gauging or measuring devices must have the excess flow, shut-off, or quick-closing shut-off valves under §154.530 or §154.532.

§ 154.538 Cargo transfer connection.
A cargo transfer connection must have a:
(a) Remotely controlled quick-closing shut-off valve that meets §§154.540 and 154.544; or
(b) Blank flange.

§ 154.540 Quick-closing shut-off valves:
Emergency shut-down system.
The quick-closing shut-off valves under §§154.530, 154.532, and 154.538 must have an emergency shut-down system that:
(a) Closes all the valves;
(b) Is actuated by a single control in at least two locations remote from the quick-closing valves;
(c) Is actuated by a single control in each cargo control station under §154.320; and
(d) Has fusible elements at each tank dome and cargo loading and discharge manifold that melt between 98 °C (208 °F) and 104 °C (220 °F) and actuate the emergency shut-down system.

§ 154.544 Quick-closing shut-off valves.
The quick-closing shut-off valve under §§154.530, 154.532 and 154.538 must:
(a) Be a shut-off valve;
(b) Close from the time of actuation in 30 seconds or less;
(c) Be the fail-closed type; and
(d) Be capable of local manual closing.

§ 154.546 Excess flow valve: Closing flow.
(a) The rated closing flow of vapor or liquid cargo for an excess flow valve must be specially approved by the Commandant (CG–522).
(b) An excess flow valve allowed under §154.532(b) must close automatically at the rated closing flow.

Piping with an excess flow valve must have a vapor or liquid flow capacity that is greater than the rated closing flow under §154.546.

§ 154.550 Excess flow valve: Bypass.
If the excess flow valve allowed under §154.532(b) has a bypass, the bypass must be of 1.0 mm (0.0394 in.) or less in diameter.

CARGO HOSE

§ 154.551 Cargo hose: General.
Each of the vessel’s liquid and vapor cargo hose for loading or discharging cargo must meet §§154.552 through 154.562.

§ 154.552 Cargo hose: Compatibility.
Liquid and vapor cargo hoses must:
(a) Not chemically react with the cargo; and
(b) Withstand design temperature.

§ 154.554 Cargo hose: Bursting pressure.
Cargo hose that may be exposed to the pressure in the cargo tank, the cargo pump discharge, or the vapor compressor discharge must have a bursting pressure of at least five times the maximum working pressure on the hose during cargo transfer.

§ 154.556 Cargo hose: Maximum working pressure.
A cargo hose must have a maximum working pressure not less than the maximum pressure to which it may be subjected and at least 1034 kPa gauge (150 psig).

§ 154.558 Cargo hose: Marking.
Each cargo hose must be marked with the:
(a) Maximum working pressure; and
(b) Minimum service temperature for service at other than ambient temperature.

§ 154.560 Cargo hose: Prototype test.
(a) Each cargo hose must be of a type that passes a prototype test at a pressure of at least five times its maximum working pressure at or below the minimum service temperature.