Drug Enforcement Administration, Justice  
§ 1306.26

(4) For electronic prescriptions being transferred electronically, the transferring pharmacist must provide the receiving pharmacist with the following information in addition to the original electronic prescription data:
   (i) The date of the original dispensing.
   (ii) The number of refills remaining and the date(s) and locations of previous refills.
   (iii) The transferring pharmacy’s name, address, DEA registration number, and prescription number for each dispensing.
   (iv) The name of the pharmacist transferring the prescription.
   (v) The name, address, DEA registration number, and prescription number from the pharmacy that originally filled the prescription, if different.
(5) The pharmacist receiving a transferred electronic prescription must create an electronic record for the prescription that includes the receiving pharmacist’s name and all of the information transferred with the prescription under paragraph (b)(4) of this section.
   (c) The original and transferred prescription(s) must be maintained for a period of two years from the date of last refill.
   (d) Pharmacies electronically accessing the same prescription record must satisfy all information requirements of a manual mode for prescription transfer.
   (e) The procedure allowing the transfer of prescription information for refill purposes is permissible only if allowable under existing State or other applicable law.

§ 1306.26 Dispensing without prescription.

A controlled substance listed in Schedules II, III, IV, or V which is not a prescription drug as determined under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, may be dispensed by a pharmacist without a prescription to a purchaser at retail, provided that:
   (a) Such dispensing is made only by a pharmacist (as defined in part 1300 of this chapter), and not by a nonpharmacist employee even if under the supervision of a pharmacist (although after the pharmacist has fulfilled his professional and legal responsibilities set forth in this section, the actual cash, credit transaction, or delivery, may be completed by a nonpharmacist);
   (b) Not more than 240 cc. (8 ounces) of any such controlled substance containing opium, nor more than 120 cc. (4 ounces) of any other such controlled substance nor more than 48 dosage units of any such controlled substance containing opium, nor more than 24 dosage units of any other such controlled substance may be dispensed at retail to the same purchaser in any given 48-hour period;
   (c) The purchaser is at least 18 years of age;
   (d) The pharmacist requires every purchaser of a controlled substance under this section not known to him to furnish suitable identification (including proof of age where appropriate);
   (e) A bound record book for dispensing of controlled substances under this section is maintained by the pharmacist, which book shall contain the name and address of the purchaser, the name and quantity of controlled substance purchased, the date of each purchase, and the name or initials of the pharmacist who dispensed the substance to the purchaser (the book shall be maintained in accordance with the recordkeeping requirement of §1304.04 of this chapter); and
   (f) A prescription is not required for distribution or dispensing of the substance pursuant to any other Federal, State or local law.
   (g) Central fill pharmacies may not dispense controlled substances to a purchaser at retail pursuant to this section.