§ 74.641 Antenna systems.

(a) For fixed stations operating above 2025 MHz, the following standards apply:

(1) Fixed TV broadcast auxiliary stations shall use directional antennas that meet the performance standards indicated in the following table. Upon adequate showing of need to serve a larger sector, or more than a single sector, greater beamwidth or multiple antennas may be authorized. Applicants shall request, and authorization for stations in this service will specify, the polarization of each transmitted signal. Booster station antennas having narrower beamwidths and reduced sidelobe radiation may be required in congested areas, or to resolve interference problems.

(i) Stations must employ an antenna that meets the performance standards for Category B. In areas subject to frequency congestion, where proposed facilities would be precluded by continued use of a Category B antenna, a Category A antenna must be employed. The Commission may require the use of a high performance antenna where interference problems can be resolved by the use of such antennas.

(ii) Licensees shall comply with the antenna standards table shown in this paragraph in the following manner:

(A) With either the maximum beamwidth to 3 dB points requirement or with the minimum antenna gain requirement; and

(B) With the minimum radiation suppression to angle requirement.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Frequency (MHz)</th>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Maximum beamwidth to 3 dB points</th>
<th>Minimum antenna gain (dbi)</th>
<th>Minimum radiation suppression to angle in degrees from centerline of main beam in decibels</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1,990 to 2,110</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>5.0</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>5° to 10° 10° to 15° 15° to 20° 20° to 30° 30° to 100° 100° to 140° 140° to 180°</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6,875 to 7,125</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>8.0</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>12° 18° 22° 25° 29° 32° 35° 39° 41° 45°</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12,700 to 13,250</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>1.5</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>26° 29° 32° 35° 39° 41° 42° 50°</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17,700 to 19,700</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>2.0</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>20° 24° 28° 32° 32° 35° 36° 36°</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>A</td>
<td>2.2</td>
<td>38°</td>
<td>25° 29° 33° 36° 42° 55° 55° 55°</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 If a licensee chooses to show compliance using maximum beamwidth to 3 dB points, the beamwidth limit shall apply in both the azimuth and the elevation planes.

(ii) Licensees shall comply with the antenna standards table shown in this paragraph in the following manner:

(A) With either the maximum beamwidth to 3 dB points requirement or with the minimum antenna gain requirement; and

(B) With the minimum radiation suppression to angle requirement.

(2) New periscope antenna systems will be authorized upon a certification that the radiation, in a horizontal plane, from an illuminating antenna and reflector combination meets or exceeds the antenna standards of this section. This provision similarly applies to passive repeaters employed to redirect or repeat the signal from a station’s directional antenna system.

(3) The choice of receiving antennas is left to the discretion of the licensee. However, licensees will not be protected from interference which results from the use of antennas with poorer performance than identified in the table of this section.

(4) [Reserved]

(5) Pickup stations are not subject to the performance standards herein stated.

(b) All fixed stations are to use antenna systems in conformance with the standards of this section. TV auxiliary broadcast stations are considered to be located in an area subject to frequency congestion and must employ a Category A antenna when:

(1) A showing by an applicant of a new TV auxiliary broadcast station or Cable Television Relay Service (CARS) station, which shares the 12.7–13.20 GHz band with TV auxiliary broadcast, indicates that use of a category B antenna limits a proposed project because of interference, and
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(2) That use of a category A antenna will remedy the interference thus allowing the project to be realized.

(c) As an exception to the provisions of this section, the FCC may approve requests for use of periscope antenna systems where a persuasive showing is made that no frequency conflicts exist in the area of proposed use. Such approvals shall be conditioned to a standard antenna as required in paragraph (a) of this section when an applicant of a new TV auxiliary broadcast or Cable Television Relay station indicates that the use of the existing antenna system will cause interference and the use of a category A or B antenna will remedy the interference.

(d) As a further exception to the provision of paragraph (a) of this section, the Commission may approve antenna systems not conforming to the technical standards where a persuasive showing is made that:

(1) Indicates in detail why an antenna system complying with the requirements of paragraph (a) of this section cannot be installed, and

(2) Includes a statement indicating that frequency coordination as required in §74.604 (a) was accomplished.

§ 74.644 Minimum path lengths for fixed links.

(a) The distance between end points of a fixed link must equal or exceed the value set forth in the table below or the EIRP must be reduced in accordance with the equation set forth below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Frequency band (MHz)</th>
<th>Minimum path length (km)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1,990–7,125</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12,200–13,250</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Above 17,700</td>
<td>n/a</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(b) For paths shorter than those specified in the Table, the EIRP shall not exceed the value derived from the following equation.

\[
EIRP = \text{MAXEIRP} - 40 \log(A/B) \text{ dBW}
\]

Where:

- \(EIRP\) = The new maximum EIRP (equivalent isotropically radiated power) in dBW.
- \(\text{MAXEIRP}\) = Maximum EIRP as set forth in the Table in §74.636 of this part.
- \(A\) = Minimum path length from the Table above for the frequency band in kilometers.
- \(B\) = The actual path length in kilometers.

NOTE 1 TO PARAGRAPH (b): For transmitters using Automatic Transmitter Power Control, EIRP corresponds to the maximum transmit power available, not the coordinated transmit power or the nominal transmit power.

NOTE 2 TO PARAGRAPH (b): Stations licensed based on an application filed before April 16, 2003, in the 2450-2483.5 MHz band, for EIRP values exceeding those specified above, may continue to operate indefinitely in accordance with the terms of their current authorizations, subject to periodic renewal.

(c) Upon an appropriate technical showing, applicants and licensees unable to meet the minimum path length requirement may be granted an exception to these requirements.

NOTE: Links authorized prior to April 1, 1987, are excluded from this requirement, except that, effective April 1, 1992, the Commission will require compliance with the criteria where an existing link would otherwise preclude establishment of a new link.

§ 74.651 Equipment changes.

(a) Modifications may be made to an existing authorization in accordance with §§1.929 and 1.947 of this chapter.

(b) Multiplexing equipment may be installed on any licensed TV broadcast STL, TV relay or translator relay station without authority from the Commission.

(c) Permissible changes in equipment operating in the bands 18.3–18.58 GHz.