

digital format. Examples include systems employing video frame grabbers, and scanners which use lasers or charge-coupled devices.

(b) *Classification*. Class II (special controls; voluntary standards—Digital Imaging and Communications in Medicine (DICOM) Std., Joint Photographic Experts Group (JPEG) Std.).

[63 FR 23387, Apr. 29, 1998]

§ 892.2040 Medical image hardcopy device.

(a) *Identification*. A medical image hardcopy device is a device that produces a visible printed record of a medical image and associated identification information. Examples include multiformat cameras and laser printers.

(b) *Classification*. Class II (special controls; voluntary standards—Digital Imaging and Communications in Medicine (DICOM) Std., Joint Photographic Experts Group (JPEG) Std., Society of Motion Picture and Television Engineers (SMPTE) Test Pattern).

[63 FR 23387, Apr. 29, 1998]

§ 892.2050 Picture archiving and communications system.

(a) *Identification*. A picture archiving and communications system is a device that provides one or more capabilities relating to the acceptance, transfer, display, storage, and digital processing of medical images. Its hardware components may include workstations, digitizers, communications devices, computers, video monitors, magnetic, optical disk, or other digital data storage devices, and hardcopy devices. The software components may provide functions for performing operations related to image manipulation, enhancement, compression or quantification.

(b) *Classification*. Class II (special controls; voluntary standards—Digital Imaging and Communications in Medicine (DICOM) Std., Joint Photographic Experts Group (JPEG) Std., Society of Motion Picture and Television Engineers (SMPTE) Test Pattern).

[63 FR 23387, Apr. 29, 1998]

Subparts C–E [Reserved]

Subpart F—Therapeutic Devices

§ 892.5050 Medical charged-particle radiation therapy system.

(a) *Identification*. A medical charged-particle radiation therapy system is a device that produces by acceleration high energy charged particles (e.g., electrons and protons) intended for use in radiation therapy. This generic type of device may include signal analysis and display equipment, patient and equipment supports, treatment planning computer programs, component parts, and accessories.

(b) *Classification*. Class II. When intended for use as a quality control system, the film dosimetry system (film scanning system) included as an accessory to the device described in paragraph (a) of this section, is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter subject to the limitations in § 892.9.

[53 FR 1567, Jan. 20, 1988, as amended at 64 FR 1125, Jan. 8, 1999]

§ 892.5300 Medical neutron radiation therapy system.

(a) *Identification*. A medical neutron radiation therapy system is a device intended to generate high-energy neutrons for radiation therapy. This generic type of device may include signal analysis and display equipment, patient and equipment support, treatment planning computer programs, component parts, and accessories.

(b) *Classification*. Class II.

§ 892.5650 Manual radionuclide applicator system.

(a) *Identification*. A manual radionuclide applicator system is a manually operated device intended to apply a radionuclide source into the body or to the surface of the body for radiation therapy. This generic type of device may include patient and equipment supports, component parts, treatment planning computer programs, and accessories.

(b) *Classification*. Class I (general controls). The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in

§ 892.5700

subpart E of part 807 of this chapter subject to § 892.9.

[53 FR 1567, Jan. 20, 1988, as amended at 65 FR 2323, Jan. 14, 2000]

§ 892.5700 Remote controlled radionuclide applicator system.

(a) *Identification.* A remote controlled radionuclide applicator system is an electromechanical or pneumatic device intended to enable an operator to apply, by remote control, a radionuclide source into the body or to the surface of the body for radiation therapy. This generic type of device may include patient and equipment supports, component parts, treatment planning computer programs, and accessories.

(b) *Classification.* Class II.

§ 892.5710 Radiation therapy beam-shaping block.

(a) *Identification.* A radiation therapy beam-shaping block is a device made of a highly attenuating material (such as lead) intended for medical purposes to modify the shape of a beam from a radiation therapy source.

(b) *Classification.* Class II.

§ 892.5730 Radionuclide brachytherapy source.

(a) *Identification.* A radionuclide brachytherapy source is a device that consists of a radionuclide which may be enclosed in a sealed container made of gold, titanium, stainless steel, or platinum and intended for medical purposes to be placed onto a body surface or into a body cavity or tissue as a source of nuclear radiation for therapy.

(b) *Classification.* Class II.

§ 892.5740 Radionuclide teletherapy source.

(a) *Identification.* A radionuclide teletherapy source is a device consisting of a radionuclide enclosed in a sealed container. The device is intended for radiation therapy, with the radiation source located at a distance from the patient's body.

(b) *Classification.* Class I (general controls). The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in

21 CFR Ch. I (4-1-11 Edition)

subpart E of part 807 of this chapter, subject to the limitations in § 892.9.

[53 FR 1567, Jan. 20, 1988, as amended at 59 FR 63015, Dec. 7, 1994; 66 FR 38819, July 25, 2001]

§ 892.5750 Radionuclide radiation therapy system.

(a) *Identification.* A radionuclide radiation therapy system is a device intended to permit an operator to administer gamma radiation therapy, with the radiation source located at a distance from the patient's body. This generic type of device may include signal analysis and display equipment, patient and equipment supports, treatment planning computer programs, component parts (including beam-limiting devices), and accessories.

(b) *Classification.* Class II.

§ 892.5770 Powered radiation therapy patient support assembly.

(a) *Identification.* A powered radiation therapy patient support assembly is an electrically powered adjustable couch intended to support a patient during radiation therapy.

(b) *Classification.* Class II.

§ 892.5780 Light beam patient position indicator.

(a) *Identification.* A light beam patient position indicator is a device that projects a beam of light (incoherent light or laser) to determine the alignment of the patient with a radiation beam. The beam of light is intended to be used during radiologic procedures to ensure proper positioning of the patient and to monitor alignment of the radiation beam with the patient's anatomy.

(b) *Classification.* Class I (general controls). The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter, subject to the limitations in § 892.9.

[53 FR 1567, Jan. 20, 1988, as amended at 61 FR 1125, Jan. 16, 1996; 66 FR 38819, July 25, 2001]

§ 892.5840 Radiation therapy simulation system.

(a) *Identification.* A radiation therapy simulation system is a fluoroscopic or radiographic x-ray system intended for