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are set forth in subpart X of this part. Channel usage must comply with the following requirements:

- (1) They are not permitted within the territorial waters of a foreign country;
- (2) Their output power must not exceed 15 watts; and
- (3) They must not cause interference to any maritime station in the radionavigation service.

(c) *Radiodetermination frequencies below 500 MHz.* The frequencies 154.585 MHz, 159.480 MHz, 160.725 MHz, 160.785 MHz, 454.000 MHz and 459.000 MHz are authorized for offshore radiolocation and associated telecommand operations under a ship station license provided:

- (1) The use of these frequencies is related to the ship's commercial operations;
- (2) The station antenna height does not exceed 6 meters (20 feet) above sea level in a buoy station or 6 meters (20 feet) above the mast of the ship in which it is installed.

(d) *Radiodetermination frequency bands above 2400 MHz.* (1) The radiodetermination frequency bands assignable to ship and shore stations including ship and shore radar and transponder stations are as follows: 2450–2500 MHz; 2900–3100 MHz; 5460–5650 MHz; 9300–9500 MHz; and 14.00–14.05 GHz.

(2) Assignment of these bands to ship and coast stations are subject to the following conditions:

(i) The 2450–2500 MHz band may be used only for radiolocation on the condition that harmful interference must not be caused to the fixed and mobile services. No protection is provided from interference caused by emissions from industrial, scientific, or medical equipment;

(ii) The use of the 2900–3100 MHz, 5470–5650 MHz and 9300–9500 MHz bands for radiolocation must not cause harmful interference to the radionavigation and Government radiolocation services. Additionally, the use of the 2900–3000 MHz band for radiolocation must not cause harmful interference to the Government meteorological aids service.

(iii) In the 2920–3100 MHz and 9320–9500 MHz bands the use of fixed-frequency transponders for radionavigation is not permitted;

(iv) Non-Government radiolocation stations may be authorized in the 5460–5470 MHz band on the condition that harmful interference shall not be caused to the aeronautical or maritime radionavigation services or to Government radiolocation service;

(v) The use of the 5460–5650 MHz band for radionavigation is limited to shipborne radar;

(vi) The use of the 14.00–14.05 GHz band will be authorized only for test purposes and maritime radionavigation on a secondary basis to the fixed-satellite service; and

(e) *Search and rescue radar transponder stations.* The technical standards for search and rescue transponder stations are in subpart W of this part.

[51 FR 31213, Sept. 2, 1986, as amended at 52 FR 7419, Mar. 11, 1987; 55 FR 6394, Feb. 23, 1990; 57 FR 26779, June 16, 1992; 58 FR 44953, Aug. 25, 1993; 68 FR 46970, Aug. 7, 2003]

SHIP EARTH STATIONS

§ 80.377 Frequencies for ship earth stations.

The frequency band 1626.5–1645.5 MHz is assignable for communication, radiodetermination and telecommand messages, and developmental operations that are associated with the position, orientation and operational functions of maritime satellite equipment. The frequency band 1645.5–1646.5 MHz is reserved for use in the Global Maritime Distress and Safety System (GMDSS).

[51 FR 31213, Sept. 2, 1986, as amended at 57 FR 26779, June 16, 1992]

AIRCRAFT STATIONS

§ 80.379 Maritime frequencies assignable to aircraft stations.

This section describes the maritime frequencies assignable to aircraft stations for simplex operations:

(a) Available frequencies:

| Carrier frequency | Conditions of use |
|-------------------|-------------------|
| 2738 kHz | (1) |
| 2830 kHz | (1) |
| 3023 kHz | (2) |
| 4125 kHz | (3) |
| 5680 kHz | (2) |
| 121.500 MHz | (4) |
| 123.100 MHz | (4) |
| 156.300 MHz | (5) |
| 156.375 MHz | (5) |
| 156.400 MHz | (5) |

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| Carrier frequency | Conditions of use |
|-------------------|-------------------|
| 156.425 MHz | (5) |
| 156.450 MHz | (5) |
| 156.625 MHz | (5) |
| 156.800 MHz | (5) |
| 156.900 MHz | (5) |
| 157.100 MHz | (6) |
| 157.425 MHz | (5)(7) |

