite and that the temperature at the center of the sample does not exceed 200 °C, when the sample

- is maintained at a temperature of not less than 75 °C ± 2 °C for a period of 24 hours, in accordance with procedures set forth for testing self-heating materials in the UN Manual of Tests and Criteria (IBR, see §171.7 of this subchapter).
- 58 Aqueous solutions of Division 5.1 inorganic solid nitrate substances are considered as not meeting the criteria of Division 5.1 if the concentration of the substances in solution at the minimum temperature encountered in transport is not greater than 80% of the saturation limit.
- 59 Ferrocerium, stabilized against corrosion, with a minimum iron content of 10 percent is not subject to the requirements of this subchapter.
- 61 A chemical oxygen generator is spent if its means of ignition and all or a part of its chemical contents have been expended.
- 62 Oxygen generators (see §171.8 of this subchapter) are not authorized for transportation under this entry.
- 64 The group of alkali metals includes lithium, sodium, potassium, rubidium, and caesium.
- 65 The group of alkaline earth metals includes magnesium, calcium, strontium, and barium.
- 66 Formulations of these substances containing not less than 30 percent non-volatile, non-flammable phlegmatizer are not subject to this subchapter.
- 70 Black powder that has been classed in accordance with the requirements of §173.56 of this subchapter may be reclassed and offered for domestic transportation as a Division 4.1 material if it is offered for transportation and transported in accordance with the limitations and packaging requirements of §173.170 of this subchapter.
- 74 During transport, this material must be protected from direct sunshine and stored or kept in a cool and well-ventilated place, away from all sources of heat.
- 78 This entry may not be used to describe compressed air which contains more than 23.5 percent oxygen. Compressed air containing greater than 23.5 percent oxygen must be shipped using the description "Compressed gas, oxidizing, n.o.s., UN3156"
- 79 This entry may not be used for mixtures that meet the definition for oxidizing gas.
- 81 Polychlorinated biphenyl items, as defined in 40 CFR 761.3, for which specification packagings are impractical, may be packaged in non-specification packagings meeting the general packaging requirements of subparts A and B of part 173 of this subchapter. Alternatively, the item itself may be used as a packaging if it meets the general packaging requirements of subparts A and B of part 173 of this subchapter.

- 102 The ends of the detonating cord must be tied fast so that the explosive cannot escape. The articles may be transported as in Division 1.4 Compatibility Group D (1.4D) if all of the conditions specified in §173.63(a) of this subchapter are met.
- 103 Detonators which will not mass detonate and undergo only limited propagation in the shipping package may be assigned to 1.4B classification code. Mass detonate means that more than 90 percent of the devices tested in a package explode practically simultaneously. Limited propagation means that if one detonator near the center of a shipping package is exploded, the aggregate weight of explosives, excluding ignition and delay charges, in this and all additional detonators in the outside packaging that explode may not exceed 25 grams.
- 105 The word "Agents" may be used instead of "Explosives" when approved by the Associate Administrator.
- 106 The recognized name of the particular explosive may be specified in addition to the type.
- 107 The classification of the substance is expected to vary especially with the particle size and packaging but the border lines have not been experimentally determined; appropriate classifications should be verified following the test procedures in §§173.57 and 173.58 of this subchapter.
- 108 Fireworks must be so constructed and packaged that loose pyrotechnic composition will not be present in packages during transportation.
- 109 Rocket motors must be nonpropulsive in transportation unless approved in accordance with §173.56 of this subchapter. A rocket motor to be considered "nonpropulsive" must be capable of unrestrained burning and must not appreciably move in any direction when ignited by any means.
- 110 Fire extinguishers transported under UN1044 and oxygen cylinders transported for emergency use under UN1072 may include installed actuating cartridges (cartridges, power device of Division 1.4C or 1.4S), without changing the classification of Division 2.2, provided the aggregate quantity of deflagrating (propellant) explosives does not exceed 3.2 grams per cylinder. Oxygen cylinders with installed actuating cartridges as prepared for transportation must have an effective means of preventing inadvertent activation.
- 111 Explosive substances of Division 1.1 Compatibility Group A (1.1A) are forbidden for transportation if dry or not desensitized, unless incorporated in a device.
- 113 The sample must be given a tentative approval by an agency or laboratory in accordance with §173.56 of this subchapter.
- 114 Jet perforating guns, charged, oil well, without detonator may be reclassed to Di-

- vision 1.4 Compatibility Group D (1.4D) if the following conditions are met:
- a. The total weight of the explosive contents of the shaped charges assembled in the guns does not exceed 90.5 kg (200 pounds) per vehicle; and
- b. The guns are packaged in accordance with Packing Method US 1 as specified in §173.62 of this subchapter.
- 115 Boosters with detonator, detonator assemblies and boosters with detonators in which the total explosive charge per unit does not exceed 25 g, and which will not mass detonate and undergo only limited propagation in the shipping package may be assigned to 1.4B classification code. Mass detonate means more than 90 percent of the devices tested in a package explode practically simultaneously. Limited propagation means that if one booster near the center of the package is exploded, the aggregate weight of explosives, excluding ignition and delay charges, in this and all additional boosters in the outside packaging that explode may not exceed 25 g.
- 116 Fuzes, detonating may be classed in Division 1.4 if the fuzes do not contain more than 25 g of explosive per fuze and are made and packaged so that they will not cause functioning of other fuzes, explosives or other explosive devices if one of the fuzes detonates in a shipping packaging or in adjacent packages.
- 117 If shipment of the explosive substance is to take place at a time that freezing weather is anticipated, the water contained in the explosive substance must be mixed with denatured alcohol so that freezing will not occur.
- 118 This substance may not be transported under the provisions of Division 4.1 unless specifically authorized by the Associate Administrator.
- 119 This substance, when in quantities of not more than 11.5 kg (25.3 pounds), with not less than 10 percent water, by mass, also may be classed as Division 4.1, provided a negative test result is obtained when tested in accordance with test series 6(c) of the UN Manual of Tests and Criteria (IBR. see \$171.7 of this subchapter).
- 120 The phlegmatized substance must be significantly less sensitive than dry PETN.
- 121 This substance, when containing less alcohol, water or phlegmatizer than specified, may not be transported unless approved by the Associate Administrator.
- 123 Any explosives, blasting, type C containing chlorates must be segregated from explosives containing ammonium nitrate or other ammonium salts.
- 125 Lactose or glucose or similar materials may be used as a phlegmatizer provided that the substance contains not less than 90%, by mass, of phlegmatizer. These mixtures may be classified in Division 4.1 when tested in accordance with test series 6(c) of

the UN Manual of Tests and Criteria (IBR, see §171.7 of this subchapter) and approved by the Associate Administrator. Testing must be conducted on at least three packages as prepared for transport. Mixtures containing at least 98%, by mass, of phlegmatizer are not subject to the requirements of this subchapter. Packages containing mixtures with not less than 90% by mass, of phlegmatizer need not bear a POISON subsidiary risk label.

- 127 Mixtures containing oxidizing and organic materials transported under this entry may not meet the definition and criteria of a Class 1 material. (See §173.50 of this subchapter.)
- 128 Regardless of the provisions of §172.101(c)(12), aluminum smelting by-products and aluminum remelting by-products described under this entry, meeting the definition of Class 8, Packing Group II and III may be classed as a Division 4.3 material and transported under this entry. The presence of a Class 8 hazard must be communicated as required by this Part for subsidiary hazards.
- 129 These materials may not be classified and transported unless authorized by the Associate Administrator on the basis of results from Series 2 Test and a Series 6(c) Test from the UN Manual of Tests and Criteria (IBR, see §171.7 of this subchapter) on packages as prepared for transport. The packing group assignment and packaging must be approved by the Associate Administrator for Hazardous Materials Safety on the basis of the criteria in §173.21 of this subchapter and the package type used for the Series 6(c) test.
- 130 "Batteries, dry, sealed, n.o.s.," commonly referred to as dry batteries, are hermetically sealed and generally utilize metals (other than lead) and/or carbon as electrodes. These batteries are typically used for portable power applications. The rechargeable (and some non-rechargeable) types have gelled alkaline electrolytes (rather than acidic) making it difficult for them to generate hydrogen or oxygen when overcharged and therefore, differentiating them from non-spillable batteries. Dry batteries specifically covered by another entry in the §172.101 Table must be transported in accordance with the requirements applicable to that entry. For example, nickel-metal hydride batteries transported by vessel in certain quantities are covered by another entry (see Batteries, nickel-metal hydride, UN3496). Dry batteries not specifically covered by another entry in the §172.101 Table are covered by this entry (i.e., Batteries, dry, sealed, n.o.s.) and are not subject to requirements of this subchapter except for the following: (a) Incident reporting. For transportation by aircraft, a telephone report in accordance with §171.15(a) is required if a fire, violent

rupture, explosion or dangerous evolution of heat (*i.e.*, an amount of heat sufficient to be dangerous to packaging or personal safety to include charring of packaging, melting of packaging, scorching of packaging, or other evidence) occurs as a direct result of a dry battery. For all modes of transportation, a written report submitted, retained, and updated in accordance with §171.16 is required if a fire, violent rupture, explosion or dangerous evolution of heat occurs as a direct result of a dry battery or battery-powered device.

- (b) Preparation for transport. Batteries and battery-powered device(s) containing batteries must be prepared and packaged for transport in a manner to prevent:
 - (1) A dangerous evolution of heat;
- (2) Short circuits, including but not limited to the following methods:
- (i) Packaging each battery or each batterypowered device when practicable, in fully enclosed inner packagings made of non-conductive material:
- (ii) Separating or packaging batteries in a manner to prevent contact with other batteries, devices or conductive materials (e.g., metal) in the packagings; or
- (iii) Ensuring exposed terminals or connectors are protected with non-conductive caps, non-conductive tape, or by other appropriate means; and
- (3) Damage to terminals. If not impact resistant, the outer packaging should not be used as the sole means of protecting the battery terminals from damage or short circuiting. Batteries must be securely cushioned and packed to prevent shifting which could loosen terminal caps or reorient the terminals to produce short circuits. Batteries contained in devices must be securely installed. Terminal protection methods include but are not limited to the following:
- (i) Securely attaching covers of sufficient strength to protect the terminals;
- (ii) Packaging the battery in a rigid plastic packaging; or
- (iii) Constructing the battery with terminals that are recessed or otherwise protected so that the terminals will not be subjected to damage if the package is dropped.
- (c) Additional air transport requirements. For a battery whose voltage (electrical potential) exceeds 9 volts—
- (1) When contained in a device, the device must be packaged in a manner that prevents unintentional activation or must have an independent means of preventing unintentional activation (e.g., packaging restricts access to activation switch, switch caps or locks, recessed switches, trigger locks, temperature sensitive circuit breakers, etc.); and

(2) An indication of compliance with this special provision must be provided by marking each package with the words "not restricted" or by including the words "not restricted" on a transport document such as an air waybill accompanying the shipment.

(d) Used or spent battery exception. Used or spent dry batteries of both non-rechargeable and rechargeable designs, with a marked rating up to 9-volt that are combined in the same package and transported by highway or rail for recycling, reconditioning, or disposal are not subject to this special provision or any other requirement of the HMR. Note that batteries utilizing different chemistries (i.e., those battery chemistries specifically covered by another entry in the \$172.101 Table) as well as dry batteries with a marked rating greater than 9-volt may not be combined with used or spent batteries in the same package. Note also that this exception does not apply to batteries that have been reconditioned for reuse.

131 This material may not be offered for transportation unless approved by the Associate Administrator.

132 This entry may only be used for uniform, ammonium nitrate based fertilizer mixtures, containing nitrogen, phosphate or potash, meeting the following criteria: (1) Contains not more than 70% ammonium nitrate and not more than 0.4% total combustible, organic material calculated as carbon or (2) Contains not more than 45% ammonium nitrate and unrestricted combustible material.

This entry only applies to vehicles, machinery and equipment powered by wet batteries, sodium batteries, or lithium batteries that are transported with these batteries installed. Examples of such items are electrically-powered cars, lawn mowers, wheelchairs, and other mobility aids. Self-propelled vehicles or equipment that also contain an internal combustion engine must be consigned under the entry "Engine, internal combustion, flammable gas powered" or "Engine, internal combustion, flammable liquid powered" or "Vehicle, flammable gas powered" or "Vehicle, flammable liquid powered," as appropriate. These entries include hybrid electric vehicles powered by both an internal combustion engine and batteries. Additionally, self-propelled vehicles or equipment that contain a fuel cell engine must be consigned under the entries "Engine, fuel cell, flammable gas powered" or "Engine, fuel cell, flammable liquid powered" or "Vehicle, fuel cell, flammable gas powered" or "Vehicle, fuel cell, flammable liquid powas appropriate. These entries include hybrid electric vehicles powered by a fuel cell engine, an internal combustion engine, and batteries.

135 Internal combustion engines installed in a vehicle must be consigned under the en-

tries "Vehicle, flammable gas powered" or "Vehicle, flammable liquid powered," as appropriate. These entries include hybrid electric vehicles powered by both an internal combustion engine and wet, sodium or lithium batteries installed. If a fuel cell engine is installed in a vehicle, the vehicle must be consigned using the entries "Vehicle, fuel cell, flammable gas powered" or "Vehicle, fuel cell, flammable liquid powered," as appropriate. These entries include hybrid electric vehicles powered by a fuel cell, an internal combustion engine, and wet, sodium or lithium batteries installed.

136 This entry only applies to machinery and apparatus containing hazardous materials as in integral element of the machinery or apparatus. It may not be used to describe machinery or apparatus for which a proper shipping name exists in the \$172.101 Table. Except when approved by the Associate Administrator, machinery or apparatus may only contain hazardous materials for which exceptions are referenced in Column (8) of the §172.101 Table and are provided in part 173, subpart D, of this subchapter. Hazardous materials shipped under this entry are excepted from the labeling requirements of this subchapter unless offered for transportation or transported by aircraft and are not subject to the placarding requirements of part 172, subpart F, of this subchapter. Orientation markings as described in §172.312 (a)(2) are required when liquid hazardous materials may escape due to incorrect orientation. machinery or apparatus, unpackaged, or the packaging in which it is contained shall be marked "Dangerous goods in machinery" or "Dangerous goods in apparatus", as appropriate, with the identification number UN3363. For transportation by aircraft, machinery or apparatus may not contain any material forbidden for transportation by passenger or cargo aircraft. The Associate Administrator may except from the requirements of this subchapter, equipment, machinery and apparatus provided:

- a. It is shown that it does not pose a significant risk in transportation;
- b. The quantities of hazardous materials do not exceed those specified in §173.4a of this subchapter; and
- c. The equipment, machinery or apparatus conforms with §173.222 of this subchapter.
- 137 Cotton, dry; flax, dry; sisal, dry; and tampico fiber, dry are not subject to the requirements of this subchapter when they are baled in accordance with ISO 8115, "Cotton Bales—Dimensions and Density" (IBR, see §171.7 of this subchapter) to a density of not less than 360 kg/m³ (22.1 lb/ft³) for cotton, 400 kg/m³ (24.97 lb/ft³) for flax, 620 kg/m³ (38.71 lb/ft³) for sisal and 360

- kg/m³ (22.1 lb/ft³) for tampico fiber and transported in a freight container or closed transport vehicle
- 138 Lead compounds which, when mixed in a ratio of 1:1,000 with 0.07 M (Molar concentration) hydrochloric acid and stirred for one hour at a temperature of 23°C ± 2°C, exhibit a solubility of 5% or less are considered insoluble and are not subject to the requirements of this subchapter unless they meet criteria as another hazard class or division.
- 139 Use of the "special arrangement" proper shipping names for international shipments must be made under an IAEA Certificate of Competent Authority issued by the Associate Administrator in accordance with the requirements in §173.471, §173.472, or §173.473 of this subchapter. Use of these proper shipping names for domestic shipments may be made only under a DOT special permit, as defined in, and in accordance with the requirements of subpart B of part 107 of this subchapter.
- 140 This material is regulated only when it meets the defining criteria for a hazardous substance or a marine pollutant. In addition, the column 5 reference is modified to read "III" on those occasions when this material is offered for transportation or transported by highway or rail.
- 141 A toxin obtained from a plant, animal, or bacterial source containing an infectious substance, or a toxin contained in an infectious substance, must be classed as Division 6.2, described as an infectious substance, and assigned to UN 2814 or UN 2900, as appropriate.
- 142 These hazardous materials may not be classified and transported unless authorized by the Associate Administrator. The Associate Administrator will base the authorization on results from Series 2 tests and a Series 6(c) test from the UN Manual of Tests and Criteria (IBR, see §171.7 of this subchapter) on packages as prepared for transport in accordance with the requirements of this subchapter.
- 144 If transported as a residue in an underground storage tank (UST), as defined in 40 CFR 280.12, that has been cleaned and purged or rendered inert according to the Petroleum Institute (API) American Standard 1604 (IBR, see §171.7 of this subchapter), then the tank and this material are not subject to any other requirements of this subchapter. However, sediments remaining in the tank that meet the definition for a hazardous material are subject to the applicable regulations of this subchapter.
- 145 This entry applies to formulations that neither detonate in the cavitated state nor deflagrate in laboratory testing, show no effect when heated under confinement, exhibit no explosive power, and are thermally stable (self-accelerating decomposi-

- tion temperature (SADT) at 60 °C (140 °F) or higher for a 50 kg (110.2 lbs.) package). Formulations not meeting these criteria must be transported under the provisions applicable to the appropriate entry in the Organic Peroxide Table in §173.225 of this subchapter.
- 146 This description may be used for a material that poses a hazard to the environment but does not meet the definition for a hazardous waste or a hazardous substance, as defined in §171.8 of this subchapter, or any hazard class, as defined in part 173 of this subchapter, if it is designated as environmentally hazardous by another Competent Authority. This provision may be used for both domestic and international shipments.
- 147 This entry applies to non-sensitized emulsions, suspensions, and gels consisting primarily of a mixture of ammonium nitrate and fuel, intended to produce a Type E blasting explosive only after further processing prior to use. The mixture for emulsions typically has the following composition: 60-85% ammonium nitrate; 5-30% water; 2-8% fuel; 0.5-4% emulsifier or thickening agent; 0-10% soluble flame suppressants; and trace additives. Other inorganic nitrate salts may replace part of the ammonium nitrate. The mixture for suspensions and gels typically has the following composition: 60-85% ammonium nitrate; 0-5% sodium or potassium perchlorate; 0-17% hexamine nitrate or monomethylamine nitrate; 5-30% water; 2-15% fuel; 0.5-4% thickening agent; 0-10% soluble flame suppressants; and trace additives. Other inorganic nitrate salts may replace part of the ammonium nitrate. These substances must satisfactorily pass Test Series 8 of the UN Manual of Tests and Criteria, Part I, Section 18 (IBR, see §171.7 of this subchapter), and may not be classified and transported unless approved by the Associate Administrator.
- 149 Except for transportation by aircraft, when transported as a limited quantity or a consumer commodity, the maximum net capacity specified in \$173.150(b)(2) of this subchapter for inner packagings may be increased to 5 L (1.3 gallons).
- 49 When transported as a limited quantity or a consumer commodity, the maximum net capacity specified in \$173.150(b)(2) of this subchapter for inner packagings may be increased to 5 L (1.3 gallons).
- 150 This description may be used only for uniform mixtures of fertilizers containing ammonium nitrate as the main ingredient within the following composition limits:
- a. Not less than 90% ammonium nitrate with not more than 0.2% total combustible, organic material calculated as carbon, and with added matter, if any, that is inorganic and inert when in contact with ammonium nitrate; or

- b. Less than 90% but more than 70% ammonium nitrate with other inorganic materials, or more than 80% but less than 90% ammonium nitrate mixed with calcium carbonate and/or dolomite and/or mineral calcium sulphate, and not more than 0.4% total combustible, organic material calculated as carbon; or
- c. Ammonium nitrate-based fertilizers containing mixtures of ammonium nitrate and ammonium sulphate with more than 45% but less than 70% ammonium nitrate, and not more than 0.4% total combustible, organic material calculated as carbon such that the sum of the percentage of compositions of ammonium nitrate and ammonium sulphate exceeds 70%.
- 151 If this material meets the definition of a flammable liquid in §173.120 of this subchapter, a FLAMMABLE LIQUID label is also required and the basic description on the shipping paper must indicate the Class 3 subsidiary hazard.
- 155 Fish meal or fish scrap may not be transported if the temperature at the time of loading either exceeds 35 °C (95 °F), or exceeds 5 °C (41 °F) above the ambient temperature, whichever is higher.
- 156 Asbestos that is immersed or fixed in a natural or artificial binder material, such as cement, plastic, asphalt, resins or mineral ore, or contained in manufactured products is not subject to the requirements of this subchapter.
- 159 This material must be protected from direct sunshine and kept in a cool, well-ventilated place away from sources of heat.
- 160 This entry applies to articles that are used as life-saving vehicle air bag inflators, air bag modules or seat-belt pretensioners containing Class 1 (explosive) materials or materials of other hazard classes. Air bag inflators and modules must be tested in accordance with Test series 6(c) of Part I of the UN Manual of Tests and Criteria (incorporated by reference; see §171.7 of this subchapter), with no explosion of the device, no fragmentation of device casing or pressure vessel, and no projection hazard or thermal effect that would significantly hinder fire-fighting or other emergency response efforts in the immediate vicinity. If the air bag inflator unit satisfactorily passes the series 6(c) test, it is not necessary to repeat the test on the air bag module.
- 161 For domestic transport, air bag inflators, air bag modules or seat belt pretensioners that meet the criteria for a Division 1.4G explosive must be transported using the description, "Articles, pyrotechnic for technical purposes." UN0431.
- 162 This material may be transported under the provisions of Division 4.1 only if it is packed so that at no time during transport will the percentage of diluent fall below

- the percentage that is stated in the shipping description.
- 163 Substances must satisfactorily pass Test Series 8 of the UN Manual of Tests and Criteria, Part I, Section 18 (IBR, see §171.7 of this subchapter).
- 164 Substances must not be transported under this entry unless approved by the Associate Administrator on the basis of the results of appropriate tests according to Part I of the UN Manual of Tests and Criteria (IBR, see §171.7 of this subchapter). The material must be packaged so that the percentage of diluent does not fall below that stated in the approval at any time during transportation.
- 165 These substances are susceptible to exothermic decomposition at elevated temperatures. Decomposition can be initiated by heat, moisture or by impurities (e.g., powdered metals (iron, manganese, cobalt, magnesium)). During the course of transportation, these substances must be shaded from direct sunlight and all sources of heat and be placed in adequately ventilated areas.
- 166 When transported in non-friable tablet form, calcium hypochlorite, dry, may be transported as a Packing Group III material
- 167 These storage systems must always be considered as containing hydrogen. A metal hydride storage system installed in or intended to be installed in a vehicle or equipment or in vehicle or equipment components must be approved for transport by the Associate Administrator. A copy of the approval must accompany each shipment.
- 168 For lighters containing a Division 2.1 gas (see §171.8 of this subchapter), representative samples of each new lighter design must be examined and successfully tested as specified in §173.308(b)(3). For criteria in determining what is a new lighter design, see §173.308(b)(1). For transportation of new lighter design samples for examination and testing, see §173.308(b)(2). The examination and testing of each lighter design must be performed by a person authorized by the Associate Administrator under the provisions of subpart E of part of this chapter, as specified in §173.308(a)(4). For continued use of approvals dated prior to January 1, 2012, see §173.308(b)(5).

For non-pressurized lighters containing a Class 3 (flammable liquid) material, its design, description, and packaging must be approved by the Associate Administrator prior to being offered for transportation or transported in commerce. In addition, a lighter design intended to contain a non-pressurized Class 3 material is excepted from the examination and testing criteria specified in §173.308(b)(3). An unused lighter or a lighter

that is cleaned of residue and purged of vapors is not subject to the requirements of this subchapter.

169 This entry applies to lighter refills (see §171.8 of this subchapter) that contain a Division 2.1 (flammable) gas but do not contain an ignition device. Lighter refills offered for transportation under this entry may not exceed 4 fluid ounces capacity (7.22 cubic inches) or contain more than 65 grams of fuel. A lighter refill exceeding 4 fluid ounces capacity (7.22 cubic inches) or containing more than 65 grams of fuel must be classed as a Division 2.1 material. described with the proper shipping name appropriate for the material, and packaged in the packaging specified in part 173 of this subchapter for the flammable gas contained therein. In addition, a container exceeding 4 fluid ounces volumetric capacity (7.22 cubic inches) or containing more than 65 grams of fuel may not be connected or manifolded to a lighter or similar device and must also be described and packaged according to the fuel contained therein. For transportation by passenger-carrying aircraft, the net mass of lighter refills may not exceed 1 kg per package, and, for cargo-only aircraft, the net mass of lighter refills may not exceed 15 kg per package. See §173.306(h) of this subchapter.

170 Air must be eliminated from the vapor space by nitrogen or other means.

171 This entry may only be used when the material is transported in non-friable tablet form or for granular or powered mixtures that have been shown to meet the PG III criteria in §173.127.

172 This entry includes alcohol mixtures containing up to 5% petroleum products.

173. For adhesives, printing inks, printing ink-related materials, paints, paint-related materials, and resin solutions which are assigned to UN3082, and do not meet the definition of another hazard class, metal or plastic packaging for substances of packing groups II and III in quantities of 5 L (1.3 gallons) or less per packaging are not required to meet the UN performance package testing when transported:

a. Except for transportation by aircraft, in palletized loads, a pallet box or unit load device (e.g. individual packaging placed or stacked and secured by strapping, shrink or stretch-wrapping or other suitable means to a pallet). For vessel transport, the palletized loads, pallet boxes or unit load devices must be firmly packed and secured in closed cargo transport units; or

b. Except for transportation by aircraft, as an inner packaging of a combination packaging with a maximum net mass of 40 kg (88 pounds). For transportation by aircraft, as an inner packaging of a combination packaging with a maximum gross mass of 30 kg when packaged as a limited quantity in accordance with §173.27(f).

175 This substance must be stabilized when in concentrations of not more than 99%.

176. This entry must be used for formalde hyde solutions containing methanol as a stabilizer. Formaldehyde solutions not containing methanol and not meeting the Class 3 flammable liquid criteria must be described using a different proper shipping name.

177 Gasoline, or, ethanol and gasoline mixtures, for use in internal combustion engines (e.g., in automobiles, stationary engines and other engines) must be assigned to Packing Group II regardless of variations in volatility.

188 Small lithium cells and batteries. Lithium cells or batteries, including cells or batteries packed with or contained in equipment, are not subject to any other requirements of this subchapter if they meet all of the following:

a. Primary lithium batteries and cells.

(1) Primary lithium batteries and cells are forbidden for transport aboard passenger-carrying aircraft. The outside of each package that contains primary (nonrechargeable) lithium batteries or cells must be marked "PRIMARY LITHIUM BATTERIES—FORBIDDEN FOR TRANSPORT ABOARD PASSENGER AIRCRAFT" or "LITHIUM METAL BATTERIES—FORBIDDEN FOR TRANSPORT ABOARD PASSENGER AIRCRAFT" on a background of contrasting color. The letters in the marking must be:

- (i) At least 12 mm (0.5 inch) in height on packages having a gross weight of more than 30 kg (66 pounds); or
- (ii) At least 6 mm (0.25 inch) on packages having a gross weight of 30 kg (66 pounds) or less, except that smaller font may be used as necessary to fit package dimensions; and
- (2) The provisions of paragraph (a)(1) do not apply to packages that contain 5 kg (11 pounds) net weight or less of primary lithium batteries or cells that are contained in or packed with equipment and the package contains no more than the number of lithium batteries or cells necessary to power the piece of equipment;
- b. For a lithium metal or lithium alloy cell, the lithium content is not more than 1.0 g. For a lithium-ion cell, the equivalent lithium content is not more than 1.5 g;
- c. For a lithium metal or lithium alloy battery, the aggregate lithium content is not more than 2.0 g. For a lithium-ion battery, the aggregate equivalent lithium content is not more than 8 g:
- d. Effective October 1, 2009, the cell or battery must be of a type proven to meet the requirements of each test in the UN Manual of Tests and Criteria (IBR; see §171.7 of this subchapter);
- e. Cells or batteries are separated or packaged in a manner to prevent short circuits and are packed in a strong outer packaging or are contained in equipment;

- f. Effective October 1, 2008, except when contained in equipment, each package containing more than 24 lithium cells or 12 lithium batteries must be:
- (1) Marked to indicate that it contains lithium batteries, and special procedures should be followed if the package is damaged:
- (2) Accompanied by a document indicating that the package contains lithium batteries and special procedures should be followed if the package is damaged;
- (3) Capable of withstanding a 1.2 meter drop test in any orientation without damage to cells or batteries contained in the package, without shifting of the contents that would allow short circuiting and without release of package contents; and
- (4) Gross weight of the package may not exceed 30 kg (66 pounds). This requirement does not apply to lithium cells or batteries packed with equipment;
- g. Electrical devices must conform to
- h. For transportation by aircraft, a telephone report in accordance with §171.15(a) is required if a fire, violent rupture, explosion or dangerous evolution of heat (i.e., an amount of heat sufficient to be dangerous to packaging or personal safety to include charring of packaging, melting of packaging, scorching of packaging, or other evidence) occurs as a direct result of a lithium battery. For all modes of transportation, a written report submitted, retained, and updated in accordance with §171.16 is required if a fire, violent rupture, explosion or dangerous evolution of heat occurs as a direct result of a lithium battery or battery-powered device; $\quad \text{and} \quad$
- i. Lithium batteries or cells are not authorized aboard an aircraft in checked or carry-on luggage except as provided in §175.10.
- 189 Medium lithium cells and batteries. Effective October 1, 2008, when transported by motor vehicle or rail car, lithium cells or batteries, including cells or batteries packed with or contained in equipment, are not subject to any other requirements of this subchapter if they meet all of the following:
- a. The lithium content anode of each cell, when fully charged, is not more than 5 grams.
- b. The aggregate lithium content of the anode of each battery, when fully charged, is not more than 25 grams.
- c. The cells or batteries are of a type proven to meet the requirements of each test in the UN Manual of Tests and Criteria (IBR; see §171.7 of this subchapter). A cell or battery and equipment containing a cell or battery that was first transported prior to January 1, 2006 and is of a type proven to meet the criteria of Class 9 by testing in accordance with the tests in the UN Manual of

Tests and Criteria, Third revised edition, 1999, need not be retested.

- d. Cells or batteries are separated or packaged in a manner to prevent short circuits and are packed in a strong outer packaging or are contained in equipment.
- e. The outside of each package must be marked "LITHIUM BATTERIES—FORBID-DEN FOR TRANSPORT ABOARD AIR-CRAFT AND VESSEL" on a background of contrasting color, in letters:
- (1) At least 12 mm (0.5 inch) in height on packages having a gross weight of more than 30 kg (66 pounds); or
- (2) At least 6 mm (0.25 inch) on packages having a gross weight of 30 kg (66 pounds) or less, except that smaller font may be used as necessary to fit package dimensions.
- f. Except when contained in equipment, each package containing more than 24 lithium cells or 12 lithium batteries must be:
- (1) Marked to indicate that it contains lithium batteries, and special procedures should be followed if the package is damaged:
- (2) Accompanied by a document indicating that the package contains lithium batteries and special procedures should be followed if the package is damaged;
- (3) Capable of withstanding a 1.2 meter drop test in any orientation without damage to cells or batteries contained in the package, without shifting of the contents that would allow short circuiting and without release of package contents; and
- (4) Gross weight of the package may not exceed 30 kg (66 pounds). This requirement does not apply to lithium cells or batteries packed with equipment.
- g. Electrical devices must conform to \$173.21 of this subchapter; and
- h. A written report submitted, retained, and updated in accordance with §171.16 is required if a fire, violent rupture, explosion or dangerous evolution of heat (i.e., an amount of heat sufficient to be dangerous to packaging or personal safety to include charring of packaging, melting of packaging, scorching of packaging, or other evidence) occurs as a direct result of a lithium battery or battery-powered device.
- 190 Until the effective date of the standards set forth in Special Provision 189, medium lithium cells or batteries, including cells or batteries packed with or contained in equipment, are not subject to any other requirements of this subchapter if they meet all of the following:
- a. Primary lithium batteries and cells. (1) Primary lithium batteries and cells are forbidden for transport aboard passenger-carrying aircraft. The outside of each package that contains primary (nonrechargeable) lithium batteries or cells must be marked "PRIMARY LITHIUM BATTERIES—FORBIDDEN FOR TRANSPORT ABOARD PASSENGER

AIRCRAFT" or "LITHIUM METAL BATTERIES—FORBIDDEN FOR TRANSPORT ABOARD PASSENGER AIRCRAFT" on a background of contrasting color. The letters in the marking must be:

- (i) At least 12 mm (0.5 inch) in height on packages having a gross weight of more than 30 kg (66 pounds); or
- (ii) At least 6 mm (0.25 inch) on packages having a gross weight of 30 kg (66 pounds) or less, except that smaller font may be used as necessary to fit package dimensions; and
- (2) The provisions of paragraph (a)(1) do not apply to packages that contain 5 kg (11 pounds) net weight or less of primary lithium batteries or cells that are contained in or packed with equipment and the package contains no more than the number of lithium batteries or cells necessary to power the piece of equipment.
- b. The lithium content of each cell, when fully charged, is not more than 5 grams.
- c. The aggregate lithium content of each battery, when fully charged, is not more than 25 grams.
- d. The cells or batteries are of a type proven to meet the requirements of each test in the UN Manual of Tests and Criteria (IBR; see §171.7 of this subchapter). A cell or battery and equipment containing a cell or battery that was first transported prior to January 1, 2006 and is of a type proven to meet the criteria of Class 9 by testing in accordance with the tests in the UN Manual of Tests and Criteria, Third Revised Edition, 1999, need not be retested.
- e. Cells or batteries are separated so as to prevent short circuits and are packed in a strong outer packaging or are contained in equipment.
- f. Electrical devices must conform to $\S 173.21$ of this subchapter.
- 198 Nitrocellulose solutions containing not more than 20% nitrocellulose may be transported as paint, perfumery products, or printing ink, as applicable, provided the nitrocellulose contains no more 12.6% nitrogen (by dry mass). See UN1210, UN1263, UN1266, UN3066, UN3469, and UN3470.
- 237 "Batteries, dry, containing potassium hydroxide solid, *electric storage*" must be prepared and packaged in accordance with the requirements of \$173.159(a), (b), and (c). For transportation by aircraft, the provisions of \$173.159(b)(2) are applicable.
- 332 Magnesium nitrate hexahydrate is not subject to the requirements of this subchapter.
- 335 Mixtures of solids that are not subject to this subchapter and environmentally hazardous liquids or solids may be classified as "Environmentally hazardous substances, solid, n.o.s," UN3077 and may be transported under this entry, provided there is no free liquid visible at the time the material is loaded or at the time the packaging or transport unit is closed. Each

transport unit must be leakproof when used as bulk packaging.

