(2) Otherwise reasonably considered as pertinent to a USDA grant or cooperative agreement.

(b) This subpart does not apply to the records of contractors and subcontractors under grants, subgrants and cooperative agreements. For a requirement to place a provision concerning these records in certain kinds of contracts, see Subpart S of this part.

§ 3015.21 Retention period.

(a) Except as provided in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, records shall be kept for 3 years from the starting date specified in §3015.22.

(b) If any litigation, claim, negotiation, audit or other action involving the records has been started before the end of the 3-year period, the records shall be kept until all issues are resolved, or until the end of the regular 3-year period, whichever is later.

(c) In order to avoid dual record-keeping, awarding agencies may make special arrangements for recipients to keep any records which are continuously needed for joint use. The awarding agency shall request a recipient to transfer records to its custody when the awarding agency decides that the records possess long-term retention value. When the records are transferred to or maintained by the awarding agency the 3-year retention requirement shall not apply to the recipient.

(d) Records for nonexpendable property acquired in whole or in part, with Federal funds shall be retained for three years after its final disposition.

§ 3015.22 Starting date of retention period.

(a) General. The retention period starts from the date of the submission of the final expenditure report or, where USDA grant support is continued or renewed at annual or other intervals, the 3-year retention period for the records of each funding period starts on the day the recipient submits to USDA its annual or final expenditure report for that period. If an expenditure report has been waived, the 3-year retention period starts on the day the report would have been due. Exceptions to this paragraph are contained in paragraphs (b) through (d) of this section.

(b) Equipment records. The 3-year retention period for the equipment records required by Subpart R starts from the date of the equipment’s disposition, replacement, or transfer at the direction of the awarding agency.

(c) Records for income transactions after grant or subgrant support. (1) In cases where USDA requires that program income (as defined in Appendix A) be applied to costs incurred after expiration or termination of grant or subgrant support, the 3-year retention period for those cost records starts from the end of the recipient’s fiscal year in which the costs were incurred.

(2) Where USDA requires the disposition of copyright royalties or other program income earned after expiration or termination of grant or subgrant support, the 3-year retention period for those income records starts from the end of the recipient’s fiscal year in which the income was earned. (See Subpart F, §3015.44.)

(d) Indirect cost rate proposals, cost allocation plans, etc.—(1) Applicability. This paragraph applies to the following types of documents and their supporting records:

   (i) Indirect cost rate computations or proposals;
   (ii) Cost allocation plans; and
   (iii) Any similar accounting computations of the rate at which a particular group of costs is chargeable (such as computer usage chargeback rates or composite fringe benefit rates).

   (2) If submitted for negotiation. If the Federal government requires submission of the proposal, plan, or other computation for negotiation of the rate chargeable for particular costs, then the 3-year retention period for the plan, proposal or other computation and the supporting records starts from the date of such submission.

   (3) If not submitted for negotiation. If the Federal government does not require submission of the proposal, plan, or other computation for negotiation of the rate chargeable for particular costs, then the 3-year retention period for the proposal, plan, or other computation and the supporting records starts from the end of the fiscal year covered by such proposal, plan, or other computation.