(2) Development of intermediary expertise in difficult areas of program administration;
(3) Individual capacity of available intermediaries to serve providers as it is affected by such considerations as—
(i) Program emphasis on the number or type of providers to be served; or
(ii) Changes in data processing technology;
(4) Overdependence of the program on the capacity of an intermediary to an extent that services could be interrupted;
(5) Economy in the delivery of intermediary services;
(6) Timeliness in the delivery of intermediary services;
(7) Duplication in the availability of intermediaries;
(8) Conflict of interest between an intermediary and provider; and
(9) Any additional pertinent factors.


§ 421.120 Performance criteria.

(a) Application of performance criteria. As part of the intermediary evaluations authorized by section 1816(f) of the Act, CMS periodically assesses the performance of intermediaries in their Medicare operations using performance criteria. The criteria measure and evaluate intermediary performance of functional responsibilities such as—
(1) Correct coverage and payment determinations;
(2) Responsiveness to beneficiary concerns; and
(3) Proper management of administrative funds.
(b) Basis for criteria. CMS will base the performance criteria on—
(1) Nationwide intermediary experience;
(2) Changes in intermediary operations due to fiscal constraints; and
(3) HFCA’s objectives in achieving better performance.

(c) Publication of criteria. The development and revision of criteria for evaluating intermediary performance is a continuing process. Therefore, before the beginning of each evaluation period, CMS will publish the performance criteria as a notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

[48 FR 1773, Feb. 18, 1983]

§ 421.122 Performance standards.

(a) Development of standards. In addition to the performance criteria (§ 421.120), CMS develops detailed performance standards for use in evaluating intermediary performance which may be based on historical performance, application of acceptable statistical measures of variation to nationwide intermediary experience during a base period, or changing program emphases or requirements. These standards are also developed considering intermediary experience and evaluate the specific requirements of each functional responsibility or criterion.
(b) Factors beyond intermediary’s control. To identify measurable factors that significantly affect an intermediary’s performance, but that are not within the intermediary’s control, CMS will—
(1) Study the performance of intermediaries during the base period, and
(2) Consider the noncontrollable factors in developing performance standards.
(c) Publication of standards. The development and revision of standards for evaluating intermediary performance is a continuing process. Therefore, before the beginning of each evaluation period, which usually coincides with the Federal fiscal year period of October 1–September 30, CMS publishes the performance standards as part of the FEDERAL REGISTER notice describing the performance criteria issued under § 421.120(c). CMS may not necessarily publish the criteria and standards every year. CMS interprets the statutory phrase “before the beginning of each evaluation period” as allowing publication of the criteria and standards after the Federal fiscal year begins, as long as the evaluation period