§ 35.4215 What if the aggregate amount of the proposed contract is greater than $100,000?

If the aggregate amount of the proposed contract is greater than $100,000, your group must follow the procurement regulations in 40 CFR part 30 (these regulations outline the standards for your group to use when contracting for services with Federal funds; they also contain provisions on: codes of conduct for the award and administration of contracts; competition; procurement procedures; cost and price analysis; procurement records; contract administration; and contracts generally).

(b) Your group must not divide any procurements into smaller parts to get under any of the dollar limits in paragraph (a) of this section.

§ 35.4215 What if my group can’t find an adequate number of potential sources for a technical advisor or other contractor?

In situations where only one adequate bidder can be found, your group may request written authority from the EPA award official to contract with the sole bidder.

§ 35.4220 How does my group ensure a prospective contractor does not have a conflict of interest?

Your group must require any prospective contractor on any contract to provide, with its bid or proposal:

(a) Information on its financial and business relationship with all PRPs at the site, with PRP parent companies, subsidiaries, affiliates, subcontractors, contractors, and current clients or attorneys and agents. This disclosure requirement includes past and anticipated financial and business relationships, and services provided to or on behalf of such parties in connection with any proposed or pending litigation;

(b) Certification that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, it has disclosed such information or no such information exists; and

(c) A statement that it will disclose to you immediately any such information discovered after submission of its bid or after award.

§ 35.4225 What if my group decides a prospective contractor has a conflict of interest?

If, after evaluating the information in § 35.4220, your group decides a prospective contractor has a significant conflict of interest that cannot be avoided or otherwise resolved, you must exclude him or her from consideration.

§ 35.4230 What are my group’s contractual responsibilities once we procure a contractor?

For contractual responsibilities, your group, not EPA:

(a) Is responsible for resolving all contractual and administrative issues arising out of contracts you enter into under a TAG; you must establish a procedure for resolving such issues with your contractor which complies with the provisions of 40 CFR 30.41. These provisions say your group, not EPA, is responsible for settling all issues related to decisions you make in procuring advisors or other contractors with TAG funds; and

(b) Must ensure your contractor(s) perform(s) in accordance with the terms and conditions of the contract.

§ 35.4235 Are there specific provisions my group’s contract(s) must contain?

Your group must include the following provisions in each of its contracts:

(a) Statement of work;

(b) Schedule for performance;

(c) Due dates for deliverables;

(d) Total cost of the contract;

(e) Payment provisions;

(f) The following clauses from 40 CFR part 30, appendix A, which your EPA regional office can provide to you:
(1) Equal Employment Opportunity; and
(2) Suspension and Debarment;
(g) The following clauses from 40 CFR 30.48:
(1) Remedies for breaches of contract (40 CFR 30.48(a));
(2) Termination by the recipient (40 CFR 30.48(b)); and
(3) Access to records (40 CFR 30.48(d)); and
(h) Provisions that require your contractor(s) to keep the following detailed records as § 35.4180 requires for ten years after the end of the contract:
(1) Acquisitions;
(2) Work progress reports;
(3) Expenditures; and
(4) Commitments indicating their relationship to established costs and schedules.

REQUIREMENTS FOR TAG CONTRACTORS
§ 35.4240 What provisions must my group’s TAG contractor comply with if it subcontracts?
A TAG contractor must comply with the following provisions when awarding subcontracts:
(a) Section 35.4205 (b) pertaining to documentation;
(b) Section 35.4205 (c) and (f) pertaining to cost;
(c) Section 35.4195 (c) pertaining to suspension and debarment;
(d) Section 35.4200 (b) pertaining to responsible contractors;
(e) [Reserved]
(f) Section 35.4200 (a) pertaining to unallowable contracts;
(g) Section 35.4235 pertaining to contract provisions; and
(h) Cost principles in 48 CFR part 31, the Federal Acquisition Regulation, if the contractor and subcontractors are profit-making organizations.

GRANT DISPUTES, TERMINATION, AND ENFORCEMENT
§ 35.4245 How does my group resolve a disagreement with EPA regarding our TAG?
The regulations at 40 CFR 30.63 and 31.70 will govern disputes except that, before you may obtain judicial review of the dispute, you must have requested the Regional Administrator to review the dispute decision official’s determination under 40 CFR 31.70(c), and, if you still have a dispute, you must have requested the Assistant Administrator for the Office of Solid Waste and Emergency Response to review the Regional Administrator’s decision under 40 CFR 31.70(h).

§ 35.4250 Under what circumstances would EPA terminate my group’s TAG?
(a) EPA may terminate your grant if your group materially fails to comply with the terms and conditions of the TAG and the requirements of this subpart.
(b) EPA may also terminate your grant with your group’s consent in which case you and EPA must agree upon the termination conditions, including the effective date as 40 CFR 30.63 describes.

§ 35.4255 Can my group terminate our TAG?
Yes, your group may terminate your TAG by sending EPA written notification explaining the reasons for the termination and the effective date.

§ 35.4260 What other steps might EPA take if my group fails to comply with the terms and conditions of our award?
EPA may take one or more of the following actions, under 40 CFR 30.62, depending on the circumstances:
(a) Temporarily withhold advance payments until you correct the deficiency;
(b) Not allow your group to receive reimbursement for all or part of the activity or action not in compliance;
(c) Wholly or partly “suspend” your group’s award;
(d) Withhold further awards (meaning, funding) for the project or program;
(e) Take enforcement action;
(f) Place special conditions in your grant agreement; and
(g) Take other remedies that may be legally available.