(b) The conditions of use of the carrier frequencies in paragraph (a) of this section, are:

(1) For permissible geographic areas of operation see § 80.373(b)(1). For other limitations see § 80.373(b)(7);

(2) Aircraft and ship stations may use 3023.0 kHz and 5680.0 kHz for search and rescue scene-of-action coordination including communications between these stations and participating land stations. Stations using these frequencies must use J3E emission;

(3) Assignable for distress and safety communications between aircraft and maritime mobile stations;

(4) Assignable for search and rescue between ships and aircraft. Stations using these frequencies must use A3E emission;

(5) These frequencies may be used by aircraft stations when:

(i) The altitude of aircraft stations does not exceed 300 meters (1,000 feet), except for reconnaissance aircraft participating in icebreaking operations where an altitude of 450 meters (1,500 feet) is allowed;

(ii) The mean power of aircraft stations must not exceed five watts;

(iii) Communications are limited to operations in which the maritime mobile stations are primarily involved and where direct communications between the aircraft and the ship or coast station is required;

(iv) Stations may use 156.300 MHz for safety purposes only;

(v) Stations may use 156.800 MHz for distress, safety and calling only; and

(vi) Use of 156.375 MHz by aircraft is not permitted in the New Orleans VTS area specified in § 80.383.

(6) The use of 157.100 MHz is limited to communications with stations of the Department of Interior at Lake Mead, Nevada; and

(7) Commercial fishing vessels and associated aircraft may use 157.425 MHz while engaged in commercial fishing activities except within 120 km (75

miles) of the United States/Canada border and Puget Sound and the Strait of Juan de Fuca and its approaches, the Great Lakes, and the St. Lawrence Seaway.

[51 FR 31213, Sept. 2, 1986, as amended at 58 FR 44953, Aug. 25, 1993]

OPERATIONAL FIXED STATIONS

§ 80.381 Frequencies for operational fixed stations.

The following carrier frequencies in the 72-76 MHz band are assignable to operational fixed stations using vertical polarization, if no harmful interference is caused to TV reception on Channels 4 and 5. These frequencies are shared with the Land Mobile and Aviation Radio Services.

OPERATIONAL FIXED FREQUENCIES IN THE 72-76 MHz BAND, P0,6/7
CARRIER FREQUENCY IN MHZ

| | | | | | |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 72.02 | 72.28 | 72.64 | 72.90 | 75.68 | 75.94 |
| 72.04 | 72.30 | 72.66 | 72.92 | 75.70 | 75.96 |
| 72.06 | 72.32 | 72.68 | 72.94 | 75.72 | 75.98 |
| 72.08 | 72.34 | 72.70 | 72.96 | 75.74 | ..... |
| 72.10 | 72.36 | 72.72 | 72.98 | 75.76 | ..... |
| 72.12 | 72.38 | 72.74 | 75.42 | 75.78 | ..... |
| 72.14 | 72.40 | 72.76 | 75.46 | 75.80 | ..... |
| 72.16 | 72.42 | 72.78 | 75.50 | 75.82 | ..... |
| 72.18 | 72.46 | 72.80 | 75.54 | 75.84 | ..... |
| 72.20 | 72.50 | 72.82 | 75.58 | 75.86 | ..... |
| 72.22 | 72.54 | 72.84 | 75.62 | 75.88 | ..... |
| 72.24 | 72.58 | 72.86 | 75.64 | 75.90 | ..... |
| 72.26 | 72.62 | 72.88 | 75.66 | 75.92 | ..... |

[51 FR 31213, Sept. 2, 1986, as amended at 54 FR 40059, Sept. 29, 1989]

VESSEL TRAFFIC SERVICES SYSTEM (VTS)

§ 80.383 Vessel Traffic Services (VTS) system frequencies.

This section describes the carrier frequencies available for use in the Coast Guard Vessel Traffic Services (VTS) systems within the designated geographic radio protected areas.

(a) Assigned frequencies:

VESSEL TRAFFIC CONTROL FREQUENCIES

| Carrier frequencies (MHz) | Geographic areas |
|---------------------------|--|
| 156.250 | Seattle. |
| 156.550 | New York, New Orleans, ² Houston, Prince William Sound, ² Berwick Bay. |