than 60 days after the end of that budget period, unless the Secretary authorizes a later submission date. The Secretary uses this data to determine if the grantee has met the program compliance indicators in this subpart F.

(b) A grantee may receive its second year of funding (or the first continuation award) under this program before data from the first complete budget period is available. However, to allow the Secretary to determine whether the grantee is eligible for the third year of funding (or the second continuation award), the grantee must submit data from the first budget period in accordance with paragraph (a) of this section.

(c) If the data for the most recent complete budget period provided under paragraph (a) or (b) of this section show that a grantee has failed to achieve the minimum performance levels, as required by §379.50(b), the grantee may, at its option, submit data from the first 6 months of the current budget period. The grantee must submit this data no later than 60 days after the end of that 6-month period, unless the Secretary authorizes a later submission date. The data must demonstrate that the grantee’s project performance has improved sufficiently to meet the minimum performance levels required in §379.50(b).

Standard 4: Funds must be used to achieve the project’s primary objective at minimum cost to the Federal Government.

Standard 5: The project’s advisory council must provide policy guidance and assistance in the conduct of the project.

Standard 6: Working relationships, including partnerships, must be established with agencies and organizations to expand the project’s capacity to meet its objectives.

Standard 7: The project must obtain positive results in assisting individuals with disabilities to obtain competitive employment.

APPENDIX B TO PART 379—PRESCRIPTION OF ELIGIBILITY

If a DSU determines that an individual is an eligible individual under section 102(a) of the Act, including that the individual meets the definition of an “individual with a significant disability,” and refers the individual to a PWI project, the PWI grantee may initiate services to that individual without the need for an additional determination of eligibility. In these instances, the PWI grantee should obtain appropriate documentation of this determination from the DSU.

APPENDIX C TO PART 379—CALCULATING REQUIRED MATCHING AMOUNT

1. The method for calculating the required matching amount may be stated by the following formula:

\[ X = \left( \frac{Y}{0.8} \right) - Y \]

- **X** = Required Match (provided in cash or through third party in-kind contributions)
- **Y** = Amount of Federal Funds

This equation holds true regardless of the total cost of the project. The amount of Federal funds spent in a fiscal year (FY) can never be more than 80 percent (hence, the “.8” in the formula) of the total funds (Federal and non-Federal) spent by the project. Thus, the formula is not dependent on knowing the total cost of the project. One needs to know only that the Federal share can be no more than 80 percent of whatever the total costs may turn out to be. In all cases, the matching contribution is calculated by dividing the amount of the Federal grant award by 80 percent (.8) and subtracting from that result the amount of the Federal grant award.

For example: If the amount of the Federal PWI grant award is $400,000, the amount of the required match is $100,000, calculated as follows:

\[ X = \left( \frac{400,000}{0.8} \right) - 400,000 \]

\[ X = 500,000 - 400,000 \]

\[ X = 100,000 \]