(ii) The payment of FICA taxes during cost reporting periods subject to the prospective payment system, if the hospital had not paid such taxes for all its employees during its base period and will be required to participate effective January 1, 1984.

(2) If a hospital requests that its base-period costs be adjusted under paragraph (c)(1) of this section, it must timely provide the intermediary with sufficient documentation to justify the adjustment, and adequate data to compute the adjusted costs. The intermediary decides whether to use part or all of the data on the basis of audit, survey and other information available.

(d) Intermediary’s determination. The intermediary uses the best data available at the time in estimating each hospital’s base-year costs and the modifications to those costs authorized by paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section. The intermediary’s estimate of base-year costs and modifications thereto is final and may not be changed after the first day of the first cost reporting period beginning on or after October 1, 1983, except as provided in §412.72.


§412.72 Modification of base-year costs.

(a) Bases for modification of base-year costs. Base-year costs as determined under §412.71(d) may be modified under the following circumstances:

(1) Inadvertent omissions. (i) A hospital that becomes subject to the prospective payment system beginning on or after October 1, 1983 and before November 16, 1983 has until November 15, 1983 to request its intermediary to re-estimate its base-period costs to take into account inadvertent omissions in its previous submissions to the intermediary related to changes made by the prospective payment legislation for purposes of estimating the base-period costs.

(ii) The intermediary may also initiate changes to the estimation—

(A) For any reason before the date the hospital becomes subject to prospective payment; and

(B) Before November 16, 1983, for corrections to take into account inadvertent omissions in the hospital’s previous submissions related to changes made by the prospective payment legislation for purposes of estimating the base-period costs.

(iii) Such omissions pertain to adjustments to exclude capital-related costs and the direct medical education costs of approved educational activities and to adjustments specified in §412.71(c).

(iv) The intermediary must notify the provider of any change to the hospital-specific amount as a result of the provider’s request within 30 days of receipt of the additional data.

(v) Any change to base-period costs made under this paragraph (a)(1) will be made effective retroactively, beginning with the first day of the affected hospital’s fiscal year.

(2) Correction of mathematical errors of calculations. (i) The hospital must report mathematical errors of calculations to the intermediary within 90 days of the intermediary’s notification to the hospital of the hospital’s payments rates.

(ii) The intermediary may also identify such errors and initiate their correction during this period.

(iii) The intermediary will either make an appropriate adjustment or notify the hospital that no adjustment is warranted within 30 days of receipt of the hospital’s report of an error.

(iv) Corrections of errors of calculation will be effective with the first day of the hospital’s first cost reporting period subject to the prospective payment system.

(3) Recognition of additional costs. (i) The intermediary may adjust base-period costs to take into account additional costs recognized as allowable costs for the hospital’s base year as the result of any of the following:

(A) A reopening and revision of the hospital’s base-year notice of amount of program reimbursement under §§405.1885 through 405.1889 of this chapter.
§ 412.73 Determination of the hospital-specific rate based on a Federal fiscal year 1982 base period.

(a) Costs on a per discharge basis. The intermediary will determine the hospital’s estimated adjusted base-year operating cost per discharge by dividing the total adjusted operating costs

(b) Right to administrative and judicial review. (1) An intermediary’s estimation of a hospital’s base-year costs, and modifications, made for purposes of determining the hospital-specific rate, are subject to administrative and judicial review. Review will be available to a hospital upon receipt of its notice of amount of program reimbursement following the close of its cost reporting period, but only with respect to whether the intermediary followed the provisions of §§ 412.71 and 412.72. (Sections 405.1803 and 405.1807 of this chapter set forth the rules for intermediary determinations and notice of amount of program reimbursement and the effect of those determinations.)

(2) In any administrative or judicial review of whether the intermediary used the best data available at the time, as required by § 412.71(d), an intermediary’s estimation will be revised on the basis of this review only if the estimation was unreasonable and clearly erroneous in light of the data available at the time the estimation was made.

(3) Specifically excluded from administrative or judicial review are any issues based on data, information, or arguments not presented to the intermediary at the time of the estimation.

§ 412.73 Determination of the hospital-specific rate based on a Federal fiscal year 1982 base period.

(a) Costs on a per discharge basis. The intermediary will determine the hospital’s estimated adjusted base-year operating cost per discharge by dividing the total adjusted operating costs