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25.702–3 Remedies.
Upon the determination of a false certification under subsection 25.702–2—
(a) The contracting officer may terminate the contract;
(b) The suspending official may suspend the contractor in accordance with the procedures in Subpart 9.4; and
(c) The debarring official may debar the contractor for a period not to exceed 3 years in accordance with the procedures in Subpart 9.4.

25.702–4 Waiver.
(a) The President may waive the requirement of subsection 25.702–2 on a case-by-case basis if the President determines and certifies in writing to the appropriate congressional committees that it is in the national interest to do so.
(b) An agency seeking waiver of the requirement shall submit the request through the Administrator of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy.

25.703 Prohibition on contracting with entities that engage in certain activities relating to Iran.

25.703–1 Definition.
Person—
(1) Means—
(i) A natural person;
(ii) A corporation, business association, partnership, society, trust, financial institution, insurer, underwriter, guarantor, and any other business organization, any other nongovernmental entity, organization, or group, and any governmental entity operating as a business enterprise; and
(iii) Any successor to any entity described in paragraph (1)(ii) of this definition; and
(2) Does not include a government or governmental entity that is not operating as a business enterprise.

[75 FR 60256, Sept. 29, 2010]

25.703–2 Iran Sanctions Act.
(a) Certification.
(1) As required by the Iran Sanctions Act, unless an exception applies or a waiver is granted in accordance with paragraph (c) or (d) of this subsection, each offeror must certify that the offeror, and any person owned or controlled by the offeror, does not engage in any activity for which sanctions may be imposed under section 5 of the Iran Sanctions Act.
(2) In general, the following activities, which are described in detail in section 5 of the Iran Sanctions Act, are activities for which sanctions may be imposed on or after July 1, 2010—
(i) Knowingly making an investment of $20,000,000 or more, or a combination of investments of $5,000,000 or more that equal or exceed $20,000,000 in a 12-month period, that directly and significantly contribute to the enhancement of Iran’s ability to develop petroleum resources.
(ii) Knowingly selling, leasing or providing to Iran goods, services, technology, information, or support with a fair market value of $1,000,000 or more, or during a 12-month period with an aggregate fair market value of $5,000,000 or more, that could directly and significantly facilitate the maintenance or expansion of Iran’s domestic production of refined petroleum products, including any direct and significant assistance with respect to the construction, modernization, or repair of petroleum refineries.
(iii) Knowingly selling or providing to Iran refined petroleum products with a fair market value of $1,000,000 or more, or during a 12-month period with an aggregate fair market value of $5,000,000 or more.
(iv) Knowingly selling, leasing, or providing to Iran goods, services, technology, information, or support with a fair market value of $1,000,000 or more, or during a 12-month period with an aggregate fair market value of $5,000,000 or more, that could directly and significantly contribute to the enhancement of Iran’s ability to import refined petroleum products, including—
(A) Certain insurance or reinsurance, underwriting, financing, or brokering for the sale, lease, or provision of such items, or
(B) Providing ships or shipping services to deliver refined petroleum products to Iran.