Environmental Protection Agency

§ 152.500

most recently concluded fiscal year of operation, and a single fee would constitute more than 3 percent of the applicant’s gross revenue from pesticide sales in the most recently completed fiscal year of operation, or

(ii) The company applying had less than $40 million in gross revenue (including all revenue sources) in the most recently completed fiscal year of operation, and the cumulative registration fees paid during the 12 months following the applicant’s most recently completed fiscal year, including any registration fees paid for the applicant for which a waiver is requested, constitute more than 3 percent of the applicant’s gross revenue from pesticide sales in the most recently concluded fiscal year of operation.

(iii) The Agency will not grant such a waiver if it determines that the entity submitting the application has been formed or manipulated to qualify for such a waiver.

(4) Public interest. The Agency, in its discretion, may waive in whole or in part any of the fees established herein in the public interest. Examples include, but are not limited to, pesticides offering unique advantages for reducing public health risks, those that significantly reduce a current environmental risk, or a product with extraordinary utility for use in Integrated Pest Management (IPM).


§ 152.414 Procedures.

(a) Procedures for requesting a waiver.

(1) A request for a waiver must be submitted in writing at the time the application is submitted to the Office of Pesticide Programs’ Document Processing Desk at the appropriate address as set forth in 40 CFR 150.17(a) or (b).

(2) A payment of $1,200 for processing the waiver or the amount of the actual fee, whichever is less, must be submitted simultaneously to the address set forth in paragraph (b) of this section. This fee will be refunded (or applied to any resulting partial fee) if the waiver is granted. Payment of fees for the registration activities, in contrast to the waiver fee, shall not be required until the Agency makes a determination on the waiver request. Since the actual fee is submitted to an address different than the one to which the waiver request is submitted, a copy of the payment document must be submitted with the waiver request that is submitted to the Office of Pesticide Programs’ Document Processing Desk as described in paragraph (a)(1) of this section. No fee is required from a person who has no financial interest in the application.

(b) Procedures for payment of fees. All fees required by this section must be paid by money order, bank draft, or certified check drawn to the order of the Environmental Protection Agency. All payment of fees must be forwarded to the Environmental Protection Agency, Headquarters Accounting Operations Branch, Office of Pesticide Programs (Registration Fees), P.O. Box 360277M, Pittsburgh, PA 15251. The payments should be specifically labeled “Registration Fees” and should be accompanied only by a copy of the registration application form or the experimental use permit application form, as appropriate. An application will not be accepted for processing until the required fees have been submitted.

(c) Procedures for submitting application and supporting data. The application, along with supporting data, shall be forwarded within 30 days of payment to the Washington DC address set forth in paragraph (a)(1) of this section.


Subparts V–Y [Reserved]

Subpart Z—Devices

§ 152.500 Requirements for devices.

(a) A device is defined as any instrument or contrivance (other than a firearm) intended for trapping, destroying, repelling, or mitigating any pest or any other form of plant or animal life (other than man and other than a bacterium, virus, or other microorganism or in living man or living animals) but not including equipment used for the application of pesticides (such as tamper-resistant bait boxes for rodenticides) when sold separately therefrom.
(b) A device is not required to be registered under FIFRA sec. 3. The Agency has issued a policy statement concerning its authority and activities with respect to devices, which was published in the Federal Register of November 19, 1976 (41 FR 51065). A device is subject to the requirements set forth in:

1. FIFRA sec. 2(q)(1) and part 156 of this chapter, with respect to labeling;
2. FIFRA sec. 7 and part 167 of this chapter, with respect to establishment registration and reporting;
3. FIFRA sec. 8 and part 169 of this chapter, with respect to books and records;
4. FIFRA sec. 9, with respect to inspection of establishments;
5. FIFRA sec. 12, 13, and 14, with respect to violations, enforcement activities, and penalties;
6. FIFRA sec. 17, with respect to import and export of devices;
7. FIFRA sec. 25(c)(3), with respect to child-resistant packaging; and
8. FIFRA sec. 25(c)(4), with respect to the Agency’s authority to declare devices subject to certain provisions of the Act.

§ 153.125 Criteria for determination of pesticidal activity.

(a) An ingredient will be considered an active ingredient if it is contained in a pesticide product and:

1. The ingredient has the capability by itself, and when used as directed at the proposed use dilution, to function as a pesticide; or
2. The ingredient has the ability to elicit or enhance a pesticidal effect in another compound whose pesticidal activity is substantially increased due to the interaction of the compounds. Compounds which function simply to enhance or prolong the activity of an active ingredient by physical action, such as stickers and other adjuvants, are not generally considered to be active ingredients.

(b) Normally the applicant will determine and state in his application whether an ingredient is active or inert with respect to pesticidal activity. The Agency, as part of its review of an application for registration, or in conjunction with the Registration Standard or Special Review process, may require any ingredient, to be designated as an active ingredient if the Agency finds that it meets the criteria in paragraph (a) of this section. Conversely, the Agency may determine that any ingredient designated as active by an applicant is an inert ingredient if it fails to meet those criteria.

(c) If an ingredient is designated as an active ingredient, it must be identified in the label ingredients statement. If an ingredient is designated as an inert ingredient, it must be included as part of the total inert ingredients in the label ingredients statement.

(d) Designation of a substance as a pesticidally inert ingredient does not relieve the applicant or registrant of other requirements of FIFRA with respect to labeling of inert ingredients or submission of data, or from the requirements of the Federal Food, Drug,