340 This entry applies only to the vessel transportation of nickel-metal hydride batteries as cargo. Nickel-metal hydride button cells or nickel-metal hydride cells or batteries packed with or contained in battery-powered devices transported by vessel are not subject to the requirements of this special provision. See "Batteries, dry, sealed, n.o.s." in the §172.101 Hazardous Materials Table (HMT) of this part for transportation requirements for nickelmetal hydride batteries transported by other modes and for nickel-metal hydride button cells or nickel-metal hydride cells or batteries packed with or contained in battery-powered devices transported by vessel. Nickel-metal hydride batteries subject to this special provision are subject only to the following requirements: (1) The batteries must be prepared and packaged for transport in a manner to prevent a dangerous evolution of heat, short circuits, and damage to terminals; and are subject to the incident reporting in accordance with §171.16 of this subchapter if a fire, violent rupture, explosion or dangerous evolution of heat (i.e., an amount of heat sufficient to be dangerous to packaging or personal safety to include charring of packaging, melting of packaging, scorching of packaging, or other evidence) occurs as a direct result of a nickel metal hydride battery; and (2) when loaded in a cargo transport unit in a total quantity of 100 kg gross mass or more, the shipping paper requirements of Subpart C of this part, the manifest requirements of §176.30 of this subchapter, and the vessel stowage requirements assigned to this entry in Column (10) of the §172.101 Hazardous Materials

342 Glass inner packagings (such as ampoules or capsules) intended only for use in sterilization devices, when containing less than 30 mL of ethylene oxide per inner packaging with not more than 300 mL per outer packaging, may be transported in accordance with \$173.4a of this subchapter, irrespective of the restriction of \$173.4a(b) provided that:

- a. After filling, each glass inner packaging must be determined to be leak-tight by placing the glass inner packaging in a hot water bath at a temperature and for a period of time sufficient to ensure that an internal pressure equal to the vapor pressure of ethylene oxide at 55 °C is achieved. Any glass inner packaging showing evidence of leakage, distortion or other defect under this test must not be transported under the terms of this special provision;
- b. In addition to the packaging required in \$173.4a, each glass inner packaging must be placed in a sealed plastic bag compatible

with ethylene oxide and capable of containing the contents in the event of breakage or leakage of the glass inner packaging; and

- c. Each glass inner packaging is protected by a means of preventing puncture of the plastic bag (e.g., sleeves or cushioning) in the event of damage to the packaging (e.g., by crushing).
- 343 A bulk packaging that emits hydrogen sulfide in sufficient concentration that vapors evolved from the crude oil can present an inhalation hazard must be marked as specified in §172.3270f this part.
- 345 "Nitrogen, refrigerated liquid (cryogenic liquid), UN1977" transported in open cryogenic receptacles with a maximum capacity of 1 L are not subject to the requirements of this subchapter. The receptacles must be constructed with glass double walls having the space between the walls vacuum insulated and each receptacle must be transported in an outer packaging with sufficient cushioning and absorbent materials to protect the receptacle from damage.
- 346 "Nitrogen, refrigerated liquid (cryogenic liquid), UN1977" transported in accordance with the requirements for open cryogenic receptacles in §173.320 and this special provision are not subject to any other requirements of this subchapter. The receptacle must contain no hazardous materials other than the liquid nitrogen which must be fully absorbed in a porous material in the receptacle.
- 347 Effective July 1, 2011, for transportation by aircraft, this entry may only be used if the results of Test series 6(d) of Part I of the UN Manual of Tests and Criteria (IBR, see §171.7 of this subchapter) have demonstrated that any hazardous effects from accidental functioning are confined to within the package. Effective January 1, 2012, for transportation by vessel, this entry may only be used if the results of Test Series 6(d) of Part I of the UN Manual of Tests and Criteria (IBR, see §171.7 of this subchapter) have demonstrated that any hazardous effects from accidental functioning are confined to within the package. Effective January 1, 2014, for transportation domestically by highway or rail, this entry may only be used if the results of Test Series 6(d) of Part I of the UN Manual of Tests and Criteria (IBR, see §171.7 of this subchapter) have demonstrated that any hazardous effects from accidental functioning are confined to within the package. Testing must be performed or witnessed by a person who is approved by the Associate Administrator (see §173.56(b) of this subchapter). All successfully conducted tests or reassignment to another compatibility group require the issuance of a new or revised approval by the Associate Administrator prior to transportation on or after the dates specified for each author-

- ized mode of transport in this special provision.
- 349 Mixtures of hypochlorite with an ammonium salt are forbidden for transport. A hypochlorite solution, UN1791, is a Class 8 corrosive material.
- 350 Ammonium bromate, ammonium bromate aqueous solutions, and mixtures of a bromate with an ammonium salt are forbidden for transport.
- 351 Ammonium chlorate, ammonium chlorate aqueous solutions, and mixtures of a chlorate with an ammonium salt are forbidden for transport.
- 352 Ammonium chlorite, ammonium chlorite aqueous solutions, and mixtures of a chlorite with an ammonium salt are forbidden for transport.
- 353 Ammonium permanganate, ammonium permanganate aqueous solutions, and mixtures of a permanganate with an ammonium salt are forbidden for transport.
- 357 A bulk packaging that emits hydrogen sulfide in sufficient concentration that vapors evolved from the crude oil can present an inhalation hazard must be marked as specified in §172.327 of this part.
- (2) "A" codes. These provisions apply only to transportation by aircraft:

Code/Special Provisions

- A1 Single packagings are not permitted on passenger aircraft.
- A2 Single packagings are not permitted on aircraft.
- A3 For combination packagings, if glass inner packagings (including ampoules) are used, they must be packed with absorbent material in tightly closed metal receptacles before packing in outer packagings.
- A4 Liquids having an inhalation toxicity of Packing Group I are not permitted on aircraft.
- A5 Solids having an inhalation toxicity of Packing Group I are not permitted on passenger aircraft and may not exceed a maximum net quantity per package of 15 kg (33 pounds) on cargo aircraft.
- A6 For combination packagings, if plastic inner packagings are used, they must be packed in tightly closed metal receptacles before packing in outer packagings.
- A7 Steel packagings must be corrosion-resistant or have protection against corrosion.
- A8 For combination packagings, if glass inner packagings (including ampoules) are used, they must be packed with cushioning material in tightly closed metal receptacles before packing in outer packagings.
- A9 For combination packagings, if plastic bags are used, they must be packed in tightly closed metal receptacles before packing in outer packagings.

- A10 When aluminum or aluminum alloy construction materials are used, they must be resistant to corrosion.
- All For combination packagings, when metal inner packagings are permitted, only specification cylinders constructed of metals which are compatible with the hazardous material may be used.
- A13 Bulk packagings are not authorized for transportation by aircraft.
- A14 This material is not authorized to be transported as a limited quantity or consumer commodity in accordance with \$173.306 of this subchapter when transported aboard an aircraft.
- Al9 Combination packagings consisting of outer fiber drums or plywood drums, with inner plastic packagings, are not authorized for transportation by aircraft.
- A20 Plastic bags as inner receptacles of combination packagings are not authorized for transportation by aircraft.
- A29 Combination packagings consisting of outer expanded plastic boxes with inner plastic bags are not authorized for transportation by aircraft.
- A30 Ammonium permanganate is not authorized for transportation on aircraft.
- A34 Aerosols containing a corrosive liquid in Packing Group II charged with a gas are not permitted for transportation by aircraft.
- A35 This includes any material which is not covered by any of the other classes but which has an anesthetic, narcotic, noxious or other similar properties such that, in the event of spillage or leakage on an aircraft, extreme annoyance or discomfort could be caused to crew members so as to prevent the correct performance of assigned duties.
- A37 This entry applies only to a material meeting the definition in §171.8 of this subchapter for self-defense spray.
- A53 Refrigerating machines and refrigerating machine components are not subject to the requirements of this subchapter when containing less than 12 kg (26.4 pounds) of a non-flammable gas or when containing 12 L (3 gallons) or less of ammonia solution (UN2672) (see §173.307 of this subchapter).
- A54 Lithium batteries or lithium batteries contained or packed with equipment that exceed the maximum gross weight allowed by Column (9B) of the §172.101 Table may only be transported on cargo aircraft if approved by the Associate Administrator.
- A55 Prototype lithium batteries and cells that are packed with not more than 24 cells or 12 batteries per packaging that have not completed the test requirements in Sub-section 38.3 of the UN Manual of Tests and Criteria (incorporated by reference; see §171.7 of this subchapter) may be transported by cargo aircraft if approved by the Associate Administrator and

- provided the following requirements are met:
- a. The cells and batteries must be transported in rigid outer packagings that conform to the requirements of Part 178 of this subchapter at the Packing Group I performance level; and
- b. Each cell and battery must be protected against short circuiting, must be surrounded by cushioning material that is non-combustible and non-conductive, and must be individually packed in an inner packaging that is placed inside an outer specification packaging.
- A56 Radioactive material with a subsidiary hazard of Division 4.2, Packing Group I, must be transported in Type B packages when offered for transportation by aircraft. Radioactive material with a subsidiary hazard of Division 2.1 is forbidden from transport on passenger aircraft.
- A60 Sterilization devices, when containing less than 30 mL per inner packaging with not more than 150 mL per outer packaging, may be transported in accordance with the provisions in §173.4a, irrespective of §173.4a(b), provided such packagings were first subjected to comparative fire testing. Comparative fire testing must show no difference in burning rate between a package as prepared for transport (including the substance to be transported) and an identical package filled with water.
- A82 The quantity limits in columns (9A) and (9B) do not apply to human or animal body parts, whole organs or whole bodies known to contain or suspected of containing an infectious substance.
- A100 Primary (non-rechargeable) lithium batteries and cells are forbidden for transport aboard passenger carrying aircraft. Secondary (rechargeable) lithium batteries and cells are authorized aboard passenger carrying aircraft in packages that do not exceed a gross weight of 5 kg.
- A101 A primary lithium battery or cell packed with or contained in equipment is forbidden for transport aboard a passenger carrying aircraft unless the equipment and the battery conform to the following provisions and the package contains no more than the number of lithium batteries or cells necessary to power the intended piece of equipment:
- (1) The lithium content of each cell, when fully charged, is not more than 5 grams.
- (2) The aggregate lithium content of the anode of each battery, when fully charged, is not more than 25 grams.
- (3) The net weight of lithium batteries does not exceed 5 kg (11 pounds).
- A103 Equipment is authorized aboard passenger carrying aircraft if the gross weight of the inner package of secondary lithium batteries or cells packed with the equipment does not exceed 5 kg (11 pounds).

A104 The net weight of secondary lithium batteries or cells contained in equipment may not exceed 5 kg (11 pounds) in packages that are authorized aboard passenger carrying aircraft.

A105 The total net quantity of dangerous goods contained in one package, excluding magnetic material, must not exceed the following:

- a. 1 kg (2.2 pounds) in the case of solids;
- b. 0.5 L (0.1 gallons) in the case of liquids; c. 0.5 kg (1.1 pounds) in the case of Division 2.2 gases; or
 - d. any combination thereof.

A112 Notwithstanding the quantity limits shown in Column (9A) and (9B) for this entry, the following IBCs are authorized for transportation aboard passenger and cargo-only aircraft. Each IBC may not exceed a maximum net quantity of 1,000 kg:

- a. Metal: 11A, 11B, 11N, 21A, 21B and 21N
- b. Rigid plastics: 11H1, 11H2, 21H1 and 21H2 c. Composite with plastic inner receptacle: 11HZ1, 11HZ2, 21HZ1 and 21HZ2
 - d. Fiberboard: 11G
- e. Wooden: 11C, 11D and 11F (with inner liners)
- f. Flexible: 13H2, 13H3, 13H4, 13H5, 13L2, 13L3, 13L4, 13M1 and 13M2 (flexible IBCs must be sift-proof and water resistant or must be fitted with a sift-proof and water resistant liner).
- (3) "B" codes. These provisions apply only to bulk packagings. Except as otherwise provided in this subchapter, these special provisions do not apply to UN portable tanks or IBCs:

Code/Special Provisions

- B1 If the material has a flash point at or above 38 °C (100 °F) and below 93 °C (200 °F), then the bulk packaging requirements of §173.241 of this subchapter are applicable. If the material has a flash point of less than 38 °C (100 °F), then the bulk packaging requirements of §173.242 of this subchapter are applicable.
- B2 MC 300, MC 301, MC 302, MC 303, MC 305, and MC 306 and DOT 406 cargo tanks are not authorized.
- B3 MC 300, MC 301, MC 302, MC 303, MC 305, and MC 306 and DOT 406 cargo tanks and DOT 57 portable tanks are not authorized.
- B4 MC 300, MC 301, MC 302, MC 303, MC 305, and MC 306 and DOT 406 cargo tanks are not authorized.
- B5 Only ammonium nitrate solutions with 35 percent or less water that will remain completely in solution under all conditions of transport at a maximum lading temperature of 116 °C (240 °F) are authorized for transport in the following bulk packagings: MC 307, MC 312, DOT 407 and DOT 412 cargo tanks with at least 172 kPa (25 psig) design pressure. The packaging shall

be designed for a working temperature of at least 121 °C (250 °F). Only Specifications MC 304, MC 307 or DOT 407 cargo tank motor vehicles are authorized for transportation by vessel.

- B6 Packagings shall be made of steel.
- B7 Safety relief devices are not authorized on multi-unit tank car tanks. Openings for safety relief devices on multi-unit tank car tanks shall be plugged or blank flanged.
- B8 Packagings shall be made of nickel, stainless steel, or steel with nickel, stainless steel, lead or other suitable corrosion resistant metallic lining.
- B9 Bottom outlets are not authorized.
- B10 MC 300, MC 301, MC 302, MC 303, MC 305, and MC 306 and DOT 406 cargo tanks, and DOT 57 portable tanks are not authorized.
- B11 Tank car tanks must have a test pressure of at least 2,068.5 kPa (300 psig). Cargo and portable tanks must have a design pressure of at least 1.207 kPa (175 psig).
- B13 A nonspecification cargo tank motor vehicle authorized in §173.247 of this subchapter must be at least equivalent in design and in construction to a DOT 406 cargo tank or MC 306 cargo tank (if constructed before August 31, 1995), except as follows:
 - a. Packagings equivalent to MC 306 cargo tanks are excepted from the certification, venting, and emergency flow requirements of the MC 306 specification.
 - Packagings equivalent to DOT 406 cargo tanks are excepted from §§ 178.345-7(d)(5), circumferential reinforcements; 178.345-10, pressure relief; 178.345-11, outlets; 178.345-14, marking, and 178.345-15, certification.
 - c. Packagings are excepted from the design stress limits at elevated temperatures, as described in Section VIII of the ASME Code (IBR, see §171.7 of this subchapter). However, the design stress limits may not exceed 25 percent of the stress for 0 temper at the maximum design temperature of the cargo tank, as specified in the Aluminum Association's "Aluminum Standards and Data" (IBR, see §171.7 of this subchapter).
- B14 Each bulk packaging, except a tank car or a multi-unit-tank car tank, must be insulated with an insulating material so that the overall thermal conductance at 15.5 °C (60 °F) is no more than 1.5333 kilojoules per hour per square meter per degree Celsius (0.075 Btu per hour per square foot per degree Fahrenheit) temperature differential. Insulating materials must not promote corrosion to steel when wet.
- B15 Packagings must be protected with non-metallic linings impervious to the lading or have a suitable corrosion allowance.
- B16 The lading must be completely covered with nitrogen, inert gas or other inert materials.

B18 Open steel hoppers or bins are authorized.

B23 Tanks must be made of steel that is rubber lined or unlined. Unlined tanks must be passivated before being placed in service. If unlined tanks are washed out with water, they must be repassivated prior to return to service. Lading in unlined tanks must be inhibited so that the corrosive effect on steel is not greater than that of hydrofluoric acid of 65 percent concentration.

B25 Packagings must be made from monel or nickel or monel-lined or nickel-lined steel.

B26 Tanks must be insulated. Insulation must be at least 100 mm (3.9 inches) except that the insulation thickness may be reduced to 51 mm (2 inches) over the exterior heater coils. Interior heating coils are not authorized. The packaging may not be loaded with a material outside of the packaging's design temperature range. In addition, the material also must be covered with an inert gas or the container must be filled with water to the tank's capacity. After unloading, the residual material also must be covered with an inert gas or the container must be filled with water to the tank's capacity.

B27 Tanks must have a service pressure of 1,034 kPa (150 psig). Tank car tanks must have a test pressure rating of 1,379 kPa (200 psig). Lading must be blanketed at all times with a dry inert gas at a pressure not to exceed 103 kPa (15 psig).

B28 Packagings must be made of stainless steel.

B30 MC 312, MC 330, MC 331 and DOT 412 cargo tanks and DOT 51 portable tanks must be made of stainless steel, except that steel other than stainless steel may be used in accordance with the provisions of §173.24b(b) of this subchapter. Thickness of stainless steel for tank shell and heads for cargo tanks and portable tanks must be the greater of 7.62 mm (0.300 inch) or the thickness required for a tank with a design pressure at least equal to 1.5 times the vapor pressure of the lading at 46 °C (115 °F). In addition, MC 312 and DOT 412 cargo tank motor vehicles must:

- a. Be ASME Code (U) stamped for 100% radiography of all pressure-retaining welds;
 b. Have accident damage protection which conforms with §178.345-8 of this sub-
- c. Have a MAWP or design pressure of at least 87 psig: and
- d. Have a bolted manway cover.

chapter:

B32 MC 312, MC 330, MC 331, DOT 412 cargo tanks and DOT 51 portable tanks must be made of stainless steel, except that steel other than stainless steel may be used in accordance with the provisions of §173.24b(b) of this subchapter. Thickness of stainless steel for tank shell and heads for cargo tanks and portable tanks must be the greater of 6.35 mm (0.250 inch) or the thickness required for a tank with a design pressure at least equal to 1.3 times the vapor pressure of the lading at 46 °C (115 °F). In addition, MC 312 and DOT 412 cargo tank motor vehicles must:

- a. Be ASME Code (U) stamped for 100% radiography of all pressure-retaining welds;
- Have accident damage protection which conforms with §178.345-8 of this subchapter;
- c. Have a MAWP or design pressure of at least 87 psig; and
- d. Have a bolted manway cover.

B33 MC 300, MC 301, MC 302, MC 303, MC 305, MC 306, and DOT 406 cargo tanks equipped with a 1 psig normal vent used to transport gasoline must conform to Table I of this Special Provision. Based on the volatility class determined by using ASTM D 439 and the Reid vapor pressure (RVP) of the particular gasoline, the maximum lading pressure and maximum ambient temperature permitted during the loading of gasoline may not exceed that listed in Table I.

TABLE I—MAXIMUM AMBIENT TEMPERATURE—
GASOLINE

ASTM D439 volatility class	Maximum lading and ambient temperature (see note 1)
A	131 °F
(RVP<=9.0 psia) B	124 °F
(RVP<=10.0 psia) C	116 °F
(RVP<=11.5 psia)	 107 °F
(RVP<=13.5 psia) F	100 °F
(RVP<=15.0 psia)	

NOTE 1: Based on maximum lading pressure of 1 psig at top of cargo tank.

B35 Tank cars containing hydrogen cyanide may be alternatively marked "Hydrocyanic acid, liquefied" if otherwise conforming to marking requirements in subpart D of this part. Tank cars marked "HYDROCYANIC ACID" prior to October 1, 1991 do not need to be remarked.

B37 The amount of nitric oxide charged into any tank car tank may not exceed 1,379 kPa (200 psig) at 21 °C (70 °F).

B42 Tank cars constructed before March 16, 2009, must have a test pressure of 34.47 Bar (500 psig) or greater and conform to Class 105J. Each tank car must have a reclosing pressure relief device having a start-to-discharge pressure of 10.34 Bar (150 psig). The tank car specification may be marked to indicate a test pressure of 13.79 Bar (200 psig).

B44 All parts of valves and safety relief devices in contact with lading must be of a

- material which will not cause formation of acetylides.
- B45 Each tank must have a reclosing combination pressure relief device equipped with stainless steel or platinum rupture discs approved by the AAR Tank Car Committee.
- B46 The detachable protective housing for the loading and unloading valves of multiunit tank car tanks must withstand tank test pressure and must be approved by the Associate Administrator.
- B47 Each tank may have a reclosing pressure relief device having a start-to-discharge pressure setting of 310 kPa (45 psig).
- B48 Portable tanks in sodium metal service may be visually inspected at least once every 5 years instead of being retested hydrostatically. Date of the visual inspection must be stenciled on the tank near the other required markings.
- B49 Tanks equipped with interior heater coils are not authorized. Single unit tank car tanks must have a reclosing pressure relief device having a start-to-discharge pressure set at no more than 1551 kPa (225 psig).
- B50 Each valve outlet of a multi-unit tank car tank must be sealed by a threaded solid plug or a threaded cap with inert luting or gasket material. Valves must be of stainless steel and the caps, plugs, and valve seats must be of a material that will not deteriorate as a result of contact with the lading.
- B52 Notwithstanding the provisions of §173.24b of this subchapter, non-reclosing pressure relief devices are authorized on DOT 57 portable tanks.
- B53 Packagings must be made of either aluminum or steel.
- B54 Open-top, sift-proof rail cars are also authorized.
- B55 Water-tight, sift-proof, closed-top, metal-covered hopper cars, equipped with a venting arrangement (including flame arrestors) approved by the Associate Administrator are also authorized.
- B56 Water-tight, sift-proof, closed-top, metal-covered hopper cars are also authorized if the particle size of the hazardous material is not less than 149 microns.
- B57 Class 115A tank car tanks used to transport chloroprene must be equipped with a non-reclosing pressure relief device of a diameter not less than 305 mm (12 inches) with a maximum rupture disc pressure of 310 kPa (45 psig).
- B59 Water-tight, sift-proof, closed-top, metal-covered hopper cars are also authorized provided that the lading is covered with a nitrogen blanket.
- B60 DOT Specification 106A500X multi-unit tank car tanks that are not equipped with a pressure relief device of any type are authorized. For the transportation of phosgene, the outage must be sufficient to pre-

- vent tanks from becoming liquid full at 55 $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ (130 $^{\circ}\mathrm{F}).$
- B61 Written procedures covering details of tank car appurtenances, dome fittings, safety devices, and marking, loading, handling, inspection, and testing practices must be approved by the Associate Administrator before any single unit tank car tank is offered for transportation.
- B65 Tank cars constructed before March 16, 2009, must have a test pressure of 34.47 Bar (500 psig) or greater and conform to Class 105A. Each tank car must have a reclosing pressure relief device having a start-to-discharge pressure of 15.51 Bar (225 psig). The tank car specification may be marked to indicate a test pressure of 20.68 Bar (300 psig).
- B66 Each tank must be equipped with gas tight valve protection caps. Outage must be sufficient to prevent tanks from becoming liquid full at 55 °C (130 °F). Specification 110A500W tanks must be stainless steel.
- B67 All valves and fittings must be protected by a securely attached cover made of metal not subject to deterioration by the lading, and all valve openings, except safety valve, must be fitted with screw plugs or caps to prevent leakage in the event of valve failure.
- B68 Sodium must be in a molten condition when loaded and allowed to solidify before shipment. Outage must be at least 5 percent at 98 °C (208 °F). Bulk packagings must have exterior heating coils fusion welded to the tank shell which have been properly stress relieved. The only tank car tanks authorized are Class DOT 105 tank cars having a test pressure of 2,069 kPa (300 psig) or greater.
- B69 Dry sodium cyanide or potassium cyanide may be shipped in the following sift-proof and weather-resistant packagings: metal covered hopper cars, covered motor vehicles, portable tanks, or non-specification bins.
- B70 If DOT 103ANW tank car tank is used: All cast metal in contact with the lading must have 96.7 percent nickel content; and the lading must be anhydrous and free from any impurities.
- B76 Tank cars constructed before March 16, 2009, must have a test pressure of 20.68 Bar (300 psig) or greater and conform to Class 105S, 112J, 114J or 120S. Each tank car must have a reclosing pressure relief device having a start-to-discharge pressure of 10.34 Bar (150 psig). The tank car specification may be marked to indicate a test pressure of 13.79 Bar (200 psig).
- B77 Other packaging are authorized when approved by the Associate Administrator.
- B78 Tank cars must have a test pressure of 4.14 Bar (60 psig) or greater and conform to Class 103, 104, 105, 109, 111, 112, 114 or 120.

Heater pipes must be of welded construction designed for a test pressure of 500 psig. A 25 mm (1 inch) woven lining of asbestos or other approved material must be placed between the bolster slabbing and the bottom of the tank. If a tank car tank is equipped with a non-reclosing pressure relief device, the rupture disc must be perforated with a 3.2 mm (0.13 inch) diameter hole. If a tank car tank is equipped with a reclosing pressure relief valve, the tank must also be equipped with a vacuum relief valve.

B80 Each cargo tank must have a minimum design pressure of 276 kPa (40 psig).

B81 Venting and pressure relief devices for tank car tanks and cargo tanks must be approved by the Associate Administrator.

B82 Cargo tanks and portable tanks are not authorized.

B83 Bottom outlets are prohibited on tank car tanks transporting sulfuric acid in concentrations over 65.25 percent.

B84 Packagings must be protected with non-metallic linings impervious to the lading or have a suitable corrosion allowance for sulfuric acid or spent sulfuric acid in concentration up to 65.25 percent.

B85 Cargo tanks must be marked with the name of the lading in accordance with the requirements of §172.302(b).

B90 Steel tanks conforming or equivalent to ASME specifications which contain solid or semisolid residual motor fuel antiknock mixture (including rust, scale, or other contaminants) may be shipped by rail freight or highway. The tank must have been designed and constructed to be capable of withstanding full vacuum. All openings must be closed with gasketed blank flanges or vapor tight threaded closures.

B115 Rail cars, highway trailers, roll-on/roll-off bins, or other non-specification bulk packagings are authorized. Packagings must be sift-proof, prevent liquid

water from reaching the hazardous material, and be provided with sufficient venting to preclude dangerous accumulation of flammable, corrosive, or toxic gaseous emissions such as methane, hydrogen, and ammonia. The material must be loaded dry

(4) IB Codes and IP Codes. These provisions apply only to transportation in IBCs and Large Packagings. Table 1 authorizes IBCs for specific proper shipping names through the use of IB Codes assigned in the §172.101 table of this subchapter. Table 2 defines IP Codes on the use of IBCs that are assigned to specific commodities in the §172.101 Table of this subchapter. Table 3 authorizes Large Packagings for specific proper shipping names through the use of IB Codes assigned in the §172.101 table of this subchapter. Large Packagings are authorized for the Packing Group III entries of specific proper shipping names when either Special Provision IB3 or IB8 is assigned to that entry in the §172.101 Table. When no IB code is assigned in the §172.101 Table for a specific proper shipping name, or in §173.225(e) Organic Peroxide Table for Type F organic peroxides, use of an IBC or Large Packaging for the material may be authorized when approved by the Associate Administrator. The letter "Z" shown in the marking code for composite IBCs must be replaced with a capital code letter designation found in §178.702(a)(2) of this subchapter to specify the material used for the other packaging. Tables 1, 2, and 3 follow:

TABLE 1—IB CODES (IBC CODES)

IBC code	Authorized IBCs
IB1	Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N).
	Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 °C (1.1 bar
	at 122 °F), or 130 kPa at 55 °C (1.3 bar at 131 °F) are authorized.
IB2	Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1).
	Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 °C (1.1 bar at 122 °F), or 130 kPa at 55 °C (1.3 bar at 131 °F) are authorized.
IB3	Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1 and 31HA2, 31HB2, 31HN2, 31HD2 and 31HH2).
	Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 °C (1.1 bar
	at 122 °F), or 130 kPa at 55 °C (1.3 bar at 131 °F) are authorized, except for UN2672 (also see Special
	Provision IP8 in Table 2 for UN2672).
IB4	Authorized IBCs: Metal (11A, 11B, 11N, 21A, 21B and 21N).
IB5	Authorized IBCs: Metal (11A, 11B, 11N, 21A, 21B and 21N); Rigid plastics (11H1, 11H2, 21H1, 21H2,
	31H1 and 31H2); Composite (11HZ1, 21HZ1 and 31HZ1).
IB6	Authorized IBCs: Metal (11A, 11B, 11N, 21A, 21B and 21N); Rigid plastics (11H1, 11H2, 21H1, 21H2,
	31H1 and 31H2); Composite (11HZ1, 11HZ2, 21HZ1, 21HZ2, 31HZ1 and 31HZ2).
	Additional Requirement: Composite IBCs 11HZ2 and 21HZ2 may not be used when the hazardous mate-
	rials being transported may become liquid during transport.

49 CFR Ch. I (10-1-11 Edition)

TABLE 1—IB CODES (IBC CODES)—Continued

IBC code	Authorized IBCs			
IB7	Authorized IBCs: Metal (11A, 11B, 11N, 21A, 21B and 21N); Rigid plastics (11H1, 11H2, 21H1, 21H2, 31H1 and 31H2); Composite (11HZ1, 11HZ2, 21HZ1, 21HZ2, 31HZ1 and 31HZ2); Wooden (11C, 11D and 11F).			
IB8	Additional Requirement: Liners of wooden IBCs must be sift-proof. Authorized IBCs: Metal (11A, 11B, 11N, 21A, 21B and 21N); Rigid plastics (11H1, 11H2, 21H1, 21H2, 31H1 and 31H2); Composite (11HZ1, 11HZ2, 21HZ1, 21HZ2, 31HZ1 and 31HZ2); Fiberboard (11G); Wooden (11C, 11D and 11F); Flexible (13H1, 13H2, 13H3, 13H4, 13H5, 13L1, 13L2, 13L3, 13L4, 13M1 or 13M2).			
IB9	IBCs are only authorized if approved by the Associate Administrator.			

TABLE 2—IP CODES

IP Code	h
IP1	IBCs must be packed in closed freight containers or a closed transport vehicle.
IP2	When IBCs other than metal or rigid plastics IBCs are used, they must be offered for transportation in a closed freight container or a closed transport vehicle.
IP3	Flexible IBCs must be sift-proof and water-resistant or must be fitted with a sift-proof and water-resistant liner.
IP4	Flexible, fiberboard or wooden IBCs must be sift-proof and water-resistant or be fitted with a sift-proof and water-resistant liner.
IP5	IBCs must have a device to allow venting. The inlet to the venting device must be located in the vapor space of the IBC under maximum filling conditions.
IP6	Non-specification bulk bins are authorized.
IP7	For UN identification numbers 1327, 1363, 1364, 1365, 1386, 1841, 2211, 2217, 2793 and 3314, IBCs are not required to meet the IBC performance tests specified in part 178, subpart N of this subchapter.
IP8	Ammonia solutions may be transported in rigid or composite plastic IBCs (31H1, 31H2 and 31HZ1) that have successfully passed, without leakage or permanent deformation, the hydrostatic test specified in § 178.814 of this subchapter at a test pressure that is not less than 1.5 times the vapor pressure of the contents at 55 °C (131 °F).
IP13	Transportation by vessel in IBCs is prohibited.
IP14	Air must be eliminated from the vapor space by nitrogen or other means.
IP15	For UN2031 with more than 55% nitric acid, rigid plastic IBCs and composite IBCs with a rigid plastic inner receptacle are authorized for two years from the date of IBC manufacture.
IP20	Dry sodium cyanide or potassium cyanide is also permitted in siftproof, water-resistant, fiberboard IBCs when transported in closed freight containers or transport vehicles.

TABLE 3—IB CODES

[Large packaging authorizations]

	T				
IB3	Authorized Large Packagings (LIQUIDS) (PG III materials only) ²				
Inner packagings: Glass 10 liter. Plastics 30 liter. Metal 40 liter.	Large outer packagings: steel (50A). aluminum (50B). metal other than steel or aluminum (50N). rigid plastics (50H). natural wood (50C). plywood (50D). reconstituted wood (50F). rigid fiberboard (50G).				
IB8		Authorized Large Packagings (SOLIDS) (PG III materials only) ²			
Inner packagings: Glass 10 kg		Large outer packagings: steel (50A). aluminum (50B). metal other than steel or aluminum (50N). flexible plastics (51H). 1 rigid plastics (50H). natural wood (50C). plywood (50D). reconstituted wood (50F). rigid fiberboard (50G).			

¹ Flexible plastic (51H) Large Packagings are only authorized for use with flexible inner packagings.

² Except when authorized under Special Provision 41.

(5) "N" codes. These provisions apply only to non-bulk packagings:

Code/Special Provisions

- N3 Glass inner packagings are permitted in combination or composite packagings only if the hazardous material is free from hydrofluoric acid.
- N4 For combination or composite packagings, glass inner packagings, other than ampoules, are not permitted.
- N5 Glass materials of construction are not authorized for any part of a packaging which is normally in contact with the hazardous material.
- N6 Battery fluid packaged with electric storage batteries, wet or dry, must conform to the packaging provisions of §173.159 (g) or (h) of this subchapter.
- N7 The hazard class or division number of the material must be marked on the package in accordance with §172.302 of this subchapter. However, the hazard label corresponding to the hazard class or division may be substituted for the marking.
- N8 Nitroglycerin solution in alcohol may be transported under this entry only when the solution is packed in metal cans of not more than 1 L capacity each, overpacked in a wooden box containing not more than 5 L. Metal cans must be completely surrounded with absorbent cushioning material. Wooden boxes must be completely lined with a suitable material impervious to water and nitroglycerin.
- N11 This material is excepted for the specification packaging requirements of this subchapter if the material is packaged in strong, tight non-bulk packaging meeting the requirements of subparts A and B of part 173 of this subchapter.
- N12 Plastic packagings are not authorized.
 N20 A 5M1 multi-wall paper bag is authorized if transported in a closed transport vehicle.
- N25 Steel single packagings are not authorized.
- N32 Aluminum materials of construction are not authorized for single packagings.
- N33 Aluminum drums are not authorized.
- N34 Aluminum construction materials are not authorized for any part of a packaging which is normally in contact with the hazardous material.
- N36 Aluminum or aluminum alloy construction materials are permitted only for halogenated hydrocarbons that will not react with aluminum
- N37 This material may be shipped in an integrally-lined fiber drum (1G) which meets the general packaging requirements of subpart B of part 173 of this subchapter, the requirements of part 178 of this subchapter

- at the packing group assigned for the material and to any other special provisions of column 7 of the §172.101 table.
- N40 This material is not authorized in the following packagings:
 - a. A combination packaging consisting of a 4G fiberboard box with inner receptacles of glass or earthenware;
 - b. A single packaging of a 4C2 sift-proof, natural wood box: or
 - c. A composite packaging 6PG2 (glass, porcelain or stoneware receptacles within a fiberboard box).
- N41 Metal construction materials are not authorized for any part of a packaging which is normally in contact with the hazardous material.
- N42 1A1 drums made of carbon steel with thickness of body and heads of not less than 1.3 mm (0.050 inch) and with a corrosion-resistant phenolic lining are authorized for stabilized benzyl chloride if tested and certified to the Packing Group I performance level at a specific gravity of not less than 1.8.
- N43 Metal drums are permitted as single packagings only if constructed of nickel or monel.
- N45 Copper cartridges are authorized as inner packagings if the hazardous material is not in dispersion.
- N65 Outage must be sufficient to prevent cylinders or spheres from becoming liquid full at 55 °C (130 °F). The vacant space (outage) may be charged with a nonflammable nonliquefied compressed gas if the pressure in the cylinder or sphere at 55 °C (130 °F) does not exceed 125 percent of the marked service pressure.
- N72 Packagings must be examined by the Bureau of Explosives and approved by the Associate Administrator.
- N73 Packagings consisting of outer wooden or fiberboard boxes with inner glass, metal or other strong containers; metal or fiber drums; kegs or barrels; or strong metal cans are authorized and need not conform to the requirements of part 178 of this subchapter.
- N74 Packages consisting of tightly closed inner containers of glass, earthenware, metal or polyethylene, capacity not over 0.5 kg (1.1 pounds) securely cushioned and packed in outer wooden barrels or wooden or fiberboard boxes, not over 15 kg (33 pounds) net weight, are authorized and need not conform to the requirements of part 178 of this subchapter.
- N75 Packages consisting of tightly closed inner packagings of glass, earthenware or metal, securely cushioned and packed in outer wooden barrels or wooden or fiberboard boxes, capacity not over 2.5 kg (5.5 pounds) net weight, are authorized and

need not conform to the requirements of part 178 of this subchapter.

N76 For materials of not more than 25 percent active ingredient by weight, packages consisting of inner metal packagings not greater than 250 mL (8 ounces) capacity each, packed in strong outer packagings together with sufficient absorbent material to completely absorb the liquid contents are authorized and need not conform to the requirements of part 178 of this subchapter.

N77 For materials of not more than two percent active ingredients by weight, packagings need not conform to the requirements of part 178 of this subchapter, if liquid contents are absorbed in an inert material

N78 Packages consisting of inner glass, earthenware, or polyethylene or other nonfragile plastic bottles or jars not over 0.5 kg (1.1 pounds) capacity each, or metal cans not over five pounds capacity each, packed in outer wooden boxes, barrels or kegs, or fiberboard boxes are authorized and need not conform to the requirements of part 178 of this subchapter. Net weight of contents in fiberboard boxes may not exceed 29 kg (64 pounds). Net weight of contents in wooden boxes, barrels or kegs may not exceed 45 kg (99 pounds).

N79 Packages consisting of tightly closed metal inner packagings not over 0.5 kg (1.1 pounds) capacity each, packed in outer wooden or fiberboard boxes, or wooden barrels, are authorized and need not conform to the requirements of part 178 of this subchapter. Net weight of contents may not exceed 15 kg (33 pounds).

N80 Packages consisting of one inner metal can, not over 2.5 kg (5.5 pounds) capacity, packed in an outer wooden or fiberboard box, or a wooden barrel, are authorized and need not conform to the requirements of part 178 of this subchapter.

N82 See §173.115 of this subchapter for classification criteria for flammable aerosols.

N83 This material may not be transported in quantities of more than 11.5 kg (25.4 lbs) per package.

N84 The maximum quantity per package is $500~\mathrm{g}$ (1.1 lbs.).

N85 Packagings certified at the Packing Group I performance level may not be used.

N86 UN pressure receptacles made of aluminum alloy are not authorized.

N87 The use of copper valves on UN pressure receptacles is prohibited.

N88 Any metal part of a UN pressure receptacle in contact with the contents may not

contain more than 65% copper, with a tolerance of 1%.

N89 When steel UN pressure receptacles are used, only those bearing the "H" mark are authorized.

N90 Metal packagings are not authorized.

