Tender is hereby voluntarily made of $ as a supplemental deposit of estimated duties and taxes on entry No. , dated , in the name of . Please provide an official receipt.

(Importer of record) or (actual owner)

(Street address)

(City) (State)

Subpart H—Release of Merchandise

§ 141.111 Carrier’s release order.

(a) When required. Except where release is made directly to the carrier in accordance with §141.11(b), no merchandise shall be released from Customs custody until a release order has been executed by the carrier, or, in the case of merchandise in a bonded warehouse, by the warehouse proprietor.

(b) Form of release. The release order may be executed on any of the following documents:

(1) [Reserved]

(2) The official entry form;

(3) A combined carrier’s certificate and release order issued in accordance with §141.11(a)(4); or

(4) If a certified duplicate bill of lading or air waybill is used for entry purposes in accordance with §141.11(a)(3), the carrier’s release order may be endorsed thereon in substantially the following form:

In accordance with the provisions of section 484(j), Tariff Act of 1930, authority is hereby given to release the articles covered by this certified duplicate bill of lading or air waybill to: ______________________.

(c) Blanket release order. Merchandise may be released to the person named in the bill of lading or air waybill in the absence of a specific release order from the carrier, if the carrier concerned has filed a blanket order authorizing release to the owner or consignee in such cases. A carrier’s certificate in the form shown in §141.11(a)(4), may be modified and executed to make it a blanket release order for the shipments covered by a blanket carrier’s release order under §141.11(a)(5).

(d) Qualified release order. In the case of merchandise which is entered for warehousing, for transportation in bond, for exportation, or is to be admitted to a foreign trade zone, the release order may be qualified as follows:

(1) “For transfer to the bonded warehouse designated in the warehouse entry,” if the merchandise is entered for warehousing;

(2) “For transfer to the bonded carrier designated in the transportation entry,” if the merchandise is entered for transportation in bond;

(3) “For transfer to the carrier designated in the export entry,” if the merchandise is entered for exportation;

or

(4) “For transfer to the foreign trade zone designated in Customs Form 214,” if the merchandise is to be admitted to a foreign trade zone.


§ 141.112 Liens for freight, charges, or contribution in general average.

(a) Definitions. The following are general definitions for the purposes of this section:

(1) Freight. “Freight” means the charges for the transportation of the goods from the place of shipment in the foreign country to the final destination in the United States.

(2) Charges. “Charges” means the charges due to or assumed by the claimant of the lien which are incident to the shipment and forwarding of the goods to the destination in the United States, but does not include the purchase price, whether advanced or to be collected, nor other claims not connected with the transportation of the goods.

(3) General average. “General average” means the liability to contribution of the owners of a cargo which arises when a sacrifice of a part of such cargo has been made for the preservation of the residue or when money is expended to preserve the whole. It only arises from actions impelled by necessity.

(4) Claimant. “Claimant” means a carrier, customs broker or the successors or assigns of either.