Office of the Assistant Secretary, Interior

§ 1000.164 Can a Tribe/Consortium have an AFA without entering into a compact?

Yes, at the Tribe(s)/Consortium’s option.

§ 1000.165 Are provisions in compacts negotiated before January 16, 2001, effective after implementation?

(a) Yes, all provisions in compacts that were negotiated with BIA before January 16, 2001, shall remain in effect for BIA programs only after January 16, 2001, provided that each compact contains provisions:

1. That are authorized by the Tribal Self-Governance Act of 1994;
2. Are in compliance with other applicable Federal laws; and,
3. Are consistent with this part.

(b) BIA will notify the Tribe/Consortium in writing when BIA asserts that a provision or provisions of that Tribe’s/Consortium’s previously negotiated compact is not in compliance with the terms and conditions of this part. BIA and the Tribe/Consortium will renegotiate the provision within 60 days of the Tribe’s/Consortium’s receipt of the notification.

(c) If renegotiation is not successful within 60 days of the notice being provided, BIA’s determination is final for the bureau and enforceability of the provisions shall be subject to the appeals process described in subpart R of this part. Pending a final appeal through the appeals process, BIA’s determination shall be stayed.

NEGOTIATION OF INITIAL ANNUAL FUNDING AGREEMENTS

§ 1000.166 What are the phases of the negotiation process?

There are two phases of the negotiation process:
(a) The information phase; and
(b) The negotiation phase.

§ 1000.167 Who may initiate the information phase?

Any Tribe/Consortium that has been admitted to the program or to the applicant pool may initiate the information phase.

§ 1000.168 Is it mandatory to go through the information phase before initiating the negotiation phase?

No, a Tribe/Consortium may go directly to the negotiation phase.

§ 1000.169 How does a Tribe/Consortium initiate the information phase?

A Tribe/Consortium initiates the information phase by submitting a letter of interest to the bureau administering a program that the Tribe/Consortium may want to include in its AFA. A letter of interest may be mailed, telefaxed, or hand-delivered to:
(a) The Director, OSG, if the request is for information about BIA programs;
(b) The non-BIA bureau’s self-governance representative identified in the Secretary’s annual section 405(c) listing in the Federal Register, if the request is for information concerning programs of non-BIA bureaus.

§ 1000.170 What is the letter of interest?

A letter of interest is the initial indication of interest submitted by the Tribe/Consortium informing the bureau of the Tribe’s/Consortium’s interest in seeking information for the possible negotiation of one or more bureau programs. For non-BIA bureaus, the program and budget information request should relate to the program and activities identified in the Secretary’s section 405(c) list in the Federal Register or a section 403(c) request. A letter of interest should identify the following:
(a) As specifically as possible, the program a Tribe/Consortium is interested in negotiating under an AFA;
(b) A preliminary brief explanation of the cultural, historical, or geographic significance to the Tribe/Consortium of the program, if applicable;
(c) The scope of activity that a Tribe/Consortium is interested in including in an AFA;