(6) "R" codes. These provisions apply only to transportation by rail. [Reserved]

(7) "T" codes. (i) These provisions apply to the transportation of hazardous materials in UN portable tanks. Portable tank instructions specify the requirements applicable to a portable tank when used for the transportation of a specific hazardous material. These requirements must be met in addition to the design and construction specifications in part 178 of this subchapter. Portable tank instructions T1 through T22 specify the applicable minimum test pressure, the minimum shell thickness (in reference steel), bottom opening requirements and pressure relief requirements. Liquefied compressed gases are assigned to portable tank instruction T50. Refrigerated liquefied gases that are authorized to be transported in portable tanks are specified in tank instruction T75.

(ii) The following table specifies the portable tank requirements applicable to "T" Codes T1 through T22. Column 1 specifies the "T" Code. Column 2 specifies the minimum test pressure, in bar (1 bar = 14.5 psig), at which the periodichydrostatic testing required by §180.605 of this subchapter must be conducted. Column 3 specifies the section reference for minimum shell thickness or. alternatively, the minimum shell thickness value. Column 4 specifies the applicability of \$178.275(g)(3) of this subchapter for the pressure relief devices. When the word "Normal" is indicated, §178.275(g)(3) of this subchapter does not apply. Column 5 references applicable requirements for bottom openings in part 178 of this subchapter. "Prohibited" means bottom openings are prohibited, and "Prohibited for liquids" means bottom openings are authorized for solid material only. The table follows:

TABLE OF PORTABLE TANK T CODES T1-T22

[Portable tank codes T1–T22 apply to liquid and solid hazardous materials of Classes 3 through 9 which are transported in portable tanks.]

Portable tank instruction (1)	Minimum test pressure (bar) (2)	Minimum shell thickness (in mm-reference steel) (See §178.274(d)) (3)	Pressure-relief requirements (See § 178.275(g)) (4)	Bottom opening requirements (See § 178.275(d)) (5)
T1	1.5	§ 178.274(d)(2)	Normal	§ 178.275(d)(2)
T2	1.5	§ 178.274(d)(2)	Normal	§ 178.275(d)(3)
T3	2.65	§ 178.274(d)(2)	Normal	§ 178.275(d)(2)
T4	2.65	§ 178.274(d)(2)	Normal	§ 178.275(d)(3)
T5	2.65	§ 178.274(d)(2)	§ 178.275(g)(3)	Prohibited
T6	4	§ 178.274(d)(2)	Normal	§ 178.275(d)(2)
T7	4	§ 178.274(d)(2)	Normal	§ 178.275(d)(3)
T8	4	§ 178.274(d)(2)	Normal	Prohibited
T9	4	6 mm	Normal	Prohibited
T10	4	6 mm	§ 178.275(g)(3)	Prohibited
T9	4	6 mm	Normal	Prohibited for liquids.
				§ 178.275(d)(2)
T11	6	§ 178.274(d)(2)	Normal	§ 178.275(d)(3)
T12	6	§ 178.274(d)(2)	§ 178.275(g)(3)	§ 178.275(d)(3)
T13	6	6 mm	Normal	Prohibited
T14	6	6 mm	§ 178.275(g)(3)	Prohibited
T15	10	§ 178.274(d)(2)	Normal	§ 178.275(d)(3)
T16	10	§ 178.274(d)(2)	§ 178.275(g)(3)	§ 178.275(d)(3)
T17	10	6 mm	Normal	§ 178.275(d)(3)
T18	10	6 mm	§ 178.275(g)(3)	§ 178.275(d)(3)
T19	10	6 mm	§ 178.275(g)(3)	Prohibited
T20	10	8 mm	§ 178.275(g)(3)	Prohibited
T21	10	10 mm	Normal	Prohibited for liquids. § 178.275(d)(2)
T22	10	10 mm	§ 178.275(g)(3)	Prohibited

- (iii) *T50*. When portable tank instruction T50 is referenced in Column (7) of the §172.101 Table, the applicable liquefied compressed gases are authorized to be transported in portable tanks in accordance with the requirements of §173.313 of this subchapter.
- (iv) T75. When portable tank instruction T75 is referenced in Column (7) of the §172.101 Table, the applicable refrigerated liquefied gases are authorized to be transported in portable tanks in accordance with the requirements of §178.277 of this subchapter.
- (v) UN and IM portable tank codes/special provisions. When a specific portable tank instruction is specified by a "T" Code in Column (7) of the §172.101 Table for a specific hazardous material, a specification portable tank conforming to an alternative tank instruction may be used if:
- (A) The alternative portable tank has a higher or equivalent test pressure (for example, 4 bar when 2.65 bar is specified):
- (B) The alternative portable tank has greater or equivalent wall thickness

- (for example, 10 mm when 6 mm is specified);
- (C) The alternative portable tank has a pressure relief device as specified in the "T" Code. If a frangible disc is required in series with the reclosing pressure relief device for the specified portable tank, the alternative portable tank must be fitted with a frangible disc in series with the reclosing pressure relief device; and
 - (D) With regard to bottom openings—
- (1) When two effective means are specified, the alternative portable tank is fitted with bottom openings having two or three effective means of closure or no bottom openings; or
- (2) When three effective means are specified, the portable tank has no bottom openings or three effective means of closure; or
- (3) When no bottom openings are authorized, the alternative portable tank must not have bottom openings.
- (vi) Except when an organic peroxide is authorized under §173.225(g), if a hazardous material is not assigned a portable tank "T" Code, the hazardous material may not be transported in a

portable tank unless approved by the Associate Administrator.

(8) "TP" codes. (i) These provisions apply to the transportation of hazardous materials in IM and UN Specification portable tanks. Portable tank special provisions are assigned to certain hazardous materials to specify requirements that are in addition to those provided by the portable tank instructions or the requirements in part 178 of this subchapter. Portable tank special provisions are designated with the abbreviation TP (tank provision) and are assigned to specific hazardous materials in Column (7) of the §172.101 Table.

(ii) The following is a list of the portable tank special provisions:

Code/Special Provisions

TP1 The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following:

$$\left(\text{Degree of filling} = \frac{97}{1 + \alpha (t_r - t_f)} \right).$$

Where:

 $t_{\rm r}$ is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, and $t_{\rm f}$ is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling.

TP2 a. The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following:

$$\left(\text{Degree of filling} = \frac{95}{1 + \alpha(t_r - t_f)}\right).$$

Where:

- t_r is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport,
- $t_{\rm f}$ is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling, and
- α is the mean coefficient of cubical expansion of the liquid between the mean temperature of the liquid during filling $(t_{\rm r})$ and the maximum mean bulk temperature during transportation $(t_{\rm r})$ both in degrees celsius.

b. For liquids transported under ambient conditions α may be calculated using the formula:

$$\alpha = \frac{d_{15} - d_{50}}{35 d_{50}}$$

Where:

 d_{15} and d_{50} are the densities (in units of mass per unit volume) of the liquid at 15 $^{\circ}C$ (59 $^{\circ}F)$ and 50 $^{\circ}C$ (122 $^{\circ}F)$, respectively.

TP3 The maximum degree of filling (in %) for solids transported above their melting points and for elevated temperature liquids shall be determined by the following:

Degree of filling =
$$95\frac{d_r}{d_f}$$
.

Where: d_f and d_r are the mean densities of the liquid at the mean temperature of the liquid during filling and the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport respectively.

TP4 The maximum degree of filling for portable tanks must not exceed 90%.

TP5 For a portable tank used for the transport of flammable refrigerated liquefied gases or refrigerated liquefied oxygen, the maximum rate at which the portable tank may be filled must not exceed the liquid flow capacity of the primary pressure relief system rated at a pressure not exceeding 120 percent of the portable tank's design pressure. For portable tanks used for the transport of refrigerated liquefied helium and refrigerated liquefied atmospheric gas (except oxygen), the maximum rate at which the tank is filled must not exceed the liquid flow capacity of the pressure relief device rated at 130 percent of the portable tank's design pressure. Except for a portable tank containing refrigerated liquefied helium, a portable tank shall have an outage of at least two percent below the inlet of the pressure relief device or pressure control valve, under conditions of incipient opening, with the portable tank in a level attitude. No outage is required for helium.

TP6 The tank must be equipped with a pressure release device which prevent a tank from bursting under fire engulfment conditions (the conditions prescribed in CGA pamphlet S-1.2 (see §171.7 of this subchapter) or alternative conditions approved by the Associate Administrator may be used to consider the fire engulfment condition), taking into account the properties of the hazardous material to be transported.

TP7 The vapor space must be purged of air by nitrogen or other means.

TP8 A portable tank having a minimum test pressure of 1.5 bar (150 kPa) may be used when the flash point of the hazardous material transported is greater than 0 °C (32 °F).

TP9 A hazardous material assigned to special provision TP9 in Column (7) of the §172.101 Table may only be transported in a portable tank if approved by the Associate Administrator.

TP10 The portable tank must be fitted with a lead lining at least 5 mm (0.2 inches)

thick. The lead lining must be tested annually to ensure that it is intact and functional. Another suitable lining material may be used if approved by the Associate Administrator.

TP12 This material is considered highly corrosive to steel.

TP13 Self-contained breathing apparatus must be provided when this hazardous material is transported by sea.

TP16 The portable tank must be protected against over and under pressurization which may be experienced during transportation. The means of protection must be approved by the approval agency designated to approve the portable tank in accordance with the procedures in part 107, subpart E, of this subchapter. The pressure relief device must be preceded by a frangible disk in accordance with the requirements in §178.275(g)(3) of this subchapter to prevent crystallization of the product in the pressure relief device.

TP17 Only inorganic non-combustible materials may be used for thermal insulation of the tank.

TP18 The temperature of this material must be maintained between 18 $^{\circ}$ C (64.4 $^{\circ}$ F) and 40 $^{\circ}$ C (104 $^{\circ}$ F) while in transportation. Portable tanks containing solidified methacrylic acid must not be reheated during transportation.

TP19 The calculated wall thickness must be increased by 3 mm at the time of construction. Wall thickness must be verified ultrasonically at intervals midway between periodic hydraulic tests (every 2.5 years). The portable tank must not be used if the wall thickness is less than that prescribed by the applicable T code in Column (7) of the Table for this material.

TP20 This hazardous material must only be transported in insulated tanks under a nitrogen blanket.

TP21 The wall thickness must not be less than 8 mm. Portable tanks must be hydraulically tested and internally inspected at intervals not exceeding 2.5 years.

TP22 Lubricants for portable tank fittings (for example, gaskets, shut-off valves, flanges) must be oxygen compatible.

TP24 The portable tank may be fitted with a device to prevent the build up of excess pressure due to the slow decomposition of the hazardous material being transported. The device must be in the vapor space when the tank is filled under maximum filling conditions. This device must also prevent an unacceptable amount of leakage of liquid in the case of overturning.

TP25 Sulphur trioxide 99.95% pure and above may be transported in tanks without an inhibitor provided that it is maintained at a temperature equal to or above 32.5 $^{\circ}$ C (90.5 $^{\circ}$ F).

TP26 The heating device must be exterior to the shell. For UN 3176, this requirement

only applies when the hazardous material reacts dangerously with water.

TP27 A portable tank having a minimum test pressure of 4 bar (400 kPa) may be used provided the calculated test pressure is 4 bar or less based on the MAWP of the hazardous material, as defined in §178.275 of this subchapter, where the test pressure is 1.5 times the MAWP.

TP28 A portable tank having a minimum test pressure of 2.65 bar (265 kPa) may be used provided the calculated test pressure is 2.65 bar or less based on the MAWP of the hazardous material, as defined in §178.275 of this subchapter, where the test pressure is 1.5 times the MAWP.

TP29 A portable tank having a minimum test pressure of 1.5 bar (150.0 kPa) may be used provided the calculated test pressure is 1.5 bar or less based on the MAWP of the hazardous materials, as defined in §178.275 of this subchapter, where the test pressure is 1.5 times the MAWP.

TP30 This hazardous material may only be transported in insulated tanks.

TP31 This hazardous material may only be transported in tanks in the solid state.

TP32 Portable tanks may be used subject to the following conditions:

a. Each portable tank constructed of metal must be fitted with a pressure-relief device consisting of a reclosing spring loaded type, a frangible disc or a fusible element. The set to discharge for the spring loaded pressure relief device and the burst pressure for the frangible disc, as applicable, must not be greater than 2.65 bar for portable tanks with minimum test pressures greater than 4 bar;

b. The suitability for transport in tanks must be demonstrated using test 8(d) in Test Series 8 (see UN Manual of Tests and Criteria, Part 1, Sub-section 18.7) (IBR, see §171.7 of this subchapter) or an alternative means approved by the Associate Administrator.

TP33 The portable tank instruction assigned for this substance applies for granular and powdered solids and for solids which are filled and discharged at temperatures above their melting point which are cooled and transported as a solid mass. Solid substances transported or offered for transport above their melting point are authorized for transportation in portable tanks conforming to the provisions of portable tank instruction T4 for solid substances of packing group III or T7 for solid substances of packing group II, unless a tank with more stringent requirements for minimum shell thickness. maximum allowable working pressure, pressure-relief devices or bottom outlets are assigned in which case the more stringent tank instruction and special provisions shall apply. Filling limits must be in accordance with portable tank special provision TP3. Solids meeting the definition of an elevated temperature material must be transported in

accordance with the applicable requirements of this subchapter.

TP36 For material assigned this portable tank special provision, portable tanks used to transport such material may be equipped with fusible elements in the vapor space of the portable

TP37 IM portable tanks are only authorized for the shipment of hydrogen peroxide solutions in water containing 72% or less hydrogen peroxide by weight. Pressure relief devices shall be designed to prevent the entry of foreign matter, the leakage of liquid and the development of any dangerous excess pressure. In addition, the portable tank must be designed so that internal surfaces may be effectively cleaned and passivated. Each tank must be equipped with pressure relief devices conforming to the following requirements:

Concentration of hydrogen per peroxide solution	Total 1
52% or less	11
Over 52%, but not greater than 60%	22
Over 60%, but not greater than 72%	32

¹Total venting capacity in standard cubic feet hour (S.C.F.H.) per pound of hydrogen peroxide solution.

TP38 Each portable tank must be insulated with an insulating material so that the overall thermal conductance at 15.5 °C (60 °F) is no more than 1.5333 kilojoules per hour per square meter per degree Celsius (0.075 Btu per hour per square foot per degree Fahrenheit) temperature differential. Insulating materials may not promote corrosion to steel when wet.

TP44 Each portable tank must be made of stainless steel, except that steel other than stainless steel may be used in accordance with the provisions of §173.24b(b) of this subchapter. Thickness of stainless steel for tank shell and heads must be the greater of 7.62 mm (0.300 inch) or the thickness required for a portable tank with a design pressure at least equal to 1.5 times the vapor pressure of the hazardous material at 46 °C (115 °F).

TP45 Each portable tank must be made of stainless steel, except that steel other than stainless steel may be used in accordance with the provisions of 173.24b(b) of this subchapter. Thickness of stainless steel for portable tank shells and heads must be the greater of 6.35 mm (0.250 inch) or the thickness required for a portable tank with a design pressure at least equal to 1.3 times the vapor pressure of the hazardous material at 46 °C (115 °F).

TP46 Portable tanks in sodium metal service are not required to be hydrostatically retested.

(9) "W" codes. These provisions apply only to transportation by water:

Code/Special Provisions

W1 This substance in a non friable prill or granule form is not subject to the requirements of this subchapter when tested in accordance with the UN Manual of Test and Criteria (IBR, see §171.7 of this subchapter) and is found to not meet the definition or criteria for inclusion in Division 5.1.

W7 Vessel stowage category for uranyl nitrate hexahydrate solution is "D" as defined in \$172.101(k)(4).

W8 Vessel stowage category for pyrophoric thorium metal or pyrophoric uranium metal is "D" as defined in §172.101(k)(4).

W9 When offered for transportation by water, the following Specification packagings are not authorized unless approved by the Associate Administrator: woven plastic bags, plastic film bags, textile bags, paper bags, IBCs and bulk packagings.

W41 When offered for transportation by water, this material must be packaged in bales and be securely and tightly bound with rope, wire or similar means.

[Amdt. 172-123, 55 FR 52582, Dec. 21, 1990]

EDITORIAL NOTE: For FEDERAL REGISTER citations affecting §172.102, see the List of CFR Sections Affected which appears in the Finding Aids section of the printed volume and at www.fdsys.gov.

Subpart C—Shipping Papers

§172.200 Applicability.

- (a) Description of hazardous materials required. Except as otherwise provided in this subpart, each person who offers a hazardous material for transportation shall describe the hazardous material on the shipping paper in the manner required by this subpart.
- (b) This subpart does not apply to any material, other than a hazardous substance, hazardous waste or marine pollutant, that is—
- (1) Identified by the letter "A" in column 1 of the §172.101 table, except when the material is offered or intended for transportation by air; or
- (2) Identified by the letter "W" in column 1 of the §172.101 table, except when the material is offered or intended for transportation by water; or
- (3) A limited quantity package unless the material is offered or intended for transportation by air or vessel and, until December 31, 2013, a package of ORM-D material authorized by this subchapter in effect on October 1, 2010

when offered for transportation by highway or rail.

(4) Category B infectious substances prepared in accordance with §173.199.

[Amdt. 172–29A, 41 FR 40677, Sept. 20, 1976, as amended by Amdt. 172–58, 45 FR 34697, May 22, 1980; Amdt. 172–74, 47 FR 43065, Sept. 30, 1982; Amdt. 172–112, 53 FR 17160, May 13, 1988; Amdt. 172–127, 57 FR 52938, Nov. 5, 1992; 71 FR 32258, June 2, 2006; 76 FR 3365, Jan. 19, 2011]

§ 172.201 Preparation and retention of shipping papers.

- (a) *Contents*. When a description of hazardous material is required to be included on a shipping paper, that description must conform to the following requirements:
- (1) When a hazardous material and a material not subject to the requirements of this subchapter are described on the same shipping paper, the hazardous material description entries required by §172.202 and those additional entries that may be required by §172.203:
 - (i) Must be entered first, or
- (ii) Must be entered in a color that clearly contrasts with any description on the shipping paper of a material not subject to the requirements of this subchapter, except that a description on a reproduction of a shipping paper may be highlighted, rather than printed, in a contrasting color (the provisions of this paragraph apply only to the basic description required by §172.202(a)(1), (2), (3), and (4)), or
- (iii) Must be identified by the entry of an "X" placed before the basic shipping description required by §172.202 in a column captioned "HM." (The "X" may be replaced by "RQ," if appropriate.)
- (2) The required shipping description on a shipping paper and all copies thereof used for transportation purposes, must be legible and printed (manually or mechanically) in English.
- (3) Unless it is specifically authorized or required in this subchapter, the required shipping description may not contain any code or abbreviation.
- (4) A shipping paper may contain additional information concerning the material provided the information is not inconsistent with the required description. Unless otherwise permitted or required by this subpart, additional

information must be placed after the basic description required by §172.202(a).

- (b) [Reserved]
- (c) Continuation page. A shipping paper may consist of more than one page, if each page is consecutively numbered and the first page bears a notation specifying the total number of pages included in the shipping paper. For example, "Page 1 of 4 pages."
- (d) Emergency response telephone number. Except as provided in §172.604(c), a shipping paper must contain an emergency response telephone number and, if utilizing an emergency response information telephone number service provider, identify the person (by name or contract number) who has a contractual agreement with the service provider, as prescribed in subpart G of this part.
- (e) Retention and Recordkeeping. Each person who provides a shipping paper must retain a copy of the shipping paper required by §172.200(a), or an electronic image thereof, that is accessible at or through its principal place of business and must make the shipping paper available, upon request, to an authorized official of a Federal, State, or local government agency at reasonable times and locations. For a hazardous waste, the shipping paper copy must be retained for three years after the material is accepted by the initial carrier. For all other hazardous materials, the shipping paper must be retained for two years after the material is accepted by the initial carrier. Each shipping paper copy must include the date of acceptance by the initial carrier, except that, for rail, vessel, or air shipments, the date on the shipment waybill, airbill, or bill of lading may be used in place of the date of acceptance by the initial carrier. A motor carrier (as defined in §390.5 of subchapter B of chapter III of subtitle B) using a shipping paper without change for multiple shipments of one or more hazardous materials having the same shipping name and identification number may retain a single copy of the shipping paper, instead of a copy for each shipment made, if the carrier also retains a record of each shipment

made, to include shipping name, identification number, quantity transported, and date of shipment.

[Amdt. 172-29A, 41 FR 40677, Sept. 20, 1976]

EDITORIAL NOTE: For FEDERAL REGISTER citations affecting §172.201, see the List of CFR Sections Affected which appears in the Finding Aids section of the printed volume and at www.fdsys.gov.

§ 172.202 Description of hazardous material on shipping papers.

- (a) The shipping description of a hazardous material on the shipping paper must include:
- (1) The identification number prescribed for the material as shown in Column (4) of the §172.101 table;
- (2) The proper shipping name prescribed for the material in Column (2) of the §172.101 table;
- (3) The hazard class or division number prescribed for the material, as shown in Column (3) of the §172.101 table. The subsidiary hazard class or division number is not required to be entered when a corresponding subsidiary hazard label is not required. Except for combustible liquids, the subsidiary hazard class(es) or subsidiary division number(s) must be entered in parentheses immediately following the primary hazard class or division number. In addition—
- (i) The words "Class" or "Division" may be included preceding the primary and subsidiary hazard class or division numbers.
- (ii) The hazard class need not be included for the entry "Combustible liquid, n.o.s."
- (iii) For domestic shipments, primary and subsidiary hazard class or division names may be entered following the numerical hazard class or division, or following the basic description.
- (4) The packing group in Roman numerals, as designated for the hazardous material in Column (5) of the §172.101 table. Class 1 (explosives) materials; self-reactive substances; batteries other than those containing lithium, lithium ions, or sodium; Division 5.2 materials; and entries that are not assigned a packing group (e.g., Class 7) are excepted from this requirement. The packing group may be preceded by the letters "PG" (for example, "PG II"); and

- (5) Except for transportation by aircraft, the total quantity of hazardous materials covered by the description must be indicated (by mass or volume, or by activity for Class 7 materials) and must include an indication of the applicable unit of measurement, for example, "200 kg" (440 pounds) or "50 L" (13 gallons). The following provisions also apply:
- (i) For Class 1 materials, the quantity must be the net explosive mass. For an explosive that is an article, such as Cartridges, small arms, the net explosive mass may be expressed in terms of the net mass of either the article or the explosive materials contained in the article.
- (ii) For hazardous materials in salvage packaging, an estimate of the total quantity is acceptable.
- (iii) The following are excepted from the requirements of paragraph (a)(5) of this section:
- (A) Bulk packages, provided some indication of the total quantity is shown, for example, "1 cargo tank" or "2 IBCs."
- (B) Cylinders, provided some indication of the total quantity is shown, for example, "10 cylinders."
 - (C) Packages containing only residue.
- (6) For transportation by aircraft, the total net mass per package, must be shown unless a gross mass is indicated in Columns (9A) or (9B) of the §172.101 table in which case the total gross mass per package must be shown; or, for Class 7 materials, the quantity of radioactive material must be shown by activity. The following provisions also apply:
- (i) For empty uncleaned packaging, only the number and type of packaging must be shown;
- (ii) For chemical kits and first aid kits, the total net mass of hazardous materials must be shown. Where the kits contain only liquids, or solids and liquids, the net mass of liquids within the kits is to be calculated on a 1 to 1 basis, i.e., 1 L (0.3 gallons) equals 1 kg (2.2 pounds);
- (iii) For dangerous goods in machinery or apparatus, the individual total quantities or an estimate of the individual total quantities of dangerous goods in solid, liquid or gaseous state, contained in the article must be shown;

- (iv) For dangerous goods transported in a salvage packaging, an estimate of the quantity of dangerous goods per package must be shown;
- (v) For cylinders, total quantity may be indicated by the number of cylinders, for example, "10 cylinders;"
- (vi) For items where "No Limit" is shown in Column (9A) or (9B) of the §172.101 table, the quantity shown must be the net mass or volume of the material. For articles (e.g., UN2800 and UN3166) the quantity must be the gross mass, followed by the letter "G"; and
- (7) The number and type of packages must be indicated. The type of packages must be indicated by description of the package (for example, "12 drums"). Indication of the packaging specification number ("1H1") may be included in the description of the package (for example, "12 1H1 drums" or "12 drums (UN 1A1)"). Abbreviations may be used for indicating packaging types (for example, "cyl." for "cylinder") provided the abbreviations are commonly accepted and recognizable.
- (b) Except as provided in this subpart, the basic description specified in paragraphs (a)(1), (2), (3), and (4) of this section must be shown in sequence with no additional information interspersed. For example, "UN2744, Cyclobutyl chloroformate, 6.1, (8, 3), PG II." The shipping description sequences in effect on December 31, 2006, may be used until January 1, 2013.
- (c) The total quantity of the material covered by one description must appear before or after, or both before and after, the description required and authorized by this subpart. The type of packaging and destination marks may be entered in any appropriate manner before or after the basic description. Abbreviations may be used to express units of measurement and types of packagings.
- (d) Technical and chemical group names may be entered in parentheses between the proper shipping name and hazard class or following the basic description. An appropriate modifier, such as "contains" or "containing," and/or the percentage of the technical constituent may also be used. For example: "Flammable liquids, n.o.s. (contains Xylene and Benzene), 3, UN 1993, II"

(e) Except for those materials in the UN Recommendations, the ICAO Technical Instructions, or the IMDG Code (IBR, see §171.7 of this subchapter), a material that is not a hazardous material according to this subchapter may not be offered for transportation or transported when its description on a shipping paper includes a hazard class or an identification number specified in the §172.101 Table.

[Amdt. 172–101, 45 FR 74665, Nov. 10, 1980, as amended by Amdt. 172–103, 51 FR 5970, Feb. 18, 1986; Amdt. 172–123, 55 FR 52589, Dec. 21, 1990; 56 FR 66252, Dec. 20, 1991; Amdt. 172–127, 57 FR 52938, Nov. 5, 1992; Amdt. 172–130, 58 FR 51531, Oct. 1, 1993; 66 FR 33425, June 21, 2001; 68 FR 45030, July 31, 2003; 68 FR 75741, Dec. 31, 2003; 69 FR 34611, June 22, 2004; 69 FR 54046, Sept. 7, 2004; 69 FR 76153, Dec. 20, 2004; 70 FR 34397, June 14, 2005; 71 FR 78626, Dec 29, 200672 FR 55692, Oct. 1, 2007; 73 FR 57005, Oct. 1, 2008; 74 FR 2252, Jan. 14, 2009; 75 FR 72, Jan. 4, 2010; 76 FR 43527, July 20, 2011]

§ 172.203 Additional description requirements.

- (a) Special permits. Except as provided in §173.23 of this subchapter, each shipping paper issued in connection with a shipment made under a special permit must bear the notation "DOT-SP" followed by the special permit number assigned and located so that the notation is clearly associated with the description to which the special permit applies. Each shipping paper issued in connection with a shipment made under an exemption or special permit issued prior to October 1, 2007, may bear the notation "DOT-E" followed by the number assigned and so located that the notation is clearly associated with the description to which it applies.
- (b) Limited quantities. When a shipping paper is required by this subchapter, the description for a material offered for transportation as "limited quantity," as authorized by this subchapter, must include the words "Limited Quantity" or "Ltd Qty" following the basic description.
- (c) Hazardous substances. (1) Except for Class 7 (radioactive) materials described in accordance with paragraph (d) of this section, if the proper shipping name for a material that is a hazardous substance does not identify the hazardous substance by name, the

name of the hazardous substance must be entered in parentheses in association with the basic description. If the material contains two or more hazardous substances, at least two hazardous substances, including the two with the lowest reportable quantities (RQs), must be identified. For a hazardous waste, the waste code (e.g., D001), if appropriate, may be used to identify the hazardous substance.

- (2) The letters "RQ" must be entered on the shipping paper either before or after the basic description required by §172.202 for each hazardous substance (see definition in §171.8 of this subchapter). For example: "RQ, UN 1098, Allyl alcohol, 6.1, I, Toxic-inhalation hazard, Zone B"; or "UN 3077, Environmentally hazardous substances, solid, n.o.s., 9, III, RQ (Adipic acid)".
- (d) Radioactive material. The description for a shipment of a Class 7 (radioactive) material must include the following additional entries as appropriate:
- (1) The name of each radionuclide in the Class 7 (radioactive) material that is listed in §173.435 of this subchapter. For mixtures of radionuclides, the radionuclides required to be shown must be determined in accordance with §173.433(g) of this subchapter. Abbreviations, e.g., "99Mo," are authorized.
- (2) A description of the physical and chemical form of the material, if the material is not in special form (generic chemical description is acceptable for chemical form).
- (3) The activity contained in each package of the shipment in terms of appropriate SI units (e.g.,Becquerels (Bq), Terabecquerels (TBq), etc.). The activity may also be stated in appropriate customary units (Curies (Ci), milliCuries (mCi), microCuries (uCi), etc.) in parentheses following the SI units. Abbreviations are authorized. Except for plutonium-239 and plutonium-241, the weight in grams or kilograms of fissile radionuclides may be inserted instead of activity units. For plutonium-239 and plutonium-241, the weight in grams of fissile radionuclides may be inserted in addition to the activity units.
- (4) The category of label applied to each package in the shipment. For example: "RADIOACTIVE WHITE-I."

- (5) The transport index assigned to each package in the shipment bearing RADIOACTIVE YELLOW-II or RADIOACTIVE YELLOW-III labels.
- (6) For a package containing fissile Class 7 (radioactive) material:
- (i) The words "Fissile Excepted" if the package is excepted pursuant to §173.453 of this subchapter; or otherwise
- (ii) The criticality safety index for that package.
- (7) For a package approved by the U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) or U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC), a notation of the package identification marking as prescribed in the applicable DOE or NRC approval (see §173.471 of the subchapter).
- (8) For an export shipment or a shipment in a foreign made package, a notation of the package identification marking as prescribed in the applicable International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) Certificate of Competent Authority which has been issued for the package (see §173.473 of the subchapter).
- (9) For a shipment required by this subchapter to be consigned as exclusive use:
- (i) An indication that the shipment is consigned as exclusive use; or
- (ii) If all the descriptions on the shipping paper are consigned as exclusive use, then the statement "Exclusive Use Shipment" may be entered only once on the shipping paper in a clearly visible location.
- (10) For the shipment of a package containing a highway route controlled quantity of Class 7 (radioactive) materials (see §173.403 of this subchapter) the words "Highway route controlled quantity" or "HRCQ" must be entered in association with the basic description
- (e) Empty packagings. (1) The description on the shipping paper for a packaging containing the residue of a hazardous material may include the words "RESIDUE: Last Contained ** *'' in association with the basic description of the hazardous material last contained in the packaging.
- (2) The description on the shipping paper for a tank car containing the residue of a hazardous material must include the phrase, "RESIDUE: LAST

CONTAINED * * *'' before the basic description.

- (f) Transportation by air. A statement indicating that the shipment is within the limitations prescribed for either passenger and cargo aircraft or cargo aircraft only must be entered on the shipping paper.
- (g) Transportation by rail. (1) A shipping paper prepared by a rail carrier for a rail car, freight container, transport vehicle or portable tank that contains hazardous materials must include the reporting mark and number when displayed on the rail car, freight container, transport vehicle or portable tank.
- (2) The shipping paper for each DOT-113 tank car containing a Division 2.1 material or its residue must contain an appropriate notation, such as "DOT 113", and the statement "Do not hump or cut off car while in motion."
- (3) When shipments of elevated temperature materials are transported under the exception permitted in §173.247(h)(3) of this subchapter, the shipping paper must contain an appropriate notation, such as "Maximum operating speed 15 mph.".
- (h) Transportation by highway. Following the basic description for a hazardous material in a Specification MC 330 or MC 331 cargo tank, there must be entered for—
- (1) Anhydrous ammonia. (i) The words "0.2 PERCENT WATER" to indicate the suitability for shipping anhydrous ammonia in a cargo tank made of quenched and tempered steel as authorized by §173.315(a), Note 14 of this subchapter, or
- (ii) The words "NOT FOR Q and T TANKS" when the anhydrous ammonia does not contain 0.2 percent or more water by weight.
- (2) Liquefied petroleum gas. (i) The word "NONCORROSIVE" or "NONCOR" to indicate the suitability for shipping "Noncorrosive" liquefied petroleum gas in a cargo tank made of quenched and tempered steel as authorized by §173.315(a), Note 15 of this subchapter, or
- (ii) The words "NOT FOR Q and T TANKS" for grades of liquefied petroleum gas other than "Noncorrosive".

- (i) Transportation by water. Each shipment by water must have the following additional shipping paper entries:
 - (1) The name of the shipper.
- (2) Minimum flashpoint if 60°C (140°F) or below (in °C closed cup (c.c.)) in association with the basic description. For lab packs packaged in conformance with §173.12(b) of this subchapter, an indication that the lowest flashpoint of all hazardous materials contained in the lab pack is below 23°C or that the flash point is not less than 23°C but not more than 60°C must be identified on the shipping paper in lieu of the minimum flashpoint.
- (3) For a hazardous material consigned under an "n.o.s." entry not included in the segregation groups listed in section 3.1.4 of the IMDG Code but belonging, in the opinion of the consignor, to one of these groups, the appropriate segregation group must be shown in association with the basic description (for example, IMDG Code segregation group—1 Acids). When no segregation group is applicable, there is no requirement to indicate that condition.
 - (j) [Reserved]
- (k) Technical names for "n.o.s." and other generic descriptions. Unless otherwise excepted, if a material is described on a shipping paper by one of the proper shipping names identified by the letter "G" in column (1) of the §172.101 Table, the technical name of the hazardous material must be entered in parentheses in association with the basic description. For example "Corrosive liquid, n.o.s., (Octanoyl chloride), 8, UN 1760, II", or "Corrosive liquid, n.o.s., 8, UN 1760, II (contains Octanoyl chloride)". The word "contains" may be used in association with the technical name, if appropriate. For organic peroxides which may qualify for more than one generic listing depending on concentration, the technical name must include the actual concentration being shipped or the concentration range for the appropriate generic listing. For example, "Organic peroxide type B, solid, 5.2, UN 3102 (dibenzoyl peroxide, 52-100%)" or "Organic peroxide type E, solid, 5.2, UN 3108 (dibenzoyl peroxide, paste, <52%)" Shipping descriptions for toxic materials that meet the criteria of Division

- 6.1, PG I or II (as specified in §173.132(a) of this subchapter) or Division 2.3 (as specified in §173.115(c) of this subchapter) and are identified by the letter "G" in column (1) of the §172.101 Table, must have the technical name of the toxic constituent entered in parentheses in association with the basic description. A material classed as Division 6.2 and assigned identification number UN 2814 or UN 2900 that is suspected to contain an unknown Category A infectious substance must have the words "suspected Category A infectious substance" entered in parentheses in place of the technical name as part of the proper shipping description. For additional technical name options, see the definition for "Technical name" in §171.8. A technical name should not be marked on the outer package of a Division 6.2 material (see §172.301(b)).
- (1) If a hazardous material is a mixture or solution of two or more hazardous materials, the technical names of at least two components most predominately contributing to the hazards of the mixture or solution must be entered on the shipping paper as required by paragraph (k) of this section. For example, "Flammable liquid, corrosive, n.o.s., 3, UN 2924, II (contains Methanol, Potassium hydroxide)".
- (2) The provisions of this paragraph do not apply—
- (i) To a material that is a hazardous waste and described using the proper shipping name "Hazardous waste, liquid or solid, n.o.s.", classed as a miscellaneous Class 9, provided the EPA hazardous waste number is included on the shipping paper in association with the basic description, or provided the material is described in accordance with the provisions of §172.203(c) of this part.
- (ii) To a material for which the hazard class is to be determined by testing under the criteria in §172.101(c)(11).
- (iii) If the n.o.s. description for the material (other than a mixture of hazardous materials of different classes meeting the definitions of more than one hazard class) contains the name of the chemical element or group which is primarily responsible for the material being included in the hazard class indicated.

- (iv) If the n.o.s. description for the material (which is a mixture of hazardous materials of different classes meeting the definition of more than one hazard class) contains the name of the chemical element or group responsible for the material meeting the definition of one of these classes. In such cases, only the technical name of the component that is not appropriately identified in the n.o.s. description shall be entered in parentheses.
- (1) Marine pollutants. (1) If the proper shipping name for a material which is a marine pollutant does not identify by name the component which makes the material a marine pollutant, the name of that component must appear in parentheses in association with the basic description. Where two or more components which make a material a marine pollutant are present, the names of at least two of the components most predominantly contributing to the marine pollutant designation must appear in parentheses in association with the basic description.
- (2) The words "Marine Pollutant" shall be entered in association with the basic description for a material which is a marine pollutant.
- (3) Except for transportation by vessel, marine pollutants subject to the provisions of 49 CFR 130.11 are excepted from the requirements of paragraph (1) of this section if a phrase indicating the material is an oil is placed in association with the basic description.
- (4) Except when all or part of transportation is by vessel, marine pollutants in non-bulk packagings are not subject to the requirements of paragraphs (1)(1) and (1)(2) of this section (see §171.4 of this subchapter).
- (m) Poisonous Materials. Notwithstanding the hazard class to which a material is assigned, for materials that are poisonous by inhalation (see §171.8 of this subchapter), the words "Poison-Inhalation Hazard" or "Toxic-Inhalation Hazard" and the words "Zone A", "Zone B", "Zone C", or "Zone D" for gases or "Zone A" or "Zone B" for liquids, as appropriate, shall be entered on the shipping paper immediately following the shipping description. The word "Poison" or "Toxic" need not be repeated if it otherwise appears in the shipping description.

