§ 195.250 Clearance between pipe and underground structures.
Any pipe installed underground must have at least 12 inches (305 millimeters) of clearance between the outside of the pipe and the extremity of any other underground structure, except that for drainage tile the minimum clearance may be less than 12 inches (305 millimeters) but not less than 2 inches (51 millimeters). However, where 12 inches (305 millimeters) of clearance is impracticable, the clearance may be reduced if adequate provisions are made for corrosion control.


§ 195.252 Backfilling.
When a ditch for a pipeline is backfilled, it must be backfilled in a manner that:
(a) Provides firm support under the pipe; and
(b) Prevents damage to the pipe and pipe coating from equipment or from the backfill material.

[Amdt. 195–78, 68 FR 53528, Sept. 11, 2003]

§ 195.254 Above ground components.
(a) Any component may be installed above ground in the following situations, if the other applicable requirements of this part are complied with:
(1) Overhead crossings of highways, railroads, or a body of water.
(2) Spans over ditches and gullies.
(3) Scraper traps or block valves.
(4) Areas under the direct control of the operator.
(5) In any area inaccessible to the public.
(b) Each component covered by this section must be protected from the forces exerted by the anticipated loads.

§ 195.256 Crossing of railroads and highways.
The pipe at each railroad or highway crossing must be installed so as to adequately withstand the dynamic forces exerted by anticipated traffic loads.

§ 195.258 Valves: General.
(a) Each valve must be installed in a location that is accessible to authorized employees and that is protected from damage or tampering.
(b) Each submerged valve located offshore or in inland navigable waters must be marked, or located by conventional survey techniques, to facilitate quick location when operation of the valve is required.

§ 195.260 Valves: Location.
A valve must be installed at each of the following locations:
(a) On the suction end and the discharge end of a pump station in a manner that permits isolation of the pump station equipment in the event of an emergency.
(b) On each line entering or leaving a breakout storage tank area in a manner that permits isolation of the tank area from other facilities.
(c) On each mainline at locations along the pipeline system that will minimize damage or pollution from accidental hazardous liquid discharge, as appropriate for the terrain in open country, for offshore areas, or for populated areas.
(d) On each lateral takeoff from a trunk line in a manner that permits shutting off the lateral without interrupting the flow in the trunk line.
(e) On each side of a water crossing that is more than 100 feet (30 meters) wide from high-water mark to high-water mark unless the Administrator finds in a particular case that valves are not justified.
(f) On each side of a reservoir holding water for human consumption.


§ 195.262 Pumping equipment.
(a) Adequate ventilation must be provided in pump station buildings to prevent the accumulation of hazardous vapors. Warning devices must be installed to warn of the presence of hazardous vapors in the pumping station building.
(b) The following must be provided in each pump station:
(1) Safety devices that prevent overpressuring of pumping equipment, including the auxiliary pumping equipment within the pumping station.