Federal Aviation Administration, DOT

§ 23.533 Hull and main float bottom pressures.

(a) General. The hull and main float structure, including frames and bulkheads, stringers, and bottom plating, must be designed under this section.

(b) Local pressures. For the design of the bottom plating and stringers and their attachments to the supporting structure, the following pressure distributions must be applied:

(1) For an unflared bottom, the pressure at the chine is 0.75 times the pressure at the keel, and the pressures between the keel and chine vary linearly, in accordance with figure 3 of appendix I of this part. The pressure at the keel (p.s.i.) is computed as follows:

\[ P_K = \frac{C_2 K_2 V_{S1}^2}{\tan \beta_k} \]

where—

\( P_K \) = pressure (p.s.i.) at the keel;
\( C_2 \) = 0.00213;
\( K_2 \) = hull station weighing factor, in accordance with figure 2 of appendix I of this part;
\( V_{S1} \) = seaplane stalling speed (knots) at the design water takeoff weight with flaps extended in the appropriate takeoff position; and
\( \beta_k \) = angle of dead rise at keel, in accordance with figure 1 of appendix I of this part.

(2) For a flared bottom, the pressure at the beginning of the flare is the same as that for an unflared bottom, and the pressure between the chine and the beginning of the flare varies linearly, in accordance with figure 3 of appendix I of this part. The pressure distribution is the same as that prescribed in paragraph (b)(1) of this section for an unflared bottom except that the pressure at the chine is computed as follows:

\[ P_{ch} = \frac{C_3 K_2 V_{S1}^2}{\tan \beta} \]

where—

\( P_{ch} \) = pressure (p.s.i.) at the chine;
\( C_3 \) = 0.0016;
\( K_2 \) = hull station weighing factor, in accordance with figure 2 of appendix I of this part;
\( V_{S1} \) = seaplane stalling speed (knots) at the design water takeoff weight with flaps extended in the appropriate takeoff position; and
\( \beta \) = angle of dead rise at appropriate station.

The area over which these pressures are applied must simulate pressures occurring during high localized impacts on the hull or float, but need not extend over an area that would induce critical stresses in the frames or in the overall structure.

(c) Distributed pressures. For the design of the frames, keel, and chine structure, the following pressure distributions apply:

(1) Symmetrical pressures are computed as follows:

\[ P = \frac{C_4 K_2 V_{S0}^2}{\tan \beta} \]

where—

\( P \) = pressure (p.s.i.);
\( C_4 \) = 0.078 \( C_1 \) (with \( C_1 \) computed under §23.527);
\( K_2 \) = hull station weighing factor, determined in accordance with figure 2 of appendix I of this part;