- (n) Elevated temperature materials. If a liquid material in a package meets the definition of an elevated temperature material in §171.8 of this subchapter, and the fact that it is an elevated temperature material is not disclosed in the proper shipping name (for example, when the words "Molten" or "Elevated temperature" are part of the proper shipping name), the word "HOT" must immediately precede the proper shipping name of the material on the shipping paper.
- (o) Organic peroxides and self-reactive materials. The description on a shipping paper for a Division 4.1 (self-reactive) material or a Division 5.2 (organic peroxide) material must include the following additional information, as appropriate:
- (1) If notification or competent authority approval is required, the shipping paper must contain a statement of approval of the classification and conditions of transport.
- (2) For Division 4.1 (self-reactive) and Division 5.2 (organic peroxide) materials that require temperature control during transport, the control and emergency temperature must be included on the shipping paper.
- (3) The word "SAMPLE" must be included in association with the basic description when a sample of a Division 4.1 (self-reactive) material (see §173.224(c)(3) of this subchapter) or Division 5.2 (organic peroxide) material (see §173.225(b)(2) of this subchapter) is offered for transportation.
- (p) Liquefied petroleum gas (LPG). The word "non-odorized" must immediately precede the proper shipping name on a shipping paper when non-odorized liquefied petroleum gas is offered for transportation.

[Amdt. 172-29A, 41 FR 40677, Sept. 20, 1976]

EDITORIAL NOTE: For FEDERAL REGISTER citations affecting §172.203, see the List of CFR Sections Affected which appears in the Finding Aids section of the printed volume and at www.fdsys.gov.

§172.204 Shipper's certification.

(a) General. Except as provided in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, each person who offers a hazardous material for transportation shall certify that the material is offered for transportation in accordance with this sub-

- chapter by printing (manually or mechanically) on the shipping paper containing the required shipping description the certification contained in paragraph (a)(1) of this section or the certification (declaration) containing the language contained in paragraph (a)(2) of this section.
- (1) "This is to certify that the abovenamed materials are properly classified, described, packaged, marked and labeled, and are in proper condition for transportation according to the applicable regulations of the Department of Transportation."

NOTE: In line one of the certification the words "herein-named" may be substituted for the words "above-named".

- (2) "I hereby declare that the contents of this consignment are fully and accurately described above by the proper shipping name, and are classified, packaged, marked and labelled/placarded, and are in all respects in proper condition for transport according to applicable international and national governmental regulations."
- (b) Exceptions. (1) Except for a hazardous waste, no certification is required for a hazardous material offered for transportation by motor vehicle and transported:
- (i) In a cargo tank supplied by the carrier, or
- (ii) By the shipper as a private carrier except for a hazardous material that is to be reshipped or transferred from one carrier to another.
- (2) No certification is required for the return of an empty tank car which previously contained a hazardous material and which has not been cleaned or purged.
- (c) Transportation by air—(1) General. Certification containing the following language may be used in place of the certification required by paragraph (a) of this section:

I hereby certify that the contents of this consignment are fully and accurately described above by proper shipping name and are classified, packaged, marked and labeled, and in proper condition for carriage by air according to applicable national governmental regulations.

NOTE TO PARAGRAPH (c)(1): In the certification, the word "packed" may be used instead of the word "packaged" until October 1. 2010.

- (2) Certificate in duplicate. Each person who offers a hazardous material to an aircraft operator for transportation by air shall provide two copies of the certification required in this section. (See § 175.30 of this subchapter.)
- (3) Additional certification requirements. Effective October 1, 2006, each person who offers a hazardous material for transportation by air must add to the certification required in this section the following statement:
- "I declare that all of the applicable air transport requirements have been met."
- (i) Each person who offers any package or overpack of hazardous materials for transport by air must ensure that:
- (A) The articles or substances are not prohibited for transport by air (see the §172.101 Table);
- (B) The articles or substances are properly classed, marked and labeled and otherwise in a condition for transport as required by this subchapter;
- (C) The articles or substances are packaged in accordance with all the applicable air transport requirements, including appropriate types of packaging that conform to the packing requirements and the "A" Special Provisions in §172.102; inner packaging and maximum quantity per package limits; the compatibility requirements (see, for example, §173.24 of this subchapter); and requirements for closure for both inner and outer packagings, absorbent materials, and pressure differential in §173.27 of this subchapter. Other requirements may also apply. For example, single packagings may be prohibited, inner packaging may need to be packed in intermediate packagings, and certain materials may be required to be transported in packagings meeting a more stringent performance level.
 - (ii) [Reserved]
- (4) Radioactive material. Each person who offers any radioactive material for transportation aboard a passenger-carrying aircraft shall sign (mechanically or manually) a printed certificate stating that the shipment contains radioactive material intended for use in, or incident to, research, or medical diagnosis or treatment.

- (d) Signature. The certifications required by paragraph (a) or (c) of this section:
- (1) Must be legibly signed by a principal, officer, partner, or employee of the shipper or his agent; and
- (2) May be legibly signed manually, by typewriter, or by other mechanical means.

[Amdt. 172-29A, 41 FR 40677, Sept. 20, 1976]

EDITORIAL NOTE: For FEDERAL REGISTER citations affecting §172.204, see the List of CFR Sections Affected which appears in the Finding Aids section of the printed volume and at www.fdsys.gov.

§ 172.205 Hazardous waste manifest.

- (a) No person may offer, transport, transfer, or deliver a hazardous waste (waste) unless an EPA Form 8700–22 and 8700–22A (when necessary) hazardous waste manifest (manifest) is prepared in accordance with 40 CFR 262.20 and is signed, carried, and given as required of that person by this section.
- (b) The shipper (generator) shall prepare the manifest in accordance with 40 CFR part 262.
- (c) The original copy of the manifest must be dated by, and bear the handwritten signature of, the person representing:
- (1) The shipper (generator) of the waste at the time it is offered for transportation, and
- (2) The initial carrier accepting the waste for transportation.
- (d) A copy of the manifest must be dated by, and bear the handwritten signature of the person representing:
- (1) Each subsequent carrier accepting the waste for transportation, at the time of acceptance, and
- (2) The designated facility receiving the waste, upon receipt.
- (e) A copy of the manifest bearing all required dates and signatures must be:
- (1) Given to a person representing each carrier accepting the waste for transportation.
- (2) Carried during transportation in the same manner as required by this subchapter for shipping papers,
- (3) Given to a person representing the designated facility receiving the waste,
- (4) Returned to the shipper (generator) by the carrier that transported the waste from the United States to a

foreign destination with a notation of the date of departure from the United States, and

- (5) Retained by the shipper (generator) and by the initial and each subsequent carrier for three years from the date the waste was accepted by the initial carrier. Each retained copy must bear all required signatures and dates up to and including those entered by the next person who received the waste.
- (f) Transportation by rail. Notwithstanding the requirements of paragraphs (d) and (e) of this section, the following requirements apply:
- (1) When accepting hazardous waste from a non-rail transporter, the initial rail transporter must:
- (i) Sign and date the manifest acknowledging acceptance of the hazardous waste;
- (ii) Return a signed copy of the manifest to the non-rail transporter;
- (iii) Forward at least three copies of the manifest to:
- (A) The next non-rail transporter, if any;
- (B) The designated facility, if the shipment is delivered to that facility by rail: or
- (C) The last rail transporter designated to handle the waste in the United States; and
- (iv) Retain one copy of the manifest and rail shipping paper in accordance with 40 CFR 263.22.
- (2) Rail transporters must ensure that a shipping paper containing all the information required on the manifest (excluding the EPA identification numbers, generator certification and signatures) and, for exports, an EPA Acknowledgment of Consent accompanies the hazardous waste at all times. Intermediate rail transporters are not required to sign either the manifest or shipping paper.
- (3) When delivering hazardous waste to the designated facility, a rail transporter must:
- (i) Obtain the date of delivery and handwritten signature of the owner or operator of the designated facility on the manifest or the shipping paper (if the manifest has not been received by the facility); and

- (ii) Retain a copy of the manifest or signed shipping paper in accordance with 40 CFR 263.22.
- (4) When delivering hazardous waste to a non-rail transporter, a rail transporter must:
- (i) Obtain the date of delivery and the handwritten signature of the next non-rail transporter on the manifest; and
- (ii) Retain a copy of the manifest in accordance with 40 CFR 263.22.
- (5) Before accepting hazardous waste from a rail transporter, a non-rail transporter must sign and date the manifest and provide a copy to the rail transporter.
- (g) The person delivering a hazardous waste to an initial rail carrier shall send a copy of the manifest, dated and signed by a representative of the rail carrier, to the person representing the designated facility.
- (h) A hazardous waste manifest required by 40 CFR part 262, containing all of the information required by this subpart, may be used as the shipping paper required by this subpart.
- (i) The shipping description for a hazardous waste must be modified as required by §172.101(c)(9).

[Amdt. 172–58, 45 FR 34698, May 22, 1980, as amended by Amdt. 172–90, 49 FR 10510, Mar. 20, 1984; 49 FR 11184, Mar. 26, 1984; Amdt. 172–248, 61 FR 28675, June 5, 1996; 70 FR 34075, June 13, 2005]

Subpart D—Marking

§172.300 Applicability.

- (a) Each person who offers a hazardous material for transportation shall mark each package, freight container, and transport vehicle containing the hazardous material in the manner required by this subpart.
- (b) When assigned the function by this subpart, each carrier that transports a hazardous material shall mark each package, freight container, and transport vehicle containing the hazardous material in the manner required by this subpart.
- (c) Unless otherwise provided in a specific rule, stocks of preprinted packagings marked in accordance with this subpart prior to the effective date of a final rule may be continued in use, in the manner previously authorized,

until depleted or for a one-year period subsequent to the compliance date of the marking amendment, whichever is

[Amdt. 172–101, 45 FR 74666, Nov. 10, 1980, as amended at 76 FR 3365, Jan. 19, 2011]

§ 172.301 General marking requirements for non-bulk packagings.

- (a) Proper shipping name and identification number. (1) Except as otherwise provided by this subchapter, each person who offers a hazardous material for transportation in a non-bulk packaging must mark the package with the proper shipping name and identification number (preceded by "UN", "NA" or "ID," as appropriate) for the material as shown in the §172.101 Table.
- (2) The proper shipping name for a hazardous waste (as defined in §171.8 of this subchapter) is not required to include the word "waste" if the package bears the EPA marking prescribed by 40 CFR 262.32.
- (3) Large quantities of a single hazardous material in non-bulk packages. A transport vehicle or freight container containing only a single hazardous material in non-bulk packages must be marked, on each side and each end as specified in the §172.332 or §172.336, with the identification number specified for the hazardous material in the §172.101 Table, subject to the following provisions and limitations:
- (i) Each package is marked with the same proper shipping name and identification number;
- (ii) The aggregate gross weight of the hazardous material is 4,000 kg (8,820 pounds) or more;
- (iii) All of the hazardous material is loaded at one loading facility;
- (iv) The transport vehicle or freight container contains no other material, hazardous or otherwise: and
- (v) The identification number marking requirement of this paragraph (a)(3) does not apply to Class 1, Class 7, or to non-bulk packagings for which identification numbers are not required.
- (b) Technical names. In addition to the marking required by paragraph (a) of this section, each non-bulk packaging containing a hazardous material subject to the provisions of §172.203(k) of this part, except for a Division 6.2 material, must be marked with the tech-

nical name in parentheses in association with the proper shipping name in accordance with the requirements and exceptions specified for display of technical descriptions on shipping papers in §172.203(k) of this part. A technical name should not be marked on the outer package of a Division 6.2 material

- (c) Special permit packagings. Except as provided in §173.23 of this subchapter, the outside of each package authorized by a special permit must be plainly and durably marked "DOT-SP" followed by the special permit number assigned. Packages authorized by an exemption issued prior to October 1, 2007, may be plainly and durably marked "DOT-E" in lieu of "DOT-SP" followed by the number assigned as specified in the most recent version of that exemption.
- (d) Consignee's or consignor's name and address. Each person who offers for transportation a hazardous material in a non-bulk package shall mark that package with the name and address of the consignor or consignee except when the package is—
- (1) Transported by highway only and will not be transferred from one motor carrier to another; or
- (2) Part of a carload lot, truckload lot or freight container load, and the entire contents of the rail car, truck or freight container are shipped from one consignor to one consignee.
- (e) Previously marked packagings. A package which has been previously marked as required for the material it contains and on which the marking remains legible, need not be remarked. (For empty packagings, see §173.29 of this subchapter.)
- (f) NON-ODORIZED marking on cylinders containing LPG. No person may offer for transportation or transport a specification cylinder, except a Specification 2P or 2Q container or a Specification 39 cylinder, that contains an unodorized Liquefied petroleum gas (LPG) unless it is legibly marked NON-ODORIZED or NOT ODORIZED in letters not less than 6.3 mm (0.25 inches)

in height near the marked proper shipping name required by paragraph (a) of this section.

[Amdt. 172–123, 55 FR 52590, Dec. 21, 1990, as amended by Amdt. 172–151, 62 FR 1227, Jan. 8, 1997; 62 FR 39404, July 22, 1997; 63 FR 16075, Apr. 1, 1998; 66 FR 45182, Aug. 28, 2001; 68 FR 45030, July 31, 2003; 69 FR 64471, Nov. 4, 2004; 70 FR 73164, Dec. 9, 2005; 71 FR 32258, June 2, 2006; 76 FR 3365, Jan. 19, 2011; 76 FR 56314, Sept. 13, 2011]

§ 172.302 General marking requirements for bulk packagings.

- (a) Identification numbers. Except as otherwise provided in this subpart, no person may offer for transportation or transport a hazardous material in a bulk packaging unless the packaging is marked as required by §172.332 with the identification number specified for the material in the §172.101 table—
- (1) On each side and each end, if the packaging has a capacity of 3,785 L (1,000 gallons) or more;
- (2) On two opposing sides, if the packaging has a capacity of less than 3,785 L (1,000 gallons); or
- (3) For cylinders permanently installed on a tube trailer motor vehicle, on each side and each end of the motor vehicle.
- (b) Size of markings. Except as otherwise provided, markings required by this subpart on bulk packagings must—
- (1) Have a width of at least 6.0 mm (0.24 inch) and a height of at least 100 mm (3.9 inches) for rail cars;
- (2) Have a width of at least 4.0 mm (0.16 inch) and a height of at least 25 mm (one inch) for portable tanks with capacities of less than 3,785 L (1,000 gallons) and IBCs; and
- (3) Have a width of at least 6.0 mm (0.24 inch) and a height of at least 50 mm (2.0 inches) for cargo tanks and other bulk packagings.
- (c) Special permit packagings. Except as provided in §173.23 of this subchapter, the outside of each package used under the terms of a special permit must be plainly and durably marked "DOT-SP" followed by the special permit number assigned. Packages authorized by an exemption issued prior to October 1, 2007 may be plainly and durably marked "DOT-E" in lieu of "DOT-SP" followed by the number

assigned as specified in the most recent version of that exemption.

- (d) Each bulk packaging marked with a proper shipping name, common name or identification number as required by this subpart must remain marked when it is emptied unless it is—
- (1) Sufficiently cleaned of residue and purged of vapors to remove any potential hazard: or
- (2) Refilled, with a material requiring different markings or no markings, to such an extent that any residue remaining in the packaging is no longer hazardous.
- (e) Additional requirements for marking portable tanks, cargo tanks, tank cars, multi-unit tank car tanks, and other bulk packagings are prescribed in §§ 172.326, 172.328, 172.330, and 172.331, respectively, of this subpart.
- (f) A bulk packaging marked prior to October 1, 1991, in conformance to the regulations of this subchapter in effect on September 30, 1991, need not be remarked if the key words of the proper shipping name are identical to those currently specified in the §172.101 table. For example, a tank car marked "NITRIC OXIDE" need not be remarked "NITRIC OXIDE, COMPRESSED".
- (g) A rail car, freight container, truck body or trailer in which the lading has been fumigated with any hazardous material, or is undergoing fumigation, must be marked as specified in § 173.9 of this subchapter.

[Amdt. 172–123, 55 FR 52591, Dec. 21, 1990, as amended at 56 FR 66254, Dec. 20, 1991; Amdt. 172–150, 61 FR 50624, Sept. 26, 1996; Amdt. 172–151, 62 FR 1228, Jan. 8, 1997; 62 FR 39398, July 22, 1997; 66 FR 45379, Aug. 28, 2001; 70 FR 73164, Dec. 9, 2005; 72 FR 55692, Oct. 1, 2007]

§172.303 Prohibited marking.

- (a) No person may offer for transportation or transport a package which is marked with the proper shipping name, the identification number of a hazardous material or any other markings indicating that the material is hazardous (e.g., RQ, INHALATION HAZARD) unless the package contains the identified hazardous material or its residue.
 - (b) This section does not apply to—
- (1) Transportation of a package in a transport vehicle or freight container

if the package is not visible during transportation and is loaded by the shipper and unloaded by the shipper or consignee.

- (2) Markings on a package which are securely covered in transportation.
- (3) The marking of a shipping name on a package when the name describes a material not regulated under this subchapter.

[Amdt. 172–123, 55 FR 52591, Dec. 21, 1990, as amended at 56 FR 66254, Dec. 20, 1991; 72 FR 55692, Oct. 1, 2007]

§172.304 Marking requirements.

- (a) The marking required in this sub-part—
- (1) Must be durable, in English and printed on or affixed to the surface of a package or on a label, tag, or sign.
- (2) Must be displayed on a background of sharply contrasting color;
- (3) Must be unobscured by labels or attachments; and
- (4) Must be located away from any other marking (such as advertising) that could substantially reduce its effectiveness.
 - (b) [Reserved]

[Amdt. 172–29, 41 FR 15996, Apr. 15, 1976, as amended by Amdt. 172–29B, 41 FR 57067, Dec. 30, 1976]

§172.306 [Reserved]

§172.308 Authorized abbreviations.

- (a) Abbreviations may not be used in a proper shipping name marking except as authorized in this section.
- (b) The abbreviation "ORM" may be used in place of the words "Other Regulated Material."
- (c) Abbreviations which appear as authorized descriptions in column 2 of the §172.101 table (e.g., "TNT" and "PCB") are authorized.

[Amdt. 172–123, 55 FR 52591, Dec. 21, 1990, as amended by Amdt. 172–145, 60 FR 49110, Sept. 21, 1995]

\$172.310 Class 7 (radioactive) materials.

In addition to any other markings required by this subpart, each package containing Class 7 (radioactive) materials must be marked as follows:

(a) Each package with a gross mass greater than 50 kg (110 lb) must have its gross mass including the unit of

measurement (which may be abbreviated) marked on the outside of the package.

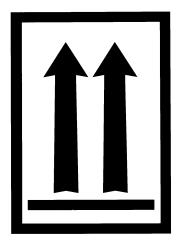
- (b) Each industrial, Type A, Type B(U), or Type B(M) package must be legibly and durably marked on the outside of the packaging, in letters at least 13 mm (0.5 in) high, with the words "TYPE IP-1," "TYPE IP-2," "TYPE IP-3," "TYPE B(U)" or "TYPE B(M)," as appropriate. A package which does not conform to Type IP-1, Type IP-2, Type IP-3, Type A, Type B(U) or Type B(M) requirements may not be so marked.
- (c) Each package which conforms to an IP-1, IP-2, IP-3 or a Type A package design must be legibly and durably marked on the outside of the packaging with the international vehicle registration code of the country of origin of the design. The international vehicle registration code for packages designed by a United States company or agency is the symbol "USA."
- (d) Each package which conforms to a Type B(U) or Type B(M) package design must have the outside of the outermost receptacle, which is resistant to the effects of fire and water, plainly marked by embossing, stamping or other means resistant to the effects of fire and water with a radiation symbol that conforms to the requirements of Appendix B of this part.
- (e) Each Type B(U), Type B(M) or fissile material package destined for export shipment must also be marked "USA" in conjunction with the specification marking, or other package certificate identification. (See §§173.471, 173.472, and 173.473 of this subchapter.)

[Docket No. RSPA-99-6283 (HM-230), 69 FR 3668, Jan. 26, 2004]

§ 172.312 Liquid hazardous materials in non-bulk packagings.

- (a) Except as provided in this section, each non-bulk combination package having inner packagings containing liquid hazardous materials, single packaging fitted with vents, or open cryogenic receptacle intended for the transport of refrigerated liquefied gases must be:
- (1) Packed with closures upward, and
- (2) Legibly marked with package orientation markings that are similar to

the illustration shown in this paragraph, on two opposite vertical sides of the package with the arrows pointing in the correct upright direction. The arrows must be either black or red on white or other suitable contrasting background and commensurate with the size of the package. Depicting a rectangular border around the arrows is optional.



Package orientation

- (b) Arrows for purposes other than indicating proper package orientation may not be displayed on a package containing a liquid hazardous material.
- (c) The requirements of paragraph (a) of this section do not apply to—
- (1) A non-bulk package with inner packagings which are cylinders.
- (2) Except when offered or intended for transportation by aircraft, packages containing flammable liquids in inner packagings of 1 L or less prepared in accordance with §173.150 (b) or (c) of this subchapter.
- (3) When offered or intended for transportation by aircraft, packages containing flammable liquids in inner packagings of 120 mL (4 fluid oz.) or less prepared in accordance with §173.150 (b) or (c) of this subchapter when packed with sufficient absorption material between the inner and outer packagings to completely absorb the liquid contents.
- (4) Liquids contained in manufactured articles (e.g., alcohol or mercury

in thermometers) which are leak-tight in all orientations.

- (5) A non-bulk package with hermetically sealed inner packagings not exceeding 500 mL each.
- (6) Packages containing liquid infectious substances in primary receptacles not exceeding 50 mL (1.7 oz.).
- (7) Class 7 radioactive material in Type A, IP-2, IP-3, Type B(U), or Type B(M) packages.

[Amdt. 172–123, 55 FR 52591, Dec. 21, 1990, as amended at 56 FR 66254, Dec. 20, 1991; 57 FR 45458, Oct. 1, 1992; 64 FR 51918, Sept. 27, 1999; 66 FR 45379, Aug. 28, 2001; 68 FR 45030, July 31, 2003; 71 FR 54395, Sept. 14, 2006; 71FR 78627, Dec. 29, 2006; 76 FR 3365, Jan. 19, 2011]

§ 172.313 Poisonous hazardous materials.

In addition to any other markings required by this subpart:

- (a) A material poisonous by inhalation (see §171.8 of this subchapter) shall be marked "Inhalation Hazard" in association with the required labels or placards, as appropriate, and shipping name when required. The marking must be on two opposing sides of a bulk packaging. (See §172.302(b) of this subpart for size of markings on bulk packages.) When the words "Inhalation Hazard" appear on the label, as prescribed in §\$172.416 and 172.429, or placard, as prescribed in §\$172.540 and 172.555, the "Inhalation Hazard" marking is not required on the package.
- (b) Each non-bulk plastic outer packaging used as a single or composite packaging for materials meeting the definition of Division 6.1 (in §173.132 of this subchapter) shall be permanently marked, by embossment or other durable means, with the word "POISON" in letters at least 6.3 mm (0.25 inch) in height. Additional text or symbols related to hazard warning may be included in the marking. The marking shall be located within 150 mm (6 inches) of the closure of the packaging.
- (c) A transport vehicle or freight container containing a material poisonous by inhalation in non-bulk packages shall be marked, on each side and each end as specified in §172.332 or §172.336, with the identification number specified for the hazardous material in the §172.101 table, subject to the following provisions and limitations:

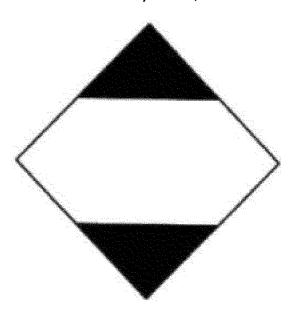
- (1) The material is in Hazard Zone A or B;
- (2) The transport vehicle or freight container is loaded at one facility with 1,000 kg (2,205 pounds) or more aggregate gross weight of the material in non-bulk packages marked with the same proper shipping name and identification number; and
- (3) If the transport vehicle or freight container contains more than one material meeting the provisions of this paragraph (c), it shall be marked with the identification number for one material, determined as follows:
- (i) For different materials in the same hazard zone, with the identification number of the material having the greatest aggregate gross weight; and
- (ii) For different materials in both Hazard Zones A and B, with the identification number for the Hazard Zone A material.
- (d) For a packaging containing a Division 6.1 PG III material, "PG III" may be marked adjacent to the POI-SON label. (See §172.405(c).)

[Amdt. 172–123, 55 FR 52592, Dec. 21, 1990, as amended at 57 FR 46624, Oct. 9, 1992; Amdt. 172–151, 62 FR 1228, Jan. 8, 1997; 62 FR 39398, 39405, July 22, 1997; 63 FR 16075, Apr. 1, 1998; 64 FR 10776. Mar. 5. 19991

§172.315 Limited quantities.

(a) Except for transportation by aircraft or as otherwise provided in this

- subchapter, a package containing a limited quantity of hazardous material is not required to be marked with the proper shipping name and identification (ID) number when marked in accordance with the white square-onpoint limited quantity marking as follows:
- (1) The limited quantity marking must be durable, legible and of a size relative to the package that is readily visible. The marking must be applied on at least one side or one end of the outer packaging. The width of the border forming the square-on-point must be at least 2 mm and the minimum dimension of each side must be 100 mm unless the package size requires a reduced size marking that must be no less than 50 mm on each side. When intended for transportation by vessel, a cargo transport unit (see §176.2 of this subchapter) containing only limited quantity material must be suitably marked on one side or end of the exterior of the unit with an identical mark except that it must have minimum dimensions of 250 mm on each side.
- (2) The top and bottom portions of the square-on-point and the border forming the square-on-point must be black and the center white or of a suitable contrasting background as follows:

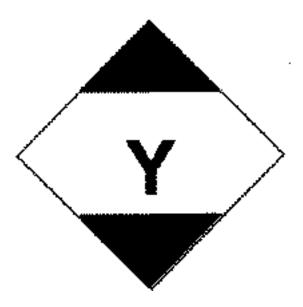


(b) For transportation by aircraft, a limited quantity package conforming to Table 3 of §173.27(f) of this subchapter must be marked as follows:

(1) The marking must be durable, legible and of a size relative to the package as to be readily visible. The marking must be applied on at least one side or one end of the outer packaging. The width of the border forming the square-on-point must be at least 2 mm and the minimum dimension of each side must

be 100 mm unless the package size requires a reduced size marking that must be no less than 50 mm on each side.

(2) The top and bottom portions of the square-on-point and the border forming the square-on-point must be black and the center white or of a suitable contrasting background and the symbol "Y" must be black and located in the center of the square-on-point and be clearly visible as follows:



- (c) As applicable, package markings required by this subpart (e.g., technical name, "RQ") must be in association with the marking required by paragraph (a) or (b) of this section.
- (d) Transitional exception. Except for transportation by aircraft, until December 31, 2013, a package properly marked in accordance with §172.316 is not required to be marked with the limited quantity marking required by this section. For transportation by aircraft, until December 31, 2012, a package properly marked in accordance with §172.316 is not required to be marked with the limited quantity marking required by this section.

[76 FR 3365, Jan. 19, 2011]

§172.316 Packagings containing materials classed as ORM-D.

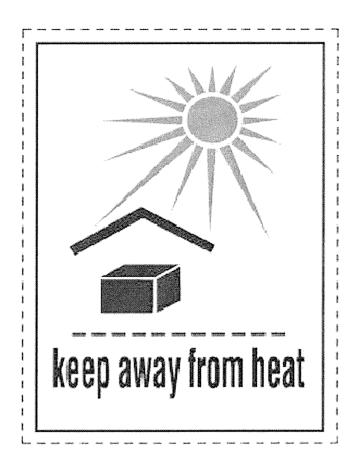
(a) Each non-bulk packaging containing a material classed as ORM-D must be marked on at least one side or end with the ORM-D designation immediately following or below the proper shipping name of the material. The ORM designation must be placed within a rectangle that is approximately 6.3 mm (0.25 inches) larger on each side than the designation. The designation for ORM-D must be:

- (1) Until December 31, 2012, ORM-D-AIR for an ORM-D that is prepared for air shipment and packaged in accordance with §§173.63, 173.150 through 173.155, 173.306 and the applicable requirements in §173.27.
- (2) Until December 31, 2013, ORM-D for an ORM-D that is packaged in accordance with §§ 173.63, 173.150 through 173.155 and 173.306.
- (b) When the ORM-D marking including the proper shipping name can not be affixed on the package surface, it may be on an attached tag.
- (c) The marking ORM-D is the certification by the person offering the packaging for transportation that the material is properly described, classed, packaged, marked and labeled (when appropriate) and in proper condition for transportation according to the applicable regulations of this subchapter. This form of certification does not preclude the requirement for a certificate on a shipping paper when required by subpart C of this part.

[Amdt. 172–29, 41 FR 15996, Apr. 15, 1976, as amended by Amdt. 172–123, 55 FR 52592, Dec. 21, 1990; 56 FR 66254, Dec. 20, 1991; 76 FR 3366, Jan. 19, 2011]

§ 172.317 KEEP AWAY FROM HEAT handling mark.

- (a) General. For transportation by aircraft, each package containing self-reactive substances of Division 4.1 or organic peroxides of Division 5.2 must be marked with the KEEP AWAY FROM HEAT handling mark specified in this section.
- (b) Location and design. The marking must be a rectangle measuring at least $105~\mathrm{mm}$ (4.1 inches) in height by $74~\mathrm{mm}$
- (2.9 inches) in width. Markings with not less than half this dimension are permissible where the dimensions of the package can only bear a smaller mark.
- (c) KEEP AWAY FROM HEAT handling mark. The KEEP AWAY FROM HEAT handling mark must conform to the following:
- (1) Except for size, the KEEP AWAY FROM HEAT handling mark must appear as follows:



- (2) The symbol, letters and border must be black and the background white, except for the starburst which must be red.
- (3) The KEEP AWAY FROM HEAT handling marking required by para-

graph (a) of this section must be durable, legible and displayed on a background of contrasting color.

[69 FR 76153, Dec. 20, 2004]

§ 172.320 Explosive hazardous materials.

- (a) Except as otherwise provided in paragraphs (b), (c), (d) and (e) of this section, each package containing a Class 1 material must be marked with the EX-number for each substance, article or device contained therein.
- (b) Except for fireworks approved in accordance with §173.56(j) of this subchapter, a package of Class 1 materials may be marked, in lieu of the EX-number required by paragraph (a) of this section, with a national stock number issued by the Department of Defense or identifying information, such as a product code required by regulations for commercial explosives specified in 27 CFR part 555, if the national stock number or identifying information can be specifically associated with the EX-number assigned.
- (c) When more than five different Class 1 materials are packed in the same package, the package may be marked with only five of the EX-numbers, national stock numbers, product codes, or combination thereof.
- (d) The requirements of this section do not apply if the EX-number, product code or national stock number of each explosive item described under a proper shipping description is shown in association with the shipping description required by §172.202(a) of this part. Product codes and national stock numbers must be traceable to the specific EX-number assigned by the Associate Administrator.
- (e) The requirements of this section do not apply to the following Class 1 materials:
- (1) Those being shipped to a testing agency in accordance with §173.56(d) of this subchapter;
- (2) Those being shipped in accordance with §173.56(e) of this subchapter, for the purposes of developmental testing;
- (3) Those which meet the requirements of §173.56(h) of this subchapter and therefore are not subject to the approval process of §173.56 of this subchapter;
 - (4) [Reserved];
- (5) Those that are transported in accordance with §173.56(c)(2) of this subchapter and, therefore, are covered by

a national security classification currently in effect.

[Amdt. 172–123, 56 FR 66254, Dec. 20, 1991, as amended by Amdt. 172–139, 59 FR 67487, Dec. 29, 1994; 66 FR 45379, Aug. 28, 2001; 74 FR 53188, Oct. 16, 2009]

§172.322 Marine pollutants.

- (a) For vessel transportation of each non-bulk packaging that contains a marine pollutant—
- (1) If the proper shipping name for a material which is a marine pollutant does not identify by name the component which makes the material a marine pollutant, the name of that component must be marked on the package in parentheses in association with the marked proper shipping name. Where two or more components which make a material a marine pollutant are present, the names of at least two of the components most predominantly contributing to the marine pollutant designation must appear in parentheses in association with the marked proper shipping name: and
- (2) The MARINE POLLUTANT mark shall be placed in association with the hazard warning labels required by subpart E of this part or, in the absence of any labels, in association with the marked proper shipping name.
- (b) A bulk packaging that contains a marine pollutant must—
- (1) Be marked with the MARINE POLLUTANT mark on at least two opposing sides or two ends other than the bottom if the packaging has a capacity of less than 3,785 L (1,000 gallons). The mark must be visible from the direction it faces. The mark may be displayed in black lettering on a square-on-point configuration having the same outside dimensions as a placard; or
- (2) Be marked on each end and each side with the MARINE POLLUTANT mark if the packaging has a capacity of 3,785 L (1,000 gallons) or more. The mark must be visible from the direction it faces. The mark may be displayed in black lettering on a square-on-point configuration having the same outside dimensions as a placard.
- (c) A transport vehicle or freight container that contains a package subject to the marking requirements of paragraph (a) or (b) of this section must be

marked with the MARINE POLLUT-ANT mark. The mark must appear on each side and each end of the transport vehicle or freight container, and must be visible from the direction it faces. This requirement may be met by the marking displayed on a freight container or portable tank loaded on a motor vehicle or rail car. This mark may be displayed in black lettering on a white square-on-point configuration having the same outside dimensions as a placard.

- (d) The MARINE POLLUTANT mark is not required—
- (1) On single packagings or combination packagings where each single package or each inner packaging of combination packagings has:
- (i) A net quantity of 5 L (1.3 gallons) or less for liquids; or
- (ii) A net mass of 5 kg (11 pounds) or less for solids
- (2) On a combination packaging containing a marine pollutant, other than a severe marine pollutant, in inner packagings each of which contains:
- (i) 5 L (1.3 gallons) or less net capacity for liquids; or
- (ii) 5 kg (11 pounds) or less net capacity for solids.
- (3) Except for transportation by vessel, on a bulk packaging, freight container or transport vehicle that bears a label or placard specified in subparts E or F of this part.
- (4) On a package of limited quantity material marked in accordance with §172.315 of this part.
- (e) MARINE POLLUTANT mark. Effective January 14, 2010 the MARINE POLLUTANT mark must conform to the following:
- (1) Except for size, the MARINE POL-LUTANT mark must appear as follows:



Symbol (fish and tree): Black on white or suitable contrasting background.

- (2) The symbol and border must be black and the background white, or the symbol, border and background must be of contrasting color to the surface to which the mark is to be affixed. Each side of the mark must be—
- (i) At least 100 mm (4 inches) for marks applied to:
- (A) Non-bulk packages, except in the case of packages which, because of their size, can only bear smaller marks;
- (B) Bulk packages with a capacity of less than 3,785 L (1,000 gallons); or
- (ii) At least 250 mm (10 inches) for marks applied to all other bulk packages.
- (f) Exceptions. See §171.4(c).

[Amdt. 172–127, 57 FR 52938, Nov. 5, 1992, as amended by Amdt. 172–136, 59 FR 38064, July 26, 1994; Amdt. 172–145, 60 FR 49110, Sept. 21, 1995; 66 FR 45379, Aug. 28, 2001; 70 FR 56098, Sept. 23, 2005; 74 FR 2252, Jan. 14, 2009; 76 FR 3367, Jan. 19, 2011]

§172.323 Infectious substances.

- (a) In addition to other requirements of this subpart, a bulk packaging containing a regulated medical waste, as defined in §173.134(a)(5) of this subchapter, must be marked with a BIOHAZARD marking conforming to 29 CFR 1910.1030(g)(1)(i)—
- (1) On two opposing sides or two ends other than the bottom if the packaging has a capacity of less than 3,785 L (1,000 gallons). The BIOHAZARD marking must measure at least 152.4 mm (6 inches) on each side and must be visible from the direction it faces.
- (2) On each end and each side if the packaging has a capacity of 3,785 L

(1,000 gallons) or more. The BIO-HAZARD marking must measure at least 152.4 mm (6 inches) on each side and must be visible from the direction it faces.

