§ 556.600 Spectinomycin.
(a) Acceptible daily intake (ADI). The ADI for total residues of spectinomycin is 25 micrograms per kilogram of body weight per day.
(b) Chickens and turkeys. A tolerance of 0.1 part per million (ppm) for negligible residues of spectinomycin in uncooked edible tissues of chickens and turkeys is established.
(c) Cattle. A tolerance of 4 ppm for parent spectinomycin (marker residue) in kidney (target tissue) is established. A tolerance of 0.25 ppm for parent spectinomycin in cattle muscle is established.

§ 556.610 Streptomycin.
Tolerances are established for residues of streptomycin in uncooked, edible tissues of chickens, swine, and calves of 2.0 parts per million (ppm) in kidney and 0.5 ppm in other tissues.

§ 556.620 Sulfabromomethazine sodium.
Tolerances for residues of sulfabromomethazine sodium in food are established as follows:
(a) In the uncooked edible tissues of cattle at 0.1 part per million (negligible residue).
(b) In milk at 0.01 part per million (negligible residue).

§ 556.625 Sodium sulfachloropyrazine monohydrate.
A tolerance of zero is established for residues of sodium sulfachloropyrazine monohydrate in the uncooked edible tissues of chickens.

§ 556.630 Sulfachloropyridazine.
A tolerance of 0.1 part per million is established for negligible residues of sulfachloropyridazine in uncooked edible tissues of calves and swine.

§ 556.640 Sulfadimethoxine.
(a) [Reserved]
(b) Tolerances. (1) A tolerance of 0.1 part per million (ppm) is established for negligible residues of sulfadimethoxine in uncooked edible tissues of chickens, turkeys, cattle, ducks, salmonids, catfish, and chukar partridges.
(2) A tolerance of 0.01 ppm is established for negligible residues of sulfadimethoxine in milk.

§ 556.650 Sulfathiazole.
A tolerance of zero is established for residues of sulfathiazole in food are established as follows:
(a) Zero in the uncooked edible tissues of swine and in milk.
(b) 0.1 part per million (negligible residue) in uncooked edible tissues of cattle.

§ 556.660 Sulfamerazine.
Tolerances for residues of sulfamerazine in food are established as follows:
(a) Zero in the uncooked edible tissues of chickens, turkeys, cattle, and swine.

§ 556.670 Sulfamethazine.
A tolerance of 0.1 part per million is established for negligible residues of sulfamethazine in the uncooked edible tissues of trout.

§ 556.685 Sulfaquinoxaline.
A tolerance of 0.1 part per million is established for negligible residues of sulfaquinoxaline in the uncooked edible tissues of chickens, turkeys, cattle, and swine.

§ 556.690 Sulfathiazole.
A tolerance of 0.1 part per million is established for negligible residues of sulfathiazole in the uncooked edible tissues of swine.

§ 556.700 Sulfomycin.
A tolerance of zero is established for residues of sulfomycin (N-sulfomethyl-polymyxin B sodium salt) in uncooked edible tissues from chickens and turkeys.