§ 63.470 Implementation and enforcement.

(a) This subpart can be implemented and enforced by the U.S. EPA, or a delegated authority such as the applicable State, local, or Tribal agency. If the U.S. EPA Administrator has delegated authority to a State, local, or Tribal agency, then that agency, in addition to the U.S. EPA, has the authority to implement and enforce this subpart. Contact the applicable U.S. EPA Regional Office to find out if implementation and enforcement of this subpart is delegated to a State, local, or Tribal agency.

(b) In delegating implementation and enforcement authority of this subpart under subpart E of this part, the authorities contained in paragraph (c) of this section are retained by the Administrator of U.S. EPA and cannot be transferred to the State, local, or Tribal agency.

(c) The authorities that cannot be delegated to State, local, or Tribal agencies are as specified in paragraphs (c)(1) through (4) of this section.

(1) Approval of alternatives to the requirements in §§ 63.460, 63.462(a) through (d), and 63.463 through 63.464 (except for the authorities in § 63.463(d)(9)). Use the procedures in § 63.469 to request the use of alternative equipment or procedures.

(2) Approval of major alternatives to test methods under § 63.7(e)(2)(ii) and (f), as defined in § 63.90, and as required in this subpart.

(3) Approval of major alternatives to monitoring under § 63.8(f), as defined in § 63.90, and as required in this subpart.

(4) Approval of major alternatives to recordkeeping and reporting under § 63.10(f), as defined in § 63.90, and as required in this subpart.

[68 FR 37349, June 23, 2003]

§ 63.471 Facility-wide standards.

(a) Each owner or operator of an affected facility shall comply with the requirements specified in this section. For purposes of this section, affected facility means all solvent cleaning machines, except solvent cleaning machines used in the manufacture and maintenance of aerospace products, solvent cleaning machines used in the manufacture of narrow tubing and continuous web cleaning machines, located at a major source that are subject to the facility-wide limits in paragraph (b)(2) of this section, and for area sources, affected facility means all solvent cleaning machines, except cold batch cleaning machines, located at an area source that are subject to the facility-wide limits in paragraph (b)(2) of this section.

(b)(1) Each owner or operator of an affected facility must maintain a log of solvent additions and deletions for each solvent cleaning machine.

(b)(2) Each owner or operator of an affected facility must ensure that the total emissions of perchloroethylene (PCE), trichloroethylene (TCE) and methylene chloride (MC) used at the affected facility are equal to or less than the applicable facility-wide 12-month rolling total emission limit presented in Table 1 of this section as determined using the procedures in paragraph (c) of this section.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Solvents emitted</th>
<th>Facility-wide annual emission limits in kg for general population degreasing machines</th>
<th>Facility-wide annual emission limit in kg for military depot maintenance facilities</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PCE only*</td>
<td>4,800</td>
<td>8,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TCE only</td>
<td>14,100</td>
<td>20,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MC only</td>
<td>60,000</td>
<td>100,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* PCE only means that PCE is the only solvent emitted from the degreasing machine.
Table 1—Facility-wide Emission Limits for Facilities With Solvent Cleaning Machines—Continued

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Solvents emitted</th>
<th>Facility-wide annual emission limits in kg for general population degreasing machines</th>
<th>Facility-wide annual emission limit in kg for military depot maintenance facilities</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Multiple solvents—Calculate the MC-weighted emissions using equation 1</td>
<td>60,000</td>
<td>100,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* PCE emission limit calculated using CalEPA URE.

NOTE: In the equation, the facility emissions of PCE and TCE are weighted according to their carcinogenic potency relative to that of MC. The value of A is 12.5. The value for B is 4.25.

\[ W = (PCE \times A) + (TCE \times B) + (MC) \] (Eq. 9)

Where:

WE = Weighted 12-month rolling total emissions in kg (lbs).

PCE = 12-month rolling total PCE emissions from all solvent cleaning machines at the facility in kg (lbs).

TCE = 12-month rolling total TCE emission from all solvent cleaning machines at the facility in kg (lbs).

MC = 12-month rolling total MC emissions from all solvent cleaning machines at the facility in kg (lbs).

(c) Each owner or operator of an affected facility shall on the first operating day of the month, demonstrate compliance with the applicable facility-wide emission limit on a 12-month rolling total basis using the procedures in paragraphs (c)(1) through (5) of this section. For purposes of this paragraph, “each solvent cleaning machine” means each solvent cleaning machine that is part of an affected facility regulated by this section.

(1) Each owner or operator of an affected facility shall, on the first operating day of every month, demonstrate compliance with the applicable facility-wide emission limit on a 12-month rolling total basis using the procedures in paragraphs (c)(1) through (5) of this section. For purposes of this paragraph, “each solvent cleaning machine” means each solvent cleaning machine that is part of an affected facility regulated by this section.

(2) Each owner or operator of an affected facility shall, on the first operating day of the month, using the records of all solvent additions and deletions for the previous month, determine solvent emissions \( E_{\text{unit}} \) from each solvent cleaning machine using equation 10:

\[ E_{\text{unit}} = S_A - LSR_i - SSR_i \] (Eq. 10)

Where:

\( E_{\text{unit}} \) = the total halogenated HAP solvent emissions from the solvent cleaning machine during the most recent month \( i \), (kilograms of solvent per month).

\( S_A \) = the total amount of halogenated HAP liquid solvent added to the solvent cleaning machine during the most recent month \( i \), (kilograms of solvent per month).

\( LSR_i \) = the total amount of halogenated HAP liquid solvent removed from the solvent cleaning machine during the most recent month \( i \), (kilograms of solvent per month).

\( SSR_i \) = the total amount of halogenated HAP solvent removed from the solvent cleaning machine in solid waste, obtained as described in paragraph (c)(3) of this section, during the most recent month \( i \), (kilograms of solvent per month).

(3) Each owner or operator of an affected facility shall, on the first operating day of the month, determine SSR, using the method specified in paragraph (c)(3)(i) or (c)(3)(ii) of this section.
(i) From tests conducted using EPA reference method 25d.
(ii) By engineering calculations included in the compliance report.

(4) Each owner or operator of an affected facility shall on the first operating day of the month, after 12 months of emissions data are available, determine the 12-month rolling total emissions, \( E_{\text{unit}} \), for the 12-month period ending with the most recent month using equation 11:

\[
E_{\text{unit}} = \sum_{j=1}^{12} E_{\text{unit},j} \quad \text{[Eq. 11]}
\]

Where:
- \( E_{\text{unit}} \) = the total halogenated HAP solvent emissions over the preceding 12 months, (kilograms of solvent emissions per 12-month period).
- \( E_{\text{unit},j} \) = halogenated HAP solvent emissions for each month \( j \) for the most recent 12 months (kilograms of solvent per month).

(5) Each owner or operator of an affected facility shall on the first operating day of the month, after 12 months of emissions data are available, determine the 12-month rolling total emissions, \( E_{\text{facility}} \), for the 12-month period ending with the most recent month using equation 12:

\[
E_{\text{facility}} = \sum_{i} \left( \sum_{j=1}^{12} E_{\text{unit},j} \right) \quad \text{[Eq. 12]}
\]

Where:
- \( E_{\text{facility}} \) = the total halogenated HAP solvent emissions over the preceding 12 months for all cleaning machines at the facility, (kilograms of solvent emissions per 12-month period).
- \( E_{\text{unit},i,j} \) = the total halogenated HAP solvent emissions over the preceding 12 months for each unit \( j \), where \( i \) equals the total number of units at the facility (kilograms of solvent emissions per 12-month period).

(d) If the applicable facility-wide emission limit presented in Table 1 of paragraph (b)(2) is not met, an exceedance has occurred. All exceedances shall be reported as required in §63.468(h).

(e) Each owner or operator of an affected facility shall maintain records specified in paragraphs (e)(1) through (3) of this section either in electronic or written form for a period of 5 years. For purposes of this paragraph, “each solvent cleaning machine” means each solvent cleaning machine that is part of an affected facility regulated by this section.

(1) The dates and amounts of solvent that are added to each solvent cleaning machine.

(2) The solvent composition of wastes removed from each solvent cleaning machine as determined using the procedure described in paragraph (c)(3) of this section.

(3) Calculation sheets showing how monthly emissions and the 12-month rolling total emissions from each solvent cleaning machine were determined, and the results of all calculations.

(f) Each owner or operator of an affected facility shall submit an initial notification report to the Administrator no later than May 3, 2010. This report shall include the information specified in paragraphs (f)(1) through (5) of this section.

(1) The name and address of the owner or operator of the affected facility.

(2) The address (i.e., physical location) of the solvent cleaning machine(s) that is part of an affected facility regulated by this section.

(3) A brief description of each solvent cleaning machine at the affected facility including machine type (batch vapor, batch cold, vapor in-line or cold in-line), solvent/air interface area, and existing controls.

(4) The date of installation for each solvent cleaning machine.

(5) An estimate of annual halogenated HAP solvent consumption for each solvent cleaning machine.

(g) Each owner or operator of an affected facility shall submit to the Administrator an initial statement of compliance on or before May 3, 2010. The statement shall include the information specified in paragraphs (g)(1) through (g)(3) of this section.

(1) The name and address of the owner or operator of the affected facility.

(2) The address (i.e., physical location) of each solvent cleaning machine that is part of an affected facility regulated by this section.

(3) The results of the first 12-month rolling total emissions calculation.
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(h) Each owner or operator of an affected facility shall submit a solvent emission report every year. This solvent emission report shall contain the requirements specified in paragraphs (h)(1) through (h)(3) of this section.

(1) The average monthly solvent consumption for the affected facility in kilograms per month.

(2) The 12-month rolling total solvent emission estimates calculated each month using the method as described in paragraph (c) of this section.

(3) This report can be combined with the annual report required in §63.468(f) and (g) into a single report for each facility.

[72 FR 25158, May 3, 2007]

APPENDIX A TO SUBPART T OF PART 63—TEST OF SOLVENT CLEANING PROCEDURES

General Questions

1. What is the maximum allowable speed for parts entry and removal?
   A. 8.5 meters per minute (28 feet per minute).
   B. 3.4 meters per minute (11 feet per minute).
   C. 11 meters per minute (36 feet per minute).
   D. No limit.

2. How do you ensure that parts enter and exit the solvent cleaning machine at the speed required in the regulation?
   A. Program on computerized hoist monitors speed.
   B. Can judge the speed by looking at it.
   C. Measure the time it takes the parts to travel a measured distance.

3. Identify the sources of air disturbances.
   A. Fans
   B. Open doors
   C. Open windows
   D. Ventilation vents
   E. All of the above

4. What are the three operating modes?
   A. Idling, working and downtime
   B. Precleaning, cleaning, and drying
   C. Startup, shutdown, off
   D. None of the above

5. When can parts or parts baskets be removed from the solvent cleaning machine?
   A. When they are clean
   B. At any time
   C. When dripping stops
   D. Either A or C is correct

6. How must parts be oriented during cleaning?
   A. It does not matter as long as they fit in the parts basket.
   B. So that the solvent pools in the cavities where the dirt is concentrated.
   C. So that solvent drains from them freely.

7. During startup, what must be turned on first, the primary condenser or the sump heater?
   A. Primary condenser
   B. Sump heater
   C. Turn both on at the same time
   D. Either A or B is correct

8. During shutdown, what must be turned off first, the primary condenser or the sump heater?
   A. Primary condenser
   B. Sump heater
   C. Turn both off at the same time
   D. Either A or B is correct

9. In what manner must solvent be added to and removed from the solvent cleaning machine?
   A. With leak proof couplings
   B. With the end of the pipe in the solvent sump below the liquid solvent surface.
   C. So long as the solvent does not spill, the method does not matter.
   D. A or B

10. What must be done with waste solvent and still and sump bottoms?
    A. Pour down the drain
    B. Store in closed container
    C. Store in a bucket
    D. A or B

11. What types of materials are prohibited from being cleaned in solvent cleaning machines using halogenated HAP solvents?
    A. Sponges
    B. Fabrics
    C. Paper
    D. All of the above

Control Device Specific Questions

[ ] Freeboard Refrigeration Device

1. What temperature must the FRD achieve?
   A. Below room temperature
   B. 50°F
   C. Below the solvent boiling point
   D. 30 percent below the solvent boiling point

[ ] Working-Mode Cover

2. When can a cover be open?
   A. While parts are in the cleaning machine
   B. During parts entry and removal
   C. During maintenance
   D. During measurements for compliance purposes
   E. A and C
   F. B, C, and D

3. Covers must be maintained in what condition?
   A. Free of holes
   B. Free of cracks