(b) For a bulk packaging contained in or on a transport vehicle or freight container, if the BIOHAZARD marking on the bulk packaging is not visible, the transport vehicle or freight container must be marked as required by paragraph (a) of this section on each side and each end.

(c) The background color for the BIO-HAZARD marking required by paragraph (a) of this section must be orange and the symbol and letters must be black. Except for size the BIO-HAZARD marking must appear as follows:



(d) The BIOHAZARD marking required by paragraph (a) of this section must be displayed on a background of contrasting color. It may be displayed on a plain white square-on-point configuration having the same outside dimensions as a placard, as specified in §172.519(c) of this part.

[67 FR 53135, Aug. 14, 2002, as amended at 76 FR 56314, Sept. 13, 2011]

§ 172.324 Hazardous substances in non-bulk packagings.

For each non-bulk package that contains a hazardous substance—

- (a) Except for packages of radioactive material labeled in accordance with §172.403, if the proper shipping name of a material that is a hazardous substance does not identify the hazardous substance by name, the name of the hazardous substance must be marked on the package, in parentheses, in association with the proper shipping name. If the material contains two or more hazardous substances, at least two hazardous substances, including the two with the lowest reportable quantities (RQs), must be identified. For a hazardous waste, the waste code (e.g., D001), if appropriate, may be used to identify the hazardous substance.
- (b) The letters "RQ" must be marked on the package in association with the proper shipping name.
- (c) A package of limited quantity material marked in accordance with §172.315 must also be marked in accord-

ance with the applicable requirements of this section.

[73 FR 4716, Jan. 28, 2008, as amended at 76 FR 3367, Jan. 19, 2011]

§ 172.325 Elevated temperature materials.

- (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, a bulk packaging containing an elevated temperature material must be marked on two opposing sides with the word "HOT" in black or white Gothic lettering on a contrasting background. The marking must be displayed on the packaging itself or in black lettering on a plain white square-on-point configuration having the same outside dimensions as a placard. (See §172.302(b) for size of markings on bulk packagings.)
- (b) Bulk packagings containing molten aluminum or molten sulfur must be marked "MOLTEN ALUMINUM" or "MOLTEN SULFUR", respectively, in the same manner as prescribed in paragraph (a) of this section.
- (c) If the identification number is displayed on a white-square-on-point display configuration, as prescribed in §172.336(b), the word "HOT" may be displayed in the upper corner of the same white-square-on-point display configuration. The word "HOT" must be in black letters having a height of at least 50 mm (2.0 inches). Except for size, these markings shall be as illustrated for an Elevated temperature material, liquid, n.o.s.:



[Amdt. 172-125, 58 FR 3348, Jan. 8, 1993, as amended by Amdt. 172-139, 59 FR 67487, Dec. 29, 1994]

§172.326 Portable tanks.

- (a) Shipping name. No person may offer for transportation or transport a portable tank containing a hazardous material unless it is legibly marked on two opposing sides with the proper shipping name specified for the material in the §172.101 table. For transportation by vessel, the minimum height for a proper shipping name marked on a portable tank is 65 mm (2.5 inches).
- (b) Owner's name. The name of the owner or of the lessee, if applicable, must be displayed on a portable tank that contains a hazardous material.
- (c) Identification numbers. (1) If the identification number markings re-
- quired by \$172.302(a) are not visible, a transport vehicle or freight container used to transport a portable tank containing a hazardous material must be marked on each side and each end as required by \$172.332 with the identification number specified for the material in the \$172.101 table.
- (2) Each person who offers a portable tank containing a hazardous material to a motor carrier, for transportation in a transport vehicle or freight container, shall provide the motor carrier with the required identification numbers on placards, orange panels, or the white square-on-point configuration, as appropriate, for each side and each end

of the transport vehicle or freight container from which identification numbers on the portable tank are not visible

(d) NON-ODORIZED marking on portable tanks containing LPG. After September 30, 2006, no person may offer for transportation or transport a portable tank containing liquefied petroleum gas (LPG) that is unodorized as authorized in §173.315(b)(1) unless it is legibly marked NON-ODORIZED or NOT ODORIZED on two opposing sides near the marked proper shipping name required by paragraph (a) of this section, or near the placards.

[Amdt. 172–123, 55 FR 52592, Dec. 21, 1990, as amended at 56 FR 66255, Dec. 20, 1991; 69 FR 64471, Nov. 4, 2004; 76 FR 3367, Jan. 19, 2011]

§ 172.327 Petroleum sour crude oil in bulk packaging.

A Bulk packaging used to transport petroleum crude oil containing hydrogen sulfide (*i.e.*, sour crude oil) in suffi-

cient concentration that vapors evolved from the crude oil may present an inhalation hazard must include a marking, label, tag, or sign to warn of the toxic hazard as follows:

- (a) The marking must be durable, legible and of a size relative to the package as to be readily visible and similar to the illustration shown in this paragraph with the minimum dimension of each side of the marking at least 100 mm (3.9 inches). The width of the border forming the square-on-point marking must be at least 5 mm. The marking must be displayed at each location (e.g., manhole, loading head) where exposure to hydrogen sulfide vapors may occur.
- (b) The border of the square-on-point must be black or red on a white or other suitable contrasting background. The symbol must be black and located in the center of the square-on-point and be clearly visible as follows:



(c) As an alternative to the marking required in (a) and (b) of this section, a label, tag, or sign may be displayed at each location (e.g., manhole, loading head) where exposure to hydrogen sulfide vapors may occur. The label, tag, or sign must be durable, in English, and printed legibly and of a size relative to the package with a warning statement such as "Danger, Possible Hydrogen Sulfide Inhalation Hazard" to communicate the possible risk of exposure to harmful concentrations of hydrogen sulfide gas.

[76 FR 3367, Jan. 19, 2011]

§172.328 Cargo tanks.

- (a) Providing and affixing identification numbers. Unless a cargo tank is already marked with the identification numbers required by this subpart, the identification numbers must be provided or affixed as follows:
- (1) A person who offers a hazardous material to a motor carrier for transportation in a cargo tank shall provide the motor carrier the identification numbers on placards or shall affix orange panels containing the required identification numbers, prior to or at the time the material is offered for transportation.

- (2) A person who offers a cargo tank containing a hazardous material for transportation shall affix the required identification numbers on panels or placards prior to or at the time the cargo tank is offered for transportation.
- (3) For a cargo tank transported on or in a transport vehicle or freight container, if the identification number marking on the cargo tank required by §172.302(a) would not normally be visible during transportation—
- (i) The transport vehicle or freight container must be marked as required by §172.332 on each side and each end with the identification number specified for the material in the §172.101 table; and
- (ii) When the cargo tank is permanently installed within an enclosed cargo body of the transport vehicle or freight container, the identification number marking required by §172.302(a) need only be displayed on each side and end of a cargo tank that is visible when the cargo tank is accessed.
- (b) Required markings: Gases. Except for certain nurse tanks which must be marked as specified in §173.315(m) of this subchapter, each cargo tank transporting a Class 2 material subject to this subchapter must be marked, in lettering no less than 50 mm (2.0 inches), on each side and each end with—
- (1) The proper shipping name specified for the gas in the §172.101 table; or
- (2) An appropriate common name for the material (e.g., "Refrigerant Gas").
- (c) QT/NQT markings. Each MC 330 and MC 331 cargo tank must be marked near the specification plate, in letters no less than 50 mm (2.0 inches) in height, with—
- (1) "QT", if the cargo tank is constructed of quenched and tempered steel: or
- (2) "NQT", if the cargo tank is constructed of other than quenched and tempered steel.
- (d) After October 3, 2005, each on-vehicle manually-activated remote shutoff device for closure of the internal self-closing stop valve must be identified by marking "Emergency Shutoff" in letters at least 0.75 inches in height, in a color that contrasts with its background, and located in an area imme-

diately adjacent to the means of closure.

(e) NON-ODORIZED marking on cargo tanks containing LPG. After September 30, 2006, no person may offer for transportation or transport a cargo tank containing liquefied petroleum gas (LPG) that is unodorized as authorized in §173.315(b)(1) unless it is legibly marked NON-ODORIZED or NOT ODORIZED on two opposing sides near the marked proper shipping name as specified in paragraph (b)(1) of this section, or near the placards.

[Amdt. 172–123, 55 FR 52592, Dec. 21, 1990, as amended at 56 FR 66255, Dec. 20, 1991; Amdt. 172–151, 62 FR 1228, Jan. 8, 1997; 62 FR 39045, July 22, 1997; 68 FR 19277, Apr. 18, 2003; 69 FR 64471, Nov. 4, 2004]

§ 172.330 Tank cars and multi-unit tank car tanks.

- (a) Shipping name and identification number. No person may offer for transportation or transport a hazardous material—
- (1) In a tank car unless the following conditions are met:
- (i) The tank car must be marked on each side and each end as required by §172.302 with the identification number specified for the material in the §172.101 table; and
- (ii) A tank car containing any of the following materials must be marked on each side with the key words of the proper shipping name specified for the material in the §172.101 table, or with a common name authorized for the material in this subchapter (e.g., "Refrigerant Gas"):

Acrolein, stabilized Ammonia, anhydrous, liquefied Ammonia solutions (more than 50% ammonia)

Bromine *or* Bromine solutions Bromine chloride

Chloroprene, stabilized

Dispersant gas or Refrigerant gas (as defined in §173.115 of this subchapter)

Division 2.1 materials

Division 2.2 materials (in Class DOT 107 tank cars only)

Division 2.3 materials

Formic acid

Hydrocyanic acid, aqueous solutions

Hydrofluoric acid, solution

Hydrogen cyanide, stabilized (less than 3% water)

 $Hydrogen\ fluoride,\ anhydrous$

Hydrogen peroxide, aqueous solutions (greater than 20% hydrogen peroxide)

Hydrogen peroxide, stabilized

Hydrogen peroxide and peroxyacetic acid mixtures

Nitric acid (other than red fuming)

Phosphorus, amorphous

Phosphorus, white dry or Phosphorus, white, under water or Phosphorus white, in solution, or Phosphorus, yellow dry or Phosphorus, yellow, under water or Phosphorus, yellow, in solution

Phosphorus white, molten

Potassium nitrate and sodium nitrate mixtures

Potassium permanganate Sulfur trioxide, stabilized Sulfur trioxide, uninhibited

- (2) In a multi-unit tank car tank, unless the tank is marked on two opposing sides, in letters and numerals no less than 50 mm (2.0 inches) high—
- (i) With the proper shipping name specified for the material in the §172.101 table or with a common name authorized for the material in this subchapter (e.g., "Refrigerant Gas"); and
- (ii) With the identification number specified for the material in the §172.101 table, unless marked in accordance with §§172.302(a) and 172.332 of this subpart.
- (b) A motor vehicle or rail car used to transport a multi-unit tank car tank containing a hazardous material must be marked on each side and each end, as required by §172.332, with the identification number specified for the material in the §172.101 table.
- (c) After September 30, 2006, no person may offer for transportation or transport a tank car or multi-unit tank car tank containing liquefied petroleum gas (LPG) that is unodorized unless it is legibly marked NON-ODORIZED or NOT ODORIZED on two opposing sides near the marked proper shipping name required by paragraphs (a)(1) and (a)(2) of this section, or near the placards. The NON-ODORIZED or NOT ODORIZED marking may appear on a tank car or multi-unit tank car tank used for both unodorized and odorized LPG.

[Amdt. 172–123, 55 FR 52593, Dec. 21, 1990, as amended at 56 FR 66255, Dec. 20, 1991; 57 FR 45458, Oct. 1, 1992; Amdt. 172–148, 61 FR 28676, June 5, 1996; Amdt. 172–148, 61 FR 50254, Sept. 25, 1996; 66 FR 33425, June 21, 2001; 69 FR 64471, Nov. 4, 2004]

§ 172.331 Bulk packagings other than portable tanks, cargo tanks, tank cars and multi-unit tank car tanks.

- (a) Each person who offers a hazardous material to a motor carrier for transportation in a bulk packaging shall provide the motor carrier with the required identification numbers on placards or plain white square-on-point display configurations, as authorized, or shall affix orange panels containing the required identification numbers to the packaging prior to or at the time the material is offered for transportation, unless the packaging is already marked with the identification number as required by this subchapter.
- (b) Each person who offers a bulk packaging containing a hazardous material for transportation shall affix to the packaging the required identification numbers on orange panels, square-on-point configurations or placards, as appropriate, prior to, or at the time the packaging is offered for transportation unless it is already marked with identification numbers as required by this subchapter.
- (c) For a bulk packaging contained in or on a transport vehicle or freight container, if the identification number marking on the bulk packaging (e.g., an IBC) required by §172.302(a) is not visible, the transport vehicle or freight container must be marked as required by §172.332 on each side and each end with the identification number specified for the material in the §172.101 table.

[Amdt. 172–123, 55 FR 52593, Dec. 21, 1994, as amended by Amdt. 172–151, 62 FR 1228, Jan. 8, 1997; 62 FR 39398, July 22, 1997]

§ 172.332 Identification number markings.

- (a) General. When required by §172.301, §172.302, §172.313, §172.326, §172.328, §172.330, or §172.331, identification number markings must be displayed on orange panels or placards as specified in this section, or on white square-on-point configurations as prescribed in §172.336(b).
- (b) Orange panels. Display of an identification number on an orange panel shall be in conformance with the following:
- (1) The orange panel must be 160 mm (6.3 inches) high by 400 mm (15.7 inches)

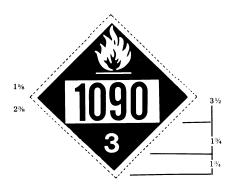
wide with a 15 mm (0.6 inches) black outer border. The identification number shall be displayed in 100 mm (3.9 inches) black Helvetica Medium numerals on the orange panel. Measurements may vary from those specified plus or minus 5 mm (0.2 inches).

- (2) The orange panel may be made of any durable material prescribed for placards in §172.519, and shall be of the orange color specified for labels or placards in appendix A to this part.
- (3) The name and hazard class of a material may be shown in the upper left border of the orange panel in letters not more than 18 points (0.25 in.) high.
- (4) Except for size and color, the orange panel and identification numbers shall be as illustrated for Liquefied petroleum gas:

1075

- (c) *Placards*. Display of an identification number on a hazard warning placard shall be in conformance with the following:
- (1) The identification number shall be displayed across the center area of the placard in 88 mm (3.5 inches) black Alpine Gothic or Alternate Gothic No. 3 numerals on a white background 100 mm (3.9 inches) high and approximately 215 mm (8.5 inches) wide and may be outlined with a solid or dotted line border.
- (2) The top of the 100 mm (3.9 inches) high white background shall be approximately 40 mm (1.6 inches) above the placard horizontal center line.
- (3) An identification number may be displayed only on a placard corresponding to the primary hazard class of the hazardous material.
- (4) For a COMBUSTIBLE placard used to display an identification number, the entire background below the white background for the identification number must be white during transportation by rail and may be white during transportation by high-way.

- (5) The name of the hazardous material and the hazard class may be shown in letters not more than 18 points high immediately within the upper border of the space on the placard bearing the identification number of the material.
- (6) If an identification number is placed over the word(s) on a placard, the word(s) should be substantially covered to maximize the effectiveness of the identification number.
- (d) Except for size and color, the display of an identification number on a placard shall be as illustrated for Acetone:



[Amdt. 172–101, 45 FR 74667, Nov. 10, 1980, as amended by Amdt. 172–81, 48 FR 28099, June 20, 1983; Amdt. 172–110, 52 FR 29527, Aug. 10, 1987; Amdt. 172–123, 55 FR 52593, Dec. 21, 1990; 56 FR 66255, Dec. 20, 1991; Amdt. 172–151, 62 FR 1228, Jan. 8, 1997; 65 FR 50459, Aug. 18, 2000; 68 FR 57632, Oct. 6, 2003]

§172.334 Identification numbers; prohibited display.

- (a) No person may display an identification number on a RADIOACTIVE, EXPLOSIVES 1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 1.4, 1.5 or 1.6, DANGEROUS, or subsidiary hazard placard.
- (b) No person may display an identification number on a placard, orange panel or white square-on-point display configuration unless—
- (1) The identification number is specified for the material in §172.101;
- (2) The identification number is displayed on the placard, orange panel or white square-on-point configuration authorized by §172.332 or §172.336(b), as appropriate, and any placard used for display of the identification number

corresponds to the hazard class of the material specified in §172.504;

- (3) Except as provided under §172.336 (c)(4) or (c)(5), the package, freight container, or transport vehicle on which the number is displayed contains the hazardous material associated with that identification number in §172.101.
- (c) Except as required by §172.332(c)(4) for a combustible liquid, the identification number of a material may be displayed only on the placards required by the tables in §172.504.
- (d) Except as provided in §172.336, a placard bearing an identification number may not be used to meet the requirements of subpart F of this part unless it is the correct identification number for all hazardous materials of the same class in the transport vehicle or freight container on which it is displayed.
- (e) Except as specified in §172.338, an identification number may not be displayed on an orange panel on a cargo tank unless affixed to the cargo tank by the person offering the hazardous material for transportation in the cargo tank.
- (f) If a placard is required by \$172.504, an identification number may not be displayed on an orange panel unless it is displayed in proximity to the placard
- (g) No person shall add any color, number, letter, symbol, or word other than as specified in this subchapter, to any identification number marking display which is required or authorized by this subchapter.

[Amdt. 172–101, 45 FR 74667, Nov. 10, 1980, as amended by Amdt. 172–104, 51 FR 23078, June 25, 1986; Amdt. 172–110, 52 FR 29528, Aug. 10, 1987; Amdt. 172–123, 55 FR 52593, Dec. 21, 1990; 56 FR 66255, Dec. 20, 1991; Amdt. 172–127, 59 FR 49133, Sept. 26, 1994]

§ 172.336 Identification numbers; special provisions.

- (a) When not required or prohibited by this subpart, identification numbers may be displayed on a transport vehicle or a freight container in the manner prescribed by this subpart.
- (b) Identification numbers, when required, must be displayed on either orange panels (see §172.332(b)) or on a plain white square-on-point display configuration having the same outside

dimensions as a placard. In addition, for materials in hazard classes for which placards are specified and identification number displays are required, but for which identification numbers may not be displayed on the placards authorized for the material (see §172.334(a)), identification numbers must be displayed on orange panels or on the plain white square-on-point display configuration in association with the required placards. An identification number displayed on a white square-on-point display configuration is not considered to be a placard.

- (1) The 100 mm (3.9 inch) by 215 mm (8.5 inches) area containing the identification number shall be located as prescribed by $\S172.332$ (c)(1) and (c)(2) and may be outlined with a solid or dotted line border.
 - (2) [Reserved]
- (c) Identification numbers are not required:
- (1) On the ends of a portable tank, cargo tank or tank car having more than one compartment if hazardous materials having different identification numbers are being transported therein. In such a circumstance, the identification numbers on the sides of the tank shall be displayed in the same sequence as the compartments containing the materials they identify.
- (2) On a cargo tank containing only gasoline, if the cargo tank is marked "Gasoline" on each side and rear in letters no less than 50 mm (2 inches) high, or is placarded in accordance with §172.542(c).
- (3) On a cargo tank containing only fuel oil, if the cargo tank is marked "Fuel Oil" on each side and rear in letters no less than 50 mm (2 inches) high, or is placarded in accordance with §172.544(c).
- (4) For each of the different liquid petroleum distillate fuels, including gasoline and gasohol, in a compartmented cargo tank or tank car, if the identification number is displayed for the distillate fuel having the lowest flash point. After October 1, 2010, if a compartmented cargo tank or tank car contains such fuels together with a gasoline and alcohol fuel blend containing more than ten percent ethanol, the identification number "3475" or

"1987" must also be displayed as appropriate in addition to the identification number for the liquid petroleum distillate fuel having the lowest flash point.

- (5) For each of the different liquid petroleum distillate fuels, including gasoline and gasohol transported in a cargo tank, if the identification number is displayed for the liquid petroleum distillate fuel having the lowest flash point.
- (6) For each of the different liquid petroleum distillate fuels, including gasoline and gasohol, transported in a cargo tank, if the identification number is displayed for the liquid petroleum distillate fuel having the lowest flash point. After October 1, 2010, if a cargo tank is used to transport a gasoline and alcohol fuel blend containing more than ten percent ethanol, the identification number "3475" must also be displayed in addition to the identification number for the liquid petroleum distillate fuel having the lowest flash point.
- (7) On nurse tanks meeting the provisions of §173.315(m) of this subchapter.
- (d) When a bulk packaging is labeled instead of placarded in accordance with §172.514(c) of this subchapter, identification number markings may be displayed on the package in accordance with the marking requirements of §172.301(a)(1) of this subchapter.

[Amdt. 172–101, 45 FR 74667, Nov. 10, 1980, as amended by Amdt. 172–74, 47 FR 40365, Sept. 30, 1982; Amdt. 172–109, 52 FR 13038, Apr. 20, 1987; Amdt. 172–110, 52 FR 29528, Aug. 10, 1987; Amdt. 172–123, 55 FR 52593, Dec. 21, 1990; 56 FR 66255, Dec. 20, 1991; 65 FR 50459, Aug. 18, 2000; 73 FR 4716, Jan. 28, 2008; 76 FR 43527, July 20, 2011]

§ 172.338 Replacement of identification numbers.

If more than one of the identification number markings on placards, orange panels, or white square-on-point display configurations that are required to be displayed are lost, damaged or destroyed during transportation, the carrier shall replace all the missing or damaged identification numbers as soon as practicable. However, in such a case, the numbers may be entered by hand on the appropriate placard, orange panel or white square-on-point display configuration providing the correct identification numbers are entered legibly using an indelible marking material. When entered by hand, the identification numbers must be located in the white display area specified in \$172.332. This section does not preclude required compliance with the placarding requirements of subpart F of this subchapter.

[Amdt. 172-110, 52 FR 29528, Aug. 10, 1987]

Subpart E—Labeling

§ 172.400 General labeling requirements.

- (a) Except as specified in §172.400a, each person who offers for transportation or transports a hazardous material in any of the following packages or containment devices, shall label the package or containment device with labels specified for the material in the §172.101 table and in this subpart:
 - (1) A non-bulk package;
- (2) A bulk packaging, other than a cargo tank, portable tank, or tank car, with a volumetric capacity of less than 18 m³ (640 cubic feet), unless placarded in accordance with subpart F of this part;
- (3) A portable tank of less than 3785 L (1000 gallons) capacity, unless placarded in accordance with subpart F of this part;
- (4) A DOT Specification 106 or 110 multi-unit tank car tank, unless placarded in accordance with subpart F of this part; and
- (5) An overpack, freight container or unit load device, of less than 18 m³ (640 cubic feet), which contains a package for which labels are required, unless placarded or marked in accordance with §172.512 of this part.
- (b) Labeling is required for a hazardous material which meets one or more hazard class definitions, in accordance with column 6 of the §172.101 table and the following table:

§ 172.400a

Hazard class or division	Label name	Label de- sign or sec- tion ref- erence
1.1	EXPLOSIVES 1.1	172.411
1.2	EXPLOSIVES 1.2	172.411
1.3	EXPLOSIVES 1.3	172.411
1.4	EXPLOSIVES 1.4	172.411
1.5	EXPLOSIVES 1.5	172.411
1.6	EXPLOSIVES 1.6	172.411
2.1	FLAMMABLE GAS	172.417
2.2	NONFLAMMABLE GAS	172.415
2.3	POISON GAS	172.416
3 (flammable liquid) Combustible liquid	FLAMMABLE LIQUID (none)	172.419
4.1	FLAMMABLE SOLID	172.420
4.2	SPONTANEOUSLY COMBUSTIBLE	172.422
4.3	DANGEROUS WHEN WET	172.423
5.1	OXIDIZER	172.426
5.2	ORGANIC PEROXIDE	172.427
6.1 (material poisonous by inhalation (see § 171.8 of	POISON INHALATION HAZARD	172.429
this subchapter)).		
6.1 (other than material poisonous by inhalation)	POISON	172.430
6.1 (inhalation hazard, Zone A or B)	POISON INHALATION HAZARD	172.429
6.1 (other than inhalation hazard, Zone A or B)	POISON	172.430
6.2	INFECTIOUS SUBSTANCE 1	172.432
7 (see § 172.403)	RADIOACTIVE WHITE-I	172.436
7	RADIOACTIVE YELLOW-II	172.438
7	RADIOACTIVE YELLOW-III	172.440
7 (fissile radioactive material; see § 172.402)	FISSILE	172.441
7 (empty packages, see § 173.428 of this subchapter)	EMPTY	172.450
8	CORROSIVE	172.442
9	CLASS 9	172.446

¹The ETIOLOGIC AGENT label specified in regulations of the Department of Health and Human Services at 42 CFR 72.3 may apply to packages of infectious substances.

[Amdt. 172–123, 55 FR 52593, Dec. 21, 1990, as amended at 56 FR 66255, Dec. 20, 1991; Amdt. 172–151, 62 FR 1228, Jan. 8, 1997; 64 FR 10776, Mar. 5, 1999; 64 FR 51918, Sept. 27, 1999; 69 FR 3668, Jan. 26, 2004; 69 FR 64471, Nov. 4, 2004]

§172.400a Exceptions from labeling.

- (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of §172.400, a label is not required on—
- (1) A Dewar flask meeting the requirements in §173.320 of this subchapter or a cylinder containing a Division 2.1, 2.2, or 2.3 material that is—
 - (i) Not overpacked; and
- (ii) Durably and legibly marked in accordance with CGA C-7, Appendix A (IBR; see § 171.7 of this subchapter).
- (2) A package or unit of military explosives (including ammunition) shipped by or on behalf of the DOD when in—
- (i) Freight containerload, carload or truckload shipments, if loaded and unloaded by the shipper or DOD; or
- (ii) Unitized or palletized break-bulk shipments by cargo vessel under charter to DOD if at least one required label is displayed on each unitized or palletized load.
- (3) A package containing a hazardous material other than ammunition that is—

- (i) Loaded and unloaded under the supervision of DOD personnel, and
- (ii) Escorted by DOD personnel in a separate vehicle.
- (4) A compressed gas cylinder permanently mounted in or on a transport vehicle.
- (5) A freight container, aircraft unit load device or portable tank, which—
- (i) Is placarded in accordance with subpart F of this part, or
- (ii) Conforms to paragraph (a)(3) or (b)(3) of §172.512.
- (6) An overpack or unit load device in or on which labels representative of each hazardous material in the overpack or unit load device are visible.
- (7) A package of low specific activity radioactive material and surface contaminated objects, when transported under §173.427(a)(6)(vi) of this subchapter.
- (b) Certain exceptions to labeling requirements are provided for small ${\bf r}$

quantities and limited quantities in applicable sections in part 173 of this subchapter.

- (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of §172.402(a), a Division 6.1 subsidiary hazard label is not required on a package containing a Class 8 (corrosive) material which has a subsidiary hazard of Division 6.1 (poisonous) if the toxicity of the material is based solely on the corrosive destruction of tissue rather than systemic poisoning. In addition, a Division 4.1 subsidiary hazard label is not required on a package bearing a Division 4.2 label.
- (d) A package containing a material poisonous by inhalation (see §171.8 of this subchapter) in a closed transport vehicle or freight container may be excepted from the POISON INHALATION HAZARD or POISON GAS label or placard, under the conditions set forth in §171.23(b)(10) of this subchapter.

[Amdt. 172-123, 55 FR 52594, Dec. 21, 1990

EDITORIAL NOTE: For FEDERAL REGISTER citations affecting §172.400a, see the List of CFR Sections Affected, which appears in the Finding Aids section of the printed volume and at www.fdsys.gov.

§ 172.401 Prohibited labeling.

- (a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, no person may offer for transportation and no carrier may transport a package bearing a label specified in this subpart unless:
- (1) The package contains a material that is a hazardous material, and
- (2) The label represents a hazard of the hazardous material in the package.
- (b) No person may offer for transportation and no carrier may transport a package bearing any marking or label which by its color, design, or shape could be confused with or conflict with a label prescribed by this part.
- (c) The restrictions in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section, do not apply to packages labeled in conformance with:
- (1) The UN Recommendations (IBR, see §171.7 of this subchapter);
- (2) The IMDG Code (IBR, see §171.7 of this subchapter);
- (3) The ICAO Technical Instructions (IBR, see §171.7 of this subchapter);
- (4) The TDG Regulations (IBR, see §171.7 of this subchapter).
- (5) The Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling

Chemicals (GHS) (IBR, see §171.7 of this subchapter).

- (d) The provisions of paragraph (a) of this section do not apply to a packaging bearing a label if that packaging
- (1) Unused or cleaned and purged of all residue:
- (2) Transported in a transport vehicle or freight container in such a manner that the packaging is not visible during transportation; and
- (3) Loaded by the shipper and unloaded by the shipper or consignee.

[Amdt. 172-9, 41 FR 15996, Apr. 15, 1976]

EDITORIAL NOTE: For FEDERAL REGISTER Citations affecting §172.401, see the List of CFR Sections Affected, which appears in the Finding Aids section of the printed volume and at www.fdsys.gov.

§172.402 Additional labeling require-

- (a) Subsidiary hazard labels. Each package containing a hazardous mate-
- (1) Shall be labeled with primary and subsidiary hazard labels as specified in column 6 of the §172.101 table (unless excepted in paragraph (a)(2) of this section): and
- (2)For other than Class 1 or Class 2 materials (for subsidiary labeling requirements for Class 1 or Class 2 materials see paragraph (e) or paragraphs (f) and (g), respectively, of this section), if not already labeled under paragraph (a)(1) of this section, shall be labeled with subsidiary hazard labels in accordance with the following table:

SUBSIDIARY HAZARD LABELS

Subsidiary hazard level (packing	Subsidiary Hazard (Class or Division)				on)		
group)	3	4.1	4.2	4.3	5.1	6.1	8
1	х	***	***	х	х	х	х
II	X	Х	Х	X	X	X	Х
III	*	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х

⁻Required for all modes.

(b) Display of hazard class on labels. The appropriate hazard class or division number must be displayed in the lower corner of a primary hazard label and a subsidiary hazard label.

⁻Required for all modes, except for a material with a flash point at or above 38 °C (100 °F) transported by rail or high-way.

**—Reserved

^{***-}Impossible as subsidiary hazard.

- (c) Cargo Aircraft Only label. Each person who offers for transportation or transports by aircraft a package containing a hazardous material which is authorized on cargo aircraft only shall label the package with a CARGO AIRCRAFT ONLY label specified in § 172.448 of this subpart.
- (d) Class 7 (Radioactive) Materials. Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph, each package containing a Class 7 material that also meets the definition of one or more additional hazard classes must be labeled as a Class 7 material as required by §172.403 and for each additional hazard.
- (1) For a package containing a Class 7 material that also meets the definition of one or more additional hazard classes, whether or not the material satisfies §173.4a(b)(7) of this subchapter, a subsidiary label is not required on the package if the material conforms to the remaining criteria in §173.4a of this subchapter.
- (2) Each package or overpack containing fissile material, other than fissile-excepted material (see §173.453 of this subchapter) must bear two FISSILE labels, affixed to opposite sides of the package or overpack, which conforms to the figure shown in §172.441; such labels, where applicable, must be affixed adjacent to the labels for radioactive materials.
- (e) Class 1 (explosive) Materials. In addition to the label specified in column 6 of the §172.101 table, each package of Class 1 material that also meets the definition for:
- (1) Division 6.1, Packing Groups I or II, shall be labeled POISON or POISON INHALATION HAZARD, as appropriate.
- (2) Class 7, shall be labeled in accordance with § 172.403 of this subpart.
- (f) Division 2.2 materials. In addition to the label specified in column 6 of the §172.101 table, each package of Division 2.2 material that also meets the defini-

- tion for an oxidizing gas (see §171.8 of this subchapter) must be labeled OXI-DIZER.
- (g) Division 2.3 materials. In addition to the label specified in column 6 of the §172.101 table, each package of Division 2.3 material that also meets the definition for:
- (1) Division 2.1, must be labeled Flammable Gas;
- (2) Division 5.1, must be labeled Oxidizer; and
- (3) Class 8, must be labeled Corrosive.

[Amdt. 172-123, 55 FR 52594, Dec. 21, 1990]

EDITORIAL NOTE: For FEDERAL REGISTER citations affecting §172.402, see the List of CFR Sections Affected, which appears in the Finding Aids section of the printed volume and at www.fdsys.gov.

§ 172.403 Class 7 (radioactive) material.

- (a) Unless excepted from labeling by §§173.421 through 173.427 of this subchapter, each package of radioactive material must be labeled as provided in this section.
- (b) The proper label to affix to a package of Class 7 (radioactive) material is based on the radiation level at the surface of the package and the transport index. The proper category of label must be determined in accordance with paragraph (c) of this section. The label to be applied must be the highest category required for any of the two determining conditions for the package. RADIOACTIVE WHITE-I is the lowest category and RADIO-ACTIVE YELLOW-III is the highest. For example, a package with a transport index of 0.8 and a maximum surface radiation level of 0.6 millisievert (60 millirems) per hour must bear a RADIOACTIVE YELLOW-III label.
- (c) Category of label to be applied to Class 7 (radioactive) materials packages:

Transport index	Maximum radiation level at any point on the external surface	Label category ¹
02	Less than or equal to 0.005 mSv/h (0.5 mrem/h).	WHITE-I.
More than 0 but not more than 1	Greater than 0.005 mSv/h (0.5 mrem/h) but less than or equal to 0.5 mSv/h (50 mrem/h).	YELLOW-II.
More than 1 but not more than 10	Greater than 0.5 mSv/h (50 mrem/h) but less than or equal to 2 mSv/h (200 mrem/h).	YELLOW-III.

Transport index	Maximum radiation level at any point on the external surface	Label category ¹	
More than 10	Greater than 2 mSv/h (200 mrem/h) but less than or equal to 10 mSv/h (1,000 mrem/h).		

¹ Any package containing a "highway route controlled quantity" (§173.403 of this subchapter) must be labelled as RADIO-ACTIVE YELLOW-III.

² If the measured TI is not greater than 0.05, the value may be considered to be zero.

- (d) *EMPTY* label. See §173.428(d) of this subchapter for EMPTY labeling requirements.
- (e) FISSILE label. For packages required in §172.402 to bear a FISSILE label, each such label must be completed with the criticality safety index (CSI) assigned in the NRC or DOE package design approval, or in the certificate of approval for special arrangement or the certificate of approval for the package design issued by the Competent Authority for import and export shipments. For overpacks and freight containers required in §172.402 to bear a FISSILE label, the CSI on the label must be the sum of the CSIs for all of the packages contained in the overpack or freight container.
- (f) Each package required by this section to be labeled with a RADIO-ACTIVE label must have two of these labels, affixed to opposite sides of the package. (See §172.406(e)(3) for freight container label requirements).
- (g) The following applicable items of information must be entered in the blank spaces on the RADIOACTIVE label by legible printing (manual or mechanical), using a durable weather resistant means of marking:
- (1) Contents. Except for LSA-1 material, the names of the radionuclides as taken from the listing of radionuclides in \$173.435 of this subchapter (symbols which conform to established radiation protection terminology are authorized, i.e., ⁹⁹Mo, ⁶⁰Co, etc.). For mixtures of radionuclides, with consideration of space available on the label, the radionuclides that must be shown must be determined in accordance with \$173.433(g) of this subchapter. For LSA-I material, the term "LSA-I" may be used in place of the names of the radionuclides.
- (2) Activity. The activity in the package must be expressed in appropriate SI units (e.g., Becquerels (Bq), Terabecquerels (TBq), etc.). The activ-

- ity may also be stated in appropriate customary units (Curies (Ci), milliCuries (mCi), microCuries (uCi), etc.) in parentheses following the SI units. Abbreviations are authorized. Except for plutonium-239 and plutonium-241, the weight in grams or kilograms of fissile radionuclides may be inserted instead of activity units. For plutonium-239 and plutonium-241, the weight in grams of fissile radionuclides may be inserted in addition to the activity units.
- (3) Transport index. (see §173.403 of this subchapter.)
- (h) When one or more packages of Class 7 (radioactive) material are placed within an overpack, the overpack must be labeled as prescribed in this section, except as follows:
- (1) The "contents" entry on the label may state "mixed" in place of the names of the radionuclides unless each inside package contains the same radionuclide(s).
- (2) The "activity" entry on the label must be determined by adding together the number of becquerels of the Class 7 (radioactive) materials packages contained therein.
- (3) For an overpack, the transport index (TI) must be determined by adding together the transport indices of the Class 7 (radioactive) materials packages contained therein, except that for a rigid overpack, the transport index (TI) may alternatively be determined by direct measurement as prescribed in §173.403 of this subchapter under the definition for "transport index," taken by the person initially offering the packages contained within the overpack for shipment.
- (4) The category of Class 7 label for the overpack must be determined from the table in §172.403(c) using the TI derived according to paragraph (h)(3) of this section, and the maximum radiation level on the surface of the overpack.

