

Food and Drug Administration, HHS

§ 870.5100

§ 870.4410 Cardiopulmonary bypass in-line blood gas sensor.

(a) *Identification.* A cardiopulmonary bypass in-line blood gas sensor is a transducer that measures the level of gases in the blood.

(b) *Classification.* Class II (performance standards).

§ 870.4420 Cardiopulmonary bypass cardiotomy return sucker.

(a) *Identification.* A cardiopulmonary bypass cardiotomy return sucker is a device that consists of tubing, a connector, and a probe or tip that is used to remove blood from the chest or heart during cardiopulmonary bypass surgery.

(b) *Classification.* Class II (performance standards).

§ 870.4430 Cardiopulmonary bypass intracardiac suction control.

(a) *Identification.* A cardiopulmonary bypass intracardiac suction control is a device which provides the vacuum and control for a cardiotomy return sucker.

(b) *Classification.* Class II (performance standards).

§ 870.4450 Vascular clamp.

(a) *Identification.* A vascular clamp is a surgical instrument used to occlude a blood vessel temporarily.

(b) *Classification.* Class II (performance standards).

§ 870.4475 Surgical vessel dilator.

(a) *Identification.* A surgical vessel dilator is a device used to enlarge or calibrate a vessel.

(b) *Classification.* Class II (performance standards).

§ 870.4500 Cardiovascular surgical instruments.

(a) *Identification.* Cardiovascular surgical instruments are surgical instruments that have special features for use in cardiovascular surgery. These devices include, e.g., forceps, retractors, and scissors.

(b) *Classification.* Class I (general controls). The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in

subpart E of part 807 of this chapter subject to the limitations in § 870.9.

[45 FR 7907-7971, Feb. 5, 1980, as amended at 54 FR 25049, June 12, 1989; 66 FR 38797, July 25, 2001]

§ 870.4875 Intraluminal artery stripper.

(a) *Identification.* An intraluminal artery stripper is a device used to perform an endarterectomy (removal of plaque deposits from arteriosclerotic arteries.)

(b) *Classification.* Class II (performance standards).

§ 870.4885 External vein stripper.

(a) *Identification.* An external vein stripper is an extravascular device used to remove a section of a vein.

(b) *Classification.* Class II (performance standards).

Subpart F—Cardiovascular Therapeutic Devices

§ 870.5050 Patient care suction apparatus.

(a) *Identification.* A patient care suction apparatus is a device used with an intrathoracic catheter to withdraw fluid from the chest during the recovery period following surgery.

(b) *Classification.* Class II (performance standards).

§ 870.5100 Percutaneous Transluminal Coronary Angioplasty (PTCA) Catheter.

(a) *Standard PTCA Catheter*—(1) *Identification.* A PTCA catheter is a device that operates on the principle of hydraulic pressurization applied through an inflatable balloon attached to the distal end. A PTCA balloon catheter has a single or double lumen shaft. The catheter features a balloon of appropriate compliance for the clinical application, constructed from a polymer. The balloon is designed to uniformly expand to a specified diameter and length at a specific pressure as labeled, with well characterized rates of inflation and deflation and a defined burst pressure. The device generally features a type of radiographic marker to facilitate fluoroscopic visualization of the balloon during use. A PTCA catheter is intended for balloon dilatation of a