§ 170.457 Authorized testing and certification methods.

An ONC-ATCB must provide remote testing and certification for both development and deployment sites.

§ 170.460 Good standing as an ONC-ATCB.

An ONC-ATCB must maintain good standing by:

(a) Adhering to the Principles of Proper Conduct for ONC-ATCBs;

(b) Refraining from engaging in other types of inappropriate behavior, including an ONC-ATCB misrepresenting the scope of its authorization as well as an ONC-ATCB testing and certifying Complete EHRs and/or EHR Modules for which it does not have authorization; and

(c) Following all other applicable Federal and state laws.

§ 170.465 Revocation of authorized testing and certification body status.

(a) Type-1 violations. The National Coordinator may revoke an ONC-ATCB’s status for committing a Type-1 violation. Type-1 violations include violations of law or temporary certification program policies that threaten or significantly undermine the integrity of the temporary certification program. These violations include, but are not limited to: False, fraudulent, or abusive activities that affect the temporary certification program, a program administered by HHS or any program administered by the Federal government.

(b) Type-2 violations. The National Coordinator may revoke an ONC-ATCB’s status for failing to timely or adequately correct a Type-2 violation. Type-2 violations constitute noncompliance with §170.460.

(1) Noncompliance notification. If the National Coordinator obtains reliable evidence that an ONC-ATCB may no longer be in compliance with §170.460, the National Coordinator will issue a noncompliance notification with reasons for the notification to the ONC-ATCB requesting that the ONC-ATCB respond to the alleged violation and correct the violation, if applicable.

(2) Opportunity to become compliant. After receipt of a noncompliance notification, an ONC-ATCB is permitted up to 30 days to submit a written response and accompanying documentation that demonstrates that no violation occurred or that the alleged violation has been corrected.

(i) If the ONC-ATCB submits a response, the National Coordinator is permitted up to 30 days from the time the response is received to evaluate the response and reach a decision. The National Coordinator may, if necessary, request additional information from the ONC-ATCB during this time period.

(ii) If the National Coordinator determines that no violation occurred or that the violation has been sufficiently corrected, the National Coordinator will issue a memo to the ONC-ATCB confirming this determination.

(iii) If the National Coordinator determines that the ONC-ATCB failed to demonstrate that no violation occurred or to correct the area(s) of non-compliance identified under paragraph (b)(1) of this section within 30 days of receipt of the noncompliance notification, then the National Coordinator may propose to revoke the ONC-ATCB’s status.

(c) Proposed revocation. (1) The National Coordinator may propose to revoke an ONC-ATCB’s status if the National Coordinator has reliable evidence that the ONC-ATCB committed a Type-1 violation; or

(2) The National Coordinator may propose to revoke an ONC-ATCB’s status if, after the ONC-ATCB has been notified of a Type-2 violation, the ONC-ATCB fails to:

(i) To rebut the finding of a violation with sufficient evidence showing that the violation did not occur or that the violation has been corrected; or

(ii) Submit to the National Coordinator a written response to the noncompliance notification within the specified timeframe under paragraph (b)(2).

(d) Suspension of an ONC-ATCB’s operations. (1) The National Coordinator may suspend the operations of an ONC-