## § 192.913

the program. An operator must make continual improvements to its program. The initial program framework and subsequent program must, at minimum, contain the following elements. (When indicated, refer to ASME/ANSI B31.8S (incorporated by reference, see §192.7) for more detailed information on the listed element.)

- (a) An identification of all high consequence areas, in accordance with §192.905.
- (b) A baseline assessment plan meeting the requirements of §192.919 and §192.921.
- (c) An identification of threats to each covered pipeline segment, which must include data integration and a risk assessment. An operator must use the threat identification and risk assessment to prioritize covered segments for assessment (§192.917) and to evaluate the merits of additional preventive and mitigative measures (§192.935) for each covered segment.
- (d) A direct assessment plan, if applicable, meeting the requirements of §192.923, and depending on the threat assessed, of §§192.925, 192.927, or 192.929.
- (e) Provisions meeting the requirements of §192.933 for remediating conditions found during an integrity assessment.
- (f) A process for continual evaluation and assessment meeting the requirements of §192.937.
- (g) If applicable, a plan for confirmatory direct assessment meeting the requirements of § 192.931.
- (h) Provisions meeting the requirements of §192.935 for adding preventive and mitigative measures to protect the high consequence area.
- (i) A performance plan as outlined in ASME/ANSI B31.8S, section 9 that includes performance measures meeting the requirements of §192.945.
- (j) Record keeping provisions meeting the requirements of § 192.947.
- (k) A management of change process as outlined in ASME/ANSI B31.8S, section 11
- (1) A quality assurance process as outlined in ASME/ANSI B31.8S, section 12.
- (m) A communication plan that includes the elements of ASME/ANSI B31.8S, section 10, and that includes

procedures for addressing safety concerns raised by—

- (1) OPS: and
- (2) A State or local pipeline safety authority when a covered segment is located in a State where OPS has an interstate agent agreement.
- (n) Procedures for providing (when requested), by electronic or other means, a copy of the operator's risk analysis or integrity management program to—
  - (1) OPS; and
- (2) A State or local pipeline safety authority when a covered segment is located in a State where OPS has an interstate agent agreement.
- (o) Procedures for ensuring that each integrity assessment is being conducted in a manner that minimizes environmental and safety risks.
- (p) A process for identification and assessment of newly-identified high consequence areas. (See §192.905 and §192.921.)

[68 FR 69817, Dec. 15, 2003, as amended by Amdt. 192–95, 69 FR 18231, Apr. 6, 2004]

## § 192.913 When may an operator deviate its program from certain requirements of this subpart?

- (a) General. ASME/ANSI B31.8S (incorporated by reference, see §192.7) provides the essential features of a performance-based or a prescriptive integrity management program. An operator that uses a performance-based approach that satisfies the requirements for exceptional performance in paragraph (b) of this section may deviate from certain requirements in this subpart, as provided in paragraph (c) of this section.
- (b) Exceptional performance. An operator must be able to demonstrate the exceptional performance of its integrity management program through the following actions.
- (1) To deviate from any of the requirements set forth in paragraph (c) of this section, an operator must have a performance-based integrity management program that meets or exceed the performance-based requirements of ASME/ANSI B31.8S and includes, at a minimum, the following elements—
- (i) A comprehensive process for risk analysis;

- (ii) All risk factor data used to support the program;
- (iii) A comprehensive data integration process;
- (iv) A procedure for applying lessons learned from assessment of covered pipeline segments to pipeline segments not covered by this subpart;
- (v) A procedure for evaluating every incident, including its cause, within the operator's sector of the pipeline industry for implications both to the operator's pipeline system and to the operator's integrity management program;
- (vi) A performance matrix that demonstrates the program has been effective in ensuring the integrity of the covered segments by controlling the identified threats to the covered segments:
- (vii) Semi-annual performance measures beyond those required in §192.945 that are part of the operator's performance plan. (See §192.911(i).) An operator must submit these measures, by electronic or other means, on a semi-annual frequency to OPS in accordance with §192.951; and
- (viii) An analysis that supports the desired integrity reassessment interval and the remediation methods to be used for all covered segments.
- (2) In addition to the requirements for the performance-based plan, an operator  ${\rm must}-$
- (i) Have completed at least two integrity assessments on each covered pipeline segment the operator is including under the performance-based approach, and be able to demonstrate that each assessment effectively addressed the identified threats on the covered segment.
- (ii) Remediate all anomalies identified in the more recent assessment according to the requirements in §192.933, and incorporate the results and lessons learned from the more recent assessment into the operator's data integration and risk assessment.
- (c) Deviation. Once an operator has demonstrated that it has satisfied the requirements of paragraph (b) of this section, the operator may deviate from the prescriptive requirements of ASME/ANSI B31.8S and of this subpart only in the following instances.

- (1) The time frame for reassessment as provided in § 192.939 except that reassessment by some method allowed under this subpart (e.g., confirmatory direct assessment) must be carried out at intervals no longer than seven years:
- (2) The time frame for remediation as provided in §192.933 if the operator demonstrates the time frame will not jeopardize the safety of the covered segment.

[68 FR 69817, Dec. 15, 2003, as amended by Amdt. 192–95, 69 FR 18231, Apr. 6, 2004]

## § 192.915 What knowledge and training must personnel have to carry out an integrity management program?

- (a) Supervisory personnel. The integrity management program must provide that each supervisor whose responsibilities relate to the integrity management program possesses and maintains a thorough knowledge of the integrity management program and of the elements for which the supervisor is responsible. The program must provide that any person who qualifies as a supervisor for the integrity management program has appropriate training or experience in the area for which the person is responsible.
- (b) Persons who carry out assessments and evaluate assessment results. The integrity management program must provide criteria for the qualification of any person—
- (1) Who conducts an integrity assessment allowed under this subpart; or
- (2) Who reviews and analyzes the results from an integrity assessment and evaluation: or
- (3) Who makes decisions on actions to be taken based on these assessments.
- (c) Persons responsible for preventive and mitigative measures. The integrity management program must provide criteria for the qualification of any person—
- (1) Who implements preventive and mitigative measures to carry out this subpart, including the marking and locating of buried structures; or
- (2) Who directly supervises excavation work carried out in conjunction with an integrity assessment.