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(i) As containerized cargo on ships or other oceangoing craft or as air cargo;
(ii) The carrier has on file documentary evidence that a valid limited permit was issued for the movement or that the cargo was certified; and
(iii) A notation of the existence of these documents is made by the carrier on the waybill, manifest, or bill of lading that accompanies the consignment.
(3) Cargo moved in accordance with §318.13–6(b) that does not have a limited permit attached to the cargo must have a limited permit attached to the waybill, manifest, or bill of lading accompanying the consignment.

§318.13–11 Posting of warning notice and distribution of baggage declarations.

(a) Before any aircraft or any ship, vessel, or other surface craft moving to Guam, the Commonwealth of Northern Mariana Islands, or American Samoa from Hawaii or any other territory or possession of the United States arrives in Guam, the Commonwealth of Northern Mariana Islands, or American Samoa, a baggage declaration, to be furnished by the U.S. Department of Agriculture, calling attention to the provisions of the Plant Protection Act and the quarantine and regulations in this subpart, must be distributed to each adult passenger. These baggage declarations shall be executed and signed by the passengers and shall be collected and delivered by the master or other responsible officer of the aircraft, ship, vessel, or other surface craft to the inspector on arrival at the quarantine or inspection area.
(b) Every person owning or controlling any dock, harbor, or landing field in Hawaii, Puerto Rico, Guam, the Commonwealth of Northern Mariana Islands, or the U.S. Virgin Islands from which ships, vessels, other surface craft, or aircraft leave for ports in any other State shall post, and keep posted at all times, in one or more conspicuous places in passenger waiting rooms on or in said dock, harbor, or landing field a warning notice directing attention to the quarantine and regulations in this subpart. Every master, or other responsible officer of any ship, vessel, other surface craft, or aircraft leaving Hawaii, Puerto Rico, Guam, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, or the U.S. Virgin Islands destined to a port in any other State, shall similarly post, and keep posted at all times, a such a warning notice in the ship, vessel, other surface craft, or aircraft under his charge.

§318.13–12 Movement by the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

Notwithstanding any other restrictions of this subpart, regulated articles may be moved if they are moved by the U.S. Department of Agriculture for experimental or scientific purposes and are moved under conditions found by the Administrator to be adequate to prevent the spread of plant pests and diseases.

§318.13–13 Movement of frozen fruits and vegetables.

Frozen fruits and vegetables may be certified for movement from Hawaii, Puerto Rico, Guam, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, or the U.S. Virgin Islands into or through any other territory, State, or District of the United States in accordance with §318.13–3. Such fruits and vegetables must be held at a temperature not higher than 20 °F during shipping and upon arrival in the continental United States, and in accordance with the requirements for the interstate movement of frozen fruits.
and vegetables in part 305 of this chapter. Paragraph (b) of §305.17 lists frozen fruits and vegetables for which quick freezing is not an authorized treatment.

§ 318.13–14 Movement of processed fruits, vegetables, and other products.

(a) Fruits, vegetables, and other products that are processed sufficiently as to preclude the survival of any live pests can be moved interstate from Hawaii, Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands. Those processed products which are approved for interstate movement from those States can be found in the fruits and vegetables manuals for those States. These manuals are available on the Internet at http://www.aphis.usda.gov/import_export/plants/manuals/ports/downloads/hawaii.pdf and http://www.aphis.usda.gov/import_export/plants/manuals/ports/downloads/puerto_rico.pdf.

(b) Consignments of processed fruits, vegetables, or other products that have not been processed sufficiently as to be incapable of harboring fruit flies are subject to the interstate movement requirements which apply to the fruit, vegetable, or other product in its unprocessed state.

§ 318.13–15 Parcel post inspection.

Inspectors are authorized to inspect, with the cooperation of the U.S. Postal Service, parcel post packages placed in the mails in Hawaii, Puerto Rico, Guam, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, or the U.S. Virgin Islands to determine whether such packages contain products whose movement is not authorized under this subpart, to examine any such products that are found for insect infestation, and to notify the postmaster in writing of any violations of this subpart that are found as a result of an inspection.

§ 318.13–16 Regulated articles allowed interstate movement subject to specified conditions.

(a) The following regulated articles may be moved interstate in accordance with §318.13–3 and any additional requirements specified in paragraph (b) of this section.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State, territory, or district of origin</th>
<th>Common name</th>
<th>Botanical name</th>
<th>Plant part(s)</th>
<th>Additional requirements</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hawaii</td>
<td>Bananas 1</td>
<td>Musa spp</td>
<td>Fruit</td>
<td>(b)(1)(i), (b)(2)(ii), (b)(2)(iv)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Pot marigold, johnny-jump-ups, pansies, and violets.</td>
<td>Calendula spp</td>
<td>Flower</td>
<td>(b)(2)(ii)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Pineapple 2</td>
<td>Ananas comosus</td>
<td>Fruit</td>
<td>(b)(2)(i)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Cactus</td>
<td>Cactaceae</td>
<td>Whole plant</td>
<td>(b)(2)(i), (b)(2)(iv)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Okra</td>
<td>Abelmoschus esculentus</td>
<td>Inflorescences only with no stems or leaves attached.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Puerto Rico</td>
<td>Cactus</td>
<td>Calendula spp</td>
<td>Flower</td>
<td>(b)(2)(ii)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Okra</td>
<td>Abelmoschus esculentus</td>
<td>Inflorescences only with no stems or leaves attached.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U.S. Virgin Islands</td>
<td>Cactus</td>
<td>Calendula spp</td>
<td>Flower</td>
<td>(b)(2)(ii)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Okra</td>
<td>Abelmoschus esculentus</td>
<td>Inflorescences only with no stems or leaves attached.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 Fruit may also be moved interstate in accordance with §318.13–17.

2 Fruit may also be moved interstate with treatment in accordance with part 305 of this chapter.

(b) Additional restrictions for applicable regulated articles as specified in paragraph (a) of this section.

(1) Restricted movement and distribution.

(i) Allowed movement into Alaska. Cartons must be labeled, “For distribution in Alaska only.”

(ii) [Reserved]

(2) Plant types.

(i) Smooth cayenne variety and hybrids with 50 percent or more smooth cayenne parentage only.

(ii) Green bananas of the cultivars “Williams,” “Valery,” “Grand Nain,” and standard and dwarf “Brazilian” only.

(iii) Inflorescences only with no stems or leaves attached.