- (5) The category of the Class 7 label of the overpack, and not that of any of the packages contained therein, must be used in accordance with Table 1 of §172.504(e) to determine when the transport vehicle must be placarded.
- (6) For fissile material, the criticality safety index which must be entered on the overpack FISSILE label is the sum of the criticality safety indices of the individual packages in the overpack, as stated in the certificate of approval for the package design issued by the NRC or the U.S. Competent Authority.

[Amdt. 172-29, 41 FR 15996, Apr. 15, 1976]

EDITORIAL NOTE: For FEDERAL REGISTER citations affecting §172.403, see the List of CFR Sections Affected which appears in the Finding Aids section of the printed volume and at www.fdsvs.gov.

§ 172.404 Labels for mixed and consolidated packaging.

- (a) Mixed packaging. When compatible hazardous materials having different hazard classes are packed within the same packaging, or within the same outside container or overpack as described in §173.25, the packaging, outside container or overpack must be labeled as required for each class of hazardous material contained therein.
- (b) Consolidated packaging. When two or more packages containing compatible hazardous materials are placed within the same outside container or overpack, the outside container or overpack must be labeled as required for each class of hazardous material contained therein, unless labels representative of each hazardous material in the outside container or overpack are visible.
- (c) Consolidation bins used by a single motor carrier. Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section, labeling of a consolidation bin is not required under the following conditions:
- (1) The consolidation bin must be reusable, made of materials such as plastic, wood, or metal and must have a capacity of 64 cubic feet or less;
- (2) Hazardous material packages placed in the consolidation bin must be properly labeled in accordance with this subpart;

- (3) Packages must be compatible as specified in §177.848 of this subchapter;
- (4) Packages may only be placed within the consolidation bin and the bin be loaded on a motor vehicle by an employee of a single motor carrier;
- (5) Packages must be secured within the consolidation bin by other packages or by other suitable means in such a manner as to prevent shifting of, or significant relative motion between, the packages that would likely compromise the integrity of any package;
- (6) The consolidation bin must be clearly and legibly marked on a tag or fixed display device with an indication of each hazard class or division contained within the bin;
- (7) The consolidation bin must be properly blocked and braced within the transport vehicle; and
- (8) Consolidation bins may only be transported by a single motor carrier, or on railcars transporting such vehicles.

[76 FR 43527, July 20, 2011]

§ 172.405 Authorized label modifications.

- (a) For Classes 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, and 8, text indicating a hazard (for example FLAMMABLE LIQUID) is not required on a primary or subsidiary label.
- (b) For a package containing Oxygen, compressed, or Oxygen, refrigerated liquid, the OXIDIZER label specified in §172.426 of this subpart, modified to display the word "OXYGEN" instead of "OXIDIZER", and the class number "2" instead of "5.1", may be used in place of the NON-FLAMMABLE GAS and OXIDIZER labels. Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, the word "OXYGEN" must appear on the label.
- (c) For a package containing a Division 6.1, Packing Group III material, the POISON label specified in §172.430 may be modified to display the text "PG III" instead of "POISON" or "TOXIC" below the mid line of the label. Also see §172.313(d).

[Amdt. 172–123, 55 FR 52594, Dec. 21, 1990, as amended at 56 FR 66255, Dec. 20, 1991; 57 FR 45458, Oct. 1, 1992; 64 FR 10776, Mar. 5, 1999; 66 FR 33425, June 21, 2001]

§172.406 Placement of labels.

- (a) General. (1) Except as provided in paragraphs (b) and (e) of this section, each label required by this subpart must—
- (i) Be printed on or affixed to a surface (other than the bottom) of the package or containment device containing the hazardous material; and
- (ii) Be located on the same surface of the package and near the proper shipping name marking, if the package dimensions are adequate.
- (2) Except as provided in paragraph (e) of this section, duplicate labeling is not required on a package or containment device (such as to satisfy redundant labeling requirements).
- (b) Exceptions. A label may be printed on or placed on a securely affixed tag, or may be affixed by other suitable means to:
- (1) A package that contains no radioactive material and which has dimensions less than those of the required label:
 - (2) A cylinder; and
- (3) A package which has such an irregular surface that a label cannot be satisfactorily affixed.
- (c) Placement of multiple labels. When primary and subsidiary hazard labels are required, they must be displayed next to each other. Placement conforms to this requirement if labels are within 150 mm (6 inches) of one another.
- (d) Contrast with background. Each label must be printed on or affixed to a background of contrasting color, or must have a dotted or solid line outer border.
- (e) Duplicate labeling. Generally, only one of each different required label must be displayed on a package. However, duplicate labels must be displayed on at least two sides or two ends (other than the bottom) of—
- (1) Each package or overpack having a volume of $1.8\ m^3$ (64 cubic feet) or more;
- (2) Each non-bulk package containing a radioactive material;
- (3) Each DOT 106 or 110 multi-unit tank car tank. Labels must be displayed on each end;
- (4) Each portable tank of less than 3,785 L (1000 gallons) capacity;

- (5) Each freight container or aircraft unit load device having a volume of 1.8 m³ (64 cubic feet) or more, but less than 18 m³ (640 cubic feet). One of each required label must be displayed on or near the closure; and
- (6) An IBC having a volume of $1.8~{\rm m}^3$ (64 cubic feet) or more.
- (f) Visibility. A label must be clearly visible and may not be obscured by markings or attachments.

[Amdt. 172–123, 55 FR 52594, Dec. 21, 1990, as amended at 56 FR 66255, Dec. 20, 1991; Amdt. 172–130, 58 FR 51531, Oct. 1, 1993; 73 FR 4716, Jan. 28, 2008]

§ 172.407 Label specifications.

- (a) Durability. Each label, whether printed on or affixed to a package, must be durable and weather resistant. A label on a package must be able to withstand, without deterioration or a substantial change in color, a 30-day exposure to conditions incident to transportation that reasonably could be expected to be encountered by the labeled package.
- (b) Design. (1) Except for size and color, the printing, inner border, and symbol on each label must be as shown in §§ 172.411 through 172.448 of this subpart, as appropriate.
- (2) The dotted line border shown on each label is not part of the label specification, except when used as an alternative for the solid line outer border to meet the requirements of §172.406(d) of this subpart.
- (c) Size. (1) Each diamond (square-on-point) label prescribed in this subpart must be at least 100 mm (3.9 inches) on each side with each side having a solid line inner border 5.0 to 6.3 mm (0.2 to 0.25 inches) from the edge.
- (2) The CARGO AIRCRAFT ONLY label must be a rectangle measuring at least 110 mm (4.3 inches) in height by 120 mm (4.7 inches) in width. The words "CARGO AIRCRAFT ONLY" must be shown in letters measuring at least 6.3 mm (0.25 inches) in height.
- (3) Except as otherwise provided in this subpart, the hazard class number, or division number, as appropriate, must be at least 6.3 mm (0.25 inches) and not greater than 12.7 mm (0.5 inches).
- (4) When text indicating a hazard is displayed on a label, the label name

must be shown in letters measuring at least 7.6 mm (0.3 inches) in height. For SPONTANEOUSLY COMBUSTIBLE or DANGEROUS WHEN WET labels, the words "Spontaneously" and "When Wet" must be shown in letters measuring at least 5.1 mm (0.2 inches) in height.

- (5) The symbol on each label must be proportionate in size to that shown in the appropriate section of this subpart.
- (d) Color. (1) The background color on each label must be as prescribed in §§ 172.411 through 172.448 of this subpart, as appropriate.
- (2) The symbol, text, numbers, and border must be shown in black on a label except that—
- (i) White may be used on a label with a one color background of green, red or blue.
- (ii) White must be used for the text and class number for the CORROSIVE label.
- (iii) White may be used for the symbol for the ORGANIC PEROXIDE label.
- (3) Black and any color on a label must be able to withstand, without substantial change, a 72-hour fadeometer test (for a description of equipment designed for this purpose, see ASTM G 23-69 (1975) or ASTM G 26-70).
- (4) (i) A color on a label, upon visual examination, must fall within the color tolerances—
- (A) Displayed on color charts conforming to the technical specifications for charts set forth in table 1 or 2 in appendix A to this part; or
- (B) For labels printed on packaging surfaces, specified in table 3 in appendix A to this part.
- (ii) Color charts conforming to appendix A to this part are on display in Office of Hazardous Materials Safety, Office of Hazardous Materials Standards, Room 8422, Nassif Building, 400 Seventh Street, SW., Washington DC 20590-0001.
- (5) The following color standards in the PANTONE® formula guide coated/uncoated (see §171.7(b) of this subchapter) may be used to achieve the required colors on markings and hazard warning labels and placards:
 - (i) For Red—Use PANTONE ® 186 U
- (ii) For Orange—Use PANTONE® 151

- (iii) For Yellow—Use PANTONE $^{\tiny{\textcircled{\$}}}$ 109 U
- (iv) For Green—Use PANTONE $^{\otimes}$ 335 U
- (v) For Blue—Use PANTONE © 285 U (vi) For Purple—Use PANTONE © 259
- (6) Where specific colors from the PANTONE MATCHING SYSTEM® are applied as opaque coatings, such as paint, enamel, or plastic, or where labels are printed directly on the surface of a packaging, a spectrophotometer or other instrumentation must be used to ensure a proper match with the color standards in the PANTONE® formula guide coated/uncoated for colors prescribed in paragraph (d)(5) of this section. PANTONE® is the property of Pantone, Inc.
- (7) The specified label color must extend to the edge of the label in the area designated on each label, except for the CORROSIVE, RADIOACTIVE YELLOW-II, and RADIOACTIVE YELLOW-III labels on which the color must extend only to the inner border.
- (e) Form identification. A label may contain form identification information, including the name of its maker, provided that information is printed outside the solid line inner border in no larger than 10-point type.
- (f) Exceptions. Except for materials poisonous by inhalation (See §171.8 of this subchapter), a label conforming to specifications in the UN Recommendations may be used in place of a corresponding label that conforms to the requirements of this subpart.
- (g) Trefoil symbol. The trefoil symbol on the RADIOACTIVE WHITE-I, RADIOACTIVE YELLOW-II, and RADIOACTIVE YELLOW-III labels must meet the appropriate specifications in appendix B of this part.

[Amdt. 172-123, 55 FR 52595, Dec. 21, 1990]

EDITORIAL NOTE: For FEDERAL REGISTER citations affecting §172.407, see the List of CFR Sections Affected, which appears in the Finding Aids section of the printed volume and at www.fdsys.gov.

§ 172.411 EXPLOSIVE 1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 1.4, 1.5 and 1.6 labels, and EXPLOSIVE Subsidiary label.

(a) Except for size and color, the EXPLOSIVE 1.1, EXPLOSIVE 1.2 and EXPLOSIVE 1.3 labels must be as follows:



- (b) In addition to complying with \$172.407, the background color on the EXPLOSIVE 1.1, EXPLOSIVE 1.2 and EXPLOSIVE 1.3 labels must be orange. The "**" must be replaced with the appropriate division number and compatibility group letter. The compatibility group letter must be the same size as the division number and must be shown as a capitalized Roman letter.
- (c) Except for size and color, the EX-PLOSIVE 1.4, EXPLOSIVE 1.5 and EX-PLOSIVE 1.6 labels must be as follows:

EXPLOSIVE 1.4:



EXPLOSIVE 1.5:



EXPLOSIVE 1.6:

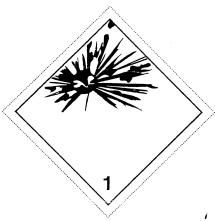


- (d) In addition to complying with §172.407, the background color on the EXPLOSIVE 1.4, EXPLOSIVE 1.5 and EXPLOSIVE 1.6 label must be orange. The "*" must be replaced with the appropriate compatibility group. The compatibility group letter must be shown as a capitalized Roman letter. Division numbers must measure at least 30 mm (1.2 inches) in height and at least 5 mm (0.2 inches) in width.
- (e) An EXPLOSIVE subsidiary label is required for materials identified in Column (6) of the HMT as having an explosive subsidiary hazard. The division number or compability group letter may be displayed on the subsidiary

49 CFR Ch. I (10-1-11 Edition)

§ 172.415

hazard label. Except for size and color, the EXPLOSIVE subsidiary label must be as follows:



(f) The EXPLOSIVE subsidiary label must comply with §172.407.

[Amdt. 172–123, 56 FR 66256, Dec. 20, 1991, as amended by Amdt. 172–139, 59 FR 67490, Dec. 29, 1994; 66 FR 33425, June 21, 2001; 68 FR 45031, July 31, 2003]

§ 172.415 NON-FLAMMABLE GAS label.

(a) Except for size and color, the NON-FLAMMABLE GAS label must be as follows:



(b) In addition to complying with §172.407, the background color on the

NON-FLAMMABLE GAS label must be green.

[Amdt. 172–123, 56 66256, Dec. 20, 1991]

§172.416 POISON GAS label.

(a) Except for size and color, the POI-SON GAS label must be as follows:



(b) In addition to complying with §172.407, the background on the POI-SON GAS label and the symbol must be white. The background of the upper diamond must be black and the lower point of the upper diamond must be 14 mm (0.54 inches) above the horizontal center line.

[62 FR 39405, July 22, 1997]

§ 172.417 FLAMMABLE GAS label.

(a) Except for size and color, the ${\tt FLAMMABLE}$ GAS label must be as follows:



(b) In addition to complying with §172.407, the background color on the FLAMMABLE GAS label must be red.

[Amdt. 172-123, 56 FR 66257, Dec. 20, 1991]

§ 172.419 FLAMMABLE LIQUID label.

(a) Except for size and color the FLAMMABLE LIQUID label must be as follows:



(b) In addition to complying with §172.407, the background color on the FLAMMABLE LIQUID label must be red.

[Amdt. 172–123, $56 \ FR \ 66257, \ Dec. \ 20, \ 1991]$

§ 172.420 FLAMMABLE SOLID label.

(a) Except for size and color, the FLAMMABLE SOLID label must be as follows:



(b) In addition to complying with §172.407, the background on the FLAM-

MABLE SOLID label must be white with vertical red stripes equally spaced on each side of a red stripe placed in the center of the label. The red vertical stripes must be spaced so that, visually, they appear equal in width to the white spaces between them. The symbol (flame) and text (when used) must be overprinted. The text "FLAMMABLE SOLID" may be placed in a white rectangle.

[Amdt. 172-123, 56 FR 66257, Dec. 20, 1991]

§ 172.422 SPONTANEOUSLY COMBUSTIBLE label.

(a) Except for size and color, the SPONTANEOUSLY COMBUSTIBLE label must be as follows:



(b) In addition to complying with §172.407, the background color on the lower half of the SPONTANEOUSLY COMBUSTIBLE label must be red and the upper half must be white.

[Amdt. 172–123, 56 FR 66257, Dec. 20, 1991, as amended at 57 FR 45458, Oct. 1, 1992]

§ 172.423 DANGEROUS WHEN WET label.

(a) Except for size and color, the DANGEROUS WHEN WET label must be as follows:

49 CFR Ch. I (10-1-11 Edition)



(b) In addition to complying with §172.407, the background color on the DANGEROUS WHEN WET label must be blue.

[Amdt. 172–123, $56 \ FR \ 66257, \ Dec. \ 20, \ 1991]$

§172.426 OXIDIZER label.

(a) Except for size and color, the OXI-DIZER label must be as follows:



(b) In addition to complying with §172.407, the background color on the OXIDIZER label must be yellow.

[Amdt. 172-123, 56 FR 66257, Dec. 20, 1991]

§ 172.427 ORGANIC PEROXIDE label.

(a) Except for size and color, the OR-GANIC PEROXIDE label must be as follows:





49 CFR Ch. I (10-1-11 Edition)

§ 172.429

(b) In addition to complying with §172.407, the background on the OR-GANIC PEROXIDE label must be red in the top half and yellow in the lower half.

[71 FR 78627, Dec. 29, 2006]

§ 172.429 POISON INHALATION HAZ-ARD label.

(a) Except for size and color, the POI-SON INHALATION HAZARD label must be as follows:



(b) In addition to complying with \$172.407, the background on the POI-SON INHALATION HAZARD label and the symbol must be white. The background of the upper diamond must be black and the lower point of the upper diamond must be 14 mm (0.54 inches) above the horizontal center line.

[62 FR 39406, July 22, 1997]

§172.430 POISON label.

(a) Except for size and color, the POI-SON label must be as follows:



(b) In addition to complying with §172.407, the background on the POI-SON label must be white. The word "TOXIC" may be used in lieu of the word "POISON".

[Amdt. 172–123, 56 FR 66258, Dec. 20, 1991, as amended by Amdt. 172–139, 59 FR 67490, Dec. 29, 1994]

§172.431 [Reserved]

§ 172.432 INFECTIOUS SUBSTANCE label.

(a) Except for size and color, the IN-FECTIOUS SUBSTANCE label must be as follows:



- (b) In addition to complying with $\S172.407$, the background on the INFECTIOUS SUBSTANCE label must be white.
- (c) Labels conforming to requirements in place on August 18, 2011 may continue to be used until October 1, 2014.

[Amdt. 172–123, 56 FR 66258, Dec. 20, 1991, as amended at 67 FR 53136, Aug. 14, 2002; 76 FR 43527, July 20, 2011; 76 FR 56314, Sept. 13, 2011]

§ 172.436 RADIOACTIVE WHITE-I label.

(a) Except for size and color, the RADIOACTIVE WHITE-I label must be as follows:



(b) In addition to complying with \$172.407, the background on the RADIO-

ACTIVE WHITE-I label must be white. The printing and symbol must be black, except for the "I" which must be red.

[Amdt. 172-123, 56 FR 66259, Dec. 20, 1991]

§ 172.438 RADIOACTIVE YELLOW-II label.

(a) Except for size and color, the RADIOACTIVE YELLOW-II must be as follows:



(b) In addition to complying with §172.407, the background color on the RADIOACTIVE YELLOW-II label must be yellow in the top half and white in

the lower half. The printing and symbol must be black, except for the " Π " which must be red.

[Amdt. 172-123, 56 FR 66259, Dec. 20, 1991]

§ 172.440 RADIOACTIVE YELLOW-III label.

(a) Except for size and color, the RADIOACTIVE YELLOW-III label must be as follows:



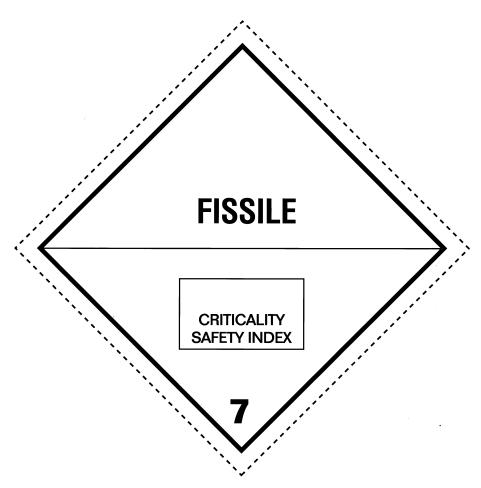
49 CFR Ch. I (10-1-11 Edition)

(b) In addition to complying with §172.407, the background color on the RADIOACTIVE YELLOW-III label must be yellow in the top half and white in the lower half. The printing and symbol must be black, except for the "III" which must be red.

[Amdt. 172–123, 56 FR 66259, Dec. 20, 1991]

$\S 172.441$ FISSILE label.

(a) Except for size and color, the FISSILE label must be as follows:



(b) In addition to complying with \$172.407, the background color on the FISSILE label must be white.

[69 FR 3669, Jan. 26, 2004]

§172.442 CORROSIVE label.

(a) Except for size and color, the ${\tt CORROSIVE}$ label must be as follows:



49 CFR Ch. I (10-1-11 Edition)

§ 172.444

(b) In addition to complying with §172.407, the background on the COR-ROSIVE label must be white in the top half and black in the lower half.

[Amdt. 172-123, 56 FR 66259, Dec. 20, 1991]

§172.444 [Reserved]

§172.446 CLASS 9 label.

(a) Except for size and color, the "CLASS 9" (miscellaneous hazardous materials) label must be as follows:



(b) In addition to complying with §172.407, the background on the CLASS 9 label must be white with seven black vertical stripes on the top half. The black vertical stripes must be spaced, so that, visually, they appear equal in width to the six white spaces between them. The lower half of the label must be white with the class number "9" underlined and centered at the bottom. The solid horizontal line dividing the lower and upper half of the label is optional.

(c) Labels conforming to requirements in place on August 18, 2011 may continue to be used until October 1, 2014.

[Amdt. 172–123, 56 FR 66259, Dec. 20, 1991, as amended at 74 FR 2252, Jan. 14, 2009; 76 FR 43528, July 20, 2011; 76 FR 56314, Sept. 13, 2011]

§ 172.448 CARGO AIRCRAFT ONLY label.

(a) Except for size and color, the CARGO AIRCRAFT ONLY label must be as follows:

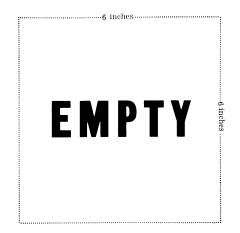


- (b) The CARGO AIRCRAFT ONLY label must be black on an orange background.
- (c) A CARGO AIRCRAFT ONLY label conforming to the specifications in this section and in §172.407(c)(2) in effect on October 1, 2008, may be used until January 1, 2013.

[74 FR 2252, Jan. 14, 2009, as amended at 75 FR 72, Jan. 4, 2010]

§172.450 EMPTY label.

(a) Each EMPTY label, except for size, must be as follows:



- (1) Each side must be at least 6 inches (152 mm.) with each letter at least 1 inch (25.4 mm.) in height.
- (2) The label must be white with black printing.
 - (b) [Reserved]

Subpart F—Placarding

§ 172.500 Applicability of placarding requirements.

- (a) Each person who offers for transportation or transports any hazardous material subject to this subchapter shall comply with the applicable placarding requirements of this subpart.
 - (b) This subpart does not apply to-
 - (1) Infectious substances;
- (2) Hazardous materials classed as ORM-D;
- (3) Hazardous materials authorized by this subchapter to be offered for transportation as a limited quantity when identified as such on a shipping paper in accordance with §172.203(b) or when marked as such in accordance with §172.315.
- (4) Hazardous materials prepared in accordance with §173.13 of this subchapter;
- (5) Hazardous materials which are packaged as small quantities under the provisions of §§173.4, 173.4a, 173.4b of this subchapter; and

(6) Combustible liquids in non-bulk packagings.

[Amdt. 172–123, 55 FR 52599, Dec. 21, 1990, as amended by Amdt. 172–149, 61 FR 27173, May 30, 1996; 74 FR 2253, Jan. 14, 2009; 76 FR 3367, Jan. 19, 2011]

§ 172.502 Prohibited and permissive placarding.

- (a) Prohibited placarding. Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, no person may affix or display on a packaging, freight container, unit load device, motor vehicle or rail car—
- (1) Any placard described in this subpart unless—
- (i) The material being offered or transported is a hazardous material;
- (ii) The placard represents a hazard of the hazardous material being offered or transported; and
- (iii) Any placarding conforms to the requirements of this subpart.
- (2) Any sign, advertisement, slogan (such as "Drive Safely"), or device that, by its color, design, shape or content, could be confused with any placard prescribed in this subpart.
- (b) Exceptions. (1) The restrictions in paragraph (a) of this section do not apply to a bulk packaging, freight container, unit load device, transport vehicle or rail car which is placarded in conformance with TDG Regulations, the IMDG Code or the UN Recommendations (IBR, see §171.7 of this subchapter).
- (2) The restrictions of paragraph (a) of this section do not apply to the display of a BIOHAZARD marking, a "HOT" marking, a sour crude oil hazard marking, or an identification number on a white square-on-point configuration in accordance with §§172.323(c), 172.325(c), 172.327(a), or 172.336(b) of this part, respectively.
- (3) The restrictions in paragraph (a)(2) of this section do not apply until October 1, 2001 to a safety sign or safety slogan (e.g., "Drive Safely" or "Drive Carefully"), which was permanently marked on a transport vehicle, bulk packaging, or freight container on or before August 21, 1997.
- (c) Permissive placarding. Placards may be displayed for a hazardous material, even when not required, if the

placarding otherwise conforms to the requirements of this subpart.

[Amdt. 172–123, 55 FR 52599, Dec. 21, 1990, as amended at 56 FR 66259, Dec. 20, 1991; Amdt. 172–151, 62 FR 1230, Jan. 8, 1997; 62 FR 39389 and 39407, July 22, 1997; 66 FR 8647, Feb. 1, 2001; 66 FR 33426, June 21, 2001; 67 FR 53137, Aug. 14, 2002; 68 FR 75741, Dec. 31, 2003; 76 FR 3367, Jan. 19, 2011]

§ 172.503 Identification number display on placards.

For procedures and limitations pertaining to the display of identification numbers on placards, see §172.334.

[Amdt. 172-58, 45 FR 34701, May 22, 1980]

§ 172.504 General placarding requirements.

- (a) General. Except as otherwise provided in this subchapter, each bulk packaging, freight container, unit load device, transport vehicle or rail car containing any quantity of a hazardous material must be placarded on each side and each end with the type of placards specified in tables 1 and 2 of this section and in accordance with other placarding requirements of this subpart, including the specifications for the placards named in the tables and described in detail in §§ 172.519 through 172.560.
- (b) DANGEROUS placard. A freight container, unit load device, transport vehicle, or rail car which contains nonbulk packages with two or more categories of hazardous materials that require different placards specified in table 2 of paragraph (e) of this section may be placarded with a DANGEROUS placard instead of the separate placarding specified for each of the materials in table 2 of paragraph (e) of this section. However, when 1,000 kg (2,205 pounds) aggregate gross weight or more of one category of material is loaded therein at one loading facility on a freight container, unit load device, transport vehicle, or rail car, the placard specified in table 2 of paragraph (e) of this section for that category must be applied.
- (c) Exception for less than 454 kg (1,001 pounds). Except for bulk packagings and hazardous materials subject to §172.505, when hazardous materials covered by table 2 of this section are

transported by highway or rail, placards are not required on—

- (1) A transport vehicle or freight container which contains less than 454 kg (1001 pounds) aggregate gross weight of hazardous materials covered by table 2 of paragraph (e) of this section; or
- (2) A rail car loaded with transport vehicles or freight containers, none of which is required to be placarded.

The exceptions provided in paragraph (c) of this section do not prohibit the display of placards in the manner prescribed in this subpart, if not otherwise

prohibited (see §172.502), on transport vehicles or freight containers which are not required to be placarded.

- (d) Exception for empty non-bulk packages. Except for hazardous materials subject to §172.505, a non-bulk packaging that contains only the residue of a hazardous material covered by Table 2 of paragraph (e) of this section need not be included in determining placarding requirements.
- (e) *Placarding tables*. Placards are specified for hazardous materials in accordance with the following tables:

TABLE 1

Category of material (Hazard class or division number and additional description, as appropriate)	Placard name	Placard design section reference (§)
1.1	EXPLOSIVES 1.1	172.522
1.2	EXPLOSIVES 1.2	172.522
1.3	EXPLOSIVES 1.3	172.522
2.3	POISON GAS	172.540
4.3	DANGEROUS WHEN WET	172.548
 Corganic peroxide, Type B, liquid or solid, temperature controlled). 	ORGANIC PEROXIDE	172.552
6.1 (material poisonous by inhalation (see § 171.8 of this subchapter)).	POISON INHALATION HAZARD	172.555
7 (Radioactive Yellow III label only)	RADIOACTIVE 1	172.556

¹RADIOACTIVE placard also required for exclusive use shipments of low specific activity material and surface contaminated objects transported in accordance with § 173.427(b)(4) and (5) or (c) of this subchapter.

TABLE 2

Category of material (Hazard class or division number and additional description, as appropriate)	Placard name	Placard design section reference (§)
1.4	EXPLOSIVES 1.4	172.523
1.5	EXPLOSIVES 1.5	172.524
1.6	EXPLOSIVES 1.6	172.525
2.1	FLAMMABLE GAS	172.532
2.2	NON-FLAMMABLE GAS	172.528
3	FLAMMABLE	172.542
Combustible liquid	COMBUSTIBLE	172.544
4.1	FLAMMABLE SOLID	172.546
4.2	SPONTANEOUSLY COMBUSTIBLE	172.547
5.1	OXIDIZER	172.550
5.2 (Other than organic peroxide, Type B, liquid or solid, temperature controlled).	ORGANIC PEROXIDE	172.552
6.1 (other than material poisonous by inhalation)	POISON	172.554
6.2	(None)	
8	CORROSIVE	172.558
9	Class 9 (see § 172.504(f)(9))	172.560
ORM-D	(None)	

- (f) Additional placarding exceptions. (1) When more than one division placard is required for Class 1 materials on a transport vehicle, rail car, freight container or unit load device, only the placard representing the lowest division number must be displayed.
- (2) A FLAMMABLE placard may be used in place of a COMBUSTIBLE placard on—
 - (i) A cargo tank or portable tank.
- (ii) A compartmented tank car which contains both flammable and combustible liquids.

- (3) A NON-FLAMMABLE GAS placard is not required on a transport vehicle which contains non-flammable gas if the transport vehicle also contains flammable gas or oxygen and it is placarded with FLAMMABLE GAS or OXYGEN placards, as required.
- (4) OXIDIZER placards are not required for Division 5.1 materials on freight containers, unit load devices, transport vehicles or rail cars which also contain Division 1.1 or 1.2 materials and which are placarded with EXPLOSIVES 1.1 or 1.2 placards, as required.
- (5) For transportation by transport vehicle or rail car only, an OXIDIZER placard is not required for Division 5.1 materials on a transport vehicle, rail car or freight container which also contains Division 1.5 explosives and is placarded with EXPLOSIVES 1.5 placards, as required.
- (6) The EXPLOSIVE 1.4 placard is not required for those Division 1.4 Compatibility Group S (1.4S) materials that are not required to be labeled 1.4S.
- (7) For domestic transportation of oxygen, compressed or oxygen, refrigerated liquid, the OXYGEN placard in §172.530 of this subpart may be used in place of a NON-FLAMMABLE GAS placard.
- (8) For domestic transportation, a POISON INHALATION HAZARD placard is not required on a transport vehicle or freight container that is already placarded with the POISON GAS placard.
- (9) For Class 9, a CLASS 9 placard is not required for domestic transportation, including that portion of international transportation, defined in §171.8 of this subchapter, which occurs within the United States. However, a bulk packaging must be marked with the appropriate identification number on a CLASS 9 placard, an orange panel, or a white square-on-point display configuration as required by subpart D of this part.
- (10) For Division 6.1, PG III materials, a POISON placard may be modified to display the text "PG III" below the mid line of the placard.
- (11) For domestic transportation, a POISON placard is not required on a transport vehicle or freight container required to display a POISON INHALA-

- TION HAZARD or POISON GAS placard.
- (g) For shipments of Class 1 (explosive materials) by aircraft or vessel, the applicable compatibility group letter must be displayed on the placards, or labels when applicable, required by this section. When more than one compatibility group placard is required for Class 1 materials, only one placard is required to be displayed, as provided in paragraphs (g)(1) through (g)(4) of this section. For the purposes of paragraphs (g)(1) through (g)(4), there is a distinction between the phrases explosive articles and explosive substances. Explosive article means an article containing an explosive substance; examples include a detonator, flare, primer or fuse. Explosive substance means a substance contained in a packaging that is not contained in an article; examples include black powder and smokeless powder.
- (1) Explosive articles of compatibility groups C, D or E may be placarded displaying compatibility group E.
- (2) Explosive articles of compatibility groups C, D, or E, when transported with those in compatibility group N, may be placarded displaying compatibility group D.
- (3) Explosive substances of compatibility groups C and D may be placarded displaying compatibility group D.
- (4) Explosive articles of compatibility groups C, D, E or G, except for fireworks, may be placarded displaying compatibility group E.

[Amdt. 172-123, 55 FR 52600, Dec. 21, 1990]

EDITORIAL NOTE: For FEDERAL REGISTER citations affecting §172.504, see the List of CFR Sections Affected which appears in the Finding Aids section of the printed volume and at www.fdsys.gov.

§ 172.505 Placarding for subsidiary hazards.

(a) Each transport vehicle, freight container, portable tank, unit load device, or rail car that contains a poisonous material subject to the "Poison Inhalation Hazard" shipping description of §172.203(m) must be placarded with a POISON INHALATION HAZARD or POISON GAS placard, as appropriate, on each side and each end, in

addition to any other placard required for that material in §172.504. Duplication of the POISON INHALATION HAZARD or POISON GAS placard is not required.

- (b) In addition to the RADIOACTIVE placard which may be required by §172.504(e) of this subpart, each transport vehicle, portable tank or freight container that contains 454 kg (1001 pounds) or more gross weight of fissile or low specific activity uranium hexafluoride shall be placarded with a CORROSIVE placard on each side and each end
- (c) Each transport vehicle, portable tank, freight container or unit load device that contains a material which has a subsidiary hazard of being dangerous when wet, as defined in \$173.124 of this subchapter, shall be placarded with DANGEROUS WHEN WET placards, on each side and each end, in addition to the placards required by \$172.504.
- (d) Hazardous materials that possess secondary hazards may exhibit subsidiary placards that correspond to the placards described in this part, even when not required by this part (see also § 172.519(b) (4) of this subpart).

[Amdt. 172–123, 55 FR 52601, Dec. 21, 1990, as amended at 56 FR 66260, Dec. 20, 1991; 57 FR 45460, Oct. 1, 1992; Amdt. 172–127, 59 FR 49133, Sept. 26, 1994; Amdt. 172–151, 62 FR 1231, Jan. 8, 1997; 62 FR 39398, July 22, 1997; 65 FR 58626, Sept. 29, 2000; 72 FR 55692, Oct. 1, 2007]

§ 172.506 Providing and affixing placards: Highway.

- (a) Each person offering a motor carrier a hazardous material for transportation by highway shall provide to the motor carrier the required placards for the material being offered prior to or at the same time the material is offered for transportation, unless the carrier's motor vehicle is already placarded for the material as required by this subpart.
- (1) No motor carrier may transport a hazardous material in a motor vehicle, unless the placards required for the hazardous material are affixed thereto as required by this subpart.
 - (2) [Reserved]

(b) [Reserved]

[Amdt. 172–29, 41 FR 15996, Apr. 15, 1976, as amended by Amdt. 172–29A, 41 FR 40679, Sept. 20, 1976]

§ 172.507 Special placarding provisions: Highway.

- (a) Each motor vehicle used to transport a package of highway route controlled quantity Class 7 (radioactive) materials (see §173.403 of this subchapter) must have the required RADIOACTIVE warning placard placed on a square background as described in §172.527.
- (b) A nurse tank, meeting the provisions of §173.315(m) of this subchapter, is not required to be placarded on an end containing valves, fittings, regulators or gauges when those appurtenances prevent the markings and placard from being properly placed and visible.

[Amdt. 172–103, 51 FR 5971, Feb. 18, 1986, as amended by Amdt. 172–143, 60 FR 50305, Sept. 28, 1995]

§ 172.508 Placarding and affixing placards: Rail.

- (a) Each person offering a hazardous material for transportation by rail shall affix to the rail car containing the material, the placards specified by this subpart. Placards displayed on motor vehicles, transport containers, or portable tanks may be used to satisfy this requirement, if the placards otherwise conform to the provisions of this subpart.
- (b) No rail carrier may accept a rail car containing a hazardous material for transportation unless the placards for the hazardous material are affixed thereto as required by this subpart.

[Amdt. 172–29, 41 FR 15996, Apr. 15, 1976, as amended by Amdt. 172–123, 55 FR 52601, Dec. 21, 1990]

§ 172.510 Special placarding provisions: Rail.

- (a) White square background. The following must have the specified placards placed on a white square background, as described in §172.527:
- (1) Division 1.1 and 1.2 (explosive) materials which require EXPLOSIVES 1.1 or EXPLOSIVES 1.2 placards affixed to the rail car;

- (2) Materials classed in Division 2.3 Hazard Zone A or 6.1 Packing Group I Hazard Zone A which require POISON GAS or POISON placards affixed to the rail car, including tank cars containing only a residue of the material; and
- (3) Class DOT 113 tank cars used to transport a Division 2.1 (flammable gas) material, including tank cars containing only a residue of the material.
- (b) Chemical ammunition. Each rail car containing Division 1.1 or 1.2 (explosive) ammunition which also meets the definition of a material poisonous by inhalation (see §171.8 of this subchapter) must be placarded EXPLOSIVES 1.1 or EXPLOSIVES 1.2 and POISON GAS or POISON INHALATION HAZARD.

[Amdt. 172–29, 41 FR 15996, Apr. 15, 1976, as amended by Amdt. 172–103, 51 FR 5971, Feb. 18, 1986; Amdt. 172–110, 52 FR 29528, Aug. 10, 1987; Amdt. 172–111, 52 FR 36671, Sept. 30, 1987; Amdt. 172–123, 55 FR 52601, Dec. 21, 1990; 56 FR 66260, Dec. 20, 1991; 57 FR 45460, Oct. 1, 1992; Amdt. 172–248, 61 FR 28676, June 5, 1996; Amdt. 172–151, 62 FR 1231, Jan. 8, 1997; 62 FR 39398, July 22, 1997]

§ 172.512 Freight containers and aircraft unit load devices.

- (a) Capacity of 640 cubic feet or more. Each person who offers for transportation, and each person who loads and transports, a hazardous material in a freight container or aircraft unit load device having a capacity of 640 cubic feet or more shall affix to the freight container or aircraft unit load device the placards specified for the material in accordance with §172.504. However:
- (1) The placarding exception provided in §172.504(c) applies to motor vehicles transporting freight containers and aircraft unit load devices,
- (2) The placarding exception provided in §172.504(c) applies to each freight container and aircraft unit load device being transported for delivery to a consignee immediately following an air or water shipment, and,
- (3) Placarding is not required on a freight container or aircraft unit load device if it is only transported by air and is identified as containing a hazardous material in the manner provided in part 7, chapter 2, section 2.7, of the ICAO Technical Instructions (IBR, see §171.7 of this subchapter).

- (b) Capacity less than 18 m 3 (640 cubic feet). (1) Each person who offers for transportation by air, and each person who loads and transports by air, a hazardous material in a freight container or aircraft unit load device having a capacity of less than 18 m³ (640 cubic feet) shall affix one placard of the type specified by paragraph (a) of this section unless the freight container or aircraft unit load device:
- (i) Is labeled in accordance with subpart E of this part, including §172.406(e);
- (ii) Contains radioactive materials requiring the Radioactive Yellow III label and is placarded with one Radioactive placard and is labeled in accordance with subpart E of this part, including §172.406(e); or,
- (iii) Is identified as containing a hazardous material in the manner provided in part 7, chapter 2, section 2.7, of the ICAO Technical Instructions.
- (2) When hazardous materials are offered for transportation, not involving air transportation, in a freight container having a capacity of less than 640 cubic feet the freight container need not be placarded. However, if not placarded, it must be labeled in accordance with subpart E of this part.
- (c) Notwithstanding paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section, packages containing hazardous materials, other than ORM-D, offered for transportation by air in freight containers are subject to the inspection requirements of §175.30 of this chapter.

[Amdt. 172–29, 41 FR 15996, Apr. 15, 1976, as amended by Amdt. 172–29A, 41 FR 40680, Sept. 20, 1976; Amdt. 172–87, 48 FR 53712, Nov. 29, 1983; 48 FR 55469, Dec. 13, 1983; Amdt. 172–103, 51 FR 5971, Feb. 18, 1986; Amdt. 172–111, 52 FR 36671, Sept. 30, 1987; Amdt. 172–123, 55 FR 52601, Dec. 21, 1990; 66 FR 33426, June 21, 2001; 66 FR 45182, Aug. 28, 2001; 68 FR 75741, Dec. 31, 2003; 69 FR 54046, Sept. 7, 2004; 76 FR 56314, Sept. 13, 2011]

§172.514 Bulk packagings.

- (a) Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this section, each person who offers for transportation a bulk packaging which contains a hazardous material, shall affix the placards specified for the material in §§ 172.504 and 172.505.
- (b) Each bulk packaging that is required to be placarded when it contains a hazardous material, must remain

placarded when it is emptied, unless it...

- (1) Is sufficiently cleaned of residue and purged of vapors to remove any potential hazard:
- (2) Is refilled, with a material requiring different placards or no placards, to such an extent that any residue remaining in the packaging is no longer hazardous; or
- (3) Contains the residue of a hazardous substance in Class 9 in a quantity less than the reportable quantity, and conforms to \$173.29(b)(1) of this subchapter.
- (c) Exceptions. The following packagings may be placarded on only two opposite sides or, alternatively, may be labeled instead of placarded in accordance with subpart E of this part:
- (1) A portable tank having a capacity of less than 3,785 L (1000 gallons);
- (2) A DOT 106 or 110 multi-unit tank car tank;
- (3) A bulk packaging other than a portable tank, cargo tank, or tank car (e.g., a bulk bag or box) with a volumetric capacity of less than 18 cubic meters (640 cubic feet);
- (4) An IBC. For an IBC labeled in accordance with subpart E of this part instead of placarded, the IBC may display the proper shipping name and UN identification number in accordance with the size requirements of §172.302(b)(2) in place of the UN number on an orange panel or placard.
- (5) A Large Packaging as defined in §171.8 of this subchapter.

[Amdt. 172–136, 59 FR 38064, July 26, 1994; Amdt. 172–148, 61 FR 50255, Sept. 25, 1996, as amended by 66 FR 45379, Aug. 28, 2001; 69 FR 64473, Nov. 4, 2004; 75 FR 5392, Feb. 2, 2010; 76 FR 43528, July 20, 2011]

§ 172.516 Visibility and display of placards.

- (a) Each placard on a motor vehicle and each placard on a rail car must be clearly visible from the direction it faces, except from the direction of another transport vehicle or rail car to which the motor vehicle or rail car is coupled. This requirement may be met by the placards displayed on the freight containers or portable tanks loaded on a motor vehicle or rail car.
- (b) The required placarding of the front of a motor vehicle may be on the

- front of a truck-tractor instead of or in addition to the placarding on the front of the cargo body to which a trucktractor is attached.
- (c) Each placard on a transport vehicle, bulk packaging, freight container or aircraft unit load device must—
- (1) Be securely attached or affixed thereto or placed in a holder thereon. (See appendix C to this part.);
- (2) Be located clear of appurtenances and devices such as ladders, pipes, doors, and tarpaulins;
- (3) So far as practicable, be located so that dirt or water is not directed to it from the wheels of the transport vehicle:
- (4) Be located away from any marking (such as advertising) that could substantially reduce its effectiveness, and in any case at least 3 inches (76.0 mm.) away from such marking;
- (5) Have the words or identification number (when authorized) printed on it displayed horizontally, reading from left to right:
- (6) Be maintained by the carrier in a condition so that the format, legibility, color, and visibility of the placard will not be substantially reduced due to damage, deterioration, or obscurement by dirt or other matter;
- (7) Be affixed to a background of contrasting color, or must have a dotted or solid line outer border which contrasts with the background color.
- (d) Recommended specifications for a placard holder are set forth in appendix C of this part. Except for a placard holder similar to that contained in appendix C to this part, the means used to attach a placard may not obscure any part of its surface other than the borders.
- (e) A placard or placard holder may be hinged provided the required format, color, and legibility of the placard are maintained.

[Amdt. 172–29, 41 FR 15996, Apr. 15, 1976, as amended by Amdt. 172–101, 45 FR 74668, Nov. 10, 1980; Amdt. 172–123, 55 FR 52601, Dec. 21, 1990; 65 FR 50460, Aug. 18, 2000]

§ 172.519 General specifications for placards.

(a) Strength and durability. Placards must conform to the following:

- (1) A placard may be made of any plastic, metal or other material capable of withstanding, without deterioration or a substantial reduction in effectiveness, a 30-day exposure to open weather conditions.
- (2) A placard made of tagboard must be at least equal to that designated commercially as white tagboard. Tagboard must have a weight of at least 80 kg (176 pounds) per ream of 610 by 910 mm (24 by 36-inch) sheets, waterproofing materials included. In addition, each placard made of tagboard must be able to pass a 414 kPa (60 p.s.i.) Mullen test.
- (3) Reflective or retroreflective materials may be used on a placard if the prescribed colors, strength and durability are maintained.
- (b) Design. (1) Except as provided in §172.332 of this part, each placard must be as described in this subpart, and except for size and color, the printing, inner border and symbol must be as shown in §§172.521 through 172.560 of this subpart, as appropriate.
- (2) The dotted line border shown on each placard is not part of the placard specification. However, a dotted or solid line outer border may be used when needed to indicate the full size of a placard that is part of a larger format or is on a background of a noncontrasting color.
- (3) For other than Class 7 or the DANGEROUS placard, text indicating a hazard (for example, "FLAM-MABLE") is not required. Text may be omitted from the OXYGEN placard only if the specific identification number is displayed on the placard.
- (4) For a placard corresponding to the primary or subsidiary hazard class of a material, the hazard class or division number must be displayed in the lower corner of the placard. However, a permanently affixed subsidiary placard meeting the specifications of this section which were in effect on October 1, 2001, (such as, a placard without the hazard class or division number displayed in the lower corner of the placard) and which was installed prior to September 30, 2001, may continue to be used as a subsidiary placard in domestic transportation by rail or highway, provided the color tolerances are maintained and are in accordance with

- the display requirements in this sub-chapter.
- (c) Size. (1) Each placard prescribed in this subpart must measure at least 250 mm (9.84 inches) on each side and must have a solid line inner border approximately 12.7 mm (0.5 inches) from each edge.
- (2) Except as otherwise provided in this subpart, the hazard class or division number, as appropriate, must be shown in numerals measuring at least 41 mm (1.6 inches) in height.
- (3) Except as otherwise provided in this subpart, when text indicating a hazard is displayed on a placard, the printing must be in letters measuring at least 41 mm (1.6 inches) in height.
- (d) Color. (1) The background color, symbol, text, numerals and inner border on a placard must be as specified in §§ 172.521 through 172.560 of this subpart, as appropriate.
- (2) Black and any color on a placard must be able to withstand, without substantial change—
- (i) A 72-hour fadeometer test (for a description of equipment designed for this purpose, see ASTM G 23-69 or ASTM G 26-70); and
- (ii) A 30-day exposure to open weather.
- (3) Upon visual examination, a color on a placard must fall within the color tolerances displayed on the appropriate Hazardous Materials Label and Placard Color Tolerance Chart (see §172.407(d)(4)). As an alternative, the PANTONE® formula guide coated/uncoated as specified for colors in §172.407(d)(5) may be used.
- (4) The placard color must extend to the inner border and may extend to the edge of the placard in the area designated on each placard except the color on the CORROSIVE and RADIO-ACTIVE placards (black and yellow, respectively) must extend only to the inner border.
- (e) Form identification. A placard may contain form identification information, including the name of its maker, provided that information is printed outside of the solid line inner border in no larger than 10-point type.
- (f) Exceptions. When hazardous materials are offered for transportation or transported under the provisions of subpart C of part 171 of this subchapter,

a placard conforming to the specifications in the ICAO Technical Instructions, the IMDG Code, or the Transport Canada TDG Regulations (IBR, see §171.7 of this subchapter) may be used in place of a corresponding placard conforming to the requirements of this subpart. However, a bulk packaging, transport vehicle, or freight container containing a material poisonous by inhalation (see §171.8 of this subchapter) must be placarded in accordance with this subpart (see §171.23(b)(10) of this subchapter).

(g) Trefoil symbol. The trefoil symbol on the RADIOACTIVE placard must meet the appropriate specification in appendix B of this part.

[Amdt. 172–123, 55 FR 52601, Dec. 21, 1990, as amended at 56 FR 66260, Dec. 20, 1991; 57 FR 45460, Oct. 1, 1992; Amdt. 172–143, 60 FR 50305, Sept. 28, 1995; 65 FR 50460, Aug. 18, 2000; 66 FR 33426, June 21, 2001; 66 FR 44255, Aug. 22, 2001; 67 FR 15743, Apr. 3, 2002; 70 FR 34075, June 13, 2005; 69 FR 64473, Nov. 4, 2004; 72 FR 25176, May 3, 2007; 76 FR 43528, July 20, 2011; 76 FR 56314, Sept. 13, 2011]

§172.521 DANGEROUS placard.

(a) Except for size and color, the DANGEROUS placard must be as follows:



(b) In addition to meeting the requirements of §172.519, and appendix B to this part, the DANGEROUS placard must have a red upper and lower triangle. The placard center area and ½-inch (12.7 mm.) border must be white. The inscription must be black with the ½-inch (3.2 mm.) border marker in the

white area at each end of the inscription red.

[Amdt. 172–29, 41 FR 15996, Apr. 15, 1976, as amended by Amdt. 172–29A, 41 FR 40680, Sept. 20, 1976]

§ 172.522 EXPLOSIVES 1.1, EXPLOSIVES 1.2 and EXPLOSIVES 1.3 placards.

(a) Except for size and color, the EXPLOSIVES 1.1, EXPLOSIVES 1.2 and EXPLOSIVES 1.3 placards must be as follows:



(b) In addition to complying with §172.519 of this subpart, the background color on the EXPLOSIVES 1.1, EXPLOSIVES 1.2, and EXPLOSIVES 1.3 placards must be orange. The "*" shall be replaced with the appropriate division number and, when required, appropriate compatibility group letter. The symbol, text, numerals and inner border must be black.

[Amdt. 172–123, 55 FR 52602, Dec. 21, 1990, as amended at 56 FR 66260, Dec. 20, 1991]

§ 172.523 EXPLOSIVES 1.4 placard.

(a) Except for size and color, the EXPLOSIVES 1.4 placard must be as follows:



(b) In addition to complying with §172.519 of this subpart, the background color on the EXPLOSIVES 1.4 placard must be orange. The "*" shall be replaced, when required, with the appropriate compatibility group letter. The division numeral, 1.4, must measure at least 64 mm (2.5 inches) in height. The text, numerals and inner border must be black.

[Amdt. 172–123, 55 FR 52602, Dec. 21, 1990, as amended at 56 FR 66261, Dec. 20, 1991]

§172.524 EXPLOSIVES 1.5 placard.

(a) Except for size and color, the EXPLOSIVES 1.5 placard must be as follows:



(b) In addition to complying with the §172.519 of this subpart, the background color on EXPLOSIVES 1.5 placard

must be orange. The "*" shall be replaced, when required, with the appropriate compatibility group letter. The division numeral, 1.5, must measure at least 64 mm (2.5 inches) in height. The text, numerals and inner border must be black.

[Amdt. 172–123, 55 FR 52602, Dec. 21, 1990, as amended at 56 FR 66261, Dec. 20, 1991]

§ 172.525 EXPLOSIVES 1.6 placard.

(a) Except for size and color the EX-PLOSIVES 1.6 placard must be as follows:



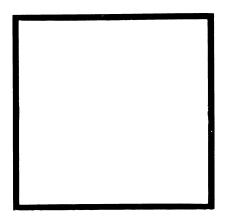
(b) In addition to complying with \$172.519 of this subpart, the background color on the EXPLOSIVES 1.6 placard must be orange. The "*" shall be replaced, when required, with the appropriate compatibility group letter. The division numeral, 1.6, must measure at least 64 mm (2.5 inches) in height. The text, numerals and inner border must be black.

[Amdt. 172–123, 55 FR 52603, Dec. 21, 1990, as amended at 56 FR 66261, Dec. 20, 1991; Amdt. 172–130, 58 FR 51531, Oct. 1, 1993]

§172.526 [Reserved]

§ 172.527 Background requirements for certain placards.

(a) Except for size and color, the square background required by §172.510(a) for certain placards on rail cars, and §172.507 for placards on motor vehicles containing a package of highway route controlled quantity radioactive materials, must be as follows:



(b) In addition to meeting the requirements of §172.519 for minimum durability and strength, the square background must consist of a white square measuring $14\frac{1}{4}$ inches (362.0 mm.) on each side surrounded by a black border extending to $15\frac{1}{4}$ inches (387.0 mm.) on each side.

[Amdt. 172–29, 41 FR 15996, Apr. 15, 1976, as amended by Amdt. 172–64, 46 FR 5316, Jan. 19, 1981; Amdt. 172–78, 48 FR 10226, Mar. 10, 1983]

§ 172.528 NON-FLAMMABLE GAS placard.

(a) Except for size and color, the NON-FLAMMABLE GAS placard must be as follows:



(b) In addition to complying with §172.519, the background color on the NON-FLAMMABLE GAS placard must be green. The letters in both words must be at least 38 mm (1.5 inches)

high. The symbol, text, class number and inner border must be white.

[Amdt. 172-123, 56 FR 66261, Dec. 20, 1991]

§172.530 OXYGEN placard.

(a) Except for size and color, the OX-YGEN placard must be as follows:



(b) In addition to complying with §172.519 of this subpart, the background color on the OXYGEN placard must be yellow. The symbol, text, class number and inner border must be black.

[Amdt. 172-123, 56 FR 66262, Dec. 20, 1991]

§172.532 FLAMMABLE GAS placard.

(a) Except for size and color, the FLAMMABLE GAS placard must be as follows:



(b) In addition to complying with §172.519, the background color on the

49 CFR Ch. I (10-1-11 Edition)

§ 172.536

FLAMMABLE GAS placard must be red. The symbol, text, class number and inner border must be white.

[Amdt. 172-123, 56 FR 66262, Dec. 20, 1991]

§172.536 [Reserved]

§172.540 POISON GAS placard.

(a) Except for size and color, the POI-SON GAS placard must be as follows:



(b) In addition to complying with §172.519, the background on the POI-SON GAS placard and the symbol must be white. The background of the upper diamond must be black and the lower point of the upper diamond must be 65 mm (25 inches) above the horizontal center line. The text, class number, and inner border must be black.

[62 FR 39408, July 22, 1997]

$\S 172.542$ FLAMMABLE placard.

(a) Except for size and color, the FLAMMABLE placard must be as follows:



(b) In addition to complying with §172.519, the background color on the FLAMMABLE placard must be red. The symbol, text, class number and inner border must be white.

(c) The word "GASOLINE" may be used in place of the word "FLAM-MABLE" on a placard that is displayed on a cargo tank or a portable tank being used to transport gasoline by highway. The word "GASOLINE" must be shown in white.

 $[{\rm Amdt.}\ 172\text{--}123,\ 56\ FR\ 66262,\ Dec.\ 20,\ 1991}]$

§ 172.544 COMBUSTIBLE placard.

(a) Except for size and color, the COMBUSTIBLE placard must be as follows:



(b) In addition to complying with §172.519, the background color on the COMBUSTIBLE placard must be red.

Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Admin., DOT

The symbol, text, class number and inner border must be white. On a COMBUSTIBLE placard with a white bottom as prescribed by §172.332(c)(4), the class number must be red or black.

(c) The words "FUEL OIL" may be used in place of the word "COMBUS-TIBLE" on a placard that is displayed on a cargo tank or portable tank being used to transport by highway fuel oil that is not classed as a flammable liquid. The words "FUEL OIL" must be white.

[Amdt. 172-123, 56 FR 66262, Dec. 20, 1991]

§ 172.546 FLAMMABLE SOLID placard.

(a) Except for size and color, the FLAMMABLE SOLID placard must be as follows:



(b) In addition to complying with §172.519, the background on the FLAM-MABLE SOLID placard must be white with seven vertical red stripes. The stripes must be equally spaced, with one red stripe placed in the center of the label. Each red stripe and each white space between two red stripes must be 25 mm (1.0 inches) wide. The letters in the word "SOLID" must be at least 38.1 mm (1.5 inches) high. The symbol, text, class number and inner border must be black.

[Amdt. 172-123, 56 FR 66263, Dec. 20, 1991]

§ 172.547 SPONTANEOUSLY COMBUSTIBLE placard.

(a) Except for size and color, the SPONTANEOUSLY COMBUSTIBLE placard must be as follows:



(b) In addition to complying with §172.519, the background color on the SPONTANEOUSLY COMBUSTIBLE placard must be red in the lower half and white in upper half. The letters in the word "SPONTANEOUSLY" must be at least 12 mm (0.5 inch) high. The symbol, text, class number and inner border must be black.

[Amdt. 172–123, 56 FR 66263, Dec. 20, 1991, as amended by Amdt. 172–139, 59 FR 67490, Dec. 29, 1994]

§ 172.548 DANGEROUS WHEN WET placard.

(a) Except for size and color, the DANGEROUS WHEN WET placard must be as follows:



(b) In addition to complying with §172.519, the background color on the DANGEROUS WHEN WET placard must be blue. The letters in the words

"WHEN WET" must be at least 25 mm (1.0 inches) high. The symbol, text, class number and inner border must be white.

[Amdt. 172-123, 56 FR 66263, Dec. 20, 1991]

§172.550 OXIDIZER placard.

(a) Except for size and color, the OXI-DIZER placard must be as follows:



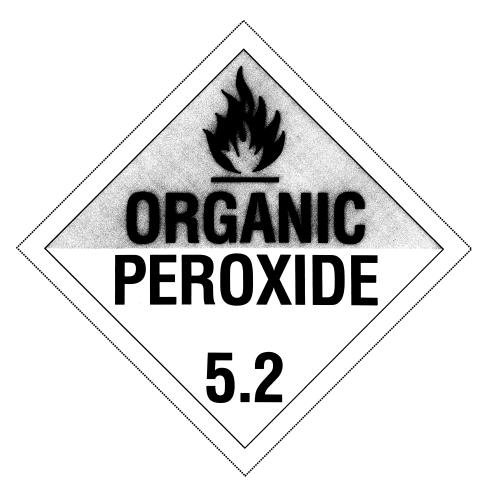
49 CFR Ch. I (10-1-11 Edition)

(b) In addition to complying with §172.519, the background color on the OXIDIZER placard must be yellow. The symbol, text, division number and inner border must be black.

[Amdt. 172–123, 56 FR 66263, Dec. 20, 1991]

§ 172.552 ORGANIC PEROXIDE placard.

(a) Except for size and color, the OR-GANIC PEROXIDE placard must be as follows:



(b) In addition to complying with §172.519, the background on the OR-GANIC PEROXIDE placard must be red in the top half and yellow in the lower half. The text, division number and inner border must be black; the symbol may be either black or white.

(c) For transportation by highway, a Division 5.2 placard conforming to the specifications in this section in effect on December 31, 2006 may continue to be used until January 1, 2014.

[71 FR 78628, Dec. 29, 2006, as amended at 76 FR 43528, July 20, 2011]

§172.553 [Reserved]

$\S\,172.554~$ POISON placard.

(a) Except for size and color, the POI-SON placard must be as follows:



(b) In addition to complying with §172.519, the background on the POI-SON placard must be white. The symbol, text, class number and inner border must be black. The word "TOXIC" may be used in lieu of the word "POI-SON".

[Amdt. 172–123, 56 FR 66264, Dec. 20, 1991, as amended by Amdt. 172–139, 59 FR 67490, Dec. 29, 1994]

§ 172.555 POISON INHALATION HAZ-ARD placard.

(a) Except for size and color, the POISON INHALATION HAZARD placard must be as follows:



(b) In addition to complying with §172.519, the background on the POI-SON INHALATION HAZARD placard and the symbol must be white. The background of the upper diamond must be black and the lower point of the upper diamond must be 65 mm (25% inches) above the horizontal center line. The text, class number, and inner border must be black.

[62 FR 39409, July 22, 1997]

§172.556 RADIOACTIVE placard.

(a) Except for size and color, the RA-DIOACTIVE placard must be as follows:



(b) In addition to complying with $\S172.519$, the background color on the RADIOACTIVE placard must be white in the lower portion with a yellow triangle in the upper portion. The base of the yellow triangle must be 29 mm ± 5 mm (1.1 inches ± 0.2 inches) above the placard horizontal center line. The

symbol, text, class number and inner border must be black.

[Amdt. 172–123, 56 FR 66264, Dec. 20, 1991; Amdt. 172–130, 58 FR 51531, Oct. 1, 1993; 65 FR 58627, Sept. 29, 2000]

§ 172.558 CORROSIVE placard.

(a) Except for size and color, the CORROSIVE placard must be as follows:

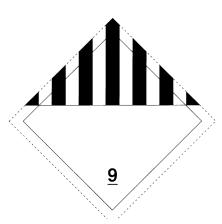


(b) In addition to complying with $\S172.519$, the background color on the CORROSIVE placard must be black in the lower portion with a white triangle in the upper portion. The base of the white triangle must be 38 mm ± 5 mm (1.5 inches ± 0.2 inches) above the placard horizontal center line. The text and class number must be white. The symbol and inner border must be black.

[Amdt. 172–123, 56 FR 66264, Dec. 20, 1991, as amended at 65 FR 58627, Sept. 29, 2000]

§172.560 CLASS 9 placard.

(a) Except for size and color the CLASS 9 (miscellaneous hazardous materials) placard must be as follows:



(b) In addition to conformance with §172.519, the background on the CLASS 9 placard must be white with seven black vertical stripes on the top half extending from the top of the placard to one inch above the horizontal centerline. The black vertical stripes must be spaced so that, visually, they appear equal in width to the six white spaces between them. The space below the vertical lines must be white with the class number 9 underlined and centered at the bottom.

[Amdt. 172–123, 56 FR 66264, Dec. 20, 1991, as amended at 57 FR 45460, Oct. 1, 1992]

Subpart G—Emergency Response Information

§ 172.600 Applicability and general requirements.

- (a) Scope. Except as provided in paragraph (d) of this section, this subpart prescribes requirements for providing and maintaining emergency response information during transportation and at facilities where hazardous materials are loaded for transportation, stored incidental to transportation or otherwise handled during any phase of transportation.
- (b) Applicability. This subpart applies to persons who offer for transportation, accept for transportation, transfer or otherwise handle hazardous materials during transportation.
- (c) General requirements. No person to whom this subpart applies may offer for transportation, accept for transportation, transfer, store or otherwise handle during transportation a hazardous material unless:
- (1) Emergency response information conforming to this subpart is immediately available for use at all times the hazardous material is present; and
- (2) Emergency response information, including the emergency response telephone number, required by this subpart is immediately available to any person who, as a representative of a Federal, State or local government agency, responds to an incident involving a hazardous material, or is conducting an investigation which involves a hazardous material.
- (d) Exceptions. The requirements of this subpart do not apply to hazardous material which is excepted from the

shipping paper requirements of this subchapter or a material properly classified as an ORM-D.

[Amdt. 172–116, 54 FR 27145, June 27, 1989; 54 FR 28750, July 5, 1989, as amended at 55 FR 33712, Aug. 17, 1990; 172–127, 59 FR 49133, Sept. 26, 1994; Amdt. 172–149, 61 FR 27173, May 30, 1996]

§ 172.602 Emergency response information.

- (a) Information required. For purposes of this subpart, the term "emergency response information" means information that can be used in the mitigation of an incident involving hazardous materials and, as a minimum, must contain the following information:
- (1) The basic description and technical name of the hazardous material as required by §§172.202 and 172.203(k), the ICAO Technical Instructions, the IMDG Code, or the TDG Regulations, as appropriate (IBR, see §171.7 of this subchapter):
 - (2) Immediate hazards to health;
 - (3) Risks of fire or explosion;
- (4) Immediate precautions to be taken in the event of an accident or incident:
- (5) Immediate methods for handling fires:
- (6) Initial methods for handling spills or leaks in the absence of fire; and
- (7) Preliminary first aid measures.
- (b) Form of information. The information required for a hazardous material by paragraph (a) of this section must be:
 - (1) Printed legibly in English;
- (2) Available for use away from the package containing the hazardous material; and
 - (3) Presented—
 - (i) On a shipping paper;
- (ii) In a document, other than a shipping paper, that includes both the basic description and technical name of the hazardous material as required by §§ 172.202 and 172.203(k), the ICAO Technical Instructions, the IMDG Code, or the TDG Regulations, as appropriate, and the emergency response information required by this subpart (e.g., a material safety data sheet); or
- (iii) Related to the information on a shipping paper, a written notification to pilot-in-command, or a dangerous cargo manifest, in a separate document

(e.g., an emergency response guidance document), in a manner that cross-references the description of the hazardous material on the shipping paper with the emergency response informacontained in the document. tion Aboard aircraft, the ICAO "Emergency Response Guidance for Aircraft Incidents Involving Dangerous Goods" and, aboard vessels, the IMO "Emergency Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous Goods", or equivalent documents, may be used to satisfy the requirements of this section for a separate document.

- (c) Maintenance of information. Emergency response information shall be maintained as follows:
- (1) Carriers. Each carrier who transports a hazardous material shall maintain the information specified in paragraph (a) of this section and §172.606 of this part in the same manner as prescribed for shipping papers, except that the information must be maintained in the same manner aboard aircraft as the notification of pilot-in-command, and aboard vessels in the same manner as the dangerous cargo manifest. This information must be immediately accessible to train crew personnel, drivers of motor vehicles, flight crew members, and bridge personnel on vessels for use in the event of incidents involving hazardous materials.
- (2) Facility operators. Each operator of a facility where a hazardous material is received, stored or handled during transportation, shall maintain the information required by paragraph (a) of this section whenever the hazardous material is present. This information must be in a location that is immediately accessible to facility personnel in the event of an incident involving the hazardous material.

[Amdt. 172–116, 54 FR 27146, June 27, 1989; 54 FR 28750, July 5, 1989, as amended by Amdt. 172–116, 55 FR 875, Jan. 10, 1990; Amdt. 172–151, 62 FR 1234, Jan. 8, 1997; 66 FR 45379, Aug. 28, 2001; 68 FR 75741, Dec. 31, 2003]

§ 172.604 Emergency response telephone number.

(a) A person who offers a hazardous material for transportation must provide an emergency response telephone number, including the area code, for use in the event of an emergency involving the hazardous material. For telephone numbers outside the United States, the international access code or the "+" (plus) sign, country code, and city code, as appropriate, must be included. The telephone number must be—

- (1) Monitored at all times the hazardous material is in transportation, including storage incidental to transportation:
- (2) The telephone number of a person who is either knowledgeable of the hazardous material being shipped and has comprehensive emergency response and incident mitigation information for that material, or has immediate access to a person who possesses such knowledge and information. A telephone number that requires a call back (such as an answering service, answering machine, or beeper device) does not meet the requirements of paragraph (a) of this section; and
- (3) Entered on a shipping paper, as follows:
- (i) Immediately following the description of the hazardous material required by subpart C of this part; or
- (ii) Entered once on the shipping paper in a prominent, readily identifiable, and clearly visible manner that allows the information to be easily and quickly found, such as by highlighting, use of a larger font or a font that is a different color from other text and information, or otherwise setting the information apart to provide for quick and easy recognition. This provision may be used only if the telephone number applies to each hazardous material entered on the shipping paper, and if it is indicated that the telephone number is for emergency response information (for example: "EMERGENCY CON-TACT: * * *'').
- (b) The telephone number required by paragraph (a) of this section must be –
- (1) The number of the person offering the hazardous material for transportation when that person is also the emergency response information provider (ERI provider). The name of the person, or contract number or other unique identifier assigned by an ERI provider, identified with the emergency response telephone number must be entered on the shipping paper immediately before, after, above, or below

Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Admin., DOT

emergency response telephone number unless the name is entered elsewhere on the shipping paper in a prominent, readily identifiable, and clearly visible manner that allows the information to be easily and quickly found; or

- (2) The number of an agency or organization capable of, and accepting responsibility for, providing the detailed information required by paragraph (a)(2) of this section. The person who is registered with the ERI provider must ensure that the agency or organization has received current information on the material before it is offered for transportation. The person who is registered with the ERI provider must be identified by name, or contract number or other unique identifier assigned by the ERI provider, on the shipping paper immediately before, after, above, or below the emergency response telephone number in a prominent, readily identifiable, and clearly visible manner that allows the information to be easilv and quickly found, unless the name or identifier is entered elsewhere in a prominent manner as provided in paragraph (b)(1) of this section.
- (c) A person preparing shipping papers for continued transportation in commerce must include the information required by this section. If the person preparing shipping papers for continued transportation in commerce elects to assume responsibility for providing the emergency response telephone number required by this section, the person must ensure that all the requirements of this section are met.
- (d) The requirements of this section do not apply to-
- (1) Hazardous materials that are offered for transportation under the provisions applicable to limited quantities; and
- (2) Materials properly described under the following shipping names:

Battery powered equipment. Battery powered vehicle.

Carbon dioxide, solid.

Castor bean.

Castor flake.

Castor meal.

Castor pomace.

Consumer commodity.

Dry ice.

Engines, internal combustion.

Fish meal, stabilized. Fish scrap, stabilized. Refrigerating machine. Vehicle, flammable gas powered. Vehicle, flammable liquid powered. Wheelchair, electric.

(3) Transportation vehicles or freight containers containing lading that has been fumigated and displaying the FU-MIGANT marking (see §172.302(g)) as required by §173.9 of this subchapter, unless other hazardous materials are present in the cargo transport unit.

[74 FR 53422, Oct. 19, 2009, as amended at 75 FR 53596, Sept. 1, 2010]

§ 172.606 Carrier information contact.

- (a) Each carrier who transports or accepts for transportation a hazardous material for which a shipping paper is required shall instruct the operator of a motor vehicle, train, aircraft, or vessel to contact the carrier (e.g., by telephone or mobile radio) in the event of an incident involving the hazardous
- (b) For transportation by highway, if a transport vehicle, (e.g., a semi-trailer or freight container-on-chassis) contains hazardous material for which a shipping paper is required and the vehicle is separated from its motive power and parked at a location other than a facility operated by the consignor or consignee or a facility (e.g., a carrier's terminal or a marine terminal) subject to the provisions of §172.602(c)(2), the carrier shall-
- (1) Mark the transport vehicle with the telephone number of the motor carrier on the front exterior near the brake hose and electrical connections or on a label, tag, or sign attached to the vehicle at the brake hose or electrical connection; or
- (2) Have the shipping paper and emergency response information readily available on the transport vehicle.
- (c) The requirements specified in paragraph (b) of this section do not apply to an unattended motor vehicle separated from its motive power when the motor vehicle is marked on an orange panel, a placard, or a plain white square-on-point configuration with the identification number of each hazardous material loaded therein, and the

marking or placard is visible on the outside of the motor vehicle.

[Amdt. 172–151, 62 FR 1234, Jan. 8, 1997, as amended at 62 FR 39398 and 39409, July 22, 1997; 63 FR 16076, Apr. 1, 1998]

Subpart H—Training

SOURCE: Amdt. 172–126, 57 FR 20952, May 15, 1992, unless otherwise noted.

§172.700 Purpose and scope.

- (a) *Purpose*. This subpart prescribes requirements for training hazmat employees.
- (b) Scope. Training as used in this subpart means a systematic program that ensures a hazmat employee has familiarity with the general provisions of this subchapter, is able to recognize and identify hazardous materials, has knowledge of specific requirements of this subchapter applicable to functions performed by the employee, and has knowledge of emergency response information, self-protection measures and accident prevention methods and procedures (see §172.704).
- (c) Modal-specific training requirements. Additional training requirements for the individual modes of transportation are prescribed in parts 174, 175, 176, and 177 of this subchapter.

§ 172.701 Federal-State relationship.

This subpart and the parts referenced in §172.700(c) prescribe minimum training requirements for the transportation of hazardous materials. For motor vehicle drivers, however, a State may impose more stringent training requirements only if those requirements—

- (a) Do not conflict with the training requirements in this subpart and in part 177 of this subchapter; and
- (b) Apply only to drivers domiciled in that State.

§ 172.702 Applicability and responsibility for training and testing.

- (a) A hazmat employer shall ensure that each of its hazmat employees is trained in accordance with the requirements prescribed in this subpart.
- (b) Except as provided in §172.704(c)(1), a hazmat employee who performs any function subject to the

requirements of this subchapter may not perform that function unless instructed in the requirements of this subchapter that apply to that function. It is the duty of each hazmat employer to comply with the applicable requirements of this subchapter and to thoroughly instruct each hazmat employee in relation thereto.

- (c) Training may be provided by the hazmat employer or other public or private sources.
- (d) A hazmat employer shall ensure that each of its hazmat employees is tested by appropriate means on the training subjects covered in §172.704.

[Amdt. 172–126, 57 FR 20952, May 15, 1992; 57 FR 22182, May 27, 1992, as amended by Amdt. 172–149, 61 FR 27173, May 30, 1996]

§172.704 Training requirements.

- (a) Hazmat employee training must include the following:
- (1) General awareness/familiarization training. Each hazmat employee shall be provided general awareness/familiarization training designed to provide familiarity with the requirements of this subchapter, and to enable the employee to recognize and identify hazardous materials consistent with the hazard communication standards of this subchapter.
- (2) Function-specific training. (i) Each hazmat employee must be provided function-specific training concerning requirements of this subchapter, or exemptions or special permits issued under subchapter A of this chapter, that are specifically applicable to the functions the employee performs.
- (ii) As an alternative to function-specific training on the requirements of this subchapter, training relating to the requirements of the ICAO Technical Instructions and the IMDG Code may be provided to the extent such training addresses functions authorized by subpart C of part 171 of this subchapter.
- (3) Safety training. Each hazmat employee shall receive safety training concerning—
- (i) Emergency response information required by subpart G of part 172;
- (ii) Measures to protect the employee from the hazards associated with hazardous materials to which they may be exposed in the work place, including

specific measures the hazmat employer has implemented to protect employees from exposure; and

- (iii) Methods and procedures for avoiding accidents, such as the proper procedures for handling packages containing hazardous materials.
- (4) Security awareness training. Each hazmat employee must receive training that provides an awareness of security risks associated with hazardous materials transportation and methods designed to enhance transportation security. This training must also include a component covering how to recognize and respond to possible security threats. New hazmat employees must receive the security awareness training required by this paragraph within 90 days after employment.
- (5) In-depth security training. Each hazmat employee of a person required to have a security plan in accordance with subpart I of this part who handles hazardous materials covered by the plan, performs a regulated function related to the hazardous materials covered by the plan, or is responsible for implementing the plan must be trained concerning the security plan and its implementation. Security training must include company security objectives, organizational security structure, specific security procedures, specific security duties and responsibilities for each employee, and specific actions to be taken by each employee in the event of a security breach.
- (b) OSHA, EPA, and other training. Training conducted by employers to comply with the hazard communication programs required by the Occupational Safety and Health Administration of the Department of Labor (29 CFR 1910.120 or 1910.1200) or the Environmental Protection Agency (40 CFR 311.1), or training conducted by employers to comply with security training programs required by other Federal or international agencies, may be used to satisfy the training requirements in paragraph (a) of this section to the extent that such training addresses the training components specified in paragraph (a) of this section.
- (c) Initial and recurrent training—(1) Initial training. A new hazmat employee, or a hazmat employee who changes job functions may perform

- those functions prior to the completion of training provided—
- (i) The employee performs those functions under the direct supervision of a properly trained and knowledgeable hazmat employee; and
- (ii) The training is completed within 90 days after employment or a change in job function.
- (2) Recurrent training. A hazmat employee must receive the training required by this subpart at least once every three years. For in-depth security training required under paragraph (a)(5) of this section, a hazmat employee must be trained at least once every three years or, if the security plan for which training is required is revised during the three-year recurrent training cycle, within 90 days of implementation of the revised plan.
- (3) Relevant Training. Relevant training received from a previous employer or other source may be used to satisfy the requirements of this subpart provided a current record of training is obtained from hazmat employees' previous employer.
- (4) Compliance. Each hazmat employer is responsible for compliance with the requirements of this subchapter regardless of whether the training required by this subpart has been completed.
- (d) Recordkeeping. A record of current training, inclusive of the preceding three years, in accordance with this section shall be created and retained by each hazmat employer for as long as that employee is employed by that employer as a hazmat employee and for 90 days thereafter. The record shall include:
 - (1) The hazmat employee's name;
- (2) The most recent training completion date of the hazmat employee's training:
- (3) A description, copy, or the location of the training materials used to meet the requirements in paragraph (a) of this section;
- (4) The name and address of the person providing the training; and
- (5) Certification that the hazmat employee has been trained and tested, as required by this subpart.
- (e) *Limitations*. The following limitations apply:

- (1) A hazmat employee who repairs, modifies, reconditions, or tests packagings, as qualified for use in the transportation of hazardous materials, and who does not perform any other function subject to the requirements of this subchapter, is not subject to the training requirement of paragraph (a)(3) of this section.
- (2) A railroad maintenance-of-way employee or railroad signalman, who does not perform any function subject to the requirements of this subchapter, is not subject to the training requirements of paragraphs (a)(2), (a)(4), or (a)(5) of this section. Initial training for a railroad maintenance-of-way employee or railroad signalman in accordance with this section must be completed by October 1, 2006.

[Amdt. 172–126, 57 FR 20952, May 15, 1992, as amended by Amdt. 172–126, 58 FR 5851, Jan. 22, 1993; Amdt. 172–145, 60 FR 49110, Sept. 21, 1995; Amdt. 172–149, 61 FR 27173, May 30, 1996; 65 FR 50460, Aug. 18, 2000; 68 FR 14521, Mar. 25, 2003; 70 FR 73164, Dec. 9, 2005; 73 FR 4716, Jan. 28, 2008; 73 FR 57005, Oct. 1, 2008; 75 FR 10988, Mar. 9, 2010; 76 FR 56314, Sept. 13, 2011]

Subpart I—Safety and Security Plans

Source: 68 FR 14521, Mar. 25, 2003, unless otherwise noted.

§172.800 Purpose and applicability.

- (a) *Purpose*. This subpart prescribes requirements for development and implementation of plans to address security risks related to the transportation of hazardous materials in commerce.
- (b) Applicability. Each person who offers for transportation in commerce or transports in commerce one or more of the following hazardous materials must develop and adhere to a transportation security plan for hazardous materials that conforms to the requirements of this subpart. As used in this section, "large bulk quantity" refers to a quantity greater than 3,000 kg (6,614 pounds) for solids or 3,000 liters (792 gallons) for liquids and gases in a single packaging such as a cargo tank motor vehicle, portable tank, tank car, or other bulk container.
- (1) Any quantity of a Division 1.1, 1.2, or 1.3 material:

- (2) A quantity of a Division 1.4, 1.5, or 1.6 material requiring placarding in accordance with subpart F of this part;
- (3) A large bulk quantity of Division 2.1 material;
- (4) A large bulk quantity of Division 2.2 material with a subsidiary hazard of 5.1.
- (5) Any quantity of a material poisonous by inhalation, as defined in §171.8 of this subchapter:
- (6) A large bulk quantity of a Class 3 material meeting the criteria for Packing Group I or II;
- (7) A quantity of desensitized explosives meeting the definition of Division 4.1 or Class 3 material requiring placarding in accordance with subpart F of this part;
- (8) A large bulk quantity of a Division 4.2 material meeting the criteria for Packing Group I or II;
- (9) A quantity of a Division 4.3 material requiring placarding in accordance with subpart F of this part;
- (10) A large bulk quantity of a Division 5.1 material in Packing Groups I and II; perchlorates; or ammonium nitrate, ammonium nitrate fertilizers, or ammonium nitrate emulsions, suspensions, or gels;
- (11) Any quantity of organic peroxide, Type B, liquid or solid, temperature controlled:
- (12) A large bulk quantity of Division 6.1 material (for a material poisonous by inhalation see paragraph (5) above);
- (13) A select agent or toxin regulated by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention under 42 CFR part 73 or the United States Department of Agriculture under 9 CFR part 121;
- (14) A quantity of uranium hexafluoride requiring placarding under § 172.505(b);
- (15) International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) Code of Conduct Category 1 and 2 materials including Highway Route Controlled quantities as defined in 49 CFR 173.403 or known radionuclides in forms listed as RAM-QC by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission;
- (16) A large bulk quantity of Class 8 material meeting the criteria for Packing Group I.
- (c) Exceptions. Transportation activities of a farmer, who generates less than \$500,000 annually in gross receipts

from the sale of agricultural commodities or products, are not subject to this subpart if such activities are:

- (1) Conducted by highway or rail;
- (2) In direct support of their farming operations; and
- (3) Conducted within a 150-mile radius of those operations.

[68 FR 14521, Mar. 25, 2003, as amended at 70 FR 73164, Dec. 9, 2005; 71 FR 32258, June 2, 2006; 75 FR 10988, Mar. 9, 2010; 75 FR 53597, Sept. 1, 2010; 76 FR 56314, Sept. 13, 2011]

§ 172.802 Components of a security plan.

- (a) The security plan must include an assessment of transportation security risks for shipments of the hazardous materials listed in \$172.800, including site-specific or location-specific risks associated with facilities at which the hazardous materials listed in §172.800 are prepared for transportation, stored, or unloaded incidental to movement. and appropriate measures to address the assessed risks. Specific measures put into place by the plan may vary commensurate with the level of threat at a particular time. At a minimum, a security plan must include the following elements:
- (1) Personnel security. Measures to confirm information provided by job applicants hired for positions that involve access to and handling of the hazardous materials covered by the security plan. Such confirmation system must be consistent with applicable Federal and State laws and requirements concerning employment practices and individual privacy.
- (2) Unauthorized access. Measures to address the assessed risk that unauthorized persons may gain access to the hazardous materials covered by the security plan or transport conveyances being prepared for transportation of the hazardous materials covered by the security plan.
- (3) En route security. Measures to address the assessed security risks of shipments of hazardous materials covered by the security plan en route from origin to destination, including shipments stored incidental to movement.
- (b) The security plan must also include the following:
- (1) Identification by job title of the senior management official responsible

for overall development and implementation of the security plan;

- (2) Security duties for each position or department that is responsible for implementing the plan or a portion of the plan and the process of notifying employees when specific elements of the security plan must be implemented; and
- (3) A plan for training hazmat employees in accordance with §172.704 (a)(4) and (a)(5) of this part.
- (c) The security plan, including the transportation security risk assessment developed in accordance with paragraph (a) of this section, must be in writing and must be retained for as long as it remains in effect. The security plan must be reviewed at least annually and revised and/or updated as necessary to reflect changing circumstances. The most recent version of the security plan, or portions thereof, must be available to the employees who are responsible for implementing it, consistent with personnel security clearance or background investigation restrictions and a demonstrated need to know. When the security plan is updated or revised, all employees responsible for implementing it must be notified and all copies of the plan must be maintained as of the date of the most recent revision.
- (d) Each person required to develop and implement a security plan in accordance with this subpart must maintain a copy of the security plan (or an electronic file thereof) that is accessible at, or through, its principal place of business and must make the security plan available upon request, at a reasonable time and location, to an authorized official of the Department of Transportation or the Department of Homeland Security.

[68 FR 14521, Mar. 25, 2003, as amended at 75 FR 10989, Mar. 9, 2010]

§ 172.804 Relationship to other Federal requirements.

To avoid unnecessary duplication of security requirements, security plans that conform to regulations, standards, protocols, or guidelines issued by other Federal agencies, international organizations, or industry organizations may be used to satisfy the requirements in this subpart, provided such security

plans address the requirements specified in this subpart.

§ 172.820 Additional planning requirements for transportation by rail.

- (a) *General*. Each rail carrier transporting in commerce one or more of the following materials is subject to the additional safety and security planning requirements of this section:
- (1) More than 2,268 kg (5,000 lbs) in a single carload of a Division 1.1, 1.2 or 1.3 explosive;
- (2) A quantity of a material poisonous by inhalation in a single bulk packaging; or
- (3) A highway route-controlled quantity of a Class 7 (radioactive) material, as defined in §173.403 of this subchapter.
- (b) Not later than 90 days after the end of each calendar year, a rail carrier must compile commodity data for the previous calendar year for the materials listed in paragraph (a) of this section. The following stipulations apply to data collected:
- (1) Commodity data must be collected by route, a line segment or series of line segments as aggregated by the rail carrier. Within the rail carrier selected route, the commodity data must identify the geographic location of the route and the total number of shipments by UN identification number for the materials specified in paragraph (a) of this section.
- (2) A carrier may compile commodity data, by UN number, for all Class 7 materials transported (instead of only highway route controlled quantities of Class 7 materials) and for all Division 6.1 materials transported (instead of only Division 6.1 poison inhalation hazard materials).
- (c) Rail transportation route analysis. For each calendar year, a rail carrier must analyze the safety and security risks for the transportation route(s), identified in the commodity data collected as required by paragraph (b) of this section. The route analysis must be in writing and include the factors contained in Appendix D to this part, as applicable.
- (1) The safety and security risks present must be analyzed for the route and railroad facilities along the route. For purposes of this section, railroad

- facilities are railroad property including, but not limited to, classification and switching yards, storage facilities, and non-private sidings. This term does not include an offeror's facility, private track, private siding, or consignee's facility.
- (2) In performing the analysis required by this paragraph, the rail carrier must seek relevant information from state, local, and tribal officials, as appropriate, regarding security risks to high-consequence targets along or in proximity to the route(s) utilized. If a rail carrier is unable to acquire relevant information from state, local, or tribal officials, then it must document that in its analysis. For purposes of this section, a high-consequence target means a property, natural resource, location, area, or other target designated by the Secretary of Homeland Security that is a viable terrorist target of national significance, the attack of which by railroad could result in catastrophic loss of life, significant damage to national security or defense capabilities, or national economic harm.
- (d) Alternative route analysis. (1) For each calendar vear, a rail carrier must identify practicable alternative routes over which it has authority to operate. if an alternative exists, as an alternative route for each of the transportation routes analyzed in accordance with paragraph (c) of this section. The carrier must perform a safety and security risk assessment of the alternative routes for comparison to the route analysis prescribed in paragraph (c) of this section. The alternative route analysis must be in writing and include the criteria in Appendix D of this part. When determining practicable alternative routes, the rail carrier must consider the use of interchange agreements with other rail carriers. The written alternative route analysis must also consider:
- (i) Safety and security risks presented by use of the alternative route(s);
- (ii) Comparison of the safety and security risks of the alternative(s) to the primary rail transportation route, including the risk of a catastrophic release from a shipment traveling along each route;

- (iii) Any remediation or mitigation measures implemented on the primary or alternative route(s); and
- (iv) Potential economic effects of using the alternative route(s), including but not limited to the economics of the commodity, route, and customer relationship.
- (2) In performing the analysis required by this paragraph, the rail carrier should seek relevant information from state, local, and tribal officials, as appropriate, regarding security risks to high-consequence targets along or in proximity to the alternative routes. If a rail carrier determines that it is not appropriate to seek such relevant information, then it must explain its reasoning for that determination in its analysis.
- (e) Route Selection. A carrier must use the analysis performed as required by paragraphs (c) and (d) of this section to select the route to be used in moving the materials covered by paragraph (a) of this section. The carrier must consider any remediation measures implemented on a route. Using this process, the carrier must at least annually review and select the practicable route posing the least overall safety and security risk. The rail carrier must retain in writing all route review and selection decision documentation and restrict the distribution, disclosure, and availability of information contained in the route analysis to covered persons with a need-to-know, as described in parts 15 and 1520 of this title. This documentation should include, but is not limited to, comparative analyses, charts, graphics or rail system maps.
- (f) Completion of route analysis. (1) The rail transportation route analysis, alternative route analysis, and route selection process required under paragraphs (c), (d), and (e) of this section must be completed no later than the end of the calendar year following the year to which the analyses apply.
- (2) The initial analysis and route selection determinations required under paragraphs (c), (d), and (e) of this section must include a comprehensive review of the entire system. Subsequent analyses and route selection determinations required under paragraphs (c), (d), and (e) of this section must include a comprehensive, system-wide re-

- view of all operational changes, infrastructure modifications, traffic adjustments, changes in the nature of high-consequence targets located along, or in proximity to, the route, and any other changes affecting the safety or security of the movements of the materials specified in paragraph (a) of this section that were implemented during the calendar year.
- (3) A rail carrier need not perform a rail transportation route analysis, alternative route analysis, or route selection process for any hazardous material other than the materials specified in paragraph (a) of this section.
- (g) Rail carrier point of contact on routing issues. Each rail carrier must identify a point of contact (including the name, title, phone number and e-mail address) on routing issues involving the movement of materials covered by this section in its security plan and provide this information to:
- (1) State and/or regional Fusion Centers that have been established to coordinate with state, local and tribal officials on security issues and which are located within the area encompassed by the rail carrier's rail system; and
- (2) State, local, and tribal officials in jurisdictions that may be affected by a rail carrier's routing decisions and who directly contact the railroad to discuss routing decisions.
- (h) Storage, delays in transit, and notification. With respect to the materials specified in paragraph (a) of this section, each rail carrier must ensure the safety and security plan it develops and implements under this subpart includes all of the following:
- (1) A procedure under which the rail carrier must consult with offerors and consignees in order to develop measures for minimizing, to the extent practicable, the duration of any storage of the material incidental to movement (see §171.8 of this subchapter).
- (2) Measures to prevent unauthorized access to the materials during storage or delays in transit.
- (3) Measures to mitigate risk to population centers associated with intransit storage.
- (4) Measures to be taken in the event of an escalating threat level for materials stored in transit.

- (5) Procedures for notifying the consignee in the event of a significant delay during transportation; such notification must be completed within 48 hours after the carrier has identified the delay and must include a revised delivery schedule. A significant delay is one that compromises the safety or security of the hazardous material or delays the shipment beyond its normal expected or planned shipping time. Notification should be made by a method acceptable to both the rail carrier and consignee.
- (i) Recordkeeping. (1) Each rail carrier must maintain a copy of the information specified in paragraphs (b), (c), (d), (e), and (f) of this section (or an electronic image thereof) that is accessible at, or through, its principal place of business and must make the record available upon request, at a reasonable time and location, to an authorized official of the Department of Transportation or the Department of Homeland Security. Records must be retained for a minimum of two years.
- (2) Each rail carrier must restrict the distribution, disclosure, and availability of information collected or developed in accordance with paragraphs (c), (d), (e), and (f) of this section to covered persons with a need-to-know, as described in parts 15 and 1520 of this title.
- (j) Compliance and enforcement. If the carrier's route selection documentation and underlying analyses are found to be deficient, the carrier may be required to revise the analyses or make changes in route selection. If DOT finds that a chosen route is not the safest and most secure practicable route available, the FRA Associate Administrator for Safety, in consultation with TSA, may require the use of an alternative route. Prior to making such a determination, FRA and TSA will consult with the Surface Transportation Board (STB) regarding whether the

contemplated alternative route(s) would be economically practicable.

[73 FR 20771, April 16, 2008, as amended at 73 FR 72193, Dec. 26, 2008; 76 FR 56314, Sept. 13, 2011]

§ 172.822 Limitation on actions by states, local governments, and Indian tribes.

A law, order, or other directive of a state, political subdivision of a state, or an Indian tribe that designates, limits, or prohibits the use of a rail line (other than a rail line owned by a state, political subdivision of a state, or an Indian tribe) for the transportation of hazardous materials, including, but not limited to, the materials specified in § 172.820(a), is preempted. 49 U.S.C. 5125, 20106.

[73 FR 20772, April 16, 2008]

APPENDIX A TO PART 172—OFFICE OF HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TRANSPOR-TATION COLOR TOLERANCE CHARTS AND TABLES

The following are Munsell notations and Commission Internationale de L'Eclairage (CIE) coordinates which describe the Office of Hazardous Materials Transportation Label and Placard Color Tolerance Charts in tables 1 and 2, and the CIE coordinates for the color tolerances specified in table 3. Central colors and tolerances described in table 2 approximate those described in table 1 while allowing for differences in production methods and materials used to manufacture labels and placards surfaced with printing inks. Primarily, the color charts based on table 1 are for label or placard colors applied as opaque coatings such as paint, enamel or plastic, whereas color charts based on table 2 are intended for use with labels and placards surfaced only with inks.

For labels printed directly on packaging surfaces, table 3 may be used, although compliance with either table 1 or table 2 is sufficient. However, if visual reference indicates that the colors of labels printed directly on package surfaces are outside the table 1 or 2 tolerances, a spectrophotometer or other instrumentation may be required to insure compliance with table 3.

TABLE 1—SPECIFICATIONS FOR COLOR TOLERANCE CHARTS FOR USE WITH LABELS AND PLACARDS SURFACED WITH PAINT, LACQUER, ENAMEL, PLASTIC, OTHER OPAQUE COATINGS, OR INK ¹

Color	Munsell notations	CIE data for source C			
	Munsell notations	Y	x	у	
Red:	7.5B 4.0/14	12.00	.5959	.3269	

TABLE 1—SPECIFICATIONS FOR COLOR TOLERANCE CHARTS FOR USE WITH LABELS AND PLACARDS SURFACED WITH PAINT, LACQUER, ENAMEL, PLASTIC, OTHER OPAQUE COATINGS, OR INK 1-Continued

Color	Managa II madadiana	CIE data for source C		
Color	Munsell notations	Y	.6037	y .3389
Orange	8.5R 4.0/14	12.00		
Purple and vivid	6.5R 4.0/14	12.00	.5869	.3184
Grayish	7.5R 4.0/12	12.00	.5603	.3321
Vivid	7.5R 4.0/16	12.00	.6260	.3192
Light	7.5R 4.5/14	15.57	.5775	.3320
Dark	7. 5R 3.5/14	09.00	.6226	.3141
Orange:				
Central color	5.OYR 6.0/15	30.05	.5510	.4214
Yellow and Gravish	6.25YR 6.0/15	30.05	.5452	.4329
Red and vivid	3.75YR 6.0/15	30.05	.5552	.4091
Grayish	5.OYR 6.0/13	30.05	.5311	.4154
Vivid	5.OYR 6.0/16	30.05	.5597	.4239
Light	5.OYR 6.5/15	36.20	.5427	.4206
Dark	5.OYR 5.5/15	24.58	.5606	.4218
Yellow:				
Central color	5.OY 8.0/12	59.10	.4562	.4788
Green	6.5Y 8.0/12	59.10	.4498	.4865
Orange and vivid	3.5Y 8.0/12	59.10	.4632	.4669
Grayish	5.OY 8.0/10	59.10	.4376	.4601
Vivid	5.OY 8.0/14	59.10	.4699	.4920
Light	5.OY 8.5/12	68.40	.4508	.4754
Dark	5.OY 7.5/12	50.68	.4620	.4823
Green:	3.01 7.3/12	30.00	.4020	.4020
Central color	7.5G 4.0/9	12.00	.2111	.4121
Bluish	0.5BG 4.0/9	12.00	.1974	.3809
Green-yellow	5.0G 4.0/9	12.00	.2237	.4399
Gravish A	7.5G 4.0/7	12.00	.2350	.3922
Grayish B ²	7.5G 4.0/7	12.00	.2467	.3822
Vivid	7.5G 4.0/0	12.00	.1848	.4319
Light	7.5G 4.5/9	15.57	.2204	.4060
Dark	7.5G 4.5/9	09.00	.2027	.4163
Blue:	7.50 3.5/9	09.00	.2027	.4100
Central color	2.5PB 3.5/10	09.00	.1691	.1744
Purple	4.5PB 3.5/10	09.00	.1796	.1711
Green and vivid	10.0B 3.5/10	09.00	.1557	.1815
Grayish	2.5PB 3.5/8	09.00	.1888	.1964
Vivid	2.5PB 3.5/12	09.00	.1516	.1547
Light	2.5PB 4.0/10	12.00	.1805	.1888
DarkPurple:	2.5PB 3.0/10	06.55	.1576	.1600
Central color	10.0P 4.5/10	15.57	.3307	.2245
Reddish purple	2.5RP 4.5/10	15.57	.3584	.2377
Blue purple	7.5P 4.5/10	15.57	.3068	.2377
Reddish gray	10.0P 4.5/8	15.57	.3280	.239
Gray ²	10.0P 4.5/6.5	15.57	.3254	.2519
Vivid	10.0P 4.5/12	15.57	.3333	
Light	10.0P 5.0/10	19.77	.3308	.2328
Dark	10.0P 4.0/10	12.00	.3306	.2162

1 Maximum chroma is not limited.
2 For the colors green and purple, the minimum saturation (chroma) limits for porcelain enamel on metal are lower than for most other surface coatings. Therefore, the minimum chroma limits of these two colors as displayed on the Charts for comparison to porcelain enamel on metal is low, as shown for green (grayish B) and purple (gray).

NOTE: CIE=Commission Internationale de L'Eclairage.

TABLE 2—SPECIFICATIONS FOR COLOR TOLERANCE CHARTS FOR USE WITH LABELS AND PLACARDS SURFACED WITH INK

Color/series	Munsell notation	CIE data for source C			
	wursen notation	Y	х	у	
Red: Central series:					
Central color	6.8R 4.47/12.8	15.34	.5510	.3286	
Grayish	7.2R 4.72/12.2	17.37	.5368	.3348	
Purple	6.4R 4.49/12.7	15.52	.5442	.3258	
Purple and vivid	6.1R 4.33/13.1	14.25	.5529	.3209	
Vivid	6.7R 4.29/13.2	13.99	.5617	.3253	

Pt. 172, App. A

TABLE 2—SPECIFICATIONS FOR COLOR TOLERANCE CHARTS FOR USE WITH LABELS AND PLACARDS SURFACED WITH INK—Continued

		CIE data for source C		
Color/series	Munsell notation	Y x y		
Orange	7.3R 4.47/12.8	15.34	.5572	.3331
Orange and grayish		17.20	.5438	.3382
Light series:				
Light		17.32	.5511	.3322
Light and orange		19.38	.5365	.3382
Light and purple	6.6R 4.79/12.9	17.94	.5397	.3289
Dark Series:	6.7R 4.19/12.5	13.30	.5566	.3265
Dark B		13.72	.5522	.3294
Dark and purple		13.58	.5577	.3329
Orange:				
Central series:				
Central color		31.27	.5193	.4117
Yellow and grayish A	5.8YR 6.22/11.7	32.69	.5114	.4155
Yellow and grayish B	6.1YR 6.26/11.85	33.20	.5109	.4190
Vivid	5.1YR 6.07/12.3	30.86	.5226	.4134
Red and vivid A Red and vivid B		28.53 29.05	.5318 .5291	.4038 .4021
Grayish		31.22	.5291	.4089
Light series:	4.9111 0.10/11.9	31.22	.3170	.4003
Light and vivid A	5.8YR 6.78/12.7	39.94	.5120	.4177
Light and yellow		40.20	.5135	.4198
Light and vivid B	4.9YR 6.60/12.9	37.47	.5216	.4126
Dark series:				
Dark and yellow	5.8YR 5.98/11.0	29.87	.5052	.4132
Dark A	5.1YR 5.80/11.1	27.80	.5127	.4094
Dark B	5.0YR 5.80/11.0	27.67	.5109	.4068
Yellow:				
Central series:				
Central color		56.81	.4445	.4589
Vivid A		55.92	.4503	.4658
Vivid B		54.24	.4612	.4624
Vivid and orange		54.25	.4576	.4572
Grayish R		58.18 60.12	.4380 .4272	.4516 .4508
Grayish B Green-yellow		58.53	.4356	.4605
Light series:	5.21 7.97/9.9	36.33	.4330	.4000
Light	5.4Y 8.59/10.5	70.19	.4351	.4628
Light and green-yellow		69.59	.4414	.4692
Light and vivid		67.42	.4490	.4662
Dark series:				
Dark and green-yellow	4.4Y 7.57/9.7	51.82	.4423	.4562
Dark and orange A		48.86	.4584	.4590
Dark and orange B	3.5Y 7.41/10.0	49.20	.4517	.4544
Green:				
Central series:	0.750 4.00/7.75	40.00	2011	070
Central color		13.80	.2214	.3791
Grayish Blue A		15.25 13.36	.2151	.3742
Blue B		12.60	.2109	.3685
Vivid		12.50	.2183	.3954
Vivid green-yellow		13.54	.2292	.4045
Green-yellow		15.23	.2313	.3914
Light series:	7.000 4.40/7.7	10.20	.2010	.001
Light and vivid	9.5G 4.45/8.8	15.21	.2141	.3863
Light and blue		14.12	.2069	.3814
Light and green-yellow		14.01	.2119	.4006
Dark series:				
Dark and green-yellow	7.1G 4.08/7.1	12.55	.2354	.3972
Dark and grayish		12.70	.2282	.3764
Dark		11.78	.2269	.3874
Blue:				
Central series:				
Central color		11.58	.1885	.1911
Green and grayish A		14.41	.1962	.2099
Green and grayish B		13.50	.1898	.2053
Vivid		10.78 9.15	.1814 .1817	.1852 .1727
Purple and vivid A Purple and vivid B		10.20	.1888	.1727

TABLE 2—SPECIFICATIONS FOR COLOR TOLERANCE CHARTS FOR USE WITH LABELS AND PLACARDS SURFACED WITH INK—Continued

Color/series	Muncell netation	CIE data for source C			
Color/series	Munsell notation	Y	х	у	
Grayish	3.75PB 4.03/9.1	12.17	.1943	.1961	
Light series:					
Light and green A	1.7PB 4.32/9.2	14.22	.1904	.2056	
Light and green B	1.5PB 4.11/9.6	12.72	.1815	.1971	
Light and vivid	3.2PB 3.95/10.05	11.70	.1831	.1868	
Dark series:					
Dark and grayish	3.9PB 4.01/8.7	12.04	.1982	.1992	
Dark and purple A	4.8PB 3.67/9.3	9.95	.1918	.1831	
Dark and purple B	5.2PB 3.80/9.05	10.76	.1985	.1885	
Purple:					
Central series:					
Central color	9.5P 4.71/11.3	17.25	.3274	.2165	
Red	1.0RP 5.31/10.8	22.70	.3404	.2354	
Red and vivid A	1.4RP 5.00/11.9	19.78	.3500	.2274	
Red and vivid B	0.2RP 4.39/12.5	14.70	.3365	.2059	
Vivid	8.0P 4.04/12.0	12.23	.3098	.1916	
Blue	7.0P 4.39/10.8	14.71	.3007	.2037	
Grayish	8.8P 5.00/10.3	19.73	.3191	.2251	
Light series:					
Light and red A	0.85RP 5.56/11.1	25.18	.3387	.2356	
Light and red B	1.1RP 5.27/12.3	22.27	.3460	.2276	
Light and vivid	9.2P 4.94/11.95	19.24	.3247	.2163	
Dark series:					
Dark and grayish	9.6P 4.70/10.9	17.19	.3283	.2204	
Dark and vivid	8.4P 4.05/11.6	12.35	.3144	.1970	
Dark and blue	7.5P 4.32/10.5	14.19	.3059	.2078	

TABLE 3—SPECIFICATION FOR COLORS FOR USE WITH LABELS PRINTED ON PACKAGINGS SURFACES

CIE data for source C	Red	Orange	Yellow	Green	Blue	Purple
x	.424	.460	.417	.228	.200	.377
y	.306	.370	.392	.354	.175	.205
X	.571	.543	.490	.310	.255	.377
у	.306	.400	.442	.354	.250	.284
X	.424	.445	.390	.228	.177	.342
y	.350	.395	.430	.403	.194	.205
X	.571	.504	.440	.310	.230	.342
у	.350	.430	.492	.403	.267	.284
Y (high)	23.0	41.6	72.6	20.6	15.9	21.2
Y (low)	7.7	19.5	29.1	7.4	6.5	8.2

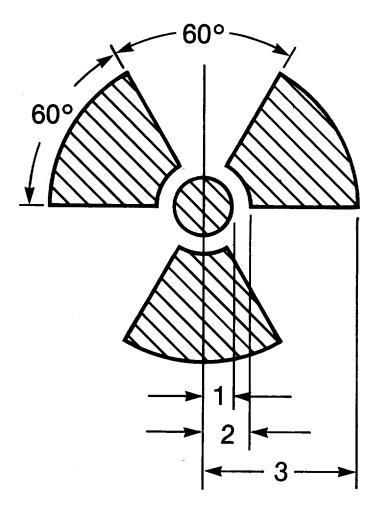
[Amdt. 172–50, 44 FR 9757, Feb. 15, 1979; Amdt. 172–50, 44 FR 10984, Feb. 26, 1979, as amended by Amdt. 172–50, 44 FR 22467, Apr. 16, 1979; 50 FR 45731, Nov. 1, 1985; Amdt. 172–127, 59 FR 49133, Sept. 26, 1994]

APPENDIX B TO PART 172—TREFOIL SYMBOL

1. Except as provided in paragraph 2 of this appendix, the trefoil symbol required for RA-DIOACTIVE labels and placards and required to be marked on certain packages of Class 7

materials must conform to the design and size requirements of this appendix.

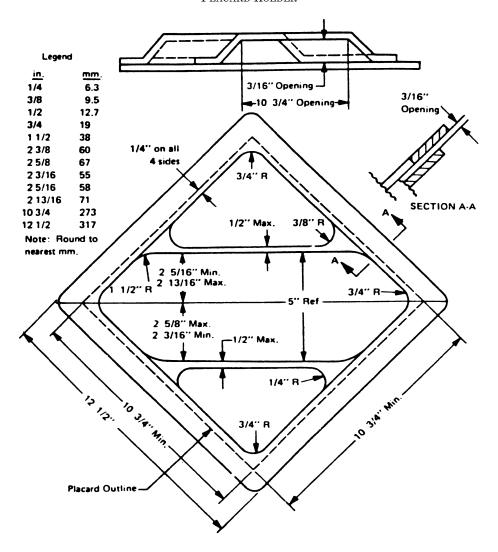
2. RADIOACTIVE labels and placards that were printed prior to April 1, 1996, in conformance with the requirements of this subchapter in effect on March 30, 1996, may continue to be used.



1=Radius of Circle— Minimum dimensions 4 mm (0.16 inch) for markings and labels 12.5 mm (0.5 inch) for placards 2=1½ Radii 3=5 radii for markings and labels $4 \frac{1}{2}$ radii for placards.

[60 FR 50306, Sept. 28, 1995, as amended by 172–143, 61 FR 20750, May 8, 1996]

APPENDIX C TO PART 172—DIMENSIONAL SPECIFICATIONS FOR RECOMMENDED PLACARD HOLDER



APPENDIX D TO PART 172—RAIL RISK ANALYSIS FACTORS

A. This appendix sets forth the minimum criteria that must be considered by rail carriers when performing the safety and security risk analyses required by §172.820. The risk analysis to be performed may be quantitative, qualitative, or a combination of both. In addition to clearly identifying the hazardous material(s) and route(s) being analyzed, the analysis must provide a thorough

description of the threats, identified vulnerabilities, and mitigation measures implemented to address identified vulnerabilities.

B. In evaluating the safety and security of hazardous materials transport, selection of the route for transportation is critical. For the purpose of rail transportation route analysis, as specified in \$172.820(c) and (d), a route may include the point where the carrier takes possession of the material and all track and railroad facilities up to the point

Pt. 173

where the material is relinquished to another entity. Railroad facilities are railroad property including, but not limited to, classification and switching yards, storage facilities, and non-private sidings; however, they do not include an offeror's facility, private track, private siding, or consignee's facility. Each rail carrier must use best efforts to communicate with its shippers, consignees, and interlining partners to ensure the safety and security of shipments during all stages of transportation.

- C. Because of the varying operating environments and interconnected nature of the rail system, each carrier must select and document the analysis method/model used and identify the routes to be analyzed.
- D. The safety and security risk analysis must consider current data and information as well as changes that may reasonably be anticipated to occur during the analysis year. Factors to be considered in the performance of this safety and security risk analysis include:
- 1. Volume of hazardous material transported:
 - 2. Rail traffic density:
 - 3. Trip length for route:
- 4. Presence and characteristics of railroad facilities;
- 5. Track type, class, and maintenance schedule;
- 6. Track grade and curvature;
- 7. Presence or absence of signals and train control systems along the route ("dark" versus signaled territory);
- 8. Presence or absence of wayside hazard detectors;
- 9. Number and types of grade crossings;
- 10. Single versus double track territory;
- 11. Frequency and location of track turnouts:
- 12. Proximity to iconic targets;
- 13. Environmentally sensitive or significant areas;
- 14. Population density along the route;
- 15. Venues along the route (stations, events, places of congregation);
- 16. Emergency response capability along the route: 17. Areas of high consequence along the
- route, including high consequence targets as defined in §172.820(c);
- 18. Presence of passenger traffic along route (shared track):
- 19. Speed of train operations;
- 20. Proximity to en-route storage or repair facilities:
- 21. Known threats, including any non-public threat scenarios provided by the Department of Homeland Security or the Department of Transportation for carrier use in the development of the route assessment:
- 22. Measures in place to address apparent safety and security risks;
- 23. Availability of practicable alternative routes;

- 24 Past incidents:
- 25. Overall times in transit:
- 26. Training and skill level of crews; and
- 27. Impact on rail network traffic and congestion.

[73 FR 20772, April 16, 2008]

PART 173—SHIPPERS—GENERAL RE-QUIREMENTS FOR **SHIPMENTS** AND PACKAGINGS

Subpart A—General

- 173.1 Purpose and scope.
- 173.2 Hazardous materials classes and index to hazard class definitions.
- 173.2a Classification of a material having more than one hazard.
- 173.3 Packaging and exceptions.
- 173.4 Small quantity exceptions.
- 173.4a Excepted quantities.
- 173.5 Agricultural operations.
- 173.5a Oilfield service vehicles, mechanical displacement meter provers, and roadway striping vehicles exceptions.
- 173.5b Portable and mobile refrigeration systems.
- 173.6 Materials of trade exceptions. 173.7 Government operations and materials.
- 173.8 Exceptions for non-specification packagings used in intrastate transportation.
- 173.9 Transport vehicles or freight containers containing lading which has been fumigated.
- 173.10 Tank car shipments.
- 173.12 Exceptions for shipment of waste materials.
- 173.13 Exceptions for Class 3, Divisions 4.1, 4.2, 4.3, 5.1, 6.1, and Classes 8 and 9 materials.

Subpart B—Preparation of Hazardous Materials for Transportation

- 173.21Forbidden materials and packages.
- 173.22 Shipper's responsibility.
- 173.22a Use of packagings authorized under special permits.
- 173.23 Previously authorized packaging.
- 173.24 General requirements for packagings and packages.
- 173.24a Additional general requirements for non-bulk packagings and packages.
- 173.24b Additional general requirements for bulk packagings.
- 173.25 Authorized packagings and overpacks.
- 173.26 Quantity limitations.
- 173.27 General requirements for transportation by aircraft.
- 173.28 Reuse, reconditioning and remanufacture of packagings.
- 173.29 Empty packagings.173.30 Loading and unloading of transport vehicles.