Defense Acquisition Regulations System, DOD 208.7003–2

(i) Agreement may be on either a one-time or a continuing basis. The submission of a military interdepartmental purchase request (MIPR) by a requiring activity and its acceptance by the contracting activity of another department, even though based on oral communication, constitutes a one-time agreement.

(ii) Consider repetitive delegated acquisition responsibilities for coordinated acquisition assignment. If not considered suitable for coordinated acquisition assignment, formalize continuing agreements and distribute them to all activities concerned.

(b) Under the Integrated Materiel Management Program, assignments are made by the Deputy Under Secretary of Defense (Logistics)—

1. To the departments and agencies; and
2. To GSA, through agreement with GSA.

[56 FR 36306, July 31, 1991, as amended at 64 FR 51075, Sept. 21, 1999; 70 FR 35544, June 21, 2005]

208.7002–1 Acquiring department responsibilities.

See PGI 208.7002–1 for the acquiring department’s responsibilities.

[71 FR 39004, July 11, 2006]

208.7002–2 Requiring department responsibilities.

See PGI 208.7002–2 for the requiring department’s responsibilities.

[71 FR 39004, July 11, 2006]

208.7003 Applicability.

208.7003–1 Assignments under integrated materiel management (IMM).

(a) Acquire all items assigned for IMM from the IMM manager except—

1. Items purchased under circumstances of unusual and compelling urgency as defined in FAR 6.302–2. After such a purchase is made, the requiring activity must send one copy of the contract and a statement of the emergency to the IMM manager;
2. Items for which the IMM manager assigns a supply system code for local purchase or otherwise grants authority to purchase locally; or
3. When purchase by the requiring activity is in the best interest of the Government in terms of the combination of quality, timeliness, and cost that best meets the requirement. This exception does not apply to items—

1. Critical to the safe operation of a weapon system;
2. With special security characteristics; or
3. Which are dangerous (e.g., explosives, munitions).

(b) Follow the procedures at PGI 208.7003–1(b) when an item assigned for IMM is to be acquired by the requiring department in accordance with paragraph (a)(3) of this subsection.

[60 FR 61593, Nov. 30, 1995, as amended at 64 FR 51075, Sept. 21, 1999; 64 FR 61031, Nov. 9, 1999; 71 FR 39004, July 11, 2006]

208.7003–2 Assignments under coordinated acquisition.

Requiring departments must submit to the acquiring department all contracting requirements for items assigned for coordinated acquisition, except—

(a) Items obtained through the sources in FAR 8.002(a)(1) (1) through (vii);
(b) Items obtained under 208.7003–1(a);
(c) Requirements not in excess of the simplified acquisition threshold in FAR part 2, when contracting by the requiring department is in the best interest of the Government;
(d) In an emergency. When an emergency purchase is made, the requiring department must send one copy of the contract and a statement of the emergency to the contracting activity of the acquiring department;
(e) Requirements for which the acquiring department’s contracting activity delegates contracting authority to the requiring department;
(f) Items in a research and development stage (as described in FAR part 36). Under this exception, the military departments may contract for research and development requirements, including quantities for testing purposes and items undergoing in-service evaluation (not yet in actual production, but beyond prototype). Generally, this exception applies only when research and development funds are used.