§ 418.306 Determination of payment rates.

(a) Applicability. CMS establishes payment rates for each of the categories of hospice care described in § 418.302(b). The rates are established using the methodology described in section 1814(i)(1)(C) of the Act.

(b) Payment rates. The payment rates for routine home care and other services included in hospice care are as follows:

1. The following rates, which are 120 percent of the rates in effect on September 30, 1989, are effective January 1, 1990 through September 30, 1990 and October 21, 1990 through December 31, 1990:

   - Routine home care: $75.80
   - Continuous home care:
     - Full rate for 24 hours: $442.40
     - Hourly rate: $18.43
   - Inpatient respite care: $78.40
   - General inpatient care: $337.20

   Except for the period beginning October 21, 1990, through December 31, 1990, the payment rates for routine home care and other services included in hospice care for Federal fiscal years 1991, 1992, and 1993 and those that begin on or after October 1, 1997, are the payment rates in effect under this paragraph during the previous fiscal year increased by the market basket percentage increase as defined in section 1886(b)(3)(B)(iii) of the Act, otherwise applicable to discharges occurring in the fiscal year. The payment rates for the period beginning October 21, 1990, through December 31, 1990, are the same as those shown in paragraph (b)(1) of this section.

2. For Federal fiscal years 1994 through 2002, the payment rate is the payment rate in effect during the previous fiscal year increased by a factor equal to the market basket percentage increase minus:

   - (i) 2 percentage points in FY 1994;
   - (ii) 1.5 percentage points in FYs 1995 and 1996;
   - (iii) 0.5 percentage points in FY 1997; and
   - (iv) 1 percentage point in FY 1998 through FY 2002.

3. For Federal fiscal year 2001, the payment rate is the payment rate in effect during the previous fiscal year increased by a factor equal to the market basket percentage increase minus:

   - (i) 2 percentage points in FY 1994;
   - (ii) 1.5 percentage points in FYs 1995 and 1996;
   - (iii) 0.5 percentage points in FY 1997; and
   - (iv) 1 percentage point in FY 1998 through FY 2002.

4. For Federal fiscal year 2001, the payment rate is the payment rate in effect during the previous fiscal year increased by a factor equal to the market basket percentage increase minus:

   - (i) 2 percentage points in FY 1994;
   - (ii) 1.5 percentage points in FYs 1995 and 1996;
   - (iii) 0.5 percentage points in FY 1997; and
   - (iv) 1 percentage point in FY 1998 through FY 2002.

basket percentage increase plus 5 percentage points. However, this payment rate is effective only for the period April 1, 2001 through September 30, 2001. For the period October 1, 2000 through March 31, 2001, the payment rate is based upon the rule under paragraph (b)(3)(iv) of this section. The payment rate in effect during the period April 1, 2001 through September 30, 2001 is considered the payment rate in effect during fiscal year 2001. 

(5) The payment rate for hospice services furnished during fiscal years 2001 and 2002 is increased by an additional 0.5 percent and 0.75 percent, respectively. This additional amount is not included in updating the payment rate as described in paragraph (b)(d) of this section.

(c) Adjustment for wage differences. Each hospice’s labor market is determined based on definitions of Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSAs) issued by OMB. CMS will issue annually, in the FEDERAL REGISTER, a hospice wage index based on the most current available CMS hospital wage data, including changes to the definition of MSAs. The urban and rural area geographic classifications are defined in §412.64(b)(1)(i) through (C) of this chapter. The payment rates established by CMS are adjusted by the intermediary to reflect local differences in wages according to the revised wage data.

(d) Federal Register notices. CMS publishes as a notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER any proposal to change the methodology for determining the payment rates.

§418.307 Periodic interim payments.

Subject to the provisions of §413.64(h) of this chapter, a hospice may elect to receive periodic interim payments (PIP) effective with claims received on or after July 1, 1987. Payment is made biweekly under the PIP method unless the hospice requests a longer fixed interval (not to exceed one month) between payments. The biweekly interim payment amount is based on the total estimated Medicare payments for the reporting period (as described in §§418.302–418.306). Each payment is made 2 weeks after the end of a biweekly period of service as described in §413.64(h)(5) of this chapter. Under certain circumstances that are described in §413.64(g) of this chapter, a hospice that is not receiving PIP may request an accelerated payment.


§418.308 Limitation on the amount of hospice payments.

(a) Except as specified in paragraph (b) of this section, the total Medicare payment to a hospice for care furnished during a cap period is limited by the hospice cap amount specified in §418.309.

(b) Until October 1, 1986, payment to a hospice that began operation before January 1, 1975 is not limited by the amount of the hospice cap specified in §418.309.

(c) The intermediary notifies the hospice of the determination of program reimbursement at the end of the cap year in accordance with procedures similar to those described in §405.1803 of this chapter.

(d) Payments made to a hospice during a cap period that exceed the cap amount are overpayments and must be refunded.


§418.309 Hospice aggregate cap.

A hospice’s aggregate cap is calculated by multiplying the adjusted cap amount (determined in paragraph (a) of this section) by the number of Medicare beneficiaries, as determined by one of two methodologies for determining the number of Medicare beneficiaries for a given cap year described in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section:

(a) The cap amount is $6,500 per year and is adjusted for inflation or deflation for cap years that end after October 1, 1984, by using the percentage change in the medical care expenditure category of the Consumer Price Index (CPI) for urban consumers that is published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. This adjustment is made using the change in the CPI from March 1984 to