§ 98.262 GHGs to report.

(a) You must report CO\textsubscript{2} process emissions from each wet-process phosphoric acid process line.

(b) You must report under subpart C of this part (General Stationary Fuel Combustion Sources) the emissions of CO\textsubscript{2}, CH\textsubscript{4}, and N\textsubscript{2}O from each stationary combustion unit following the requirements of subpart C of this part.

§ 98.263 Calculating GHG emissions.

You must calculate and report the annual process CO\textsubscript{2} emissions from each wet-process phosphoric acid process line using the procedures in either paragraph (a) or (b) of this section.

(a) Calculate and report under this subpart the process CO\textsubscript{2} emissions by operating and maintaining a CEMS according to the Tier 4 Calculation Methodology specified in §98.33(a)(4) and all associated requirements for Tier 4 in subpart C of this part (General Stationary Fuel Combustion Sources).

(b) Calculate and report under this subpart the process CO\textsubscript{2} emissions using the procedures in paragraphs (b)(1) and (b)(2) of this section.

(1) Calculate the annual CO\textsubscript{2} mass emissions from each wet-process phosphoric acid process line using the methods in paragraphs (b)(1)(i) or (ii) of this section, as applicable.

(i) If your process measurement provides the inorganic carbon content of phosphate rock as an output, calculate and report the process CO\textsubscript{2} emissions from each wet-process phosphoric acid process line using Equation Z–1a of this section:

\[
E_m = \sum_{i=1}^{b} \sum_{n=1}^{z} \left( IC_{n,i} \times P_{n,i} \right) \times \frac{2000}{2205} \times \frac{44}{12} \quad \text{(Eq. Z–1a)}
\]

Where:

- \( E_m \) = Annual CO\textsubscript{2} mass emissions from a wet-process phosphoric acid process line m according to this Equation Z-1a (metric ton).
- \( IC_{n,i} \) = Inorganic carbon content of a grab sample batch of phosphate rock by origin i obtained during month n, from the carbon analysis results (percent by weight, expressed as a decimal fraction).
- \( P_{n,i} \) = Mass of phosphate rock by origin i consumed in month n by wet-process phosphoric acid process line m (tons).
- \( z \) = Number of months during which the process line m operates.
- \( b \) = Number of different types of phosphate rock in month, by origin. If the grab sample is a composite sample of rock from more than one origin, \( b = 1 \).
- \( 2000/2205 \) = Conversion factor to convert tons to metric tons.
- \( 44/12 \) = Ratio of molecular weights, CO\textsubscript{2} to carbon.

(ii) If your process measurement provides the CO\textsubscript{2} emissions directly as an output, calculate and report the process CO\textsubscript{2} emissions from each wet-process phosphoric acid process line using Equation Z–1b of this section:

\[
E_m = \sum_{i=1}^{b} \sum_{n=1}^{z} \left( CO_{2,n,i} \times P_{n,i} \right) \times \frac{2000}{2205} \quad \text{(Eq. Z–1b)}
\]

Where:

- \( E_m \) = Annual CO\textsubscript{2} mass emissions from a wet-process phosphoric acid process line m according to this Equation Z-1b (metric ton).
- \( CO_{2,n,i} \) = Carbon dioxide emissions of a grab sample batch of phosphate rock by origin i obtained during month n (percent by weight, expressed as a decimal fraction).
§ 98.265 Procedures for estimating missing data.

(a) For each missing value of the inorganic carbon content of phosphate rock or carbon dioxide (by origin), you must use the appropriate default factor provided in Table Z–1 this subpart. Alternatively, you must determine a substitute data value by calculating the arithmetic average of the quality-assured values of inorganic carbon contents of phosphate rock of origin i from samples immediately preceding and immediately following the missing data incident. You must document and keep records of the procedures used for all such estimates.

(b) For each missing value of the inorganic carbon content of phosphate rock or carbon dioxide (by origin), you must use the appropriate default factor provided in Table Z–1 this subpart. Alternatively, you must determine a substitute data value by calculating the arithmetic average of the quality-assured values of inorganic carbon contents of phosphate rock of origin i from samples immediately preceding and immediately following the missing data incident. You must document and keep records of the procedures used for all such estimates.

§ 98.264 Monitoring and QA/QC requirements.

(a) You must obtain a monthly grab sample of phosphate rock directly from the rock being fed to the process line before it enters the mill using one of the following methods. You may conduct the representative bulk sampling using a method published by a consensus standards organization, or you may use industry consensus standard practice methods, including but not limited to the Phosphate Mining States Methods Used and Adopted by the Association of Fertilizer and Phosphate Chemists (AFPC) (P.O. Box 1645, Bartow, Florida 33831, (863) 534–9755, http://afpc.net, paul.mcafee@mosaicco.com). If phosphate rock is obtained from more than one origin in a month, you must obtain a sample from each origin of rock or obtain a composite representative sample.

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