Relocation Allowances

under conditions specified in agency internal regulations.

Effective Date Note: By FTR Amdt. 2011–01, 76 FR 18340, Apr. 1, 2011, § 302–7.16 was redesignated as § 302–7.17, effective Aug. 1, 2011.

§ 302–7.17 May PBP&E be transported at Government expense upon returning to CONUS for separation from Government service, after completion of an OCONUS assignment?

Any PBP&E that was transported as an administrative expense of the Government to the OCONUS assignment will be returned as an administrative expense of the Government to the place of actual residence or any other location, not to exceed the cost to the authorized destination.

Effective Date Note: By FTR Amdt. 2011–01, 76 FR 18340, Apr. 1, 2011, § 302–7.17 was redesignated as § 302–7.18, effective Aug. 1, 2011.

§ 302–7.18 Who is liable for any loss or damage to HHG incident to an authorized relocation?

When transporting HHG under the commuted rate or actual expense method and a commercial HHG carrier is used, the carrier accepts limited liability for any loss or damage in accordance with HHG carrier tariffs. For transporting HHG by self drive equipment for a do-it-yourself-move and for any loss or damage not covered by the HHG carrier, see part 302–11 of this chapter.

Effective Date Note: By FTR Amdt. 2011–01, 76 FR 18340, Apr. 1, 2011, § 302–7.17 was redesignated as § 302–7.18, effective Aug. 1, 2011.

§ 302–7.19 Should I include items that are irreplaceable or of extremely high monetary or sentimental value in my HHG shipment?

Generally no; items that are irreplaceable or of extremely high monetary or sentimental value should not be included in your HHG shipment. Additional insurance may be purchased, at your expense, to cover any loss or damage, however, such items are not necessarily provided special security. Accordingly, it is advisable that you or an immediate family member(s) transport such items personally.


§ 302–7.20 If my HHG shipment includes an item (e.g., boat, trailer, ultralight vehicle) for which a weight additive is assessed by the HHG carrier, am I responsible for payment?

If your HHG shipment includes an item (e.g., boat or trailer of reasonable size) for which a weight additive is assessed by the HHG carrier (as prescribed in applicable tariffs), and your shipment exceeds the maximum weight prescribed in § 302–7.2, you are responsible for all excess charges and any special packing, crating, and handling of the weight additive item. See § 302–7.200 on how charges are paid and who makes the shipping arrangements.

Effective Date Note: By FTR Amdt. 108, 67 FR 57969, Sept. 13, 2002

§ 302–7.21 If my HHG shipment includes an item for which a weight additive is assessed by the HHG carrier (e.g., boat, trailer, ultralight vehicle), am I responsible for payment?

(a) No, you will not be responsible for the shipping charges that result from a weight additive so long as the actual weight of your HHG without the additive does not exceed the 18,000 pound net weight allowance for relocation. However you are responsible for any amount your HHG exceeds the 18,000 pound net weight allowance prior to the addition of the weight additive (e.g., when a weight additive of 700 pounds is imposed by a HHG carrier for a 65-pound canoe and the total net weight of the HHG, including the weight additive, is 18,765 pounds, you are only responsible for the 65 pounds actually added by the canoe).

(b) You are also responsible for the cost of special packing, crating, and handling of the weight additive items, if any. See § 302–7.200 on how charges are paid and who makes the shipping arrangements.

Subpart B—Commuted Rate

§ 302–7.100 How are the charges of transporting HHG, and temporary storage calculated?

The charges for transporting HHG, and temporary storage are computed by multiplying